

# Assignment 5

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```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages -----
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.3.2      v purrr  0.3.4
## v tibble  3.0.3      v dplyr  1.0.2
## v tidyr   1.1.2      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1      v forcats 0.5.0
```

```
## -- Conflicts -----
```

```
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(jtools)
library(interactions)
library(knitr)
```

## Reloading my original linear model from Assignment 4

```
transpo_data <- read.csv("transpo_data.csv") %>%
  mutate(meansTW = case_when(
    JWTR_label=="Bicycle"~"Bicycle",
    JWTR_label=="Bus or trolley bus"~"Bus or\ntrolley bus",
    JWTR_label=="Car, truck, or van"~"1Car, truck,\nor van",
    JWTR_label=="Motorcycle"~"Motorcycle",
    JWTR_label=="Other method"~"Other",
    JWTR_label=="Railroad"~"Railroad",
    JWTR_label=="Streetcar or trolley car (carro publico in Puerto Rico)"~"Streetcar or\ntrolley car",
    JWTR_label=="Subway or elevated"~"Subway or\nelevated",
    JWTR_label=="Taxicab"~"Taxicab",
    JWTR_label=="Walked"~"Walk")) %>%
  mutate(edu = case_when(
    SCHL_label=="Some college, but less than 1 year"~"Less 1 year of college",
    SCHL_label=="Regular high school diploma"~"1High school diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Bachelor's degree"~"Bachelor's degree",
    SCHL_label=="1 or more years of college credit, no degree"~"More 1 yr of college,\nno degree",
    SCHL_label=="Master's degree"~"Master's degree",
    SCHL_label=="GED or alternative credential"~"GED",
```

```

SCHL_label=="Doctorate degree"~"Doctorate degree",
SCHL_label=="Associate's degree"~"Associate's degree",
SCHL_label=="Grade 8"~"Grade 8",
SCHL_label=="Grade 7"~"Grade 7",
SCHL_label=="Grade 10"~"Grade 10",
SCHL_label=="12th grade - no diploma"~"Grade 12 -\nno diploma",
SCHL_label=="Grade 6"~"Grade 6",
SCHL_label=="Grade 11"~"Grade 11",
SCHL_label=="Professional degree beyond a bachelor's degree"~"Professional degree",
SCHL_label=="Grade 9"~"Grade 9",
SCHL_label=="No schooling completed"~"No schooling",
SCHL_label=="Grade 5"~"Grade 5",
SCHL_label=="Grade 4"~"Grade 4",
SCHL_label=="Nursery school, preschool"~"Preschool",
SCHL_label=="Grade 3"~"Grade 3",
SCHL_label=="Grade 1"~"Grade 1",
SCHL_label=="Kindergarten"~"Kindergarten",
SCHL_label=="Grade 2"~"Grade 2"))

model <- lm(PINCP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu + JWMNP + vehicle + GRNTP + AGEF,
            data = transpo_data)
options(scipen = 999)
summary(model)

```

