## PP plot against Generalized Extreme Value Distribution

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## 1 Introduction

PP plot of tail values of daily log-returns of portfolio against Generalized Extreme Value Distribution with a global parameter  $\gamma$  estimated with the block maxima method.

### 2 Data source

- 1. Data websites:
  - http://finance.yahoo.com/quote/BAYN.DE/history
  - http://finance.yahoo.com/quote/BMW.DE/history
  - http://finance.yahoo.com/quote/SIE.DE/history
- 2. Data range: all the trading days from 2000 01 01 to 2016 07 11, daily data.
- 3. Data files: close.csv

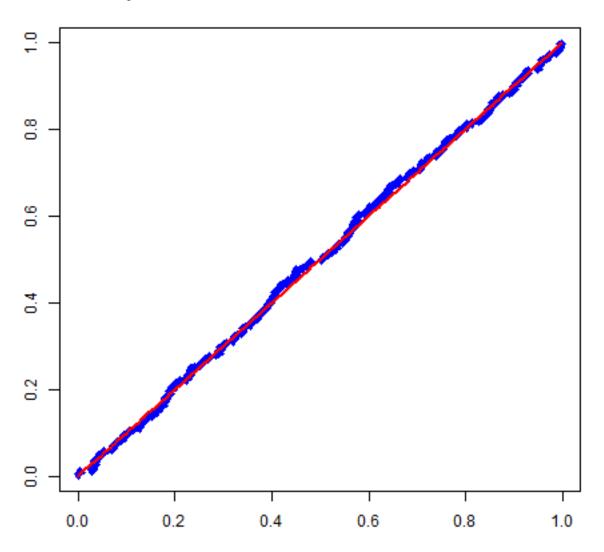
#### 3 Procedure

- 1. Construct a portfolio: p = Bayer + Bmw + Siemens.
- 2. Calculate the parameters of the portfolio by using Block Maxima Model.
  - (a) Decompose negative returns  $\{X_t\}_{t=1}^T$  into k non-overlapping sets.
  - (b) Define  $\{Z_j\}_{j=1}^k$  where  $Z_j = \max\{X_{(j-1)n+1},...,X_{jn}\}.$
  - (c) For  $\{Z_j\}_{j=1}^k$ , fit generalized extreme value distribution  $G_{\gamma}(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma})$ .
  - (d) Get the shape parameter  $\gamma$ , the location parameter  $\mu$  and the scale parameter  $\sigma$ . T denotes the number of observations.
- 3. Plot the PP plot.
  - (a) Use static windows of size w = 214 scrolling in time t for VaR estimation  $\{X_t\}_{t=s-w+1}^s$  for  $s=w,\cdots,T$ .
  - (b) Plot the PP plot for static windows of size w.

# 4 Plots

The PP plot against the Generalized Extreme Value Distribution is shown in the following figure

# PP plot, Generalized Extreme Value Distribution



# 5 R Code

```
# clear variables and close windows
rm(list = ls(all = TRUE))
graphics.off()
# install and load packages
libraries = c("fExtremes")
lapply(libraries, function(x) if (!(x %in% installed.packages())) {install.
    packages(x)})
```

```
lapply(libraries, library, quietly = TRUE, character.only = TRUE)
# load data
dat <- read.table(file="close.csv", header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE, sep= ","
# Portfolio
p = dat$Bayer.Close.Price + dat$BMW.Close.Price + dat$Siemens.Close.Price
l = length(p) \# length of portfolio
loss = \log(p[1:(1-1)]/p[2:1]) # negative log-returns
# Determine the Block Maxima data
T = length(loss)
n = 20
k = T/n
z = matrix(, , )
for (j in 1:k) {
        d = loss[((j - 1) * n + 1):(j * n)]
        z[j] = max(d)
}
w = sort(z)
# Fit the Generalized Extreme Value Distribution
GEV = gevFit(w, type = "mle")
# shape parameter
gama = attr(GEV, "fit") $par.ests[1]
gama
# location parameter
mu = attr(GEV, "fit") $par.ests[2]
# scale parameter
sigma = attr(GEV, "fit") $par.ests[3]
t = (1:k)/(k+1)
y = pgev(w, xi = gama, mu = mu, beta = sigma)
# Plot the PP plot
dev.new()
png("SFMTailGEV.png")
plot(y, t, col = "blue", pch = 23, bg = "blue", xlab = c(""), ylab = c(""))
lines(y, y, type = "l", col = "red", lwd = 2)
title ("PP plot, Generalized Extreme Value Distribution")
```