Water Indicator Definitions

Indicator		Data Source	Notes	
	Definition		NOICS	
Name		(HNLSS, DHS, etc.)		
Explore Facilities/All Sectors				
Number of Improved Water Points	Total number of improved water points in the LGA. Improved water points include: • Piped water into dwelling	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys		
	 Piped water to yard/plot Public tap or standpipe Borehole Protected dug well 			
	Protected spring			
Overhead Tank	Rainwater harvesting system Total number of Overhead tanks in the LGA. Overhead tank refers to a borehole installation that is on the	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys		
	premises or within 100 meters and that it is not fitted with a handpump. The term "Overhead tank" was used to differentiate onsite boreholes from distant boreholes that supply water to the			
	facility via a piped network and tap.			
Taps	Total number of Taps in the LGA. Taps refer to taps that are supplied by improved sources that are more than 100 meters from the facility. These taps can be public or private taps, but the source is located more than 100 meters from the facility.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys		
Hand pumps	Total number of Hand pumps in the LGA. Hand pumps refer to boreholes or protected wells that are fitted with a handpump.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys		
Percentage of	Percentage of improved water	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys		
improved water	points that are functional within the			
points that are	LGA. Refers to the survey response			
functional	for improved water points that were classified as functional at the time of			
the survey. Explore Facilities/Water				
Number of Improved	Total number of improved water	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring	1	
Water Points	points in the LGA. Improved water points include :	Programme (JMP)		

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	Piped water into dwelling	
	 Piped water to yard/plot 	
	 Public tap or standpipe 	
	Borehole	
	Protected dug well	
	 Protected spring 	
	Rainwater harvesting system	
Overhead Tank	Total number of Overhead tanks in	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	the LGA. Overhead tank refers to a	
	borehole installation that is on the	
	premises or within 100 meters and	
	that it is not fitted with a	
	handpump. The term "Overhead	
	tank" was used to differentiate on-	
	site boreholes from distant	
	boreholes that supply water to the	
	facility via a piped network and tap.	
Taps	Total number of Taps in the LGA.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	Taps refer to taps that are supplied	
	by improved sources that are more	
	than 100 meters from the facility.	
	These taps can be public or private	
	taps, but the source is located more	
	than 100 meters from the facility.	
Hand pumps	Total number of Hand pumps in the	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	LGA. Hand pumps refer to boreholes	
	or protected wells that are fitted	
	with a handpump.	
Number of	Total number of unimproved water	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring
Unimproved Water	points in the LGA. As defined by the	Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs
Points	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring	Facility Inventory Surveys
	Programme (JMP), unimproved	
	water points include :	
	Unprotected dug well	
	Unprotected spring	
	Cart with small tank/drum	
	Tanker truck	
	Surface water	
	Bottled water	
Total Number of	Total number of both improved and	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring
Water Points	unimproved water points in the	Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs
	LGA.	Facility Inventory Surveys
Percentage of	Percentage of improved water	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
improved water	points that are functional within the	,
points that are	LGA. Refers to the survey response	
functional	for improved water points that were	
	classified as functional at the time of	
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	the survey.	
Percentage of taps that are functional	Percentage of taps that are functional within the LGA. Refers to the survey response for taps that were classified as functional at the time of the survey.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Percentage of hand pumps that are functional	Percentage of hand pumps that are functional within the LGA. Refers to the survey response for hand pumps that were classified as functional at the time of the survey.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Lift Mechanism Analysis	Lift mechanism refers to the survey response for the type of mechanized power source that is used to power the water pump. The options are diesel gen-sets, electric grid and solar PV power. The analysis shows the total number and the percentage that are functional for each type of lift mechanism in the LGA.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Facilities and Map/W	ater	
Туре	The type of water point that was surveyed.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Community	The community where the water point is located.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Ward	The ward where the water point is located.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Improved	Whether or not the water point is classified as "improved." If the point is improved the column shows "YES," and if the point is unimproved it shows "NO."	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Functional	Functional refers to the survey response for whether or not the water point was functional at the time of the survey. If the point was classified as functional the column shows "YES," and if the point was classified as non-functional it shows "NO."	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Reason Broken	Reason broken refers to the survey response for why the water point is non-functional. It can be one of the following: Dry Well Mechanical issue	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys

	Poorly constructed	
	 Poor water quality 	
	Under construction	
	Don't know	
Lift mechanism	Lift mechanism refers to the type of	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	mechanized power source that is	
	used to power the water pump. The	
	options are diesel gen-sets, electric	
	grid and solar PV power. This is not	
	relevant for hand pumps or other	
	non-mechanized water point types.	

For the 2012 baseline it is exactly the same except for the following addition to the Facilities and Map/Water section

Fees for use	Fees for use refers to the survey response for whether or not users must pay a fee to access water from the water point. If the user must pay then the column shows "YES," and if the user does not have to pay then it shows "NO."	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Distribution Type	Distribution type refers to the survey response for the type of network that the water point is connected to. The options include: • Stand Alone Water Point (e.g., hand pump) • Water Scheme, Source within 100m (e.g., tap with the overhead tank within 100 meters) • Water Scheme, Source within 1km (e.g., tap with the overhead tank within 1 kilometer) • Water Scheme, Source further than 1km (e.g., tap with the overhead tank further than 1 kilometer)	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys