CSC-415 Operating Systems File System Project

Group Submission

Team:

Diligence

GitHub:

https://github.com/CSC415-2022-Fall/csc415-filesystem-mkim797

Name	Student ID
Mark Kim	918204214
Peter Truong	915780793
Zeel Diyora	920838201
Chengkai Yang	921572896

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Description

This project is a file system using FAT for free space and volume management. The portion of code that our team completed is split into 5 sections (not including the fsshell.c. file and mfs header). These sections are fslnit, fsFree, fsDir, fsHelpers, and b_io, which handle file system initialization, free space management, directory management, misc helper functions, and buffered I/O for reading and writing to the file system.

Since we were using FAT to track the free space and the volume, our free space map occupies much more space than a bitmap would have. However, the use of FAT allowed us to dynamically manage non-contiguous allocation, reallocation, and deallocation of free space as we read and write files and directories. Since each block of the free space map only knew its own location and the next location (a linked list), handling the free space only required us to iterate through each file/directory's maps and the free space map and link up the ends to the beginnings as those requests are made. One disadvantage of this, however, is that one cannot jump directly to a particular block of the file system and to reach any block, we have to iterate through the entire list until we reach the block that we are looking for. From a design perspective, it simplifies some of the code, but also required us to think about how one would traverse a file by the block.

fsInit.c

This portion of the program simply initializes the file system by creating/loading the volume control block, initializing the free space, and setting the current working directory array and path. The initialization is fairly short as the bulk of the work is contained in the free space management (fsFree.c). This file also contains the logic for freeing any malloc'd memory.

fsFree.c

This section manages the free space map. We have an init_free() function that initializes the free space map by filling the FAT with the references to the next block and flagging the final block to 0xFFFFFFFE. All the other functions manage the allocation of free space or retrieving the location of a block on the volume.

fsDir.c

This file contains the functions that manage directories and directory entries. The init_dir() function initializes directories. parsePath() is likely one of the most important functions of the file system; many functions depend on this function. It takes a path string, tokenizes it, then navigates through the directory tree using those tokens. If it encounters an invalid entry, it simply returns an error. Otherwise, it returns the directory array associated with the final entry of the path (but does nothing with the final entry). It is the caller's responsibility to do

something with the directory array returned. In addition to the functions mentioned above, this file also includes many other functions meant to validate, navigate or mutate directories.

FsHelpers.c

Any helper functions that are not really associated with free space or directory management are contained here. We have functions that do such things as setting the current working path, retrieving the final token in a path string, calculating the number of blocks a byte count would occupy, and writing to disk.

Issues Encountered

This file system was certainly difficult. Although we put in a countless amount of time planning and trying to figure out the structure of the system, the plans were often missing small details that would have giant unforeseen consequences which would require us to either refactor large portions of code, or just complete scrap entire sections.

One such small detail was how we would manage the path for the current working directory. We initially approached it by trying to mutate the path string as directory changes occurred. After many hours of frustration and failure on this, we ended up just scrapping all our work on it in favor of just navigating the entire directory tree backwards down to the root directory and constructing the path that way for every change.

We ran into many issues regarding jumbled data results from our b_write and b_read functions. This occurred because it was not readily apparent how to separate the cause of write versus read. We initially just copied files over to the file system then copied them back to Linux, but we weren't sure if it was being caused by write, read, or both. This took a lot of work to pour over the hexdump, which was extremely time-consuming and tedious. It wasn't until we realized that we could just read the SampleVolume sans hexdump to compare what was written on the file system with the payload. This was a massive time-saver and would've been a useful bit of knowledge that wasn't readily apparent.

On a similar note, we got the file system working with a buffer size of 200, but once we started switching to buffer sizes greater than the block size, we once again ran into issues. These issues were caused by "part2" of the read and write. At first, we could not figure out what was causing it, but it should've been obvious to us that because we were using FAT, we could not simply write consecutive blocks in one big chunk. We switched to writing one block at a time and iterating through the free space incrementally. I am sure we could implement optimized code that would be able to write contiguous blocks, but since this method works, we simply said it is "good enough."

Another point to note is that we are aware of memory leaks in the system. Although we could hunt those memory leaks down, we again decided that what we have is "good enough."

