



MIRcat™ Tunable Mid-IR External Cavity Laser System



User Manual

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D11-00028-01

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I. USER SAFETY

The safe and effective use of this product is of the utmost importance to Daylight Solutions. Please read the [Laser Safety Warnings](#) section before attempting to operate the laser. A basic knowledge of laser safety is assumed. Consult the relevant portions of Laser Institute of America's (LIA) document 21 CFR Part 1040 Section 1040.10 for Class IIIB lasers.



This symbol is intended to alert the user of this equipment to the presence of exposure to hazardous invisible or, depending on options selected at time of order*, visible laser radiation.



This symbol is intended to alert the user of this equipment to the presence of dangerous voltages associated with the product that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electrical shock.



This symbol is intended to alert the user of this equipment of the potential injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

CAUTION: Caution used with the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

WARNING: Warning indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

DANGER: Danger indicates an imminent hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



NOTE: To completely shut-off power to the unit, unplug it from the wall.

1. *Laser Safety Warnings*



CAUTION: UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE USER ATTEMPT TO OPEN THE MIRCAT LASER HEAD. Opening the MIRcat Laser Head will void the warranty, resulting in misalignment of the laser cavity, and/or cause irreparable damage to internal components. The MIRcat Laser Head is purged with a dry inert gas before sealing to minimize moisture. Breaking this seal will also void the warranty.



CAUTION: The laser radiation emitted from this unit is invisible to the naked eye and may be harmful if the beam makes direct and prolonged contact with the eye. In some units, depending on options selected at time of order*, the laser may also emit visible laser radiation. In all cases, avoid direct exposure to the beam or looking in the direction of the laser beam directly. These lasers emit light in the wavelength range from **3µm to 14 µm** or, depending on options selected*, in the range **~0.6 to 0.7 µm** and **from 3µm to 14 µm**. The specific range of each laser is listed on the safety label affixed to each MIRcat. An example of the safety labels is shown below.

*For more information, please contact Daylight Solutions or your authorized distributor.

INTRODUCTION

2. Safety Warning Labels

(1a)



(2a)

Daylight Solutions	15378 Avenue of Science, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92128	Made in USA
Model Number:	MIRcat-1000	Max. Average Power: 50mW
Serial Number:	1015	Emitted Wavelengths: 3-13 µm
Mfg. Date:	Nov 1st, 2012	770-3330 cm ⁻¹
INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION AVOID EXPOSURE TO THE BEAM CLASS 3B LASER PRODUCT		COMPLIES WITH 21 CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11 EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE NO. 50, DATED JUNE 24, 2007 COMPLIES WITH IEC 60825-1:2007

(1b)



(2b)

Daylight Solutions	15378 Avenue of Science, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92128	Made in USA
Model Number:	MIRcat-1000	Max. Average Power: 50 mW
Serial Number:	1038	Emitted Wavelengths: 0.7,6-13µm
Mfg. Date:	March 28, 2013	770-1667 cm ⁻¹
VISIBLE AND INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION AVOID EXPOSURE TO THE BEAM CLASS 3B LASER PRODUCT		COMPLIES WITH 21 CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11 EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE NO. 50, DATED JUNE 24, 2007 COMPLIES WITH IEC 60825-1:2007

(1c)



(2c)

Daylight Solutions	15378 Avenue of Science, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92128	Made in USA
Model Number:	MIRcat-1000	Max. Average Power: 50mW
Serial Number:	1015	Emitted Wavelengths: 3-13 µm
Mfg. Date:	Nov 1st, 2012	770-3330 cm ⁻¹
INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION AVOID EXPOSURE TO THE BEAM CLASS 3B LASER PRODUCT RAYONNEMENT LASER INVISIBLE EXPOSITION AU FAISCEAU DANGEREUSE APPAREIL A LASER DE CLASSE 3b		COMPLIES WITH 21 CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11 EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE NO. 50, DATED JUNE 24, 2007 COMPLIES WITH IEC 60825-1:2007

(1d)



(2d)

Daylight Solutions	15378 Avenue of Science, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92128	Made in USA
Model Number:	MIRcat-1000	Max. Average Power: 50 mW
Serial Number:	1038	Emitted Wavelengths: 0.7,6-13µm
Mfg. Date:	March 28, 2013	
VISIBLE & INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION AVOID EXPOSURE TO THE BEAM CLASS 3B LASER PRODUCT RAYONNEMENT LASER VISIBLE ET INVISIBLE EXPOSITION AU FAISCEAU DANGEREUSE APPAREIL A LASER DE CLASSE 3b		COMPLIES WITH 21 CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11 EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE NO. 50, DATED JUNE 24, 2007 COMPLIES WITH IEC 60825-1:2007

Figure 1. Safety warning labels. (1) Aperture warning label: (1a) invisible output only; (1b) invisible & visible output; (1c) invisible output only, French text; (1d) invisible and visible output, French text. (2) Combination warning/certification/identification label stating emitted wavelengths and maximum emitted average power : (2a) invisible output only, (2b) invisible & visible output; (2c) invisible output only, French text; (2d) invisible and visible output, French text.

INTRODUCTION



DANGER – non-interlocked housing label. Warns of invisible laser radiation when housing is open. AVOID DIRECT EXPOSURE TO BEAM(S). NOTE: MIRcat housing must never be opened by users. Warranty is void if housing is opened by user.



DANGER – non-interlocked housing label. Warns of invisible and visible laser radiation when housing is open. AVOID DIRECT EXPOSURE TO BEAM(S). NOTE: MIRcat housing must never be opened by users. Warranty is void if housing is opened by user.



DANGER: The laser radiation emitted from this unit is invisible to the naked eye and may be harmful if the beam makes direct and prolonged contact with the eye. Avoid direct exposure to the beam or looking in the direction of the laser beam directly.



DANGER: The laser radiation emitted from this unit is visible and invisible to the naked eye and may be harmful if the beam makes direct and prolonged contact with the eye. Avoid direct exposure to the beam or looking in the direction of the laser beam directly.

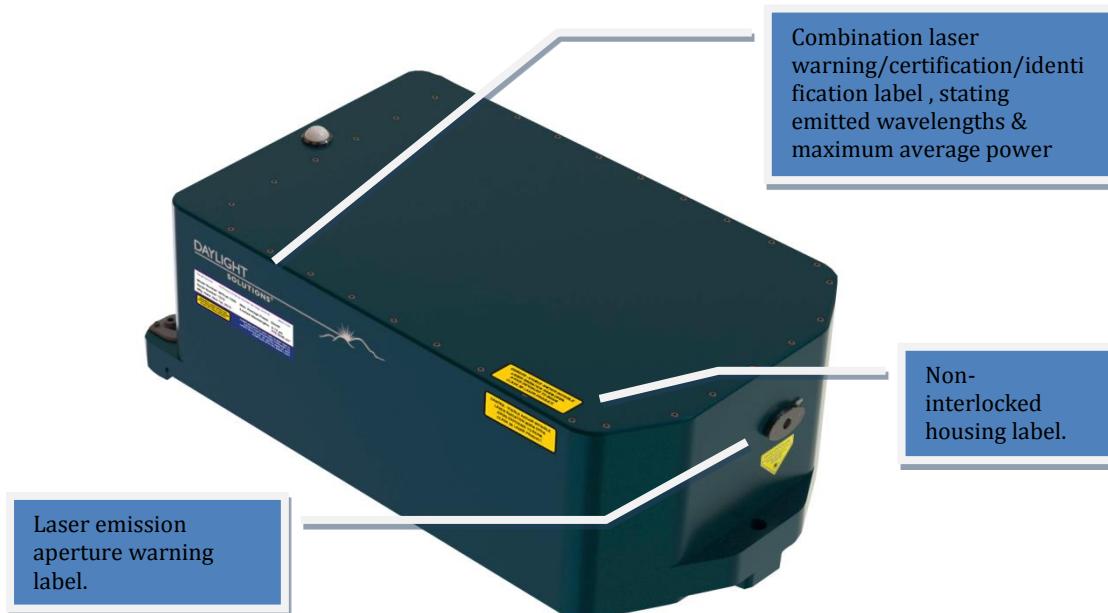


Figure 2. Radiation control diagram - position and type of laser safety warning labels on MIRcat laser head.

3. Laser Emission Warning Indicators

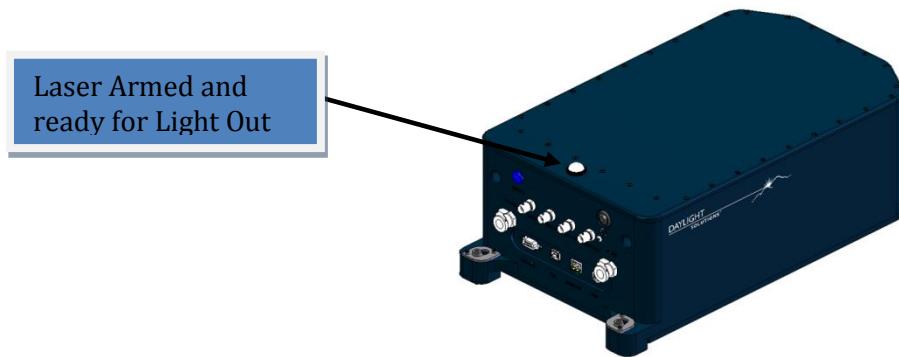


Figure 3. Position of laser emission warning indicator (white LED) on MIRcat laser head.

A white-light LED emission warning indicator on the MIRcat laser head flashes for 3-5 seconds whenever the laser is first Armed and readied for mid-infrared laser emission. The laser is Armed and ready for mid-infrared laser emission when the white light on the top of the unit is lit, and the button on the right side of the Control Panel GUI next to “Disarm Laser” or “Stop Scan” has a green light. For those units fitted with an optional visible laser aiming beam, the white-light emission warning indicator turns immediately, as soon as the v beam is activated via the GUI. (Unlike the mid-infrared output, there is no 3-5s warning delay before the visible aiming beam output is activated). There is also an optional acoustic beeping sound that can be selected to warn users of mid-infrared laser emission.

4. Eye Protection

The laser radiation emitted from this unit is invisible to the naked eye and may be harmful if the beam makes direct and prolonged contact with the eye. In some units, depending on options selected at time of order, the laser may also emit visible laser radiation. Eye protection, in the form of laser safety glasses, is necessary for lasers with average power outputs greater than 9.6mW. The specific wavelength range and maximum average power output of each laser beam emitted by your system is listed on the safety label affixed to each MIRcat Laser Head, as shown in Figure 2. The user must review this safety label and/or the final test data sheet included with your system to determine safety glasses suitable for the range of wavelengths and output power emitted. As general guidelines, however: a) recommended Optical Density (OD) for safety glasses is at least 5 for wavelengths in the range 3 μ m to 14 μ m; b) provided direct or prolonged viewing of the visible aiming beam (if included in your system) is avoided, safety glasses that protect against this visible wavelength should not be necessary. Regardless of general guidelines given here, users should consult with laser protective eyewear vendors for help selecting laser safety glasses, and to confirm that selected eyewear will provide sufficient eye protection.

5. Operating Conditions

The MIRcat Tunable Laser System was designed to operate in an indoor laboratory environment. Normal operation is within the temperature range of 15°C to 30°C, with a Relative Humidity of 10% - 90%, and an altitude from sea level up to 6500 ft or 2000m. Operate the MIRcat Laser in a well ventilated area that allows airflow around the unit. Do not position the MIRcat Laser such that the Laser On/Off button is not easily accessible. Do not position the MIRcat Laser Head such that the back panel cannot be easily accessible.



CAUTION: If the operation of this laser system is in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired. Do not operate this laser system if its panels are removed or if any of the interior circuitry is exposed.



CAUTION: Do not operate this laser system in wet or damp conditions, or in an explosive environment.



CAUTION: Back reflections can cause damage to the quantum cascade gain media and could void your warranty. Care must be taken to minimize all back reflections into the laser cavity. Ensure that no optical surface is normal to the propagating beam. Linear or non-linear amplification systems or parametric frequency conversion devices can cause intense back reflections. These amplified back reflections can cause immediate and irreparable damage to the ECqcL™ and should scrupulously be prevented from reentering the ECqcL™ cavity.

5.1 Power Requirements

The MIRcat Laser is rated to operate on 100VAC to 240VAC single-phase power. The input AC frequency must be in the range from 50Hz to 60Hz. Plug the unit into an earth grounded receptacle. Verification of proper grounding is recommended. A power cord with the proper configuration from the wall to the power supply input may be substituted for the supplied cable.



CAUTION: Operate this laser system only within the specified voltage range and with proper grounding. Electrical shock hazard can occur if the equipment is not properly grounded.

5.2 Special Requirements for CW Operation

When operating the laser in a CW mode, water cooling of the MIRcat Laser Head is required to ensure proper cooling and longer lifetime for the QCL. The thermal load in the MIRcat Laser Head can be handled with a chiller capable of up to 150W thermal cooling capacity. Program the chiller to keep the base plate at 20°C. The base of the MIRcat Laser Head has two connectors to hook up clear vinyl tubing with 3/8"OD, and 1/4" ID. Only distilled water is recommended as a coolant.

5.3 Cooling Lines Preventative Maintenance

Periodically, and after moving the product, inspect the system for contamination and verify that cooling ports are clear and cable connections are visibly secure. If liquid cooling is employed, verify the cooling connections are secure. For cleaning and decontamination of the laser system, use only mild detergent and paper towel. Do not submerge in water or cleaning solvent.

5.4 Laser Safety Preventive Maintenance – Maintaining Regulatory Compliance.

It is recommended that all laser safety features and safety interlocks included in your system are tested and their proper function verified every 6 months to ensure they are functional. If any safety feature or interlock fails to perform, as described in Section VI of this manual, stop use of the laser system immediately, prevent others from using it (by removing the key, for example), and contact Daylight Solutions or your authorized representative for further instructions.

