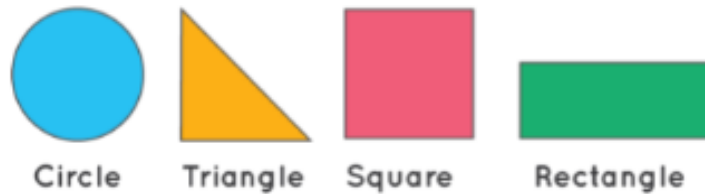


C5- S2 – PRACTICE



- ⚠ Your project must include a `tsconfig.json` file and build JS files in `/dist` folder
- ⚠ Each class must be in a separate file (example: `Rectangle.ts`)
- ⚠ You also need to create a `Main.ts` file to test all your shapes

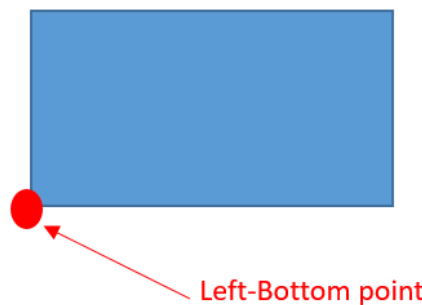
A) The abstract shape

We want to manage shapes such as triangles, squares, rectangles, circles...

We first define an **abstract** class `Shape` as follows:

<i>Abstract Shape</i>
leftX : number # bottomY : number
<i>getWidth(): number</i> <i>getHeight(): number</i> <i>getArea(): number</i>

- ✓ leftX and bottomY are the position of the left bottom point of shapes.



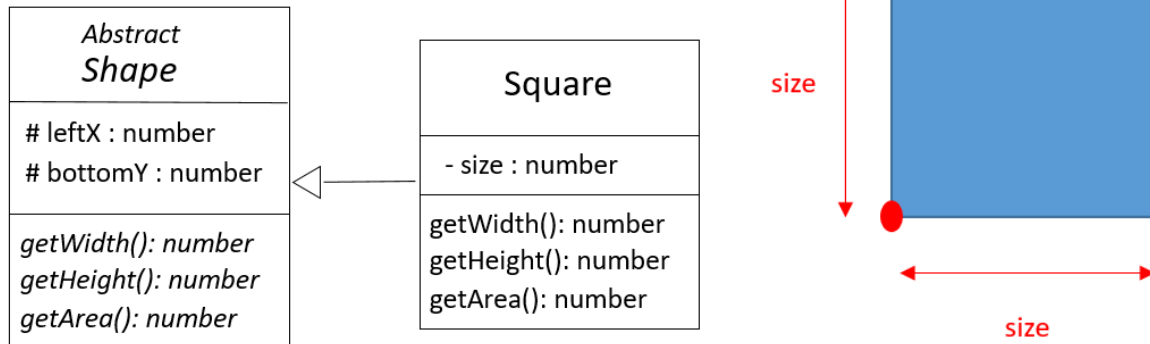
- ✓ `getWidth`, `getHeight`, `getArea` are abstract, because they depends on the specific shape.

Q1 Implement this class `Shape`

B) The square

A square:

- Inherits from the abstract Shape class
- Is defined by its **left-bottom point** and **size**



Q2 Implement this class Square

Note: the constructor has following parameters: leftX, bottomY and size.

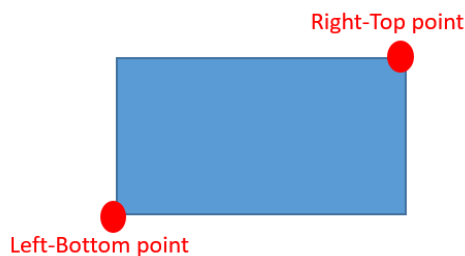
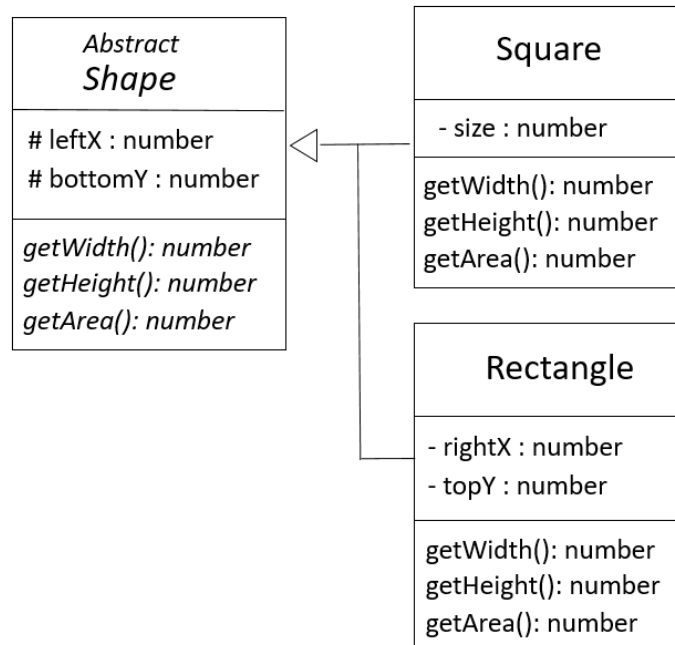
Q3 Implement the required methods (required by the abstract class):

- getWidth
- getHeight
- getArea

C) The rectangle

A rectangle:

- Inherits from the abstract Shape class
- Is defined by its **left-bottom point** and its **right-top points**



Q4 Implement this class Rectangle

Note: the constructor has following parameters: leftX, bottomY and rightX, topY.

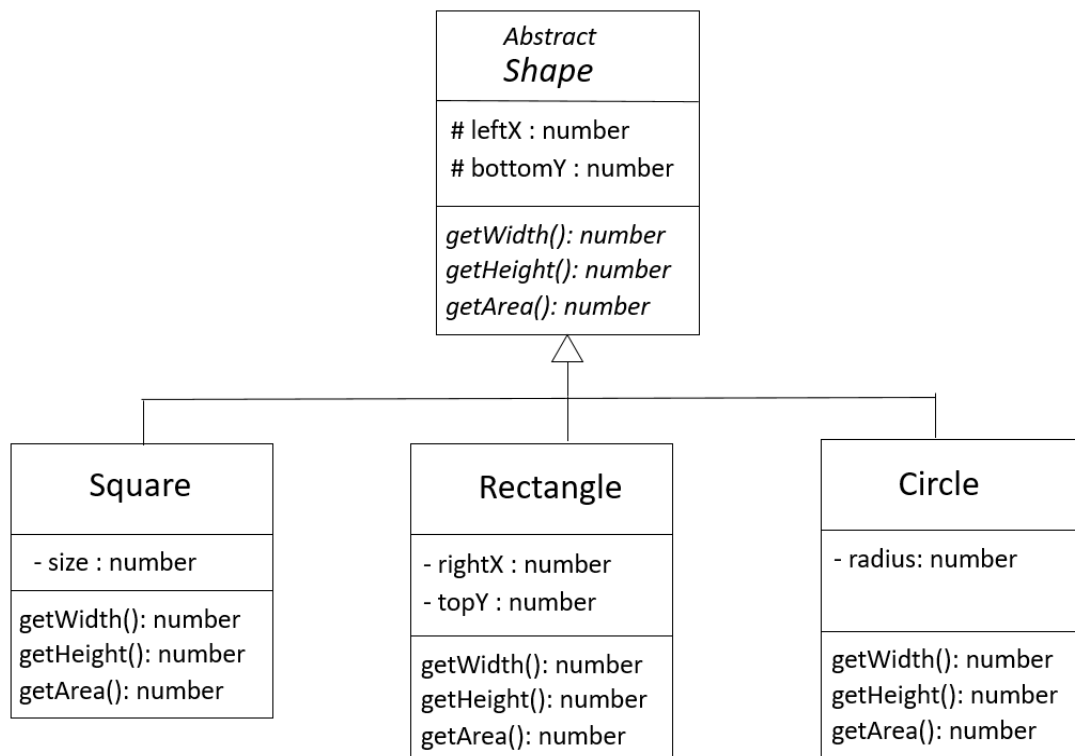
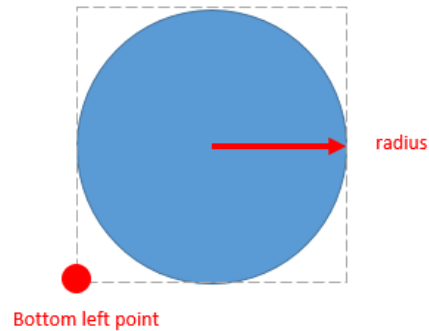
Q5 Implement the required methods (required by the abstract class):

- getWidth
- getHeight
- getArea

C) The circle

A circle:

- Inherits from the abstract Shape class
- Is defined by its **left-bottom point** and its **radius**



Q4 Implement this class Circle

Note: the constructor has following parameters: leftX, bottomY and radius

Q5 Implement the required methods (required by the abstract class):

- getWidth
- getHeight
- getArea