Driver Program Operation

The driver program fsshell.c is largely untouched from the original provided. We implemented randomization for the buffer size just to rigorously test our file system. We also implemented the cmd_mv() function, but the actual logic of move is contained in the fsDir.c file. Finally, we added a fair number of extra functions to the shell to help us debug the file system. Those extra functions mostly call lower level functions and print out some result from the function call. This helped us tremendously as it provided us with really important data on what was occurring in our file system as we ran specific functions. These test functions include:

- 1. pp: parsePath() print out the entire directory that parsePath returns
- 2. isfile: fs_isFile()
- 3. isdir: fs isDir()
- 4. opendir: fs_opendir()
- getcwd: fs_getcwd()
- 6. readdir: fs readdir()
- 7. getde: print directory entry to console

Screenshots

Commands shown in screenshots

```
ls - Lists the file in a directory
cp - Copies a file - source [dest]
mv - Moves a file - source dest
md - Make a new directory
rm - Removes a file or directory
touch - creates a file
cat - (limited functionality) displays the contents of a file
cp2l - Copies a file from the test file system to the linux file system
cp2fs - Copies a file from the Linux file system to the test file system
cd - Changes directory
pwd - Prints the working directory
history - Prints out the history
help - Prints out help
```

Compile

```
parallels@ubuntu-linux-22-04-desktop: ~/Repos/csc415-fs Q = - - ×

parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$ make

gcc -c -o fsshell.o fsshell.c -g -I.

gcc -c -o fsInit.o fsInit.c -g -I.

gcc -c -o fsFree.o fsFree.c -g -I.

gcc -c -o fsDir.o fsDir.c -g -I.

gcc -c -o fsHelpers.o fsHelpers.c -g -I.

gcc -c -o b_io.o b_io.c -g -I.

gcc -c -o b_io.o b_io.c -g -I.

gcc -o fsshell fsshell.o fsInit.o fsFree.o fsDir.o fsHelpers.o b_io.o fsLowM1.o -g -I. -lm -l readline -l pthread

parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$
```

Initialize New Volume; md, touch, pwd, ls -la, cd, cp2fs, rm (directory)

```
parallels@ubuntu-linux-22-04-desktop: ~/Repos/csc415-fs
                                                                         Q
parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$ make run
./fsshell SampleVolume 10000000 512
File SampleVolume does not exist, errno = 2
File SampleVolume not good to go, errno = 2
Block size is : 512
Created a volume with 9999872 bytes, broken into 19531 blocks of 512 bytes.
Opened SampleVolume, Volume Size: 9999872; BlockSize: 512; Return 0
Initializing File System with 19531 blocks with a block size of 512
Prompt > md d1
Prompt > touch emptyFile.txt
Prompt > pwd
Prompt > ls -la
          8192
          8192
D
D
          8192
                 d1
             0
                 emptyFile.txt
Prompt > cd d1
Prompt > md d2
Prompt > md d3
Prompt > cp2fs ga.txt
Prompt > cp2fs xmas stories.txt d2/xmas.txt
Prompt > ls -la
          8192
          8192
D
D
          8192
                 d2
          8192
                 d3
D
         35731
                 qa.txt
Prompt > rm d2
fs_rmdir: remove directory failed: Directory not empty: Success
Prompt > rm d3
Prompt > ls -la
          8192
D
          8192
D
D
          8192
                 d2
         35731
                 ga.txt
Prompt > cwd
```