```

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = PINCP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu + JWMNP + vehicle +
##     GRNTP + AGEF, data = transpo_data)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -106817  -17346   -3709    11007   469745
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)    -13892.1871    2217.9958  -6.263
## SEX_labelMale     12660.7552     883.5243  14.330
## meansTWBicycle   -12587.9144    3254.9841  -3.867
## meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus  -8378.8701    2599.6721  -3.223
## meansTWMotorcycle  -358.6898    9079.4633  -0.040
## meansTWOther      2407.8624    4677.2547   0.515
## meansTWRailroad    4135.6233    6445.9454   0.642
## meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car  3528.8252   11489.2225   0.307
## meansTWSubway or\nelevated  -5633.2840    6253.3617  -0.901
## meansTWTaxicab    -2357.8065    8343.2471  -0.283
## meansTWWalk       -3823.7025    2043.6837  -1.871
## eduAssociate's degree     5033.8675    1816.2136   2.772
## eduBachelor's degree    18153.2293    1376.4953  13.188
## eduDoctorate degree    25053.5591    3828.7967   6.543
## eduGED              2293.3529    2321.6023   0.988
## eduGrade 1          13149.4021   25631.7847   0.513
## eduGrade 10         -7968.1836    3946.6425  -2.019
## eduGrade 11        -6731.8987    3143.6728  -2.141

```

## eduGrade 12 -\nno diploma	2566.6930	3584.7370	0.716
## eduGrade 2	-25435.4778	25640.2934	-0.992
## eduGrade 3	-2292.4248	20947.5795	-0.109
## eduGrade 4	-6182.5758	20964.2283	-0.295
## eduGrade 5	-1099.9128	14845.7144	-0.074
## eduGrade 6	-6435.2441	5141.6076	-1.252
## eduGrade 7	-10891.5747	9423.6588	-1.156
## eduGrade 8	-4502.4662	7471.4426	-0.603
## eduGrade 9	-6764.9026	4955.2926	-1.365
## eduKindergarten	-34218.5166	25640.8474	-1.335
## eduLess 1 year of college	4572.3733	1977.4870	2.312
## eduMaster's degree	25879.3543	1879.1949	13.772
## eduMore 1 yr of college,\nno degree	2966.3574	1499.8275	1.978
## eduNo schooling	-5635.8698	5237.6577	-1.076
## eduPreschool	-13198.9113	36245.7783	-0.364
## eduProfessional degree	62647.4429	3668.0107	17.079
## JWMNP	42.6007	20.5903	2.069
## vehicle	-2917.3641	449.7630	-6.486
## GRNTP	15.2303	0.8123	18.751
## AGEP	652.8961	35.1781	18.560
##	Pr(> t )		
## (Intercept)	0.0000000003994	***	
## SEX_labelMale	< 0.0000000000000002	***	
## meansTWBicycle	0.000111	***	
## meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus	0.001274	**	
## meansTWMotorcycle	0.968488		
## meansTWOther	0.606708		
## meansTWRailroad	0.521164		
## meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car	0.758744		
## meansTWSubway or\nelevated	0.367704		
## meansTWTaxicab	0.777492		
## meansTWWalk	0.061390	.	
## eduAssociate's degree	0.005593	**	
## eduBachelor's degree	< 0.0000000000000002	***	
## eduDoctorate degree	0.0000000000644	***	
## eduGED	0.323270		
## eduGrade 1	0.607960		
## eduGrade 10	0.043528	*	
## eduGrade 11	0.032276	*	
## eduGrade 12 -\nno diploma	0.474012		
## eduGrade 2	0.321227		
## eduGrade 3	0.912860		
## eduGrade 4	0.768071		
## eduGrade 5	0.940941		
## eduGrade 6	0.210758		
## eduGrade 7	0.247816		
## eduGrade 8	0.546779		
## eduGrade 9	0.172239		
## eduKindergarten	0.182074		
## eduLess 1 year of college	0.020795	*	
## eduMaster's degree	< 0.0000000000000002	***	
## eduMore 1 yr of college,\nno degree	0.047991	*	
## eduNo schooling	0.281952		
## eduPreschool	0.715757		

```
## eduProfessional degree < 0.0000000000000002 ***
## JWMNP 0.038586 *
## vehicle 0.00000000000000940 ***
## GRNTP < 0.0000000000000002 ***
## AGEP < 0.0000000000000002 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 36210 on 6876 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2159, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2117
## F-statistic: 51.18 on 37 and 6876 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
```

## Model 1: Reconsidering the relationships between my variables

In my linear model from Assignment 4, I examined to what extent each of my variables correlated with Income. I treated Income as my dependent variable, and the rest as independent variables. However, I think Income itself, at least in the set of my variables, can function as an independent variable.

More precisely, I can see the ‘most’ independent variables being Sex, Age, and Educational Attainment (of course, other factors can influence educational attainment, but in this case I’m treating this as a fairly ‘fixed’ variable). I’m assuming that these three have the biggest effect on an individual’s Income. Then, I can see how Income can influence an individual’s monthly Rent, Number of Vehicles Accessible, and Means of Transportation to work. Lastly, the three of these variables can influence Travel Time to Work. Certainly, any and all of the variables can correlate with Travel Time to Work, but this is the general chain of influence I’ve thought of.

To this end, I am going to examine the effect that these variables have on Travel Time to Work. I will keep the mutated variables above (comparing the change in education to receiving a high school diploma, and using a car, truck, or van as a means of travel to work.

A regular linear regression is below:

```
model2 <- lm(JWMNP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu + PINCP + vehicle + GRNTP + AGEP,
             data = transpo_data)
options(scipen = 999)
summary(model2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = JWMNP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu + PINCP + vehicle +
##     GRNTP + AGEP, data = transpo_data)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -48.532 -12.227  -4.787   6.096 143.049
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate      Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  17.089702533    1.285946691   13.290
## SEX_labelMale    1.812345329    0.524524348    3.455
## meansTWBicycle  -6.354531842    1.906356007   -3.333
## meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus 22.416406429    1.499102660   14.953
## meansTWMotorcycle -7.202296257    5.315403092   -1.355
## meansTWOther    14.821254811    2.732790936    5.423
```

## meansTWRailroad	15.089272725	3.769886055	4.003
## meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car	26.351585374	6.719584763	3.922
## meansTWSubway or\nelevated	19.175564568	3.654309207	5.247
## meansTWTaxicab	-7.811200906	4.884170555	-1.599
## meansTWWalk	-8.156246458	1.192852330	-6.838
## eduAssociate's degree	-0.127063824	1.064003080	-0.119
## eduBachelor's degree	-2.287942325	0.815613849	-2.805
## eduDoctorate degree	-2.257654179	2.248601068	-1.004
## eduGED	2.279653501	1.359138637	1.677
## eduGrade 1	-4.149462019	15.007857404	-0.276
## eduGrade 10	-2.240658365	2.311323635	-0.969
## eduGrade 11	-0.825443603	1.841237099	-0.448
## eduGrade 12 -\nno diploma	1.185810570	2.098927150	0.565
## eduGrade 2	-6.139047140	15.013527249	-0.409
## eduGrade 3	-1.379969667	12.265006317	-0.113
## eduGrade 4	-14.100603057	12.273654716	-1.149
## eduGrade 5	-5.910371651	8.692018178	-0.680
## eduGrade 6	2.028721427	3.010703641	0.674
## eduGrade 7	-5.320410809	5.517804714	-0.964
## eduGrade 8	-2.836025164	4.374582510	-0.648
## eduGrade 9	2.275068633	2.901634378	0.784
## eduKindergarten	18.510954433	15.013244494	1.233
## eduLess 1 year of college	0.521940179	1.158270355	0.451
## eduMaster's degree	-1.984745366	1.115100523	-1.780
## eduMore 1 yr of college,\nno degree	-1.508533730	0.878224627	-1.718
## eduNo schooling	2.888296099	3.066758740	0.942
## eduPreschool	-2.645341913	21.222428433	-0.125
## eduProfessional degree	-4.689161092	2.192008534	-2.139
## PINCP	0.000014604	0.000007059	2.069
## vehicle	0.644859034	0.264030442	2.442
## GRNTP	0.002084342	0.000486945	4.280
## AGEP	0.065316745	0.021092038	3.097
##	Pr(> t )		
## (Intercept)	< 0.0000000000000002 ***		
## SEX_labelMale	0.000553 ***		
## meansTWBicycle	0.000863 ***		
## meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus	< 0.0000000000000002 ***		
## meansTWMotorcycle	0.175467		
## meansTWOther	0.00000006043718 ***		
## meansTWRailroad	0.00006331393881 ***		
## meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car	0.00008881514838 ***		
## meansTWSubway or\nelevated	0.00000015888690 ***		
## meansTWTaxicab	0.109802		
## meansTWWalk	0.000000000000875 ***		
## eduAssociate's degree	0.904946		
## eduBachelor's degree	0.005043 **		
## eduDoctorate degree	0.315401		
## eduGED	0.093534 .		
## eduGrade 1	0.782183		
## eduGrade 10	0.332367		
## eduGrade 11	0.653944		
## eduGrade 12 -\nno diploma	0.572119		
## eduGrade 2	0.682625		
## eduGrade 3	0.910420		

