CS 553 Cloud Computing Programming Assignment # 1 – Benchmarking

Performance Evaluation

The following document contains the experimental results obtained of all the benchmarks. The experiments were performed twice to obtain the results.

1. INTRODUCTION

The experiments were performed on Chameleon. All the programs are done in C language/Cuda for one specific benchmark.

- a. **For CPU Benchmark**, we performed the experiments using 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads to get the results. The processor speed has been calculated in GFLOPS and GIOPS at different thread counts taken into consideration. However, we have even implemented the code to take the results of the 60 samples for IOPS and FLOPS at the time interval of 1 sec to 10 minutes giving us the broad width of results needed to understand the benchmark and the operations occurring at the background.
- b. **For Disk Benchmark,** we measured the throughput value obtained for different sequential and random read/write processes. The throughputs have been collected for the sequential read, sequential write, random read and random write. The experiment also contained different block sizes (8KB/8MB/80MB) taken into consideration along with the thread counts varying from 1, 2, 4 and 8 thread counts.
- c. **For Network Benchmark,** we have measured the throughput and latency for both protocols and taken into consideration varied packet sizes and thread counts varying from 1, 2, 4 and 8 thread counts.
- d. **For Memory Benchmark,** we have measured the throughput value considering the same thread count t different thread level of 1, 2, 4 and 8 thread at different block sizes of memory taken into consideration so that we can perform different experiments to obtain results.

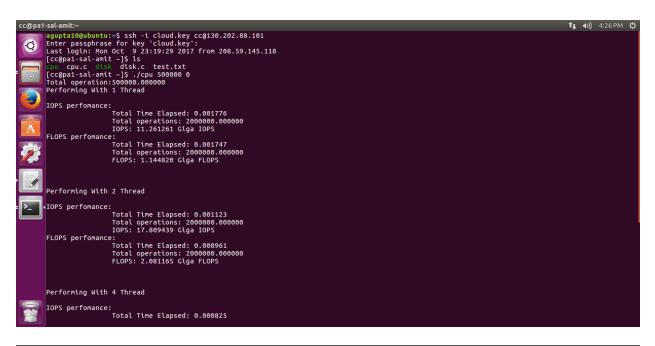
2. Experiment Results and Analysis

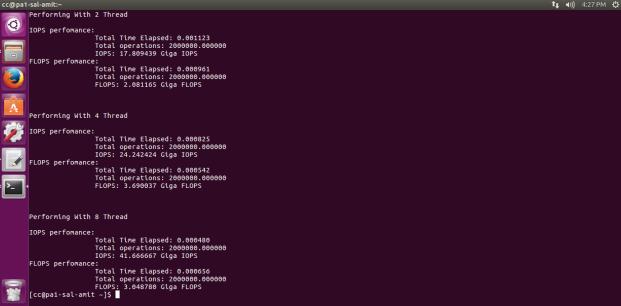
The following section contains the experiments performed n each benchmark and explanations to the results obtained.

a. CPU Benchmarking

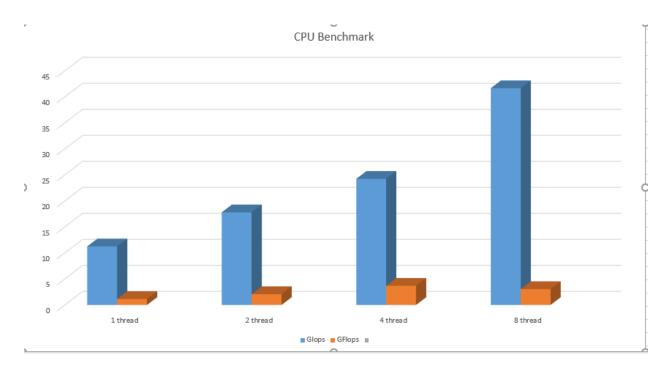
• For CPU benchmarking the observation is with respect to the different number of threads given as an input to the program so that the results are obtained. The values have been calculated in terms of GIOPS and GFLOPS.

