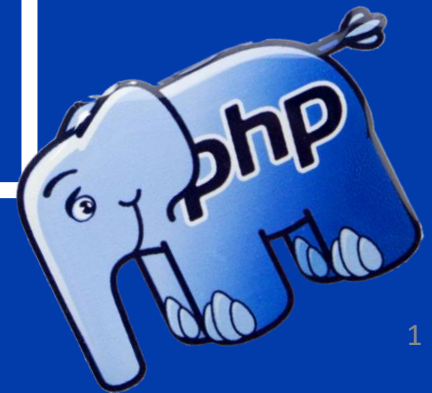


PHP

CHAPTER 5 – MVC & PROJECT STRUCTURE





OBJECTIVES FOR TODAY



- ✓ **Why** do we need **responsibilities** in project ?
- ✓ Be able to use the **MVC pattern** :
 - The model
 - The controller
 - The view
- ✓ **Why** do we need a clean PHP project structure
- ✓ Be able to follow a **clean structure**



10 MIN



3 responsibilities in a restaurant

- ✓ Define their role ? **What do they need to do ?**
- ✓ **Why** do we need to separate those responsibilities ?



CUSTOMER



WAITER



COOK



10 MIN



What are the responsibilities of this code ?

(many answers possible)

- A - Get data** from database
- B - Decide** what the view **should display** *(depending on the data)*
- C - Display** the view

```
<?php
    $statement = $connection->prepare("select * from posts");
    $statement->execute();
    $posts = $statement->fetchAll();
?>

<?php foreach($posts as $post): ?>
    <li>
        <?= $post['title'] ?> |
        <span><?= $post['description'] ?></span> |
        <a href="controllers/post/post.delete.controller.php?id=<?= $post['id'] ?>" >Delete</a> |
        <a href="views/post/form.edit.view.php?id=<?= $post['id'] ?>">Edit</a>
    </li>
<?php endforeach; ?>
```



Why do we need responsibilities ?

REAL LIFE PROJECT

- ✓ Participants know **what to do**
- ✓ **Eliminate duplication** of work
- ✓ Clarify a **work flow**
- ✓ **Help to check** if things are done

IT PROJECTS

- ✓ Developer know **where to code**
- ✓ **Eliminate duplication** of work
- ✓ Clarify a **work flow**
- ✓ **Help to test** the code

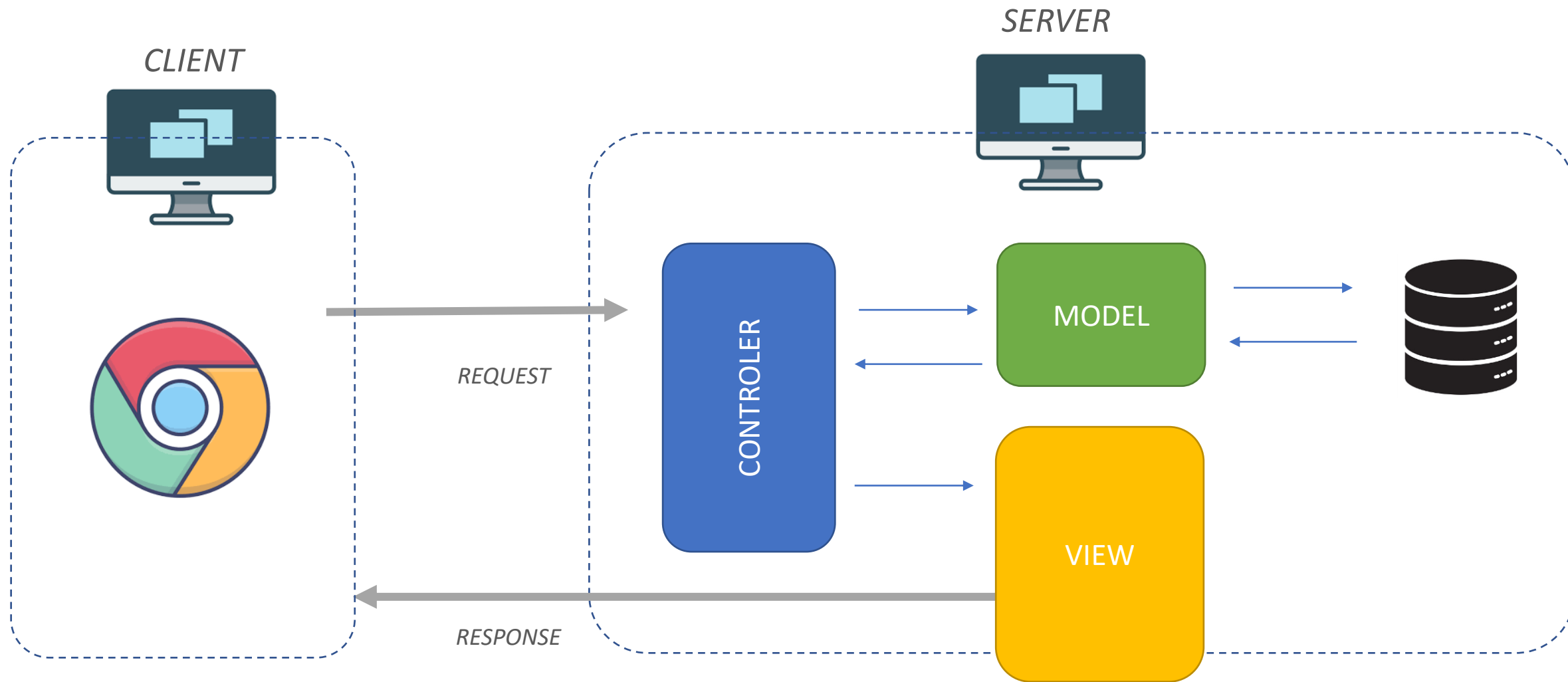


10 MIN



The MVC architecture

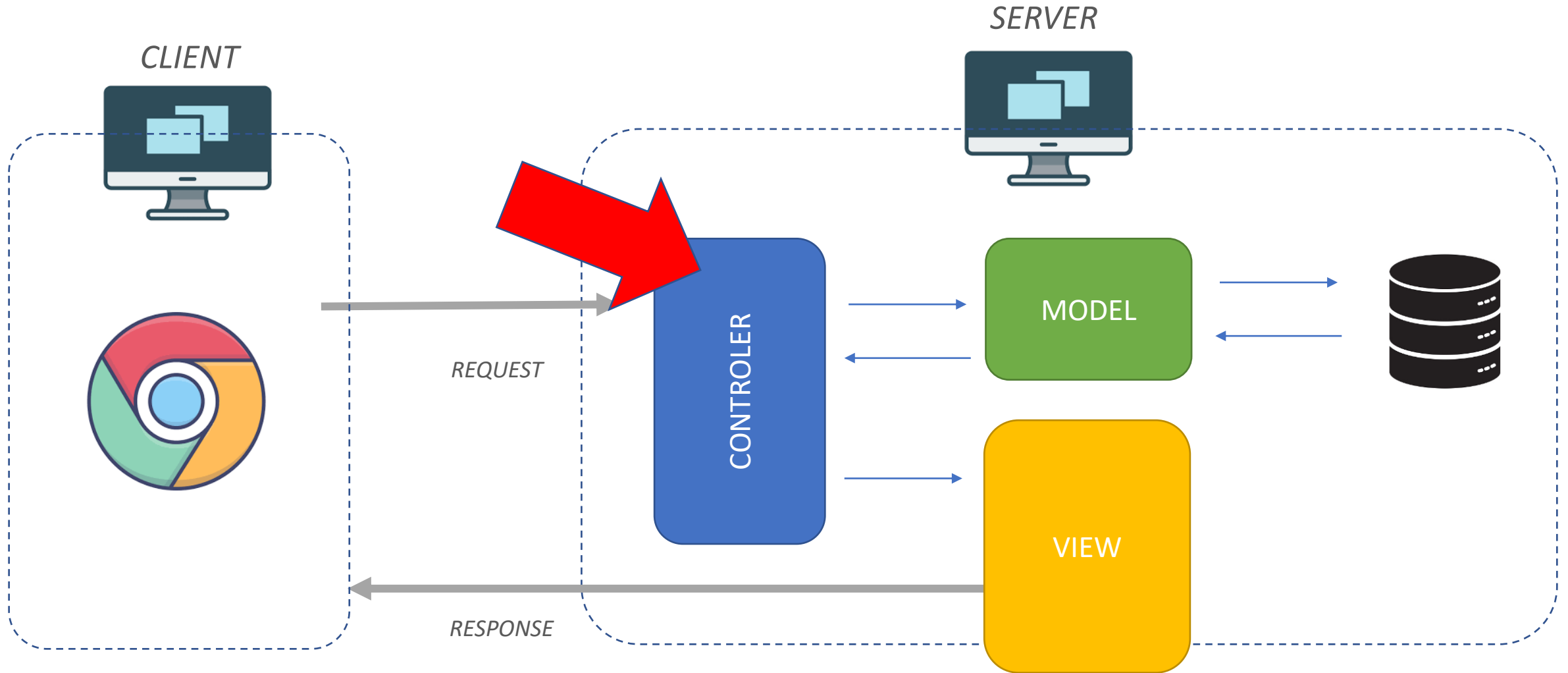
- ✓ The CONTROLLER Is in charge to **provide the right data** to the view
- ✓ The CONTROLLER can also validate user inputs, hide field, display warnings





1 – The controller

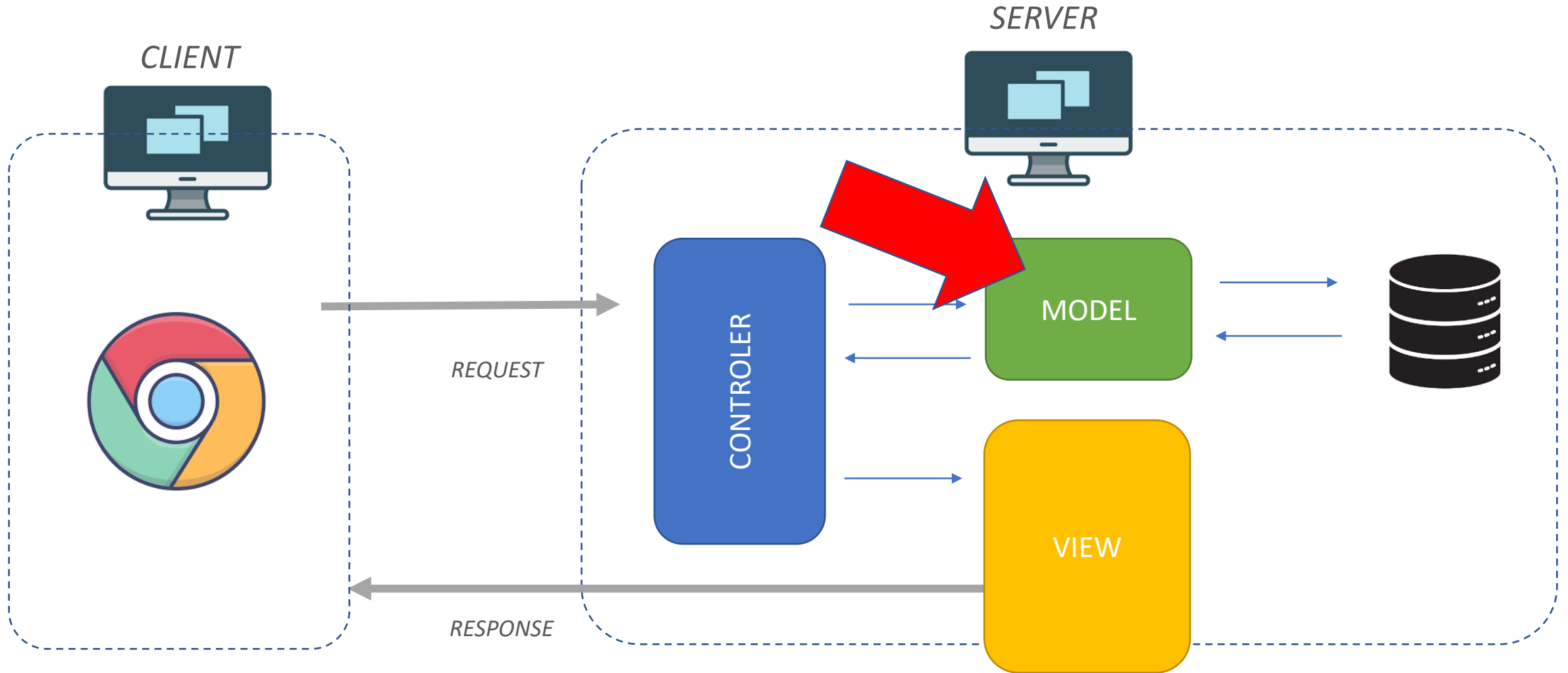
- ✓ Provide the right data to the view
- ✓ Validate user inputs, hide field, display warnings