```

## eduGrade 4                                0.250657
## eduGrade 5                                0.496542
## eduGrade 6                                0.500438
## eduGrade 7                                0.334967
## eduGrade 8                                0.516815
## eduGrade 9                                0.433029
## eduKindergarten                          0.217627
## eduLess 1 year of college                  0.652277
## eduMaster's degree                        0.075140 .
## eduMore 1 yr of college,\nno degree       0.085895 .
## eduNo schooling                           0.346324
## eduPreschool                              0.900806
## eduProfessional degree                    0.032454 *
## PINCP                                     0.038586 *
## vehicle                                   0.014616 *
## GRNTP                                     0.00001890497925 ***
## AGEP                                      0.001964 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.2 on 6876 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.06604,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.06101
## F-statistic: 13.14 on 37 and 6876 DF,  p-value: < 0.00000000000000022

```

The multiple R-squared value for this model is 0.06101, which means that this model predicts about 6% of the variation in Travel Time to Work in this dataset.

## Mutating Education and Income

I've decided to group some of the categorical values of both Educational Attainment, and I've decided to group Income into different intervals. I've decided to group educational into 8 values rather than 24. I'll still compare all categories to earning just a high school diploma.

1. No High School Diploma
2. High School Diploma
3. Some College
4. Associate's Degree
5. Bachelor's Degree
6. Master's Degree
7. Other Professional Degree
8. Doctorate Degree

I've also decided to convert my Income variable (continous) to a categorical variable by breaking up the income distribution (arbitrarily) into different intervals to capture differences between very low wealth, a broad middle class, and extreme wealth. Thank you to Ryan Johnson for helping me with the code for dividing the income into these intervals. I recognize that how I named these intervals may not truly represent where the median income lies. I will compare all values to the "Low to Mid Income", which is where I suggest most of the data lies.

- 1) Less than \$25,000 (Low Income)
- 2) \$25,000 to \$49,999.99 (Low to Mid Income)
- 3) \$50,000 to \$74,999.99 (Mid Income)
- 4) \$75,000 to \$99,999.99 (Mid to High Income)
- 5) \$100,000 and higher (High Income)

```
transpo_data2 <- read_csv("transpo_data.csv") %>%
  mutate(edu_attainment = case_when(
    SCHL_label=="Some college, but less than 1 year"~"Some College",
    SCHL_label=="Regular high school diploma"~"High school diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Bachelor's degree"~"Bachelor's degree",
    SCHL_label=="1 or more years of college credit, no degree"~"Some College",
    SCHL_label=="Master's degree"~"Master's degree",
    SCHL_label=="GED or alternative credential"~"High school diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Doctorate degree"~"Doctorate degree",
    SCHL_label=="Associate's degree"~"Associate's degree",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 8"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 7"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 10"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="12th grade - no diploma"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 6"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 11"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Professional degree beyond a bachelor's degree"~"Professional degree",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 9"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="No schooling completed"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 5"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 4"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Nursery school, preschool"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 3"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 1"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Kindergarten"~"No High School Diploma",
    SCHL_label=="Grade 2"~"No High School Diploma")) %>%
  mutate(income = case_when(
    PINCP < 25000 ~ "Low Income",
    (PINCP >= 25000) & (PINCP < 50000) ~ "Low to Mid Income",
    (PINCP >= 50000) & (PINCP < 75000) ~ "Mid Income",
    (PINCP >= 75000) & (PINCP < 100000) ~ "Mid to High Income",
    PINCP > 100000 ~ "High Income")) %>%
  mutate(meansTW = case_when(
    JWTR_label=="Bicycle"~"Bicycle",
    JWTR_label=="Bus or trolley bus"~"Bus or\n\trolley bus",
    JWTR_label=="Car, truck, or van"~"Car, truck,\nor van",
    JWTR_label=="Motorcycle"~"Motorcycle",
    JWTR_label=="Other method"~"Other",
    JWTR_label=="Railroad"~"Railroad",
    JWTR_label=="Streetcar or trolley car (carro publico in Puerto Rico)"~"Streetcar or\n\trolley car",
    JWTR_label=="Subway or elevated"~"Subway or\nelevated",
    JWTR_label=="Taxicab"~"Taxicab",
    JWTR_label=="Walked"~"Walk"))
```

## Parsed with column specification:

```
## cols(
##   SEX_label = col_character(),
##   JWTR_label = col_character(),
##   SCHL_label = col_character(),
##   vehicle = col_double(),
##   PINCP = col_double(),
##   JWMNP = col_double(),
##   GRNTP = col_double(),
##   AGEP = col_double()
## )
```

## Model 2: A Linear Regression with mutated variables

I can run the linear regression with my newly mutated Education and Income variables.