• Following are the snapshots for the IOPS and FLOPS normal data for different thread counts.





• The following is the graph that we have obtained after plotting the values obtained for different number of threads. We have performed multiple experiments for 1, 2, 4 and 8 thread counts and according to which this is the result we have obtained as below.



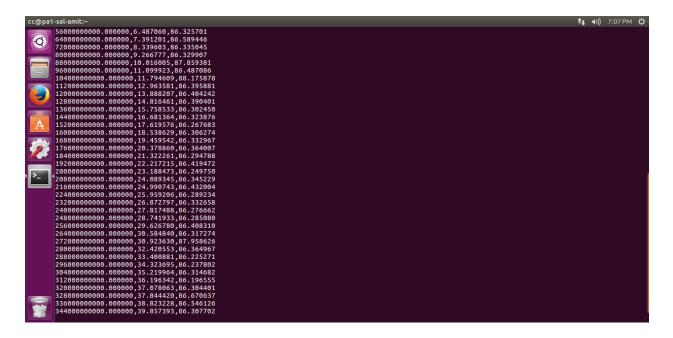
Peak performance of the processor is given by the formula :

= 57.6 GFLOPS

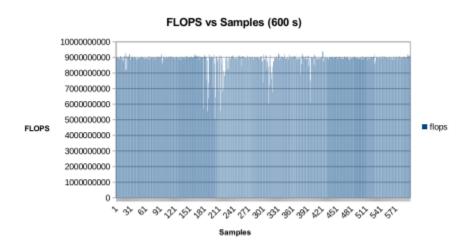
Along with this the efficiency would be calculated as = (average value/ max performance speed) * 100

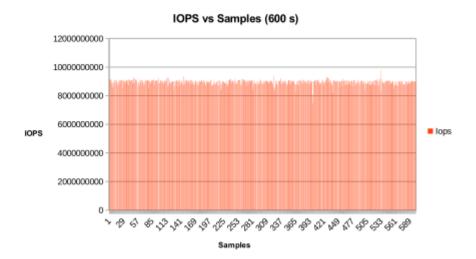
- = (30.88/57.6)*100
- = 53.61%

Now, we have taken the **600 samples for IOPS and FLOPS**, the following are the snapshots of program giving the data for 600 samples for both IOPS and FLOPS along with the graph being plotted for the data value obtained. The following snapshots are the data being obtained on chameleon instance for 600 samples for IOPS and FLOPS.



The following is the output graph generated using these 600 sample data taken into consideration.





The graph output helps here to observe that there are some glitches that can seen in the 60 samples. The reason being because the operations being performed were less in number in the time duration that is plotted against the graph as the core could have been used to perform other processes in the system. Such reasons could be one of the greater factors here that would make us observe these glitches at times while getting the output at that time period.

b. Disk Benchmarking

From practical Throughput for reading 8 MB, we are getting around throughput around = Throughput 62.023528 MBps.

The following were the entire results for different 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads with different file sizes as below obtained by running the code.

OUTPUT:

Performing with 8KB blocksize

With 1 thread
Sequential read:
1000.000000 MB in time:21.670381
Throughput 46.145935 MBps
Sequential write:

1000.000000 MB in time:2.379779

Throughput 420.207086 MBps

Random Read:

1000.000000 MB in time:0.234081 Throughput 4272.025495 MBps

Random write:

1000.000000 MB in time:12.873473 Throughput 77.679116 MBps

Average:

4000.000000 MB in time:37.157714 Throughput 107.649249 MBps

Latency: 0.000650

With 2 thread

Sequential read:

1000.000000 MB in time:0.186645 Throughput 5357.764741 MBps

Sequential write:

1000.000000 MB in time:18.772712

Throughput 53.268808 MBps

Random Read:

1000.000000 MB in time:0.185776

Throughput 5382.826630 MBps

Random write:

1000.000000 MB in time:2.909487

Throughput 343.703203 MBps

Average:

4000.000000 MB in time:22.054620

Throughput 181.367895 MBps

Latency: 0.000681

With 4 thread

Sequential read:

1000.000000 MB in time:0.155321 Throughput 6438.279434 MBps

Sequential write:

1000.000000 MB in time:1.156635

Throughput 864.576984 MBps

Random Read:

1000.000000 MB in time:0.151315

Throughput 6608.730133 MBps

Random write:

1000.000000 MB in time:3.079716

Throughput 324.705265 MBps

Average:

4000.000000 MB in time:4.542987

Throughput 880.477976 MBps

Latency: 0.004243

With 8 thread Sequential read:

1000.000000 MB in time:13.450510

Throughput 74.346623 MBps

Sequential write:

1000.000000 MB in time:1.208106

Throughput 827.741937 MBps

Random Read:

1000.000000 MB in time:0.164665

Throughput 6072.935961 MBps

Random write:

1000.000000 MB in time:1.135255

Throughput 880.859366 MBps

Average:

4000.000000 MB in time:15.958536

Throughput 250.649558 MBps

Latency: 0.002989

Performing with 8MB blocksize

With 1 thread

Sequential read:

1000.000000 MB in time:2.826878

Throughput 353.747137 MBps

Sequential write:

1000.000000 MB in time:16.122914

Throughput 62.023528 MBps

Random Read:

1000.000000 MB in time:0.136251

Throughput 7339.395674 MBps

Random write:

1000.000000 MB in time:10.137060

Throughput 98.647931 MBps

Average:

4000.000000 MB in time:29.223103

Throughput 136.878004 MBps

Latency: 0.002465

With 2 thread

Sequential read:

992.000000 MB in time:3.396930

Throughput 292.028390 MBps

Sequential write:

992.000000 MB in time:1.778277

Throughput 557.843351 MBps

Random Read:

992.000000 MB in time:0.066656

Throughput 14882.381181 MBps

Random write:

992.000000 MB in time:4.554913

Throughput 217.786816 MBps

Average:

3968.000000 MB in time:9.796776

Throughput 405.031206 MBps

Latency: 0.000826

With 4 thread

Sequential read:

992.000000 MB in time:2.489519

Throughput 398.470548 MBps

Sequential write:

992.000000 MB in time:18.799733

Throughput 52.766707 MBps

Random Read:

992.000000 MB in time:0.078135

Throughput 12695.974915 MBps

Random write:

992.000000 MB in time:1.812355

Throughput 547.354133 MBps

Average:

3968.000000 MB in time:23.179742

Throughput 171.183959 MBps

Latency: 0.003025

With 8 thread

Sequential read:

960.000000 MB in time: 0.096726

Throughput 9924.942621 MBps

Sequential write:

960.000000 MB in time:1.073451

Throughput 894.311897 MBps

Random Read:

960.000000 MB in time:0.068915

Throughput 13930.203874 MBps

Random write:

960.000000 MB in time:6.135781

Throughput 156.459300 MBps

Average:

3840.000000 MB in time:7.374873 Throughput 520.686933 MBps

Latency: 0.003079

Performing with 80MB blocksize

With 1 thread

Sequential read:

960.000000 MB in time:3.194269 Throughput 300.538245 MBps

Sequential write:

960.000000 MB in time:5.624721 Throughput 170.675132 MBps

Random Read:

960.000000 MB in time:0.276356 Throughput 3473.780197 MBps

Random write:

960.000000 MB in time:16.874718 Throughput 56.889840 MBps

Average:

3840.000000 MB in time:25.970064 Throughput 147.862554 MBps

Latency: 0.000670

With 2 thread

Sequential read:

960.000000 MB in time:0.138918 Throughput 6910.551548 MBps

Sequential write:

960.000000 MB in time:0.877050 Throughput 1094.578416 MBps

Random Read:

960.000000 MB in time:0.144307 Throughput 6652.483940 MBps

Random write:

960.000000 MB in time:3.728169 Throughput 257.499057 MBps

Average:

3840.000000 MB in time:4.888444 Throughput 785.526028 MBps

Latency: 0.000708

Sequential read:

960.000000 MB in time:0.131043

Throughput 7325.839610 MBps

Sequential write:

960.000000 MB in time:0.984349

Throughput 975.263855 MBps

Random Read:

960.000000 MB in time:0.133269

Throughput 7203.475677 MBps

Random write:

960.000000 MB in time:1.391682

Throughput 689.812759 MBps

Average:

3840.000000 MB in time:2.640343

Throughput 1454.356498 MBps

Latency: 0.001080

With 8 thread

Sequential read:

640.000000 MB in time:2.316323

Throughput 276.299981 MBps

Sequential write:

640.000000 MB in time:4.265640

Throughput 150.036102 MBps

Random Read:

640.000000 MB in time:0.100678

Throughput 6356.900217 MBps

Random write:

640.000000 MB in time:3.835160

Throughput 166.877001 MBps

Average:

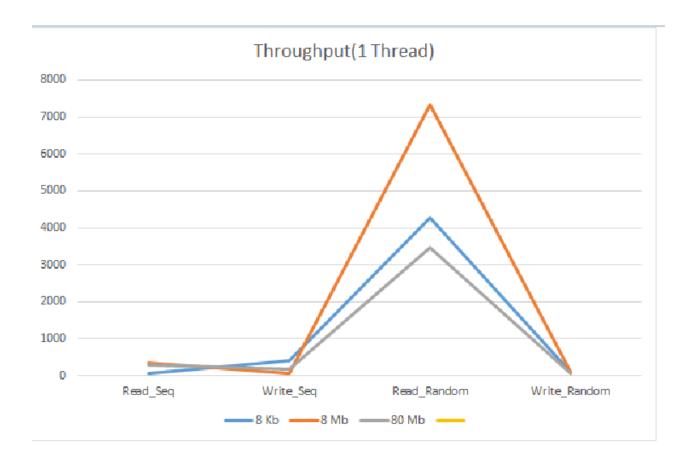
2560.000000 MB in time:10.517801

Throughput 243.396885 MBps

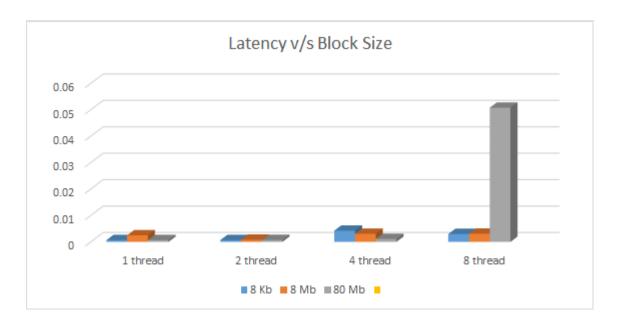
Latency: 0.050754

- Here, we have calculated the throughput for single/multithread and different block size for sequential and random read/write.
- Here, we are getting here fewer throughputs for 2 threads when compared to 1 thread because in 2 threads, after completion of one thread, other can access the file. So 2 threads can't access a file at the same time.

The following graph is plot against 1 thread with different block size having the following throughput values.



- When we see the graph here showing the values against sequential and random read/write processes we come to observe here that the graph goes upward as we are increasing the block size but drastically falls down as we increase the thread count which can be seen with the throughput value obtained. The reason being we can't write files simultaneously as it makes it bit difficult for the system to write files simultaneously.
- Comparing the graph and the data obtained we can say that sequential read/write operations are much better in terms of performance with respect to the random read/write processes.
- Comparison also puts light on the fact that read works fine in both sequential and random read processes.
- The graph below shows the trade of f between latency obtained and the block size along with multiple threads taken into consideration here.



 The following data in the table mentioned also provides us with the data of latency and average time that was needed with increasing number of threads counts in the system in terms of throughput.

Latency	1 thread	2 thread	4 thread	8 thread
8 Kb	0.00065	0.000681	0.004243	0.002989
8 Mb	0.002465	0.000826	0.003025	0.003079
80 Mb	0.00067	0.000708	0.00108	0.050754

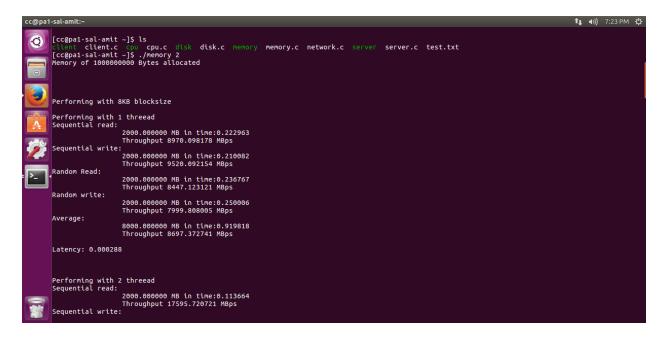
Average	l	l	4 thread	
8 Kb	l	l		250.64955
8 Mb	136.87800	405.03120	171.18395	520.68693
80 Mb	147.86254	785.52602	1454.3564	243.39688

• The following data in the table is the output obtained with respect to the throughput obtained with different threads and different block size.

	Seq_Read			Seg_Write		
	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb
Threads						
1	46.14594	353.7471	300.5382	420.20709	62.023528	170.67513
2	5357.764741	292.028390	6910.551548	53.268808	557.843351	1094.578416
4	6438.279434	398.470548	7325.839610	864.576984	52.766707	975.263855
8	74.346623	9924.942621	276.299981	827.741937	894.311897	150.036102

	Random Read			Random Write		
	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb
Threads						
1	4272.025495	7339.395674	3473.780197	77.679116	98.64793	56.88984
2	5382.826630	14882.381181	6652.483940	343.703203	217.786816	257.4991
4	6608.730133	12695.974915	7203.475677	324.705265	547.354133	689.812759
8	6072.93596	13930.203874	6356.900217	880.859366	156.459300	166.877001

c. Memory benchmarking



From practical Throughput for reading 8 KB with 1 thread as input, we are getting around throughput around = 8970.098178 MBps for sequential read of the block size.

The following were the entire results for different 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads with different file sizes as below obtained by running the code.

Note – The graphs generated using python code are provided at the end of the document.

OUTPUT:

[cc@pa1-sal-amit ~]\$./memory 2 Memory of 1000000000 Bytes allocated

Performing with 8KB blocksize

Performing with 1 threead Sequential read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.219102 Throughput 9128.168616 MBps Sequential write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.198530 Throughput 10074.044225 MBps Random Read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.230278 Throughput 8685.154465 MBps Random write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.242529 Throughput 8246.436509 MBps Average: 8000.000000 MB in time:0.890439 Throughput 8984.332447 MBps

Latency: 0.000312

Performing with 2 threead Sequential read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.111269 Throughput 17974.458295 MBps Sequential write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.113881 Throughput 17562.192113 MBps Random Read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.179047 Throughput 11170.251387 MBps Random write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.176361 Throughput 11340.375707 MBps Average: 8000.000000 MB in time:0.580558 Throughput 13779.846286 MBps

Latency: 0.000357

Performing with 4 threead Sequential read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.054224 Throughput 36884.036589 MBps Sequential write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.054866 Throughput 36452.447782 MBps Random Read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.154496 Throughput 12945.318973 MBps Random write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.155750 Throughput 12841.091493 MBps Average: 8000.000000 MB in time:0.419336 Throughput 19077.780110 MBps

Latency: 0.000349

Performing with 8 threead Sequential read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.027497 Throughput 72735.207477 MBps Sequential write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.029948 Throughput 66782.422866 MBps Random Read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.169891 Throughput 11772.253975 MBps Random write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.169574 Throughput 11794.260913 MBps Average: 8000.000000 MB in time:0.396910 Throughput 20155.702804 MBps

Latency: 0.001059

Performing with 8MB blocksize

Performing with 1 threead Sequential read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.299954 Throughput 6667.689046 MBps Sequential write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.283628 Throughput 7051.489980 MBps Random Read: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.296789 Throughput 6738.794228 MBps Random write: 2000.000000 MB in time:0.280274 Throughput 7135.874180 MBps Average: 8000.000000 MB in time:1.160645 Throughput 6892.719135 MBps

Latency: 0.000646

Performing with 2 threead Sequential read: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.176646 Throughput 11231.502553 MBps Sequential write: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.146406 Throughput 13551.357185 MBps Random Read: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.164907 Throughput 12031.023547 MBps Random write: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.157794 Throughput 12573.355134 MBps Average: 7936.000000 MB in time:0.645753 Throughput 12289.528659 MBps

Latency: 0.000408

Performing with 4 threead Sequential read: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.087693 Throughput 22624.382790 MBps Sequential write: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.083255 Throughput 23830.400577 MBps Random Read: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.122532 Throughput 16191.688702 MBps Random write: 1984.000000 MB in time:0.103320 Throughput 19202.477739 MBps Average: 7936.000000 MB in time:0.396800 Throughput 20000.000000 MBps

Latency: 0.000451

Performing with 8 threead
Sequential read:
1920.000000 MB in time:0.060602
Throughput 31682.122702 MBps
Sequential write:
1920.000000 MB in time:0.069284
Throughput 27712.025865 MBps
Random Read:
1920.000000 MB in time:0.090214
Throughput 21282.727736 MBps
Random write:
1920.000000 MB in time:0.114827
Throughput 16720.806082 MBps
Average:
7680.000000 MB in time:0.334927

Throughput 22930.369902 MBps

Latency: 0.001238

Performing with 80MB blocksize

Performing with 1 threead Sequential read: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.301484 Throughput 6368.497167 MBps Sequential write: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.360921 Throughput 5319.723707 MBps Random Read: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.288555 Throughput 6653.844154 MBps Random write: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.343722 Throughput 5585.909543 MBps Average: 7680.000000 MB in time:1.294682 Throughput 5931.958581 MBps

Latency: 0.000340

Performing with 2 threead Sequential read: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.173220 Throughput 11084.170419 MBps Sequential write: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.207895 Throughput 9235.431348 MBps Random Read: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.181048 Throughput 10604.922452 MBps Random write: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.200933 Throughput 9555.423947 MBps Average: 7680.000000 MB in time:0.763096 Throughput 10064.264522 MBps

Latency: 0.000408

Performing with 4 threead Sequential read: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.099500 Throughput 19296.482412 MBps Sequential write: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.112267 Throughput 17102.086989 MBps Random Read: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.120234 Throughput 15968.860722 MBps Random write: 1920.000000 MB in time:0.116097 Throughput 16537.895036 MBps Average: 7680.000000 MB in time: 0.448098 Throughput 17139.107963 MBps

Latency: 0.000707

Performing with 8 threead Sequential read: 1280.000000 MB in time:0.054219 Throughput 23607.960309 MBps Sequential write: 1280.000000 MB in time:0.069358 Throughput 18454.972750 MBps Random Read: 1280.000000 MB in time:0.047033 Throughput 27214.934195 MBps Random write: 1280.000000 MB in time:0.044085 Throughput 29034.819099 MBps Average: 5120.000000 MB in time:0.214695 Throughput 23847.784066 MBps

Latency: 0.001074

- Here, we have calculated the throughput for single/multithread and different block size for sequential and random read/write.
- The same reason is one standing here too with respect to memory utilization as well. The utilization would be more in terms of sequential read/write processes and the throughput would certainly take time with increase in thread count because the system can't perform same task at one point of time.
- The following table gives the output in terms of the latency and the average time taken in the process with respect to number of threads in increasing manner.
- We can observe that the latency and average time is increasing over a period of time but gradually decreases afterwards.

