Exp. No: 6 HAMMING CODE 19/9/24 write a program to implement end detection and courtin using Hamming code. Sonder peogram: . Input to sender file should be a text of any length Program should convert the test to lowary. · Apply hamming code correct on the birary data and add redundant bits to it. Save this output in a gile called channel. Receiver peogram: · Receiver peogram should read the input from channel file. Apply hamming code on the lornary daba to check for erros. If there is an error, display the position of the even. Else remove the redundant bits and convert the binary data to assist and display the output.

Code: # sender py def tent to living (tent) action " join (format (and (i) , '086') for in ket) by cale - parity - positions (m): MED while 2442 < M+21+1: 94:1 return or dy inset - party - lits (data, n): n 2 len (data) result = ['o'] *(n +r) for i in large (. len (result) + i); if (i & (i-1) ==0): continue result [i-i] = data[i] 1+=1 return ". join (result) dif set - purity - into (data, n): n = len (data) result " list (data) for i in range (d): idx = 2 + + 1 - 1 parity = 0 for j in range (1, nr1): y j L (2+xi) ! =0: parity 1= int (result [j-1])

result [idn]: str (pairly) ection ". join (result) dy hamming - emode (text): binary -data = text - to_binary (bext) m = len (linary - data) " cake - parity - positions (m) data - with - parity = insert - parity - liter (Freary - data, 2) encoded - data = set - parity - loits (data - with - parity ,) return emoded-data dy save - to-channel (emoded -data): with open ("channel . tet", "w") on f. f. write (emoded - data) text = input ("Enter text to send: ") moded - data = hamming - emode (text) some - to - channel (emoded - data) print (& "Encoded data saved to channel. txt . {emoded.data 3") # receiver. Py det cale-parity-position (m):

return r

dy read - from - channel (): with open ("channel txt", "a") as &: networn found () dy ditect and _ correct _ ever (dotn, n): n = len (data) result . list (data) erra - por : 0 for i in range (n): idx = 2**1 -1 parity = 0 for i in large (1, n+1): if i k (2 ++i)!=0: parity = int (result [- 1]) eur - pos + = parity * (2 * *i) if ever- pos > 0: print (f" Error detacted at position: (enor-pos)") result [enon-pas -] = 1 if result [enon-pas -] == 0 print. ("Concerted data: { '.join (result) }") print ("No cues detected.") return . ". join (result)

dif remove parity lits (data, a): n = lem (data) result: [] gor i in range (1, n+1): 4 i & (i-1) 200: continue result. append (data [i-1]) return . join (result) dif binary - to - text (binary): text = ". join ([cho(int (linary [i:i+8], 2)) for; in range (0, len (birary), 8)]) return text dif hamming - decode (): emoded - data = read - from - channel () m = len (emoded -data) r = cale -parity - positions (m-len ([1 for : in range(m) if (8(i+1) ==0]) counted_data = detect - and - count - ever (emoded-data,+) data - without - parity = remove - parity - bits (courted data, 1) hundred - text = linary - to - text (deta - without - pointy) return decoded - bext decoded - text = hamming _decode() print (& " Daroded text : { decoded_text }")

Exter text to send: 1011

Output:

Enraded data saved to 'channel. bxt': 01000111000100101
00000011001001111
0001

No evers literal.

Devoted text: 1011

Remet:

Input:

Thus the program to implement error detection and correction using hamming code has been implemented successfully.