II. INTRODUCTION

The MIRcat Tunable Laser System consists of a computer running the Control Panel GUI and a tunable MIRcat Laser module connected with a USB cable assembly. The purpose of the laser system is to provide tunable, mid-IR, continuous wave (CW) or pulsed laser radiation over a specified tuning range. The MIRcat Laser has multiple modules, up to four, that can be addressed individually or as a full range scanning unit.

The tuning range of each MIRcat Laser modules is listed on the label of each Laser Head and the range of each module is displayed in the Control Panel GUI.

1. Features

The MIRcat Tunable Laser System is a multi-function laser system. The system provides laser tunability, temperature control, and current control. The user may interface with the MIRcat through its easy to use Control Panel GUI, or through the MIRcat's data ports (remote mode).

Upon power-up, the Control Panel GUI automatically interrogates the MIRcat Laser Head to determine its center frequency (tuning range) of each module, and other MIRcat Laser Head specific information. This allows the Control Panel GUI to work with a variety of different MIRcat laser modules.

The continuous wave MIRcat Laser Head allows for fine modulation of the wavelength through an external current modulation. CW operation requires an external chiller for proper operation.

Information stored in an EEPROM in the MIRcat Laser Head prevents the user from attempting to tune the module beyond the laser's range, or applying incorrect currents to the MIRcat Laser Head.

If purchased at the time of order, the MIRcat laser head may also include an optional integrated visible laser aiming beam. Because this beam has a high-quality, low divergence output that is bore-sighted accurately to the path of the mid-infrared output beams, it can be used for straightforward visual alignment of the MIRcat prior to switching to the mid-infrared output. The visible beam is activated by a GUI 'Enable Aiming Laser' command on the GUI. Activating the visible beam switches the MIRcat from mid-infrared out to the visible beam output, and vice versa. (Please note: simultaneous mid-infrared and visible laser output is therefore not possible.)

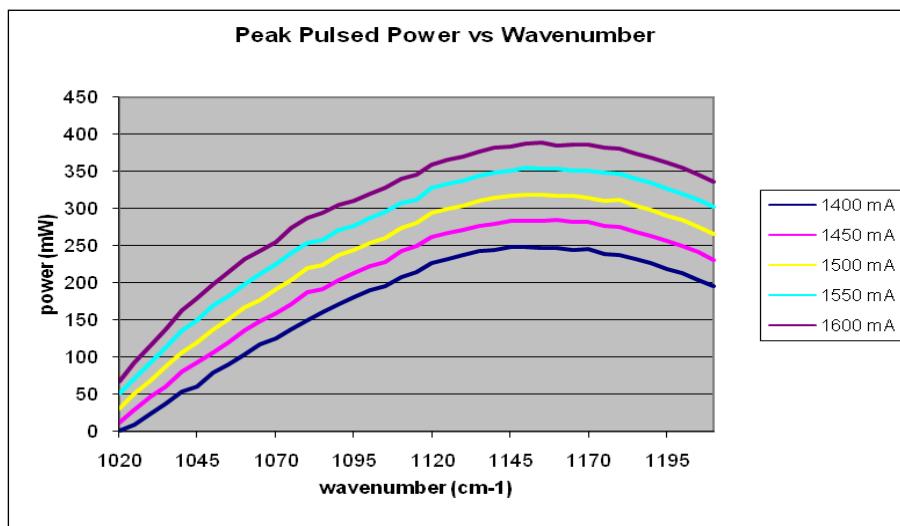
2. Theory of Design

The MIRcat Tunable Laser System was developed to address the specific and varied needs of the scientific and research communities. To meet these needs, the scientific version comes in two different configurations: Pulsed and CW-Pulsed. The Pulsed and CW-Pulsed lasers share a common external cavity configuration. This means the Pulsed and CW-Pulsed laser cavities have similar mode spacing.

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The linewidth for the Pulsed laser is typically about 0.3cm^{-1} and the linewidth for the CW operation in a CW-Pulsed cavity is typically $<0.01\text{cm}^{-1}$ ($<\text{a few } 100\text{MHz}$).

Utilizing robust, externally tunable cavities, the MIRcat Tunable Laser System provides the broadest Pulsed and CW tuning ranges currently available in the industry. Advanced packaging and miniaturization technology is employed to deliver small, room-temperature, tunable excitation sources in the $3\text{-}14\ \mu\text{m}$ mid-IR range. The design is based in part on the integration of quantum cascade gain media in a tunable external cavity. A typical gain curve for a pulsed quantum cascade laser (QCL) in an external cavity is shown in Figure 4. The graph shows peak power vs. wavelength (or wavenumber) for a broad survey scan. The gain profile shows the range that the laser will tune maintaining a single transverse mode of operation for various currents. The factory also determines the tuning range and QCL current that will result in a single longitudinal output mode.



**Figure 4. Typical peak power versus wavelength curves for pulsed operation at several different currents;
500ns pulse width, 5% duty cycle at 15°C**

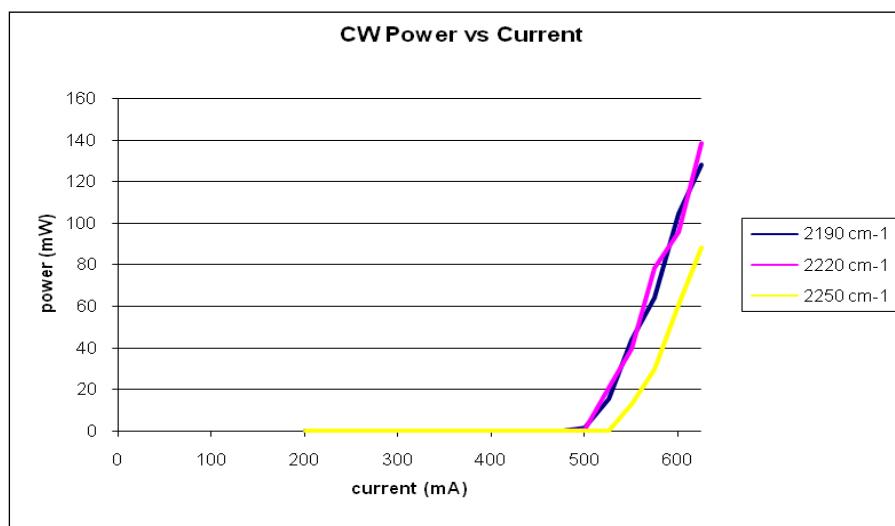


Figure 5. Typical CW power versus QCL current curves for various frequencies across the gain curve.

INTRODUCTION

A typical Power vs. QCL Current graph is shown in Figure 5 for a CW laser. The factory determines the range of tuning, QCL current, and set point temperature that is stored in the EEPROM of each MIRcat Laser module. Figure 6 shows typical coverage for four pulsed QCL's selected for maximum coverage.

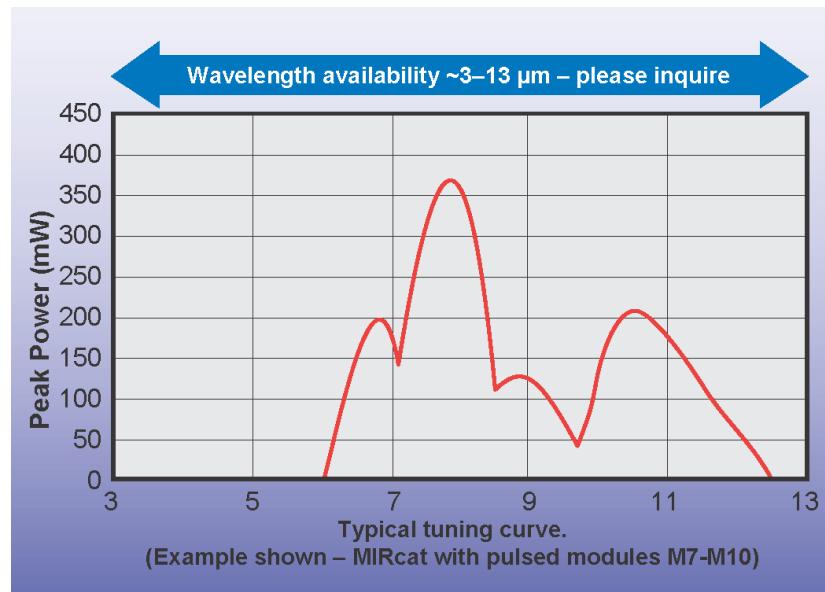


Figure 6- Typical tuning curve for an example configuration of four pulsed QCL lasers

The laser tuning range is intended to be used for spectroscopy in three different scanning modes: Sweep Mode, Step and Measure Mode, or Multi-Spectral Mode. A Sweep Scan is a rapid scanning of the QCL across its programmed gain profile. This can be either a uni- or bi-directional scan. The user can enter scanning parameters, such as start/stop wavelengths, step size, tuning rate, number of scans and time between steps (Dwell). The Pulsed MIRcat Laser Head can perform a sweep scan on one module in less than one second in Pulsed or CW mode. The Multi-Spectral Mode allows scanning of up to 20 different fixed wavelengths across the tuning range. These scan modes require the operator to enter scanning parameters, such as start/stop wavelengths, step size, tuning rate, number of scans and time between steps. This is available in either auto-step or manual. These parameters can be entered thru the Control Panel GUI interface or via remote control thru the back panel USB port or over the Ethernet communication port (not yet supported). The user can also select to keep the laser during the scanning process.

3. Computer Control



Figure 7. Back panel for computer control

The Control Panel GUI has been designed to interface with Daylight Solutions tunable MIRcat Laser. It offers a simple GUI interface, which allows manual tuning of the laser, as well as manual control over laser input current, temperature, pulsed parameters, scanning modes, and communications ports.

Computer control of the laser is also available through the USB or Ethernet (not yet supported) com ports. This allows the user to automatically synchronize tuning of the laser's wavelength to a detection scheme for applications that include high resolution spectroscopy, as well as adjusting the current, pulse parameters, tuning, and temperature of the MIRcat Laser. The back panel of the MIRcat Laser also provides TTL signals to help synchronize the MIRcat Tunable Laser to a data acquisition unit. See [Section IV-7](#) for signals and timing diagrams.

The Control Panel GUI is necessary to operate the MIRcat Laser Head. A Software Development Kit (SDK) is available and has examples for LabView VI's with example scripts. There is also a 64-bit version available upon request.

See [Section IV. Manual Operation](#) for further details on back panel functionality.

4. Power Supply



Figure 8. MIRcat Power Supply

The power supply connects to the back panel of the MIRcat Laser Head. It provides the proper voltage and current for safe operation. Ensure the cable is firmly seated and secured on the back panel before turning on the unit. The power cord can be changed to match local receptacles. It can accept 100-240VAC, 50-60 Hz.



CAUTION: Never unplug the Power Supply connector while the laser is operating and the computer is communicating to the system. Damage to the laser can occur if power is removed during operation or tuning.

5. MIRcat Laser Head

The MIRcat Laser Head has 2 different configurations (Figure 9) and houses up to four of the tunable optical modules. The tuning range of each of the MIRcat Laser modules is labeled on the top of the housing. There are no internal adjustments available to the user. **NEVER** attempt to remove the cover or open the optical head in any way, or the warranty will be voided.



CAUTION: UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE USER ATTEMPT TO OPEN THE MIRcat LASER HEAD. Opening the MIRcat Laser Head will void the warranty, resulting in misalignment of the laser cavity, and/or cause irreparable damage to the internal components. The MIRcat Laser Head is purged with a dry inert gas before sealing to minimize moisture. Breaking this seal will also void the warranty.

The optical output of the laser contains a manual shutter, should the user desire to block the beam. The base of the MIRcat Laser Head has 3 holes, aligned to match up with standard optical benches. If no pedestals are used and the MIRcat Laser Head is mounted directly on an optical table, the height of the beam is 4.0 inches (10.61cm).

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CAUTION: The laser radiation emitted from this unit is invisible to the naked eye and may be harmful if the beam makes direct and prolonged contact with the eye. Avoid direct exposure to the beam or looking in the direction of the laser beam directly. The safety labels shown in [Section I-2](#) are attached to this product.

The optical polarization of the laser is linear with 100:1 ratio between axes. For the Pulsed and CW- Pulsed lasers, the axis of polarization is vertical, perpendicular to the plane of the optical base.



CAUTION: Back reflections can cause damage to the quantum cascade gain media and could void your warranty. Care must be taken to minimize all back reflections into the laser cavity. Ensure that no optical surface is normal to the propagating beam. Linear or non-linear amplification systems or parametric frequency conversion devices can cause intense back reflections. These amplified back reflections can cause immediate and irreparable damage to the ECqcL™ and should scrupulously be prevented from reentering the ECqcL™ cavity.

CW operation requires liquid cooling for the MIRcat Laser Head see [Section 5.2](#), Special Requirements for CW Operation.



CAUTION: Setting the chiller to a temperature lower than the MIRcat Laser Head set point may cause a self test failure in the Control Panel on power up. If you get an error upon power up, allow the laser to come to room temperature and check the chiller set point before powering up the MIRcat Laser again.



Pulsed MIRcat Laser Head	CW-Pulsed MIRcat Laser Head
	
Figure 9a. Pulsed <i>The Pulsed MIRcat Laser Head contains up to 4 EC-QCL modules that will run in pulsed mode only and tune over a wide range. These functions are described in detail in the Pulsed Operation section. No external cooling is required for Pulsed operation.</i>	Figure 9b. CW-Pulsed <i>The CW-Pulsed MIRcat Laser Head is mechanically the same as the Pulsed MIRcat Laser Head, except for EC-QCL modules that will operate Pulsed or CW. It allows for external modulation with the QC Current option. (see section on Modulation). External cooling is required for CW operation.</i>
Tunable	Tunable

Figure 9- Pulsed and CW-Pulsed MIRcat configuration.

III. GETTING STARTED

This section outlines the basic procedure for connecting and powering up your MIRcat Tunable Laser System. See [Section V - Computer Control](#) for details on computer control of the MIRcat Tunable Laser System and its associated instruction list.



CAUTION: The laser system was shipped in a black Pelican case to properly protect this sensitive instrument. Save this Pelican case in a safe place. Should your laser require repair, you will need to ship the unit back to the factory in this same case. Failure to do so could void your warranty.

1. *Packing List*

The MIRcat Tunable Laser System includes the following components:

Power Supply	Laser system Power Supply.
MIRcat Laser Head	MIRcat Laser Head.
Power cable	Power cable for 110VAC, 60 Hz.
Laser Power key	Enable/disable laser power.
2 Hose Connectors	Used for liquid chiller connection (CW only).
User Manual on CD	Introduction, user instructions, GUI, system interfaces.

To mount the MIRcat Tunable Laser System on an optical bench, you will need (not included):

Optical bench	Metal optical bench to mount MIRcat Laser Head assembly.
Three (3) hex screws, 2" length	($\frac{1}{4}$ -20 for English, or M6 for Metric) Used for mounting MIRcat Laser Head to optical bench.
Hex Key	(3/16 for English, or S5 for Metric) Used for mounting MIRcat Laser Head to optical bench.
3 Pedestals(optional)	3 pedestal adaptors to raise beam height to desired height Example: For a 4.5" beam height, use 0.5 inch (M6) New Focus pedestals, #9910, with $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 Counterbore.
3 Optical Clamping Fork(optional)	Used to clamp down the 3 pedestals above. Example: New Focus 9909 1 in.
Tubing for connecting liquid cooling	Clear vinyl tubing with 3/8"OD, and $\frac{1}{4}$ " ID, (CW only).

2. Setting Up

1

If the desired beam height is greater than the 4.0 in. beam height specified for your laser, attach 3 pedestals to the base of the MIRcat Laser Head with the additional beam height. For example, if the desired beam height is 4.5 inches and the laser beam height is 4.0 inches , use New Focus 3" pedestals, model# 9910 and optical holding forks #9909 for a final beam height of 4.5in.



2

Mount MIRcat Laser Head on an optical bench using three (3) screws and/or 3 holding forks listed above (or similar device). Beam height is fixed at 4.0 inches if not using any pedestals. See Section VII-Specifications for more details on beam height for MIRcat Laser Heads.



3

Connect USB cable to MIRcat Laser Head and Computer:

- Connect the USB cable to a computer USB port
- Connect USB connector to the MIRcat Laser Head



CAUTION: Use caution when connecting the USB cable if the unit is plugged in and running. Never unplug the USB cable during laser operation.



4

For CW Operation:

Connect liquid cooling to the inlet and outlet ports on the base of the MIRcat Laser Head. Use the 1/4" hose barbs provided to attach clear vinyl tubing, with 3/8"OD and 1/4" ID, to the cooling port quick disconnects, and the other ends to a chiller. Set the chiller temperature to 20°C for normal CW operation.



NOTE: In order to ensure proper cooling and longer lifetime for the QCL, CW operation requires liquid cooling for the MIRcat Laser Head. Since the thermal load in the MIRcat Laser Head is small, a minimum of 50W thermal cooling capacity is sufficient. Program the chiller to keep the base plate at 20°C.

5

Plug the Power Supply into standard 110VAC, 60 Hz 3-prong electrical outlet. The Power Supply will also accept standard 220VAC, 50 Hz power. A different power cord may be required.

6

With the Rear Panel Key Switch in the vertical "OFF" position, turn the MIRcat Laser Head on with the rear Power switch by momentarily pressing the black button. The white LED on top of the MIRcat will come on. After initial power up, the MIRcat Laser will perform a self-test. The system is ready to use after an audio beep is heard, usually 30-45 sec.

7

Launch the MIRcat Control Panel program on the computer and it will automatically connect. Allow approximately 15 minutes for the MIRcat Laser Head to reach thermal equilibrium before taking any precision measurements.

8

Turn on the laser light:

- a. When a safe path for the beam has been prepared, open the manual shutter on the output of the MIRcat Laser Head.
- b. Make sure the proper Safety Interlock is connected on the back panel of the MIRcat Laser Head for your lab configuration in order to be able to turn on the laser. (Note: the laser is shipped with a BNC shorting plug).
- c. Turn the rear panel Laser Power key to the horizontal "ON" position. Click the Arm Laser button on the Tuning tab on the GUI. The white light on top of the MIRcat Laser unit will illuminate to indicate the laser is armed.
- d. On the Tuning menu, click on the "tune to wavelength" button and click the TURN EMISSION ON button. The button label will change to Turn Emission Off and an optional audible chirp will sound to indicate the laser is emitting light.
- e. The beam is now propagating parallel to the optical table.

9

For CW-Pulsed Operation: See [Section IV-9](#) on Current Modulation.

IV. OPERATION

This section describes the operation of the MIRcat Tunable Laser System using the Control Panel GUI(i.e., with external computer control). The laser can be turned on and off via the Laser Power button, and all laser parameters can be adjusted using the menu on the Control Panel program. The menu operation and complete command set are described below under Menu Functions.

The back panel offers access to a safety interlock, TTL inputs and output synchronous with the laser output, and other features described below.

1. Back Panel Interface

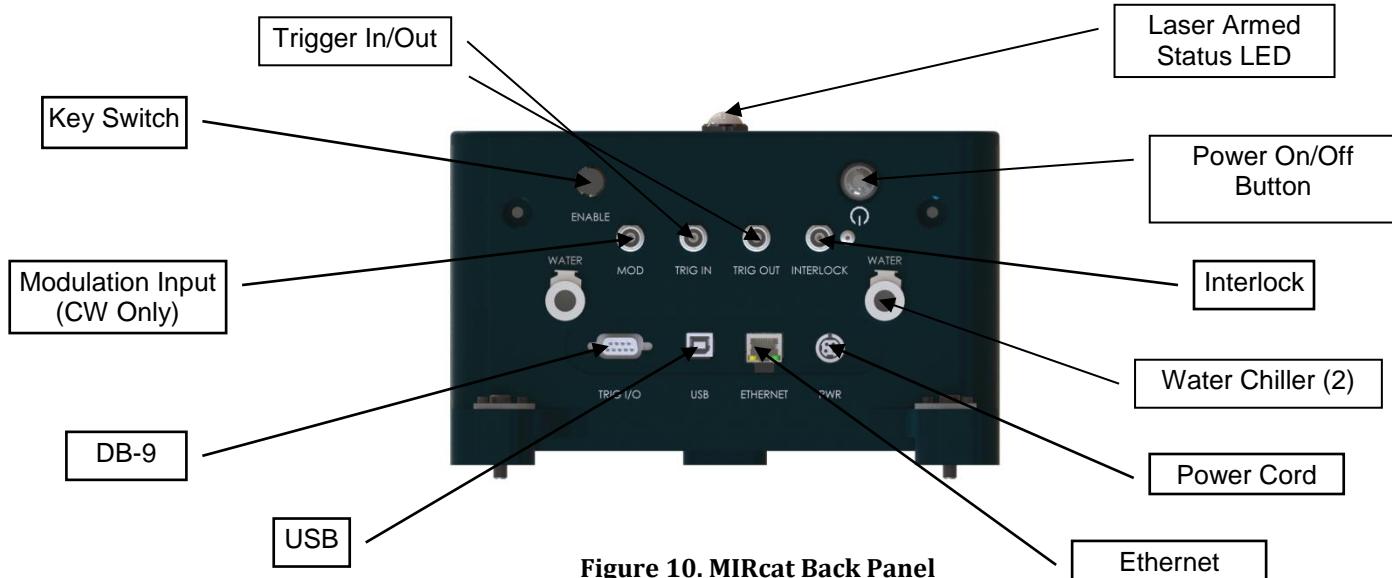


Figure 10. MIRcat Back Panel

Power On/OFF and Cord	ON/OFF switch and power plug connector from block power supply. Accepts either 110VAC, 60Hz or 220VAC, 50Hz.
Interlock (Safety Interlock)	BNC connector: Turns off the laser when connection is opened. Each unit is shipped with a shorting cap for immediate operation. Replace this cap with an interlock from your lab door or other device to provide a safer laser operating environment.
Water Chiller (2)	Used to connect a flow thru water chiller for external cooling. Required for CW mode only.
Ethernet	RJ-45 connector. Not yet supported.
DB-9	Used to connect the MIRcat to an external Data Acquisition System. See next section for pin out and signal description.
USB	Used to connect the MIRcat to an external computer. Uses HID interface. See USB communication later in manual.
Key Switch	Used to Enable Laser Arming. Key cannot be removed in Armed (horizontal) position.

Continued from last page.

Trigger In/Out	BNC connectors: A TTL input/output pulse into 50Ω load is provided for synchronizing external instruments and data acquisition equipment with the rising edge of the laser trigger pulse. See timing diagrams in section 3 on Triggering and Acquisition Signals.
Modulation Input (CW only)	Allows an external signal to be applied to the QC current bias for external modulation. CW only, not yet supported.
Laser Armed Status LED	Laser is Armed when illuminated. Key switch must be horizontal, and Arm laser selected in Control Panel GUI.

2. *Triggering and Acquisition Signals on DB-9 Connector*

The DB9 connector on the back of the MIRcat has the following TTL signals for timing and control with a Data Acquisition System (DAQ):

Pin Signal description

1 Scan direction: like the DIR on the Pegasus,

Active high output. It is always high when going from a lower to higher wavelength/wave number, and low when going in the opposite direction. For example, if scan units are cm-1, going from 1200 to 1400 cm-1 will cause the signal to go high, and low in the other direction. If in um, going from 7 to 10 um will cause the signal to go high, and low in the other direction. This signal is dependent on scan units.

2 Tuned: Hi when the laser has scanned to a step wavelength, like Enable on Pegasus,

Active high output. This signal goes high when the laser is tuned to a correct wavelength and is firing. When scanning it will go high while the laser is firing and low when laser is off.

3 Wavelength trigger: HI when laser has scanned to wavelength

Active high output. This signal is only used when Wavelength Trigger is selected in the Settings. When in this mode, the laser will emit a single laser pulse using the pulse width specified in the settings at the specified interval. For example, if scanning from 7 to 10 um, and the WL trigger start and stop are set to 7.5 um and 9.5 um, respectively, and the WL trigger interval is every 0.1 um, this signal will go high when the scan crosses 7.5 um, 7.6 um, 7.7 um, etc. The duration of the high pulse on the WL trigger output is software controlled by the motion board and will vary, but will generally be in the several hundred ms range. The actual laser pulse and trigger output (BNC) will be high for the pulse width specified in the settings screen.

Pin *Signal description (cont.)*

4 **Process trigger: HI when the laser has performed a favorite scan or other process**

Active Low Input. This signal is used when “Use External Step Mode” is selected in “Process Trigger Modes”. In either Step & Measure or Multi-Spectral Mode, the laser will move to the first wavelength and turn on. It will then stay at that wavelength and continue to fire the laser until this signal is pulled low. The signal should be pulled low to ground for between 250 and 500 ms, at which point the laser will move to the next wavelength and then start firing.

5 **Laser Output On/Off**

Active Low Input.

6 **Interlock: Ext control of system interlock**

Provides status of the interlock signal

7, 9 **GND**

8 **Control Pin, On/Off**

TTL signal to turn the laser on and off remotely.

The signals “Tuned”, “Scan Direction”, and any “Trigger” can be used to synchronize the data acquisition with a Data Acquisition System. The scan mode can be set-up thru the computer controlled GUI commands. The “Tuned” and “Scan Direction” signals are internally supplied output signals. For Sweep Scan mode, once a laser wavelength scan range is set, a rising edge on the “Tuned” signal will signal the laser is scanning across the Start Wavelength, and the falling edge corresponds to scanning across the Stop Wavelength.

For Step Scan mode, the “Scan Direction” signal goes Hi during the time the laser is performing the step scan, from the time the laser stops on the Start Wavelength, until the laser finishes the last step and pause on the Stop Wavelength. The “Tuned” signal will go Hi once the laser has stopped scanning and is ready for a data point to be taken. It should be noted that once a Step Scan is initiated, the laser will tune to the Start Wavelength, set the “Scan Direction” signal Hi and set the “Tuned” Signal Hi. This means that for a scan of one wavenumber, with 0.5 cm⁻¹ steps, the Tuned will go Hi three times. See Laser Scan> Step section for further details.

A rising edge on the “Scan Direction” signal tells the data acquisition system in which direction the laser is scanning. A TTL Hi denotes the laser is scanning up in wavelength/wave number. This signal is operational during the Sweep Scan and the Step Scan function. In pulsed mode, the laser outputs an optical pulse on the rising edge of each “trigger” signal. This corresponds to the set Pulse Width and Pulse Repetition Frequency. Using rear panel commands, optical trigger delays can be implemented to fine tune the data acquisition system.

3. Using the System Interlock

The MIRcat Tunable Laser System comes with a safety interlock switch, located on the back panel of the Controller. The interlock must be shorted in order for the laser to generate an output beam. If you remove the “Safety Switch”, the output beam will be shut off. The interlock can be coupled to a user-device to turn the laser off, and is provided as a means of allowing the user to implement any desired environmental safety features.

The interlock is triggered by opening the contacts on the interlock loop. FDA regulations require that if electrical contact is broken between the interlock connections, the laser must turn off.

4. Using the Optional Visible Aiming Beam

If your MIRcat system was purchased with the visible aiming beam option, this beam may be toggled on and off via the ‘Enable Red Laser’/‘disable Red Laser’ command on the supplied software GUI, as shown below in Figure . Activating the visible beam switches the MIRcat from mid-infrared out to the visible beam output, and vice versa. (Please note: simultaneous mid-infrared and visible laser output is therefore not possible.)