Load Existing Volume; cd, pwd, cp, mv

We also did a diff comparison between files after copying it to and back from the file system

```
parallels@ubuntu-linux-22-04-desktop: ~/Repos/csc415-fs
parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$ make run
./fsshell SampleVolume 100000000 512
File SampleVolume does exist, errno = 0
File SampleVolume good to go, errno = 0
Opened SampleVolume, Volume Size: 9999872; BlockSize: 512; Return 0
Initializing File System with 19531 blocks with a block size of 512
Prompt > ls -la
                 8192
                 8192
                             ..
d1
                 8192
                     0
                             emptyFile.txt
Prompt > cd d1
Prompt > ls -la
                 8192
                 8192
D
                 8192
               35731
                            ga.txt
Prompt > cp2l ga.txt ga_copy.txt
Prompt > exit
System exiting
parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$ diff -c ga.txt ga_copy.txt
parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$ make run
./fsshell SampleVolume 100000000 512
File SampleVolume does exist, errno = 0
File SampleVolume good to go, errno = 0
Opened SampleVolume, Volume Size: 9999872; BlockSize: 512; Return 0
Initializing File System with 19531 blocks with a block size of 512
Prompt > cd d1/d2
Prompt > pwd
/d1/d2
Prompt > cd ..
Prompt > pwd
/d1
.
Prompt > ls
d2
ga.txt
Prompt > rm ga.txt
Prompt > ls
d2
Prompt > cd d2
Prompt > ls
xmas.txt
Prompt > cp xmas.txt /xmas.txt
Prompt > ls
xmas.txt
Prompt > cd /
Prompt > ls
d1
emptyFile.txt
xmas.txt
Prompt > pwd
Prompt > mv emptyFile.txt emptyFile2.txt
Prompt > ls
d1
emptyFile2.txt
xmas.txt
Prompt > exit
System exiting
parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$
```

```
parallels@ubuntu-linux-22-04-desktop: ~/Repos/csc415-fs
                                                                                                           Q =
parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$ make run
./fsshell SampleVolume 100000000 512
File SampleVolume does exist, errno = 0
File SampleVolume good to go, errno = 0
Opened SampleVolume, Volume Size: 9999872; BlockSize: 512; Return 0
Initializing File System with 19531 blocks with a block size of 512
Prompt > ls
d1
emptyFile2.txt
xmas.txt
Prompt > cd d1
Prompt > ls
Prompt > mv ../emptyfile2.txt emptyfile2.txt
b_move: source file/directory not found: Success
Prompt > mv ../emptyFile2.txt emptyFile.txt
Prompt > ls
emptyFile.txt
Prompt > cd d2
Prompt > ls
xmas.txt
Prompt > cp xmas.txt /xmas.txt
Prompt > ls
xmas.txt
Prompt > cd /
Prompt > pwd
Prompt > ls
d1
xmas.txt
```

```
parallels@ubuntu-linux-22-04-desktop: ~/Repos/csc415-fs
parallels:~/Repos/csc415-fs$ make run
./fsshell SampleVolume 10000000 512
File SampleVolume does exist, errno = 0
File SampleVolume good to go, errno = 0
Opened SampleVolume, Volume Size: 9999872; BlockSize: 512; Return 0
Initializing File System with 19531 blocks with a block size of 512
Prompt > ls
d1
Prompt > cd
Usage: cd path
Prompt > cd d1
Prompt > ls
d2
emptyFile.txt
lw.txt
Prompt > cat lw.txt
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or Meg, Jo, Beth, and Amy
Author: Louisa M. Alcott
Illustrator: Frank T. Merrill
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Language: English
*** START OF THIS PROJECT GUTENBERG EBOOK LITTLE WOMEN ***
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                        [Illustration: LITTLE WOMEN
                           MEG, JO, BETH, AND AMY
                             LOUISA M. ALCOTT]
                                LITTLE WOMEN.
[Illustration: "They all drew to the fire, mother in the big chair, with
Beth at her feet"
                                                 (See page 9) FRONTISPIECE]
                                LITTLE WOMEN
                                     OR
                           Meg, Jo, Beth, and Amy
                                     BY
             LOUISA M. ALCOTT
AUTHOR OF "LITTLE MEN," "AN OLD-FASHIONED GIRL"
"SPINNING-WHEEL STORIES," ETC.
          _With more than 200 illustrations by Frank T. Merrill
              and a picture of the Home of the Little Women
                           by Edmund H. Garrett_
                                   BOSTON
                      LITTLE, BROWN, AND COMPANY
  Entered according to Act of Congress, in the years 1868 and 1869, by
```

```
parallels@ubuntu-linux-22-04-desktop: ~/Repos/csc415-fs
              AUTHOR OF "LITTLE MEN," "AN OLD-FASHIONED GIRL"
          "SPINNING-WHEEL STORIES," ETC.
_With more than 200 illustrations by Frank T. Merrill
and a picture of the Home of the Little Women
                             by Edmund H. Garrett_
                                      BOSTON
                        LITTLE, BROWN, AND COMPANY
  Entered according to Act of Congress, in the years 1868 and 1869, by
                          LOUISA M. ALCOTT,
In the Clerk's office of the
              District Court of the District of Massachusetts.
                                _Copyright, 1880_,
                              BY LOUISA M. ALCOTT.
                               _Copyright, 1896_
                             BY JOHN S. P. ALCOTT.
                                      BOSTON
                       ALFRED MUDGE & SON INC. PRINTERS
                             [Illustration: Preface]
                "_Go then, my little Book, and show to all
                That entertain and bid thee welcome shall,
                What thou dost keep close shut up in thy breast;
                And wish what thou dost show them may be blest
                To them for good, may make them choose to be Pilgrims better, by far, than thee or me.

Tell them of Mercy; she is one
                Who early hath her pilgrimage begun.
                Yea, let young damsels learn of her to prize
                The world which is to come, and so be wise;
                For little tripping maids may follow God
Along the ways which saintly feet have trod.
                                           Adapted from JOHN BUNYAN.
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      XXXI.
Prompt > exit
System exiting
```