```
model3 <- lm(JWMNP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu_achievement + income + vehicle + GRNTP + AGEP,
             data = transpo_data2)
options(scipen = 999)
summary(model3)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = JWMNP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu_achievement + income +
##     vehicle + GRNTP + AGEP, data = transpo_data2)
##
## Residuals:
```

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-45.989	-12.264	-4.809	5.935	145.435

```
##
## Coefficients:
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value
(Intercept)	18.9083034	1.3553199	13.951
SEX_labelMale	1.5806744	0.5313131	2.975
meansTWBicycle	-6.2920002	1.9232878	-3.271
meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus	22.8378707	1.5014058	15.211
meansTWMotorcycle	-7.5640817	5.3189898	-1.422
meansTWOther	15.2411518	2.7346329	5.573
meansTWRailroad	14.8498681	3.7721258	3.937
meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car	26.9445702	6.7233517	4.008
meansTWSubway or\nelevated	19.1063292	3.6562654	5.226
meansTWTaxicab	-7.1028701	4.8881263	-1.453
meansTWWalk	-7.9338532	1.1999592	-6.612
edu_achievementAssociate's degree	-0.8109459	1.0332505	-0.785
edu_achievementBachelor's degree	-3.1656630	0.7780543	-4.069
edu_achievementDoctorate degree	-3.5821077	2.2631085	-1.583
edu_achievementMaster's degree	-2.8043728	1.0995001	-2.551
edu_achievementNo High School Diploma	-0.3480509	1.0505946	-0.331
edu_achievementProfessional degree	-4.6035677	2.2077314	-2.085
edu_achievementSome College	-1.4613775	0.7649433	-1.910
incomeHigh Income	-0.6726311	1.3340220	-0.504
incomeLow Income	-1.9459021	0.6334875	-3.072
incomeMid Income	1.3511240	0.7382858	1.830
incomeMid to High Income	1.9480822	1.1285427	1.726



```

## vehicle                0.6546097  0.2645167  2.475
## GRNTP                  0.0020185  0.0004904  4.116
## AGEP                   0.0618933  0.0210997  2.933
##                               Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)            < 0.0000000000000002 ***
## SEX_labelMale          0.00294 **
## meansTWBicycle         0.00108 **
## meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus < 0.0000000000000002 ***
## meansTWMotorcycle      0.15505
## meansTWOther           0.0000000259376 ***
## meansTWRailroad        0.0000834177027 ***
## meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car 0.0000619885659 ***
## meansTWSubway or\nelevated 0.0000001786935 ***
## meansTWTaxicab        0.14625
## meansTWWalk            0.0000000000408 ***
## edu_attainmentAssociate's degree 0.43257
## edu_attainmentBachelor's degree 0.0000478104372 ***
## edu_attainmentDoctorate degree 0.11351
## edu_attainmentMaster's degree 0.01078 *
## edu_attainmentNo High School Diploma 0.74044
## edu_attainmentProfessional degree 0.03709 *
## edu_attainmentSome College 0.05612 .
## incomeHigh Income      0.61413
## incomeLow Income       0.00214 **
## incomeMid Income       0.06728 .
## incomeMid to High Income 0.08436 .
## vehicle                0.01336 *
## GRNTP                  0.0000390659465 ***
## AGEP                   0.00336 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.22 on 6830 degrees of freedom
## (59 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.06674, Adjusted R-squared:  0.06346
## F-statistic: 20.35 on 24 and 6830 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022

```

This model has an r-squared value of 0.06346, which means that this model predicts about 6% of the variation in Travel Time to Work in this dataset. This r-squared value is barely higher than the previous model, with ungrouped educational outcomes and a continuous income set. 0.06346 compared to 0.06101.

Interesting to note is that in the education variable, the only value to gain statistical significance was the coefficient for having earned a master's degree, suggesting that those with a masters degree will travel 2.8 minutes less to work than those with just a high school diploma. I thought that aggregating all of the K-12 grades might have brought about a significant value because it captures more people, but it didn't.

SEX\_labelMale became more statistically significant with this model, which makes me think that there's an interaction between sex and education or income.

Grouping income into intervals did increase the statistical significance from when it was continuous. The only statistical significant vale was the Low Income interval, suggesting that those who make less than \$25,000 will actually travel about 1.9 minutes less to work than those who make between \$25,000 and \$50,000 per year. In the state of Colorado, jobs are fairly spread out throughout cities and not necessarily concentrated in hubs. Jobs that tend to be concentrated in hubs like downtown Denver or Boulder tend to be higher income jobs, so perhaps it's not too difficult for low-income earners to find housing closer to their jobs.

Speaking about housing, Gross Rent is statistically significant, but the coefficient is not very telling, suggesting that there's no real difference in travel time to work for every additional dollar paid for rent.

### Model 3: Interaction Between Income and Sex, and Between Education and Sex

Seeing that statistical significance increased for Sex in my previous model, I wonder if that was due to the change in income from continuous to categorical data. I think that the effect of sex on income can tell us more about this model.

```
model4 <- lm(JWMNP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu_attainment + income + vehicle + GRNTP + AGE + income:SEX_label,
             data = transpo_data2)
options(scipen = 999)
summary(model4)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = JWMNP ~ SEX_label + meansTW + edu_attainment + income +
##      vehicle + GRNTP + AGE + income:SEX_label + edu_attainment:SEX_label,
##      data = transpo_data2)
##
## Residuals:
```

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-46.767	-12.246	-4.708	6.111	145.194

```
##
## Coefficients:
```

	Estimate	Std. Error
(Intercept)	17.5586255	1.5350380
SEX_labelMale	3.3061258	1.2928974
meansTWBicycle	-6.0858897	1.9254434
meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus	22.8825220	1.5015675
meansTWMotorcycle	-7.4577637	5.3168045
meansTWOther	15.4539260	2.7363212
meansTWRailroad	15.3298053	3.7743455
meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car	26.8878400	6.7210029
meansTWSubway or\nelevated	18.9807947	3.6560631
meansTWTaxicab	-7.3645277	4.8860736
meansTWWalk	-7.8613246	1.2001047
edu_attainmentAssociate's degree	-0.3122799	1.5016609
edu_attainmentBachelor's degree	-0.9983539	1.1652308
edu_attainmentDoctorate degree	0.2256841	3.4709294
edu_attainmentMaster's degree	0.2683471	1.5928253
edu_attainmentNo High School Diploma	-2.6364238	1.7151183
edu_attainmentProfessional degree	-4.2047347	3.4430923
edu_attainmentSome College	-0.4470599	1.1634211
incomeHigh Income	1.4543482	2.4511385
incomeLow Income	-1.6013566	0.8868667
incomeMid Income	0.4741122	1.1649160
incomeMid to High Income	1.8888916	1.8877411
vehicle	0.6453199	0.2645896
GRNTP	0.0020914	0.0004909
AGE	0.0646033	0.0211116
SEX_labelMale:incomeHigh Income	-2.3571458	2.8855071
SEX_labelMale:incomeLow Income	-0.2177640	1.2524374