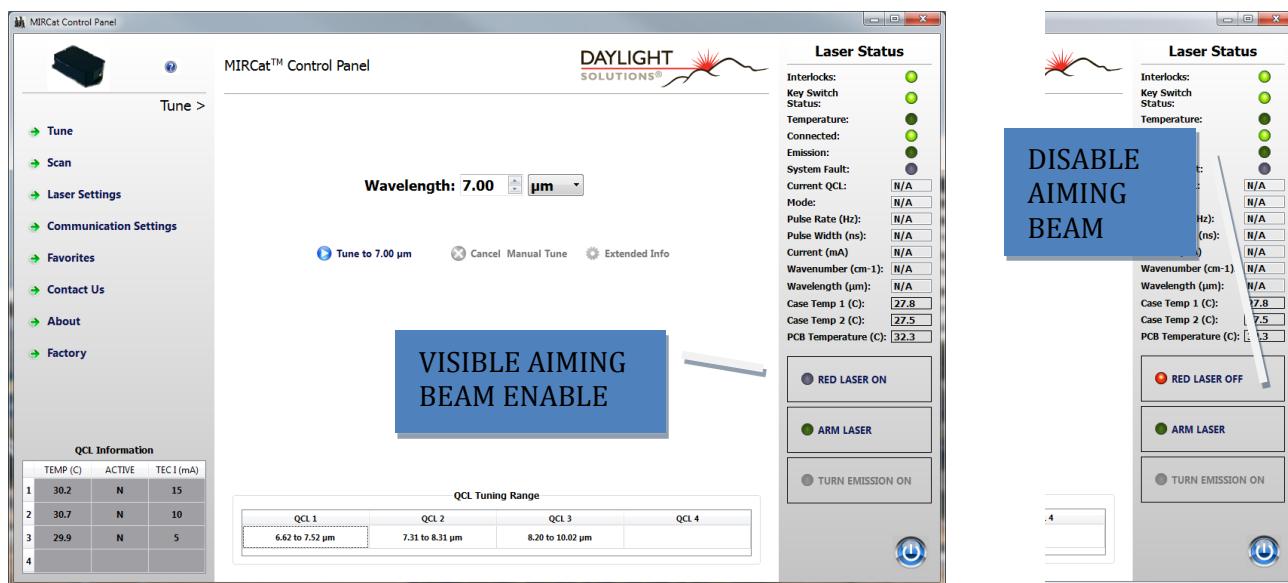


Figure 11 GUI screenshots showing how to activate/deactivate the visible aiming laser by toggling the ‘Enable/Disable’ GUI command.

5. Power the System On/Off

Power the system on:

Before turning the MIRcat on, make sure that the power supply is plugged into an AC outlet, and that the USB cable is properly connected to the PC and the MIRcat Laser Head (see [Section III - Getting Started](#) for details).

Turn the MIRcat Laser on via the Push button power switch on the back panel.

This will trigger a startup sequence as follows:

1. Booting application
2. Reading laser data from module EEPROMs (e.g., laser serial number)
3. Power on self-test

After 15 seconds, run the Control Panel GUI to connect to the MIRcat Laser. Note that the laser light itself is not yet turned on, as this requires an explicit command from the Control Panel GUI or an external system.

Power the system off:

Turning the MIRcat Laser main power OFF is accomplished via the On/Off switch on the lower right corner of the Control Panel GUI and then the Power push button on the back panel.



NOTE: On power down, the system will save the last programmed values in the EEPROM. The next time the system is powered up, these values will be automatically loaded into the MIRcat Laser, bringing the system on-line with the last values used.

6. Turn the Laser Output On/Off

Prior to making precision measurements with the laser on, it is recommended that the user allow the MIRcat Laser Head to reach temperature stabilization. This will minimize any potential drifting of the wavelength once it has been set. Temperature stabilization usually occurs within 15 minutes of initial "Armed" and will enable the laser's output beam to be fully wavelength and power stabilized.

To comply with FDA rules for Class IIIB lasers, a delay is required between a request for laser arming, and any actual lasing. Therefore the user will encounter a five second delay after clicking on the ARM LASER button on the Control Panel GUI before the laser is in the "Armed" mode.

Turning the laser on:

Before turning the laser on, the PC must already be connected to the MIRcat Laser via the USB cable. It is also recommended that the MIRcat Laser be turned on and allowed to reach temperature stabilization prior to any critical measurements.

- Make sure Safety Interlock is connected on the back panel of the MIRcat.
- Turn MIRcat Laser on by pressing the POWER ON button on the back panel.
- Wait 15 seconds and start the Control Panel GUI.
- Once the laser is connected, turn the Arm key on the back panel to the horizontal or "On" position.
- On the Control Panel GUI, in the Tuning menu, press the grey "Arm Laser" button to switch from "Standby" mode to "Armed" mode.
- When a safe path for the beam has been prepared, open the shutter on the MIRcat Laser Head.

- Click on the “Tune to wavelength” button. When the TURN ON emissions button becomes active click on it to emit laser light.
- The MIRcat Laser gives the user an audio beep feedback that the laser light is on.

Turning the laser off:

On the Control Panel GUI, click the On/Off button in the lower right corner of all Tabs to switch the laser off. A screen will appear to confirm shut-down. The laser GUI will close and the MIRcat will safely power down.



NOTE: The laser can also be turned off via the safety interlock on the back panel, the Laser Power Key on the back panel, or by turning off the main power switch on the back panel of the MIRcat

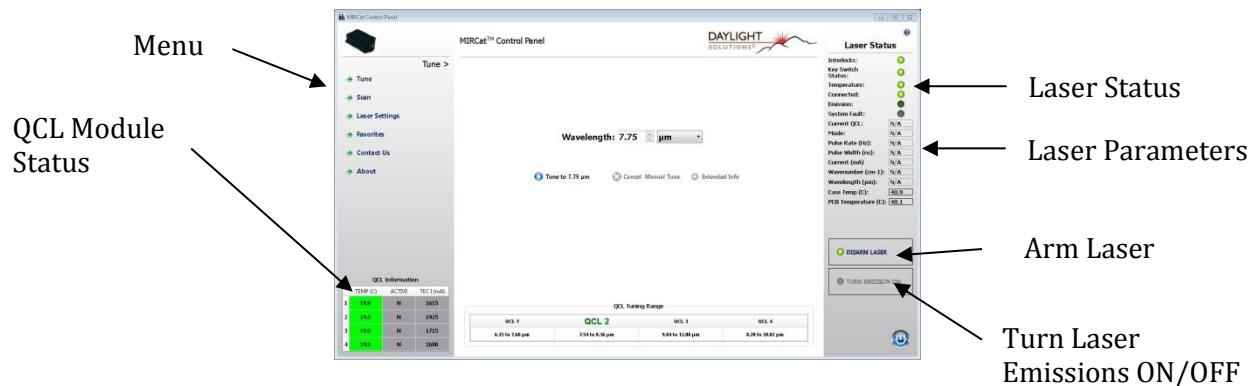
7. GUI Menu Functions

This Section describes how to perform all MIRcat Tunable Laser System functions using the MIRcat Control Panel GUI.

The following diagram outlines currently available Control Panel GUI menu options:

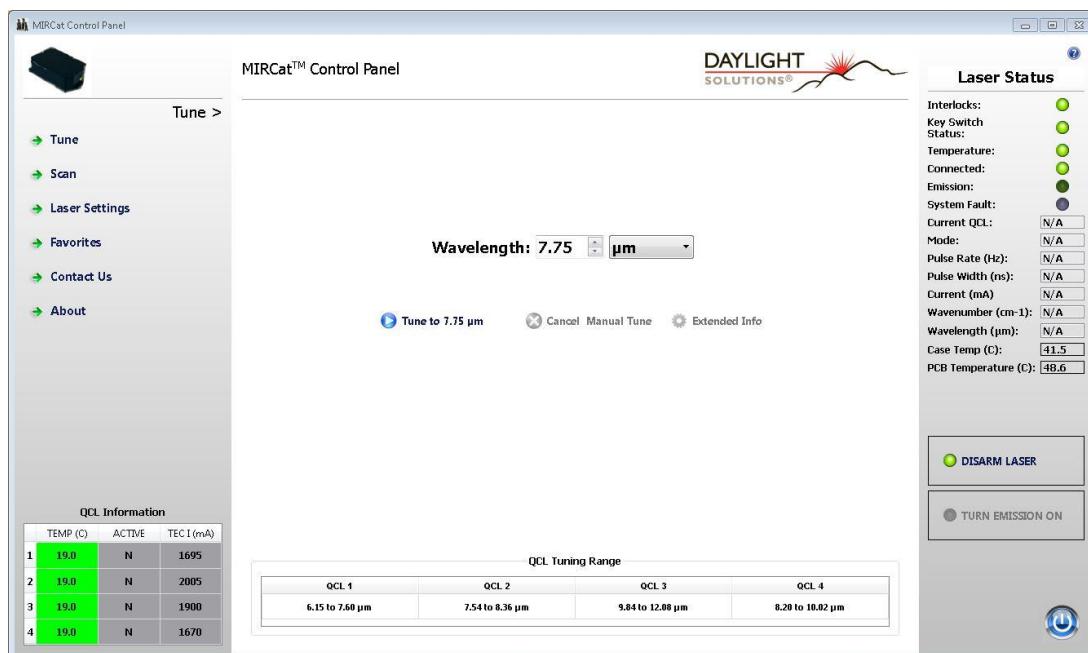
Main Menus	
Tune	Wavelength or wavenumber Tune to XX.XX um/cm ⁻¹ Cancel Tune
Scan	Scan Modes Sweep Mode Step and Measure Mode Multi-Spectral Mode
Laser Settings	Display Units Notifications Global Options Laser Parameters Process Trigger Modes Pulse Modes Save Settings
Communications Settings	IP address for MIRcat (for future Ethernet support)
Favorites	Recall Favorites Create Favorites Erase Favorites Save to Selected Favorites
Contact Us	Address
About	General Information QCL Information Update Firmware Import or Export Configuration

Menu Template



The standard menu template allows the user to monitor the MIRcat Tunable Laser System from each of the 6 main menus. The left side bar allows the user to navigate between menus and monitor each QCL module temperature and active status. On the right side, there is a Laser Status section that quickly allows the user to see green lights for all major interlocks required for the laser to emit light, as well as the value of the selected QCL module, wavelength and wavenumber, etc. The user can also Arm the laser, and enable laser light emission from the right side. The bottom bar lists the 4 QCL module tuning ranges as a quick reference for the user. Clicking on a QCL Header makes that the preferred QCL for tuning. The entire tuning range will be used for that Preferred QCL during manual or scan modes. See the Next Section for preferred tuning. Please note: if your MIRcat system was purchased with the visible aiming beam option, an 'Enable Red Laser'/'Disable Red Laser' command will be present on the GUI sidebar (as shown in Figure).

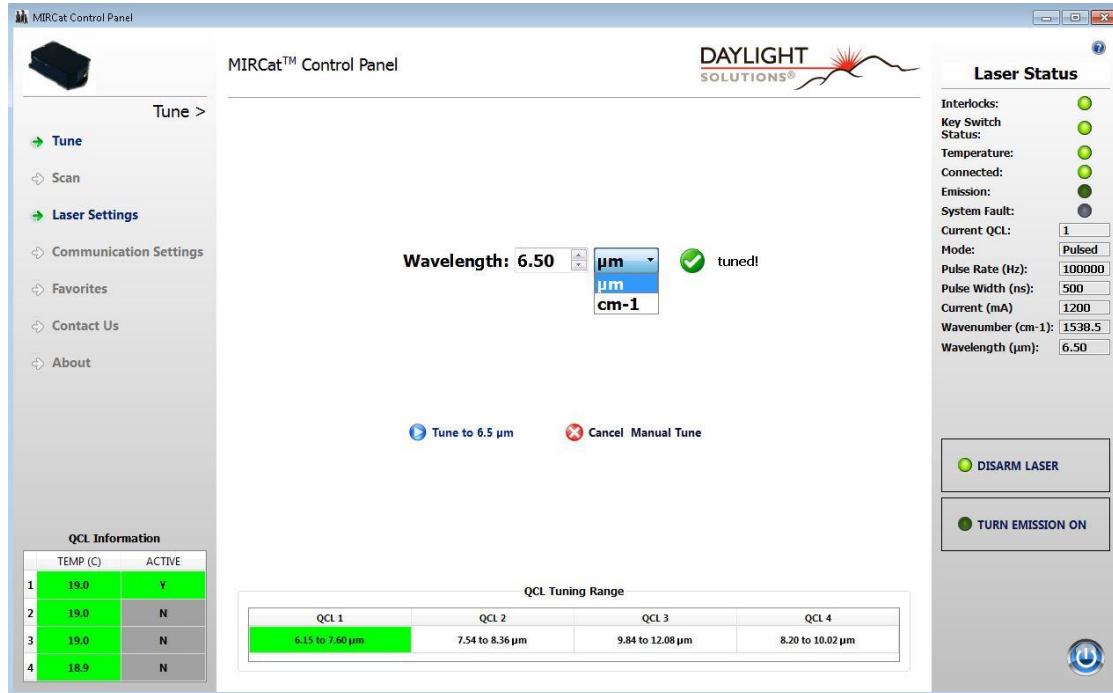
Tune Menu



MIRcat OPERATION

The first menu is used to manually tune the laser modules to a desired wavelength or wavenumber. You can see which laser module is ready and monitor the require parameters for normal operation.

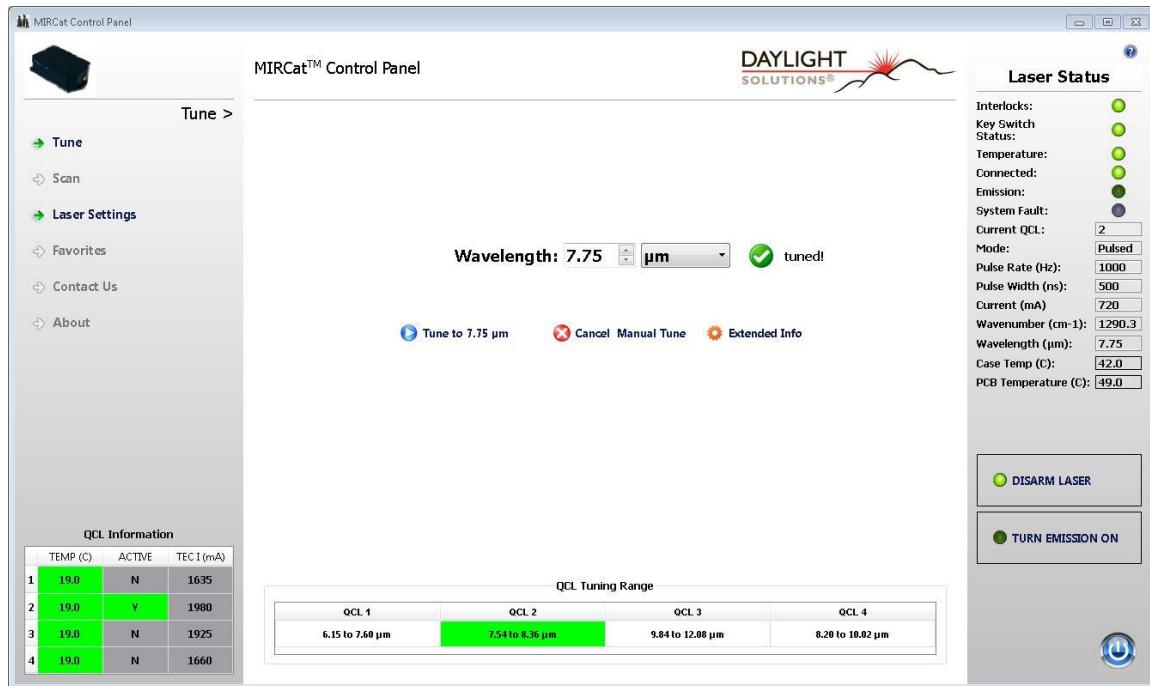
The user can choose units of either micrometers(μm) or wavenumbers(cm^{-1}) in the pull down menu on the left. Note how the QCL Tuning Ranges at the bottom will change units too.



The user can now manually tune to a different wavelength:

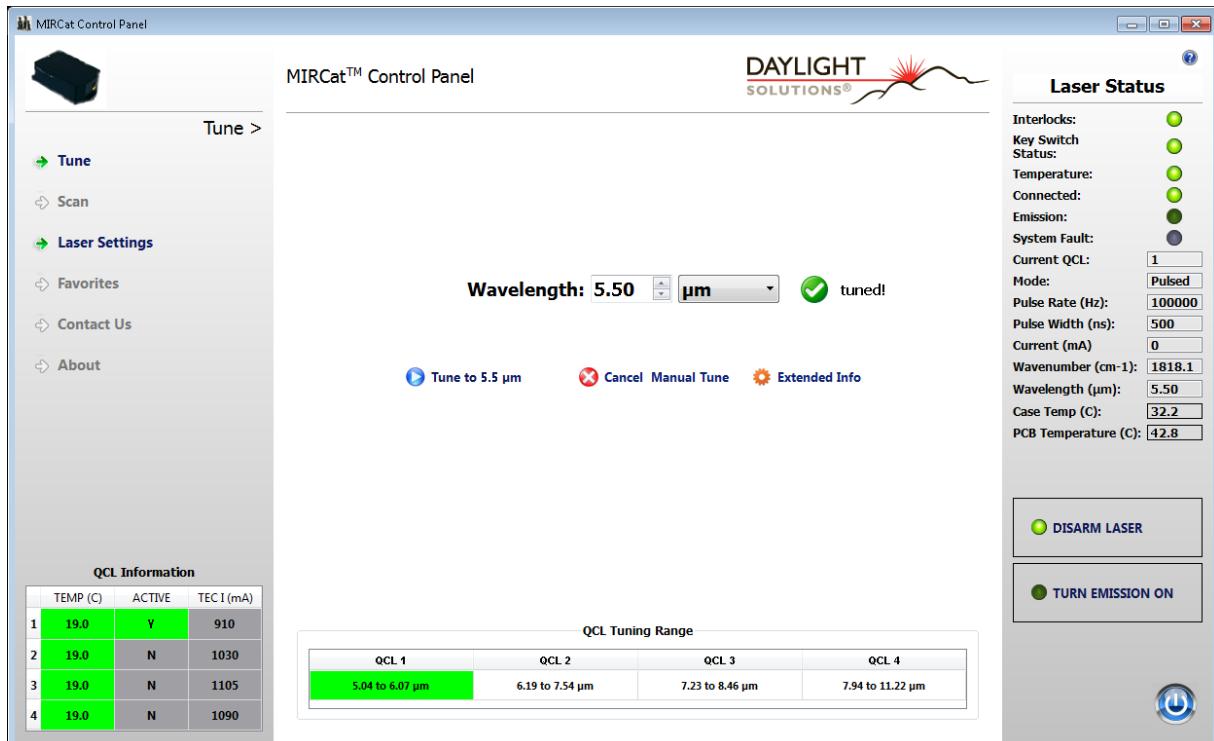
For example, to tune the laser to 7.75 μm on QCL 2, select μm in the pull down menu, then type in 7.75, then click the "Tune to 7.75 μm " bottom. Once the laser has tuned to that wavelength, the menu will indicate a green tuned arrow and a check mark.

MIRcat OPERATION



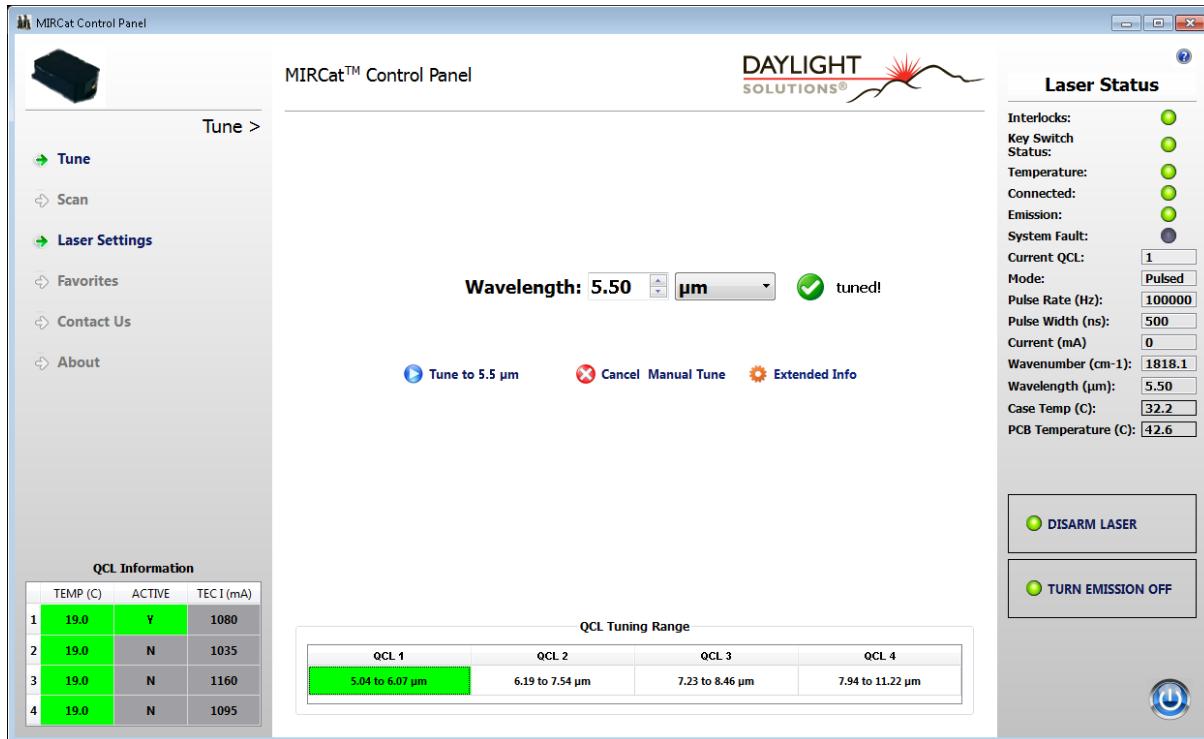
NOTE: You can cancel Manual Tune at anytime. The other menus will gray out the button when they are inactive.

Click on the Arm Laser button, and the laser beeps for a 5 second delay, before Arming the Laser, and turning the Laser Armed LED on top of MIRcat ON, to indicate the laser is armed and ready for light emission. Note the Button function has changed to Disarm Laser.



MIRcat OPERATION

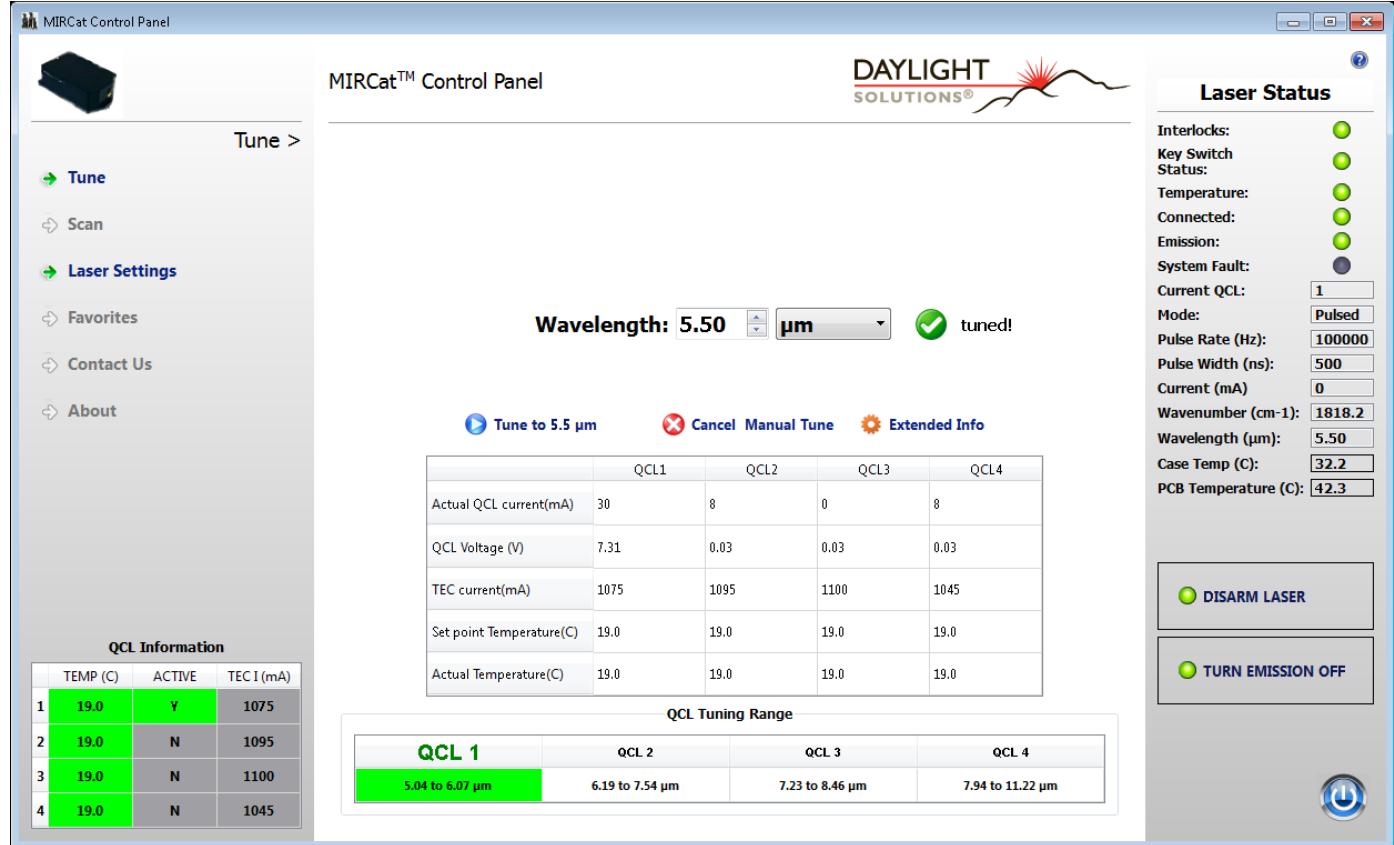
Once the laser has completed tuning to the entered wavelength, the **Turn Emission On** button becomes active and the user can choose laser light out. The button changes to **TURN EMISSIONS OFF**.



To return to the menu options, click on **Cancel Manual Tune** to exit Tune menu and select another menu.

Preferred Tuning

If the user would like to remain on a QCL during manual tuning, they can click on the header above the QCL number in the QCL Tuning Range Table to select that QCL as "Preferred". Below, QCL 1 is selected as the Preferred QCL. The cross-over points for tuning are now ignored and the preferred QCL and tuning will stay on the Preferred QCL as long as the requested tuning range is within the listed QCL tuning range.



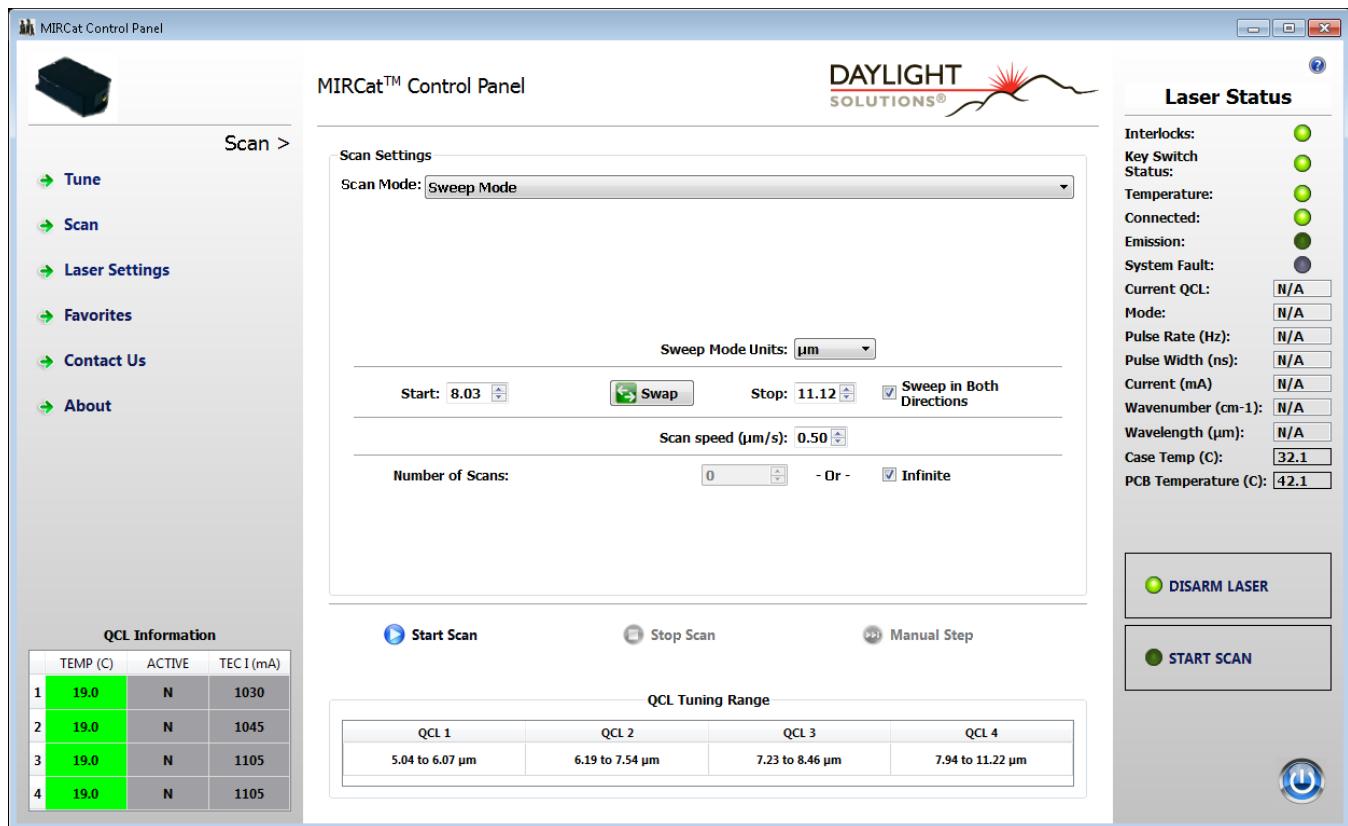
Extended Information is also available by clicking on the Extended Info button. This will display information about each of the QCL channels. It will display the actual QCL current, QCL Voltage, TEC current, QCL set temperature and actual temperature. To change any settable values, click Cancel Manual Tune, and go to the Laser Settings menu to make changes.

Scan Menu

Scan Settings:

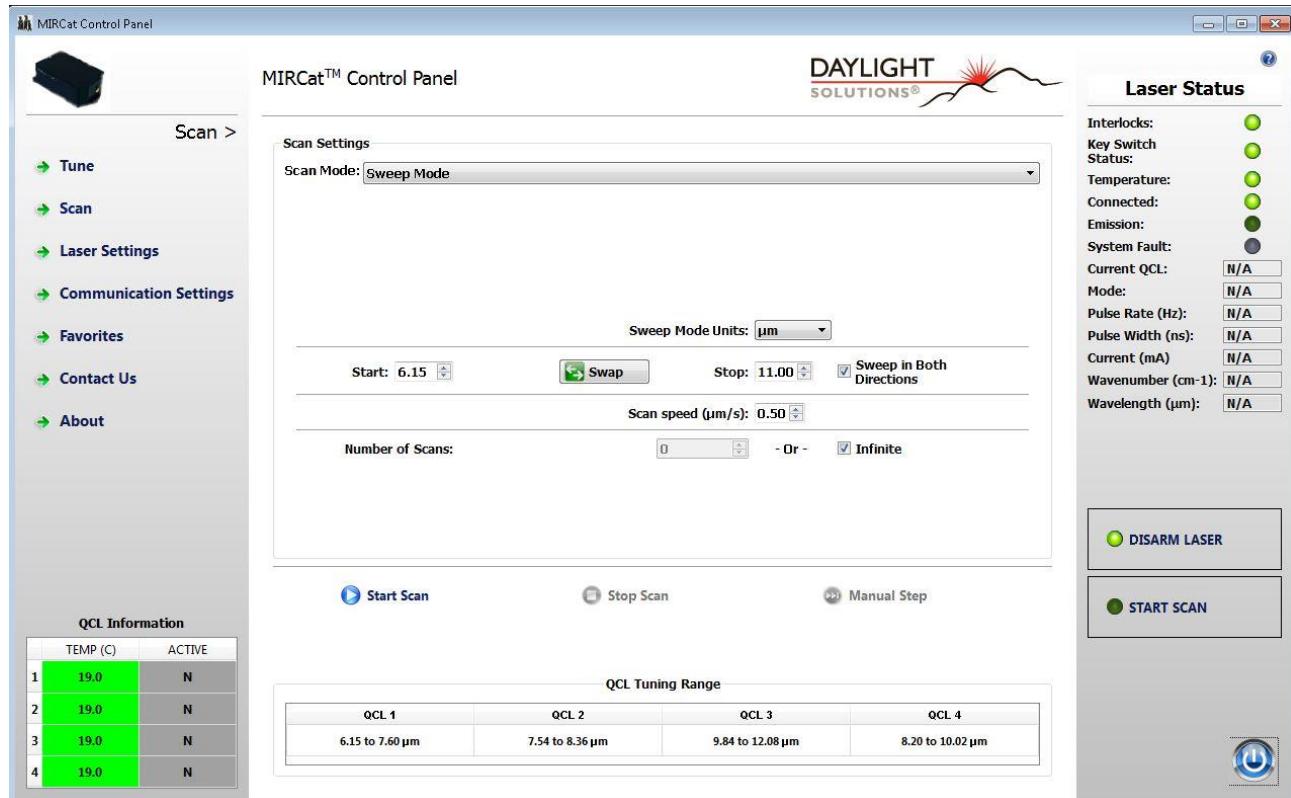
The Scan Mode menu allows the user to choose the different types of scanning modes. The 3 main types are: Sweep Mode, Step and Measure Mode, and Multi-Spectral Mode. The user can also select Sweep Mode Units, Start/Stop values, Bi-directional Scan, Swap Start/Stop values, set the Number of Scans or an infinite number of scans. Once these values are entered, the user can Arm the laser and click either of the Start Scan buttons to enable laser emissions from MIRcat and start the scan. Clicking either button will stop the scan and stop emissions.

The Sweep mode offers the option of adding Wavelength Triggers during the scan to calibrate where the laser is tuned to during the scan. This mode emits an electrical pulse on Pin3 of the DB-9 connector on each interval as the laser tunes across the set range, using the Start/Stop Wavelength Trigger parameters specified in the Laser Settings at the specified wavelength interval. For example, if scanning from 7 to 10 um, and the WL trigger start and stop values are set to 7.5 um and 9.5 um, respectively, and the WL trigger interval is every 0.1 um, an electrical pulse will be emitted when the laser scans crosses 7.5 um, 7.6 um, 7.7 um, etc.

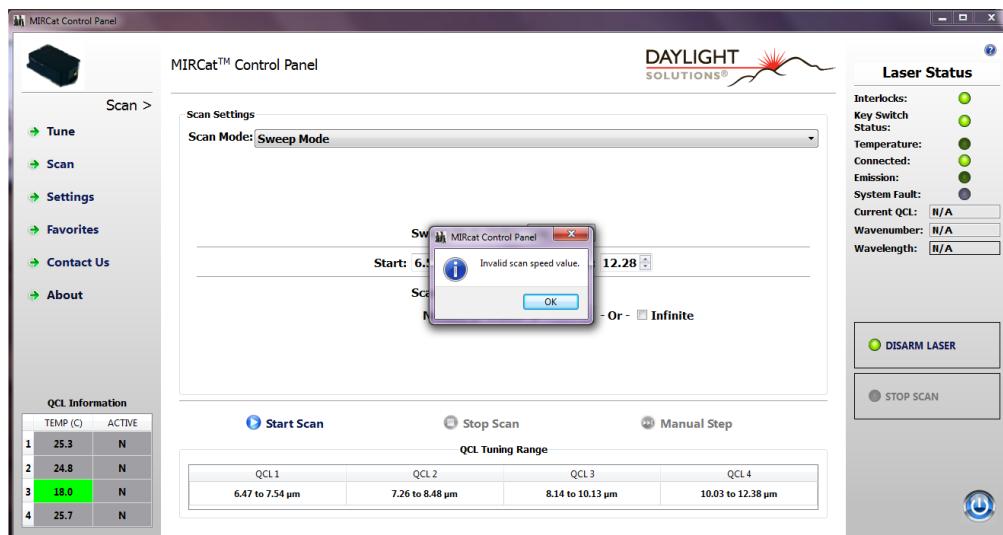


Sweep Mode:

Once the Sweep mode is selected from the Scan Mode pull down menu, the user can select between units, enter a Start and Stop wavelength or wavenumber, enter a scan speed, and choose the number of scans, or infinite scans. The user can also swap Start/Stop wavelengths using the Swap button and choose to scan in both directions.

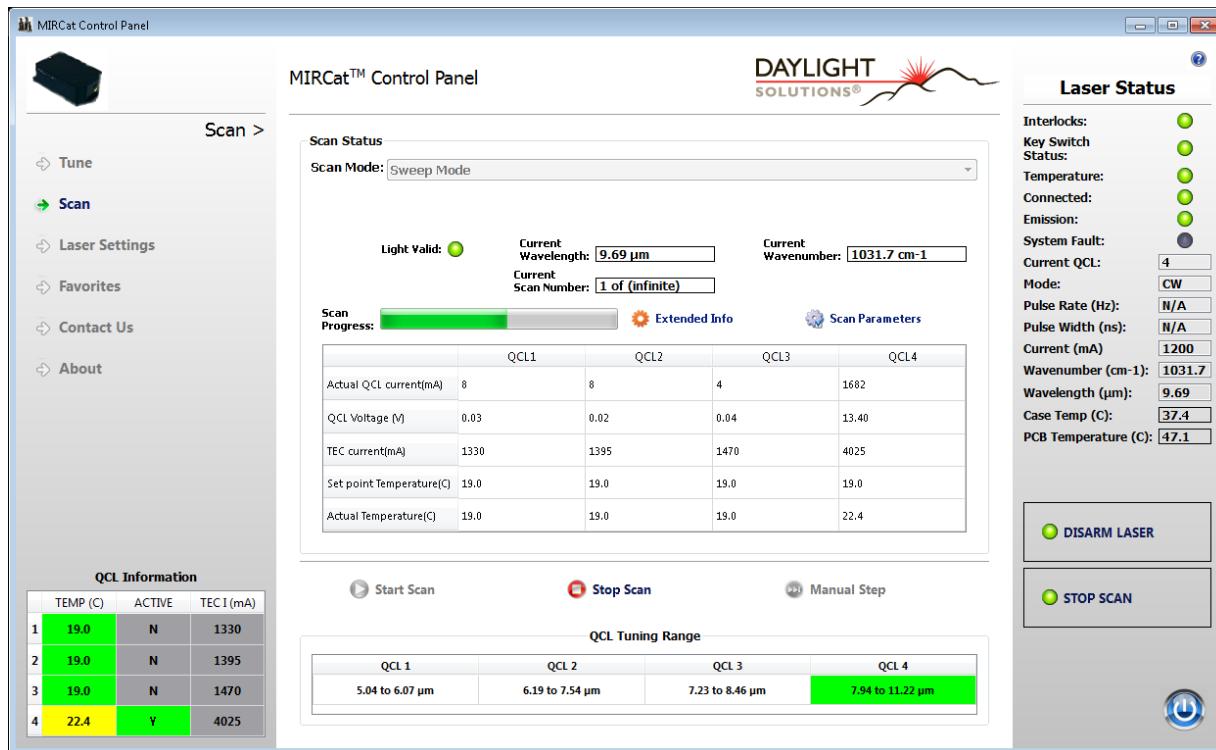


If the user selects Start scan before all parameters have been selected, then an error message is displayed. Close the box, and enter the complete scan parameters.