Latency	1 thread	2 thread	4 thread	8 thread
8 Kb	0.000656	0.001382	0.001472	0.003663
8 Mb	0.000588	0.000792	0.001392	0.003864
80 Mb	0.000618	0.000767	0.001463	0.004078

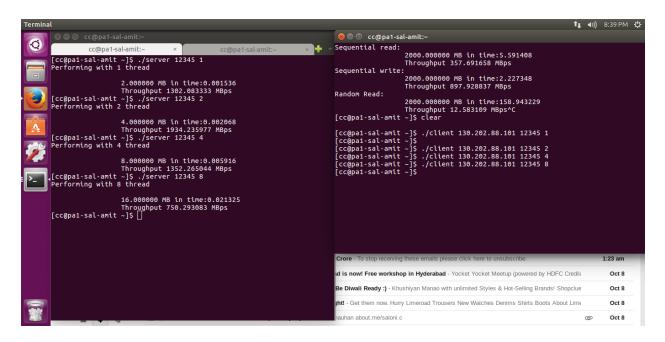
#					
	Average	1 thread	2 thread	4 thread	8 thread
	8 Kb				20059.546
	8 Mb	7698.7139	13006.791	20278.460	26185.793
	80 Mb	6760.2456	12258.595	19941.535	31350.688

• The following table gives us the data of the throughput values obtained with different threads and different block sizes taken into consideration.

	Seq_Read			Seg_Write		
	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb
Threads						
1	8803.041627	7965.246	8001.2535	9303.918066	7443.67741	5825.6633
2	15715.95609	13088.659	12953.210575	16697.835960	13016.835	11275.8772
4	33601.13474	20607.848	23846.902	34186.982281	22092.114	18359.045
8	75395.4419	42704.436	38954.3199	827.741937	28571.598	28054.302

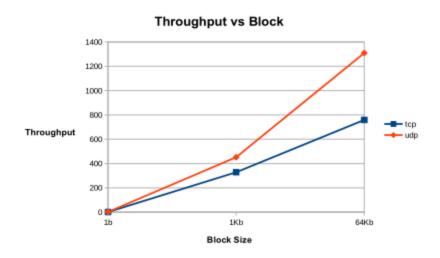
	Random_Read			Random Write		
	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb	8 Kb	8 Mb	80 Mb
Threads						
1	8099.763163	7946.327	8019.96972	7676.659118	7471.864	5869.5420
2	11194.49768	13117.511	13917.82394	11196.227	12808.678	11291.075
4	12385.695513	18746.87001	22057.5564	12459.754991	19951.649	16993.165
8	11556.445145	23929.5871	37382.3041	11768.430244	19029.9483	25302.3432

d. Networking Benchmark

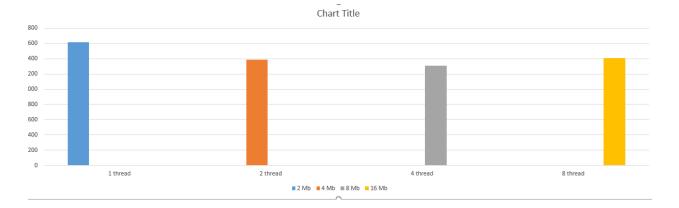


The following are the graphs and the observations in the output generated for TCP and UDP based protocols included based on varying thread size of 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads.

• The graph shows the increase in the plot when the block sizes being transferred between the client and server in both TCP and UDP protocols, meaning as the thread count increases the throughput is better as compared to others.



- We have even observed that the TCP throughput is lesser which can be seen in the above graph as well as compared to the UDP protocol because of the reason that UDP being a connectionless protocol which doesn't give the security of the bytes of data transferring that it will be received properly or not at the end. Thus the throughput for UDP is comparatively higher in comparison to TCP protocol.
- With respect to UDP being a connectionless protocol, it also does not provide the security of the packages transferred over the client and server will be received as well.
- One more thing to observe here that the packets can be sent in one go in the TCP protocol while in the UDP we need to send the data one by one which makes it difficult to work with no security of data being transferred.