## SEX_labelMale:incomeMid Income	1.3239531	1.5008065
## SEX_labelMale:incomeMid to High Income	0.1579242	2.3423614
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentAssociate's degree	-0.5737742	2.0744692
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentBachelor's degree	-3.8531214	1.5489561
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentDoctorate degree	-6.4442337	4.5640119
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentMaster's degree	-5.7393018	2.1921818
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentNo High School Diploma	3.5232929	2.1712811
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentProfessional degree	-0.6711702	4.4740206
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentSome College	-1.6900155	1.5446683
##	t value	Pr(> t )
## (Intercept)	11.439	< 0.0000000000000002
## SEX_labelMale	2.557	0.01057
## meansTWBicycle	-3.161	0.00158
## meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus	15.239	< 0.0000000000000002
## meansTWMotorcycle	-1.403	0.16076
## meansTWOther	5.648	0.0000000169157
## meansTWRailroad	4.062	0.0000492879982
## meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car	4.001	0.0000638587278
## meansTWSubway or\nelevated	5.192	0.0000002145308
## meansTWTaxicab	-1.507	0.13179
## meansTWWalk	-6.551	0.00000000000615
## edu_attainmentAssociate's degree	-0.208	0.83527
## edu_attainmentBachelor's degree	-0.857	0.39159
## edu_attainmentDoctorate degree	0.065	0.94816
## edu_attainmentMaster's degree	0.168	0.86622
## edu_attainmentNo High School Diploma	-1.537	0.12430
## edu_attainmentProfessional degree	-1.221	0.22205
## edu_attainmentSome College	-0.384	0.70080
## incomeHigh Income	0.593	0.55298
## incomeLow Income	-1.806	0.07102
## incomeMid Income	0.407	0.68403
## incomeMid to High Income	1.001	0.31705
## vehicle	2.439	0.01476
## GRNTP	4.260	0.0000207047889
## AGEP	3.060	0.00222
## SEX_labelMale:incomeHigh Income	-0.817	0.41402
## SEX_labelMale:incomeLow Income	-0.174	0.86197
## SEX_labelMale:incomeMid Income	0.882	0.37772
## SEX_labelMale:incomeMid to High Income	0.067	0.94625
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentAssociate's degree	-0.277	0.78210
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentBachelor's degree	-2.488	0.01289
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentDoctorate degree	-1.412	0.15801
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentMaster's degree	-2.618	0.00886
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentNo High School Diploma	1.623	0.10470
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentProfessional degree	-0.150	0.88076
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentSome College	-1.094	0.27395
##		
## (Intercept)	***	
## SEX_labelMale	*	
## meansTWBicycle	**	
## meansTWBus or\ntrolley bus	***	
## meansTWMotorcycle		
## meansTWOther	***	
## meansTWRailroad	***	

```

## meansTWStreetcar or\ntrolley car          ***
## meansTWSubway or\nelevated                 ***
## meansTWTaxicab
## meansTWWalk                                ***
## edu_attainmentAssociate's degree
## edu_attainmentBachelor's degree
## edu_attainmentDoctorate degree
## edu_attainmentMaster's degree
## edu_attainmentNo High School Diploma
## edu_attainmentProfessional degree
## edu_attainmentSome College
## incomeHigh Income
## incomeLow Income                          .
## incomeMid Income
## incomeMid to High Income
## vehicle                                   *
## GRNTP                                     ***
## AGEP                                      **
## SEX_labelMale:incomeHigh Income
## SEX_labelMale:incomeLow Income
## SEX_labelMale:incomeMid Income
## SEX_labelMale:incomeMid to High Income
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentAssociate's degree
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentBachelor's degree      *
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentDoctorate degree
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentMaster's degree        **
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentNo High School Diploma
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentProfessional degree
## SEX_labelMale:edu_attainmentSome College
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.2 on 6819 degrees of freedom
## (59 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.06979,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.06502
## F-statistic: 14.62 on 35 and 6819 DF,  p-value: < 0.00000000000000022

```

This model has an r-squared value of 0.06502, which means that this model predicts about 6% of the variation in Travel Time to Work in this dataset. This r-squared value is barely higher than the previous model without interaction terms. This is my best model yet. 0.06502 compared to 0.06346.

Interestingly, neither of the interactions between Sex and Income were statistically significant. However, interactions between Sex and Bachelor's Degree and Sex and Master's Degree were statistically significant.

The first interaction suggests that men with a bachelor's degree will, on average and controlling for all other variables, travel for 3.8 minutes less to work than women with a bachelor's degree.

The second interaction suggests that men with a master's degree will, on average and controlling for all other variables, travel for 5.7 minutes less to work than women with a master's degree.