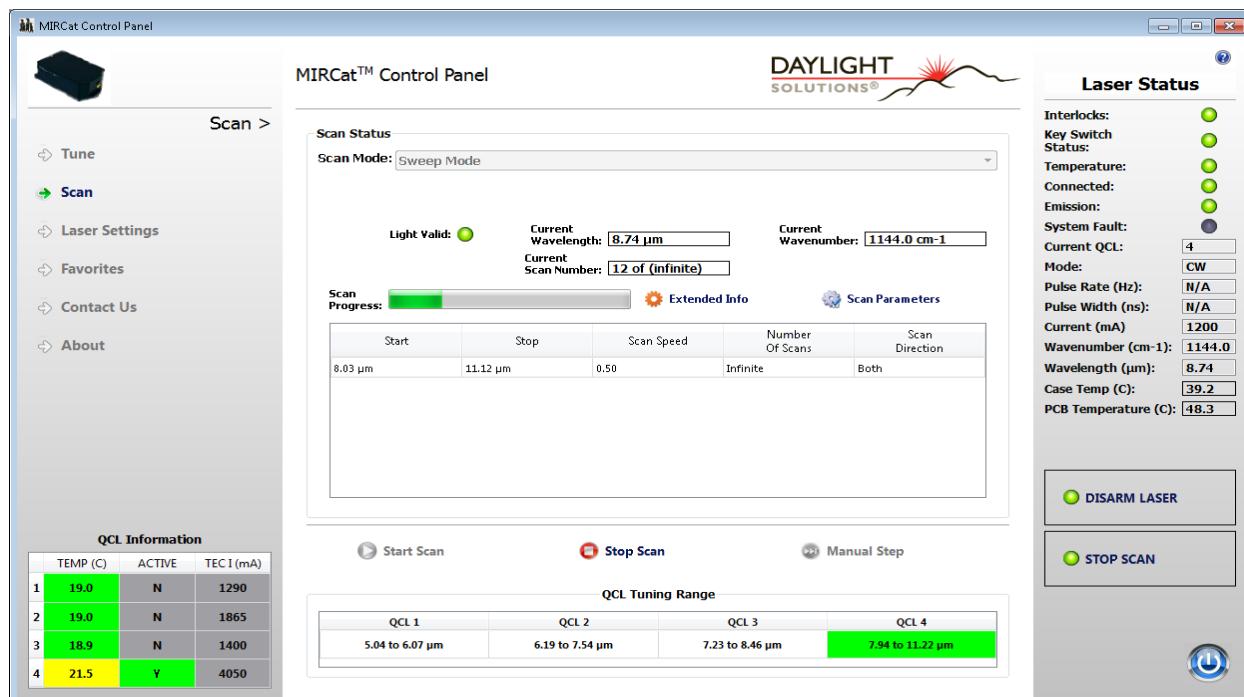
MIRcat OPERATION

Once the Start Scan button is depressed, the screen will change and update the user on the scan's progress. The Laser Valid light will come on while each module is on while scanning.

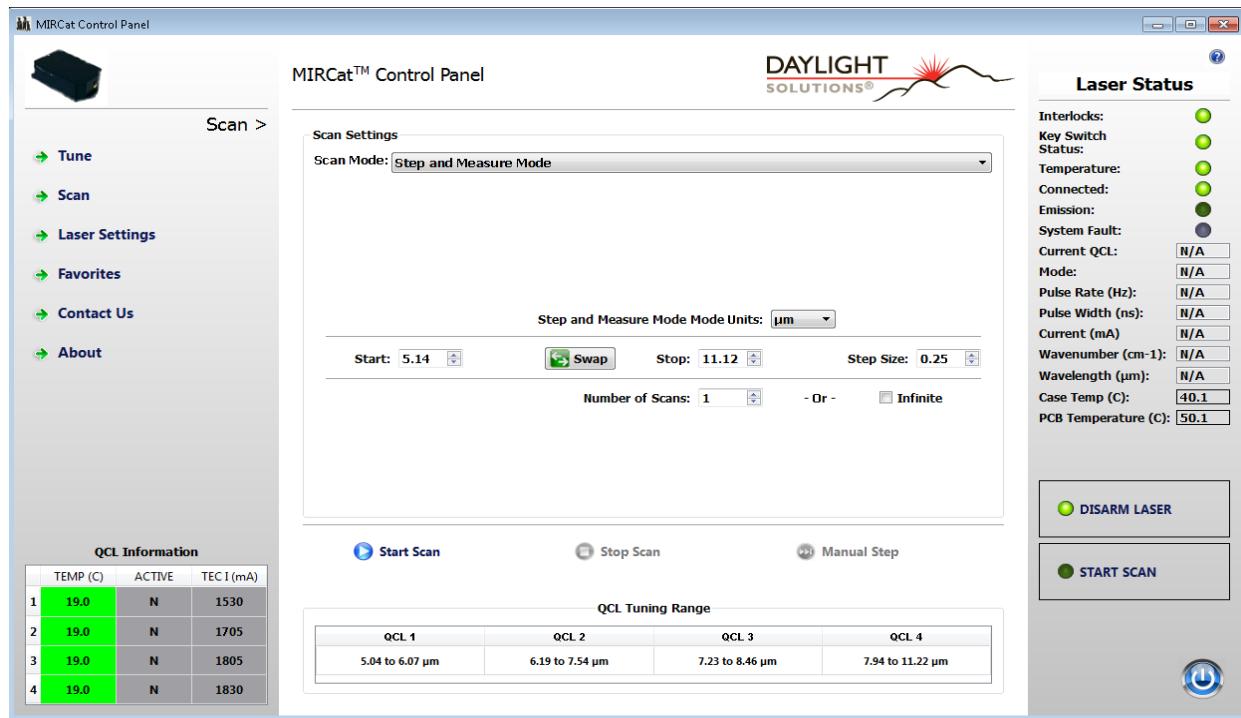


The above screen shot is an example of clicking the Extended Info button during a sweep mode. The below screen shot displays the Scan Parameter info.

Note: The user can terminate a scan by depressing either of the two STOP SCAN buttons.

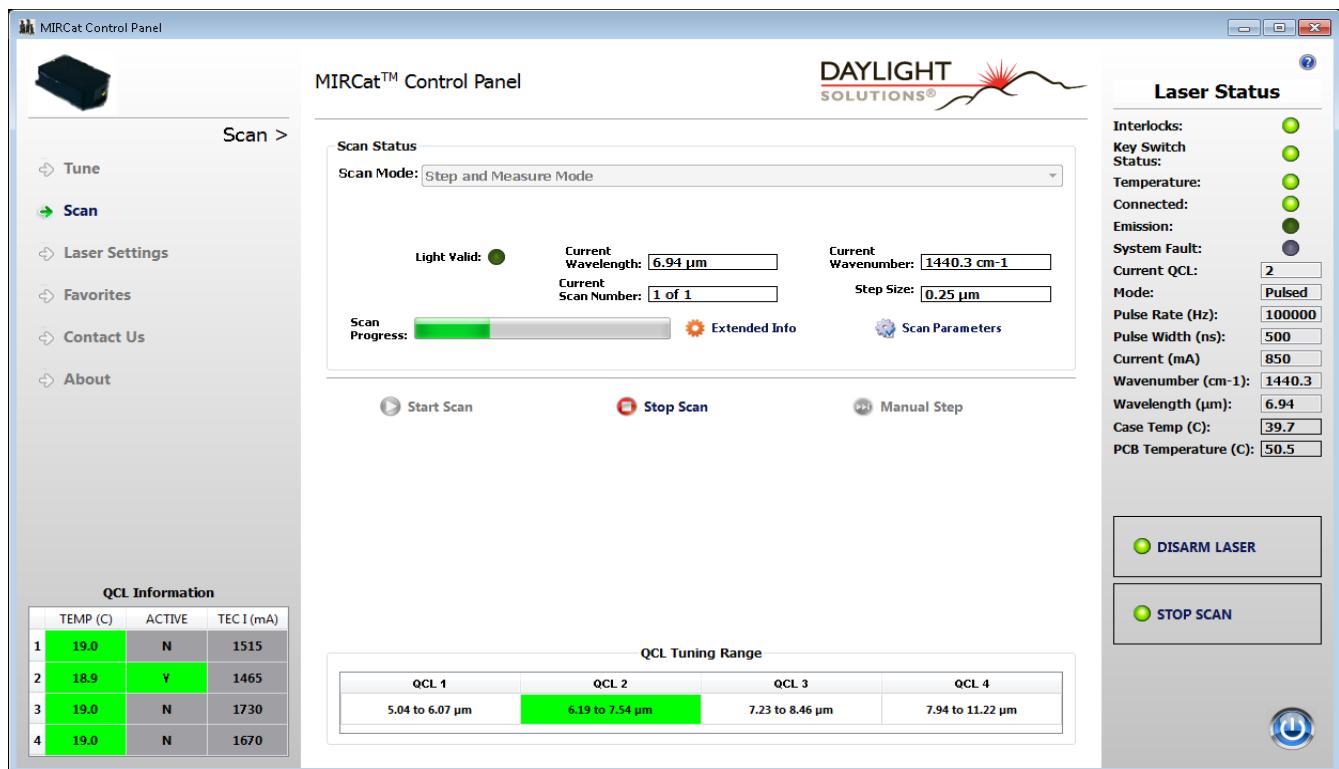


Step and Measure Mode

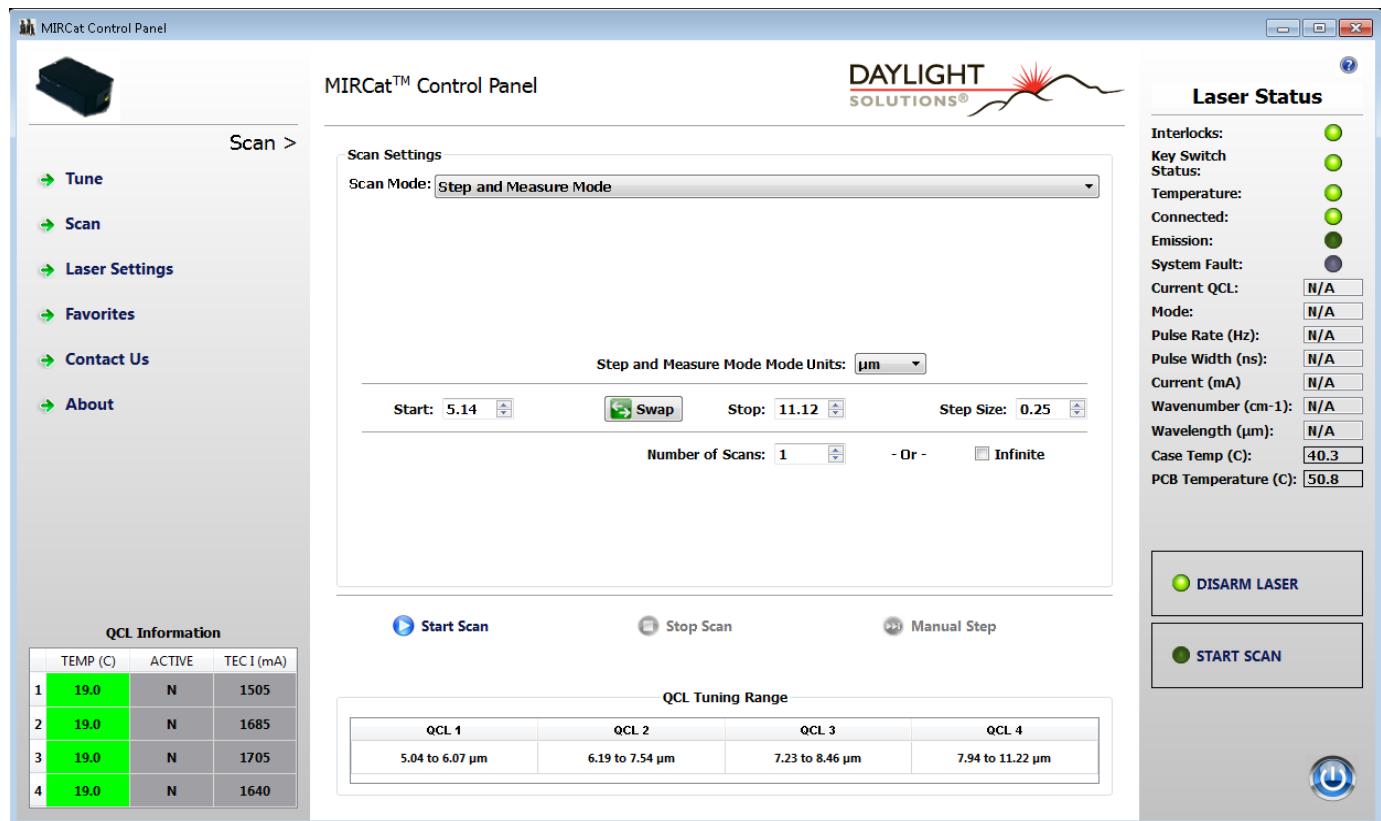


The Step and Measure Mode allows the user to enter a Start, Stop wavelength/wavenumber, Step size in the selected units, enter number of scans or select infinite. The laser will tune to the Start wavelength or wavenumber, turn ON for the preset Internal Trigger Step Time, then turn OFF for the preset Internal Trigger Step Delay Time, and then scan to the next step. Once the Start Scan button is depressed, the menu changes and allows the user to monitor progress of the programmed scan. The Internal Trigger Time parameters are set in the Laser Settings menu.

MIRcat OPERATION

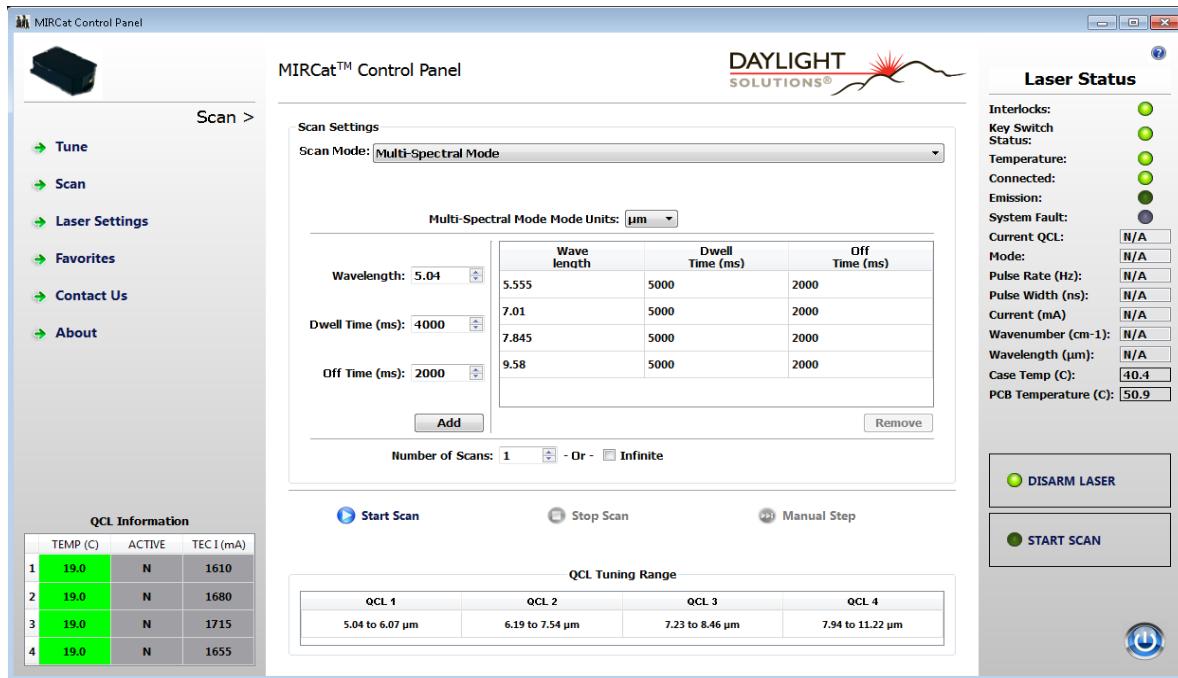


When the laser has completed the scan, it will return back to the Step and Measure Screen.