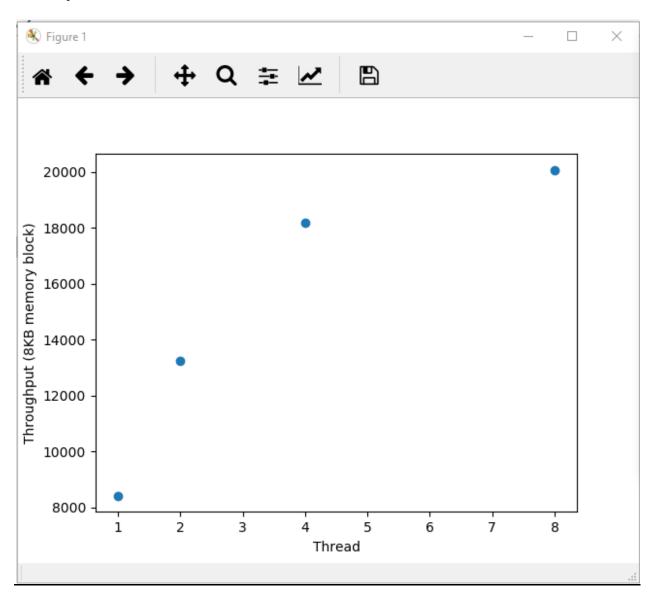


3. Notes and Important Data

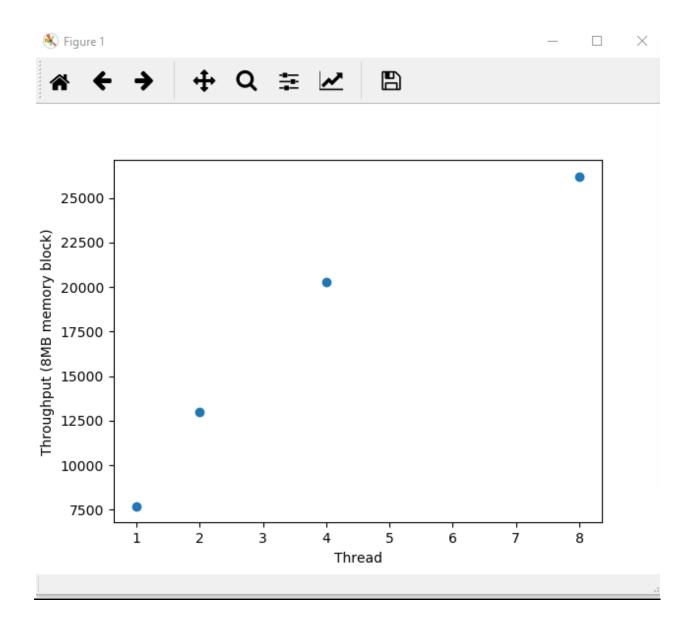
- Following are some of the graphs obtained for memory benchmark using the python code to generate the graph as required in the assignment details. (The graph is obtained by saving the output in txt files and then using the python script to obtain the graph. We have done for 8 KB, 8 MB and 80 MB data that we got in the output.)
- Comparing and reading all the benchmark data obtained on chameleon by running the code we have observed that the output for 8 threads are most efficient. Reason being multithreading increases the performance of the system. The threads run asynchronously on the system which makes it pretty much easy or the system to handle the task efficiently. However, we even see a downfall with increase I too many number of threads as it decreases system performance.
- Average calculations in the code itself which is being displayed in the output. To have all such values run the code and we can see the values being obtained.
- Latency values have also been added to the code so the values are obtained while running the program. It is calculated and displayed in the program output itself.

■ The experiments are done using the block sizes and file sizes of 8 KB, 8 MB and 80 MB size.

Memory 8 KB



Memory 8 MB



Memory 80 MB