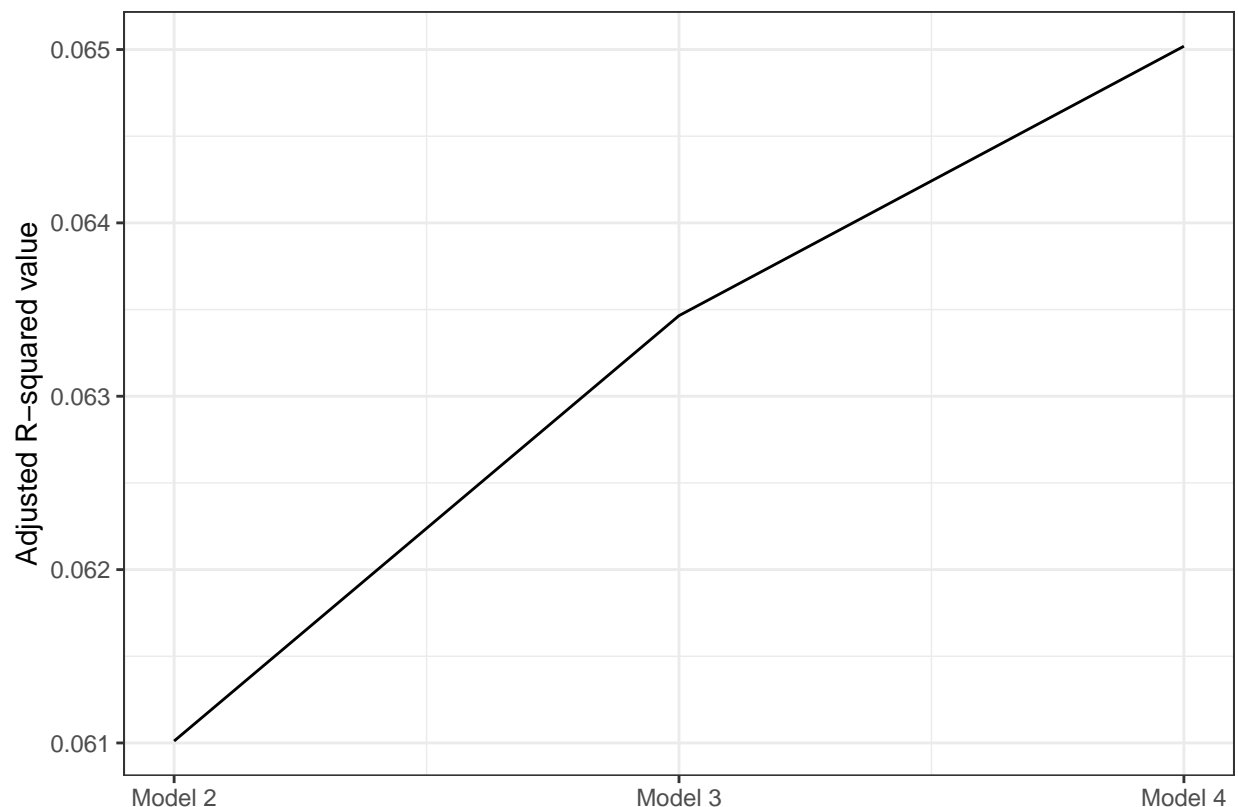
In the previous two models before examining interactions between Sex and Income/Education, men corresponded with greater travel time, so this model tells a more nuanced story of how Sex and Education interact with each other in correlating with travel time.

## Visualizing Model Fits

The graph below compares the r-squared values for my four models.

```
ModelFit <- tibble(model = c(2, 3, 4),
                   R_square = c(summary(model2)$adj.r.squared,
                                summary(model3)$adj.r.squared,
                                summary(model4)$adj.r.squared))

ggplot(ModelFit, aes(x = model, y = R_square)) +
  geom_line() +
  scale_x_continuous(name = "",
                     breaks = breaks <- seq(1, 4, by = 1),
                     labels = paste("Model", breaks)) +
  scale_y_continuous(name = "Adjusted R-squared value") +
  theme_bw()
```



We can see from this that Model 4, with the interaction terms, had the highest r-squared value, but the difference across the three is quite small.

## Visualizing the Education and Sex Interaction on Commute Time

Lastly, to visualize the effect of the interaction that I found in model four, I can make this graph. It shows the relationship between travel time to work and sex, by educational attainment, and holding all other variables constant.

```
cat_plot(model4, pred = edu_attainment, modx = SEX_label, interval = TRUE) +
  scale_x_discrete(name = "Educational Attainment ",
    labels = c("High\nSchool\nDiploma", "Associate's\nDegree",
      "Bachelor's\nDegree", "Doctorate\nDegree", "Master's\nDegree", "No High\nSchool\nDiploma"),
  scale_y_continuous(name = "Travel time to work (minutes)",
    breaks = seq(0, 45, by = 2)) +
  scale_color_discrete(name = "") +
  scale_linetype_discrete(name = "") +
  scale_fill_discrete(name = "")
```

```
## Scale for 'x' is already present. Adding another scale for 'x', which will
## replace the existing scale.
```

```
## Scale for 'colour' is already present. Adding another scale for 'colour',
## which will replace the existing scale.
```

```
## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which
## will replace the existing scale.
```