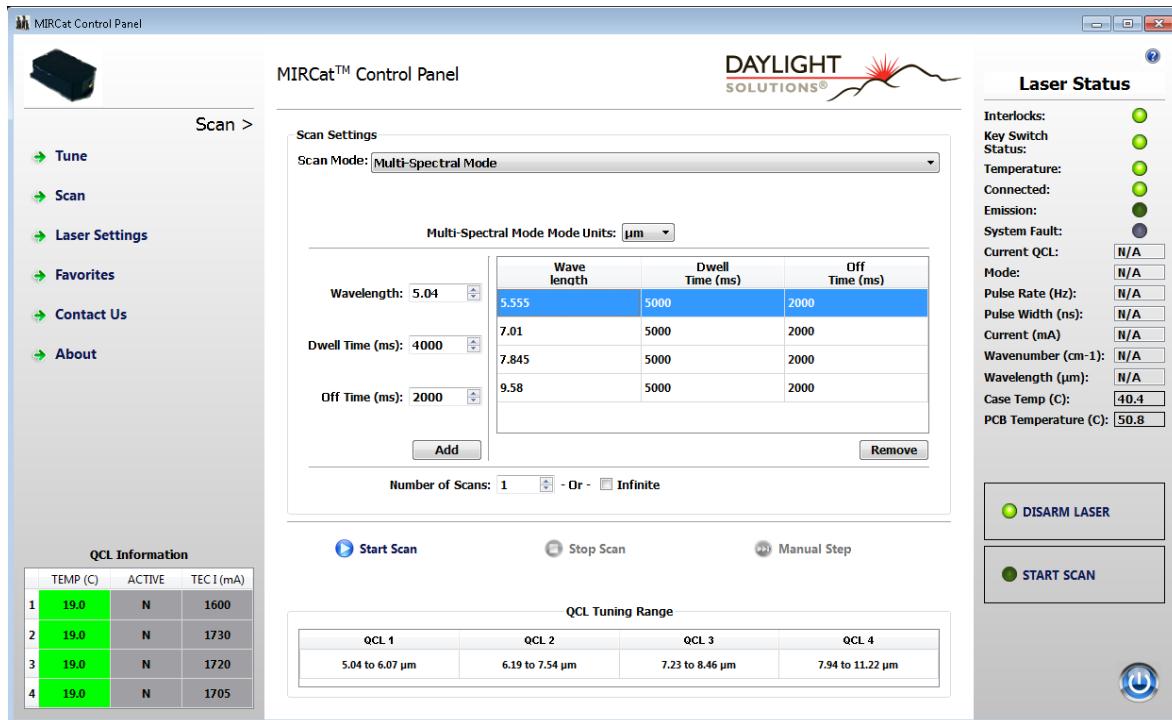
Multi-spectral Mode

This mode allows the user to enter data on what wavelength or wavenumber the laser is going to scan to, dwell with laser ON, then move to the next command. The user can store up to 20 different parameters, such as Wavelength, Dwell time, and Laser Off time. The trigger modes available are Internal or External Modes and are set in the Setting menu.

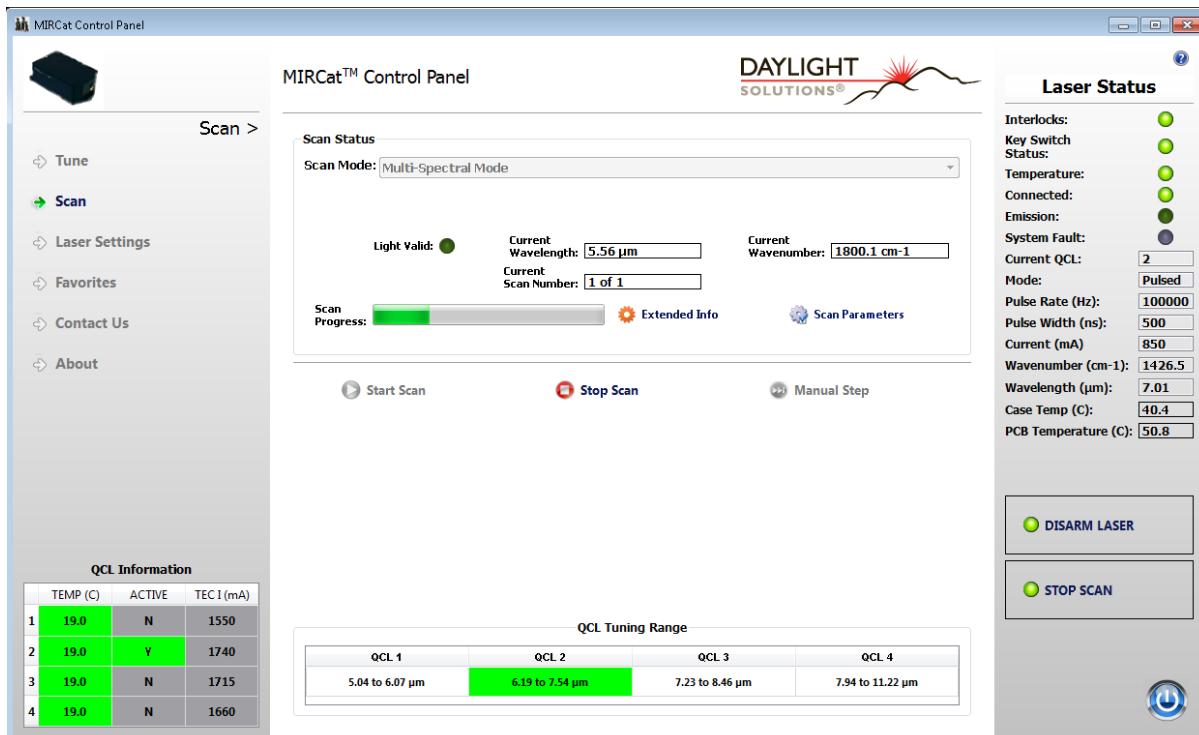


The user can program a scan sequence by adding or removing lines by selecting the row and entering the data.

MIRcat OPERATION



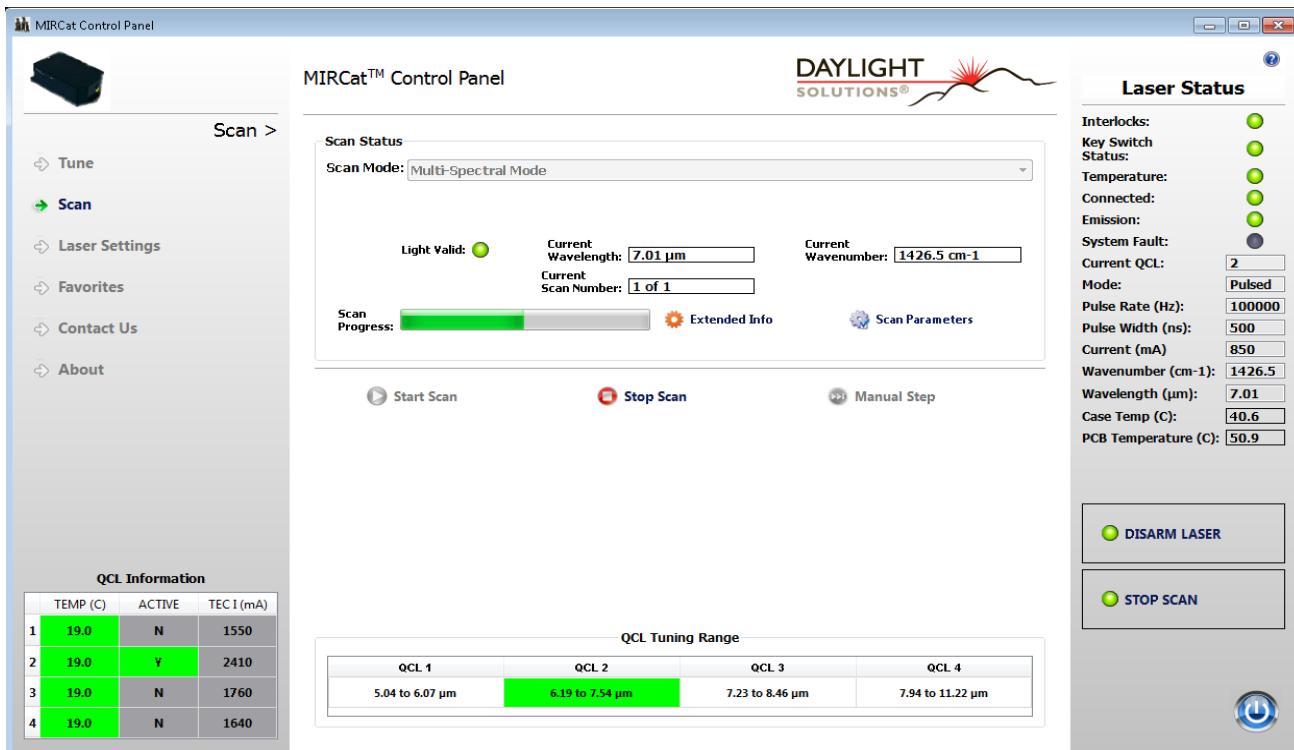
To start the scan, click the Start Scan button. The screen changes to the below display to indicate which module the laser is tuning to. There is a progress bar that helps track the scan's progress. The user can stop the scan at anytime by clicking the Stop Scan button.



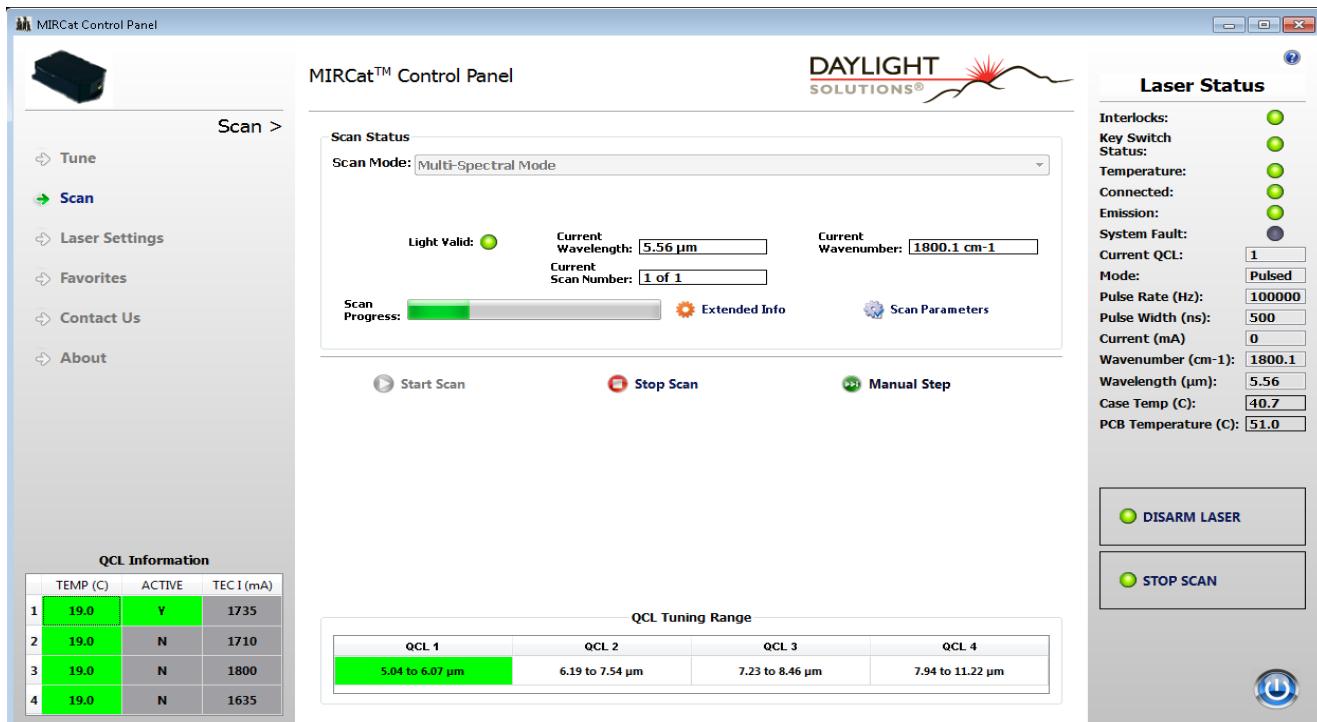
Above, Module 2 is active, but the Light Valid light is not on while it pauses during the set Off Time.

MIRcat OPERATION

Now the Light Valid button is on while the laser emits. An Audio beep can be heard if selected in the Settings menu.