2 – The model

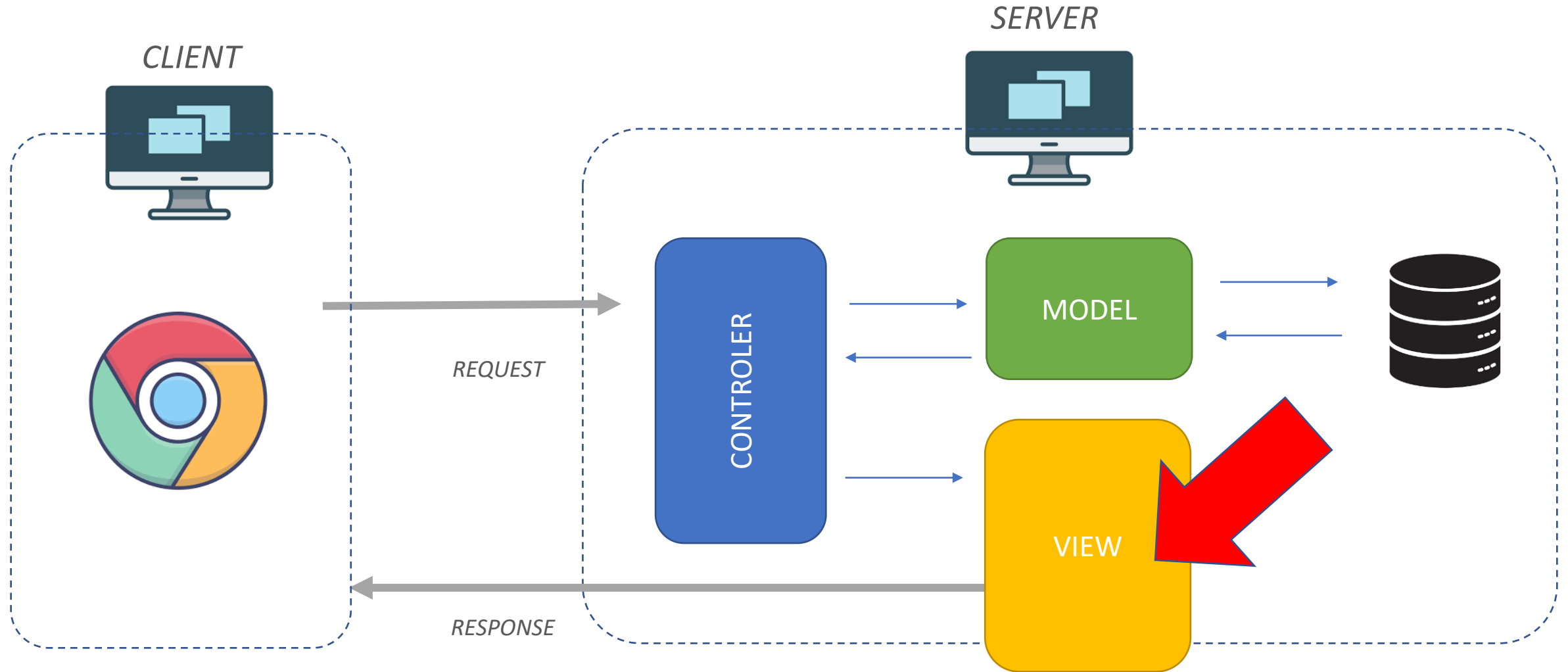
- ✓ Provide the data needed by the application
- ✓ Changing the data : remove, insert, add..





3 – The view

- ✓ Build the user interface , given the information provided by the controller





10 MIN

The MVC architecture

post.controller.php

```
$heading = "Post Page";
require 'models/post.model.php';

$posts = getPosts();

require "views/post/post.view.php";
```

1 – Get data

post.model.php

```
function getPost(int $id) : array
{
    global $connection;
    $statement = $connection->prepare("select * from posts where id = :id");
    $statement->execute([':id' => $id]);
    return $statement->fetch();
}
```

2 – Call the view

post.view.php









```
<?php foreach($posts as $post): ?>
    <li>
        <?= $post['title'] ?> |
        <span><?= $post['description'] ?></span> |
        <a href="controllers/post/post.edit.controller.php?id=<?= $post['id'] ?>">Edit</a>
    </li>

<?php endforeach; ?>
```

3 – Create the HTML from the data



Clean project structure

>		assets	←	Image, PDF, resources
>		controllers	←	All controllers
>		database	←	Connection to DB
>		models	←	All models
>		utils	←	Utility functions : debug, file, URL operations
>		views	←	All views
		index.php		
		router.php	←	The router to the controllers

File names

- ✓ Use the **same syntax** in all project files

post.**controller**.php



name



responsibility

post.remove.**controller**.php



name



action



responsibility

Controller structure

·  controllers

>  home

✓  post

← 1 folder per **main view**

 post.controller.php

} Main controller

 post.create.controller.php

 post.delete.controller.php

 post.edit.controller.php

} Sub controller (actions or sub views)

 post.update.controller.php

Views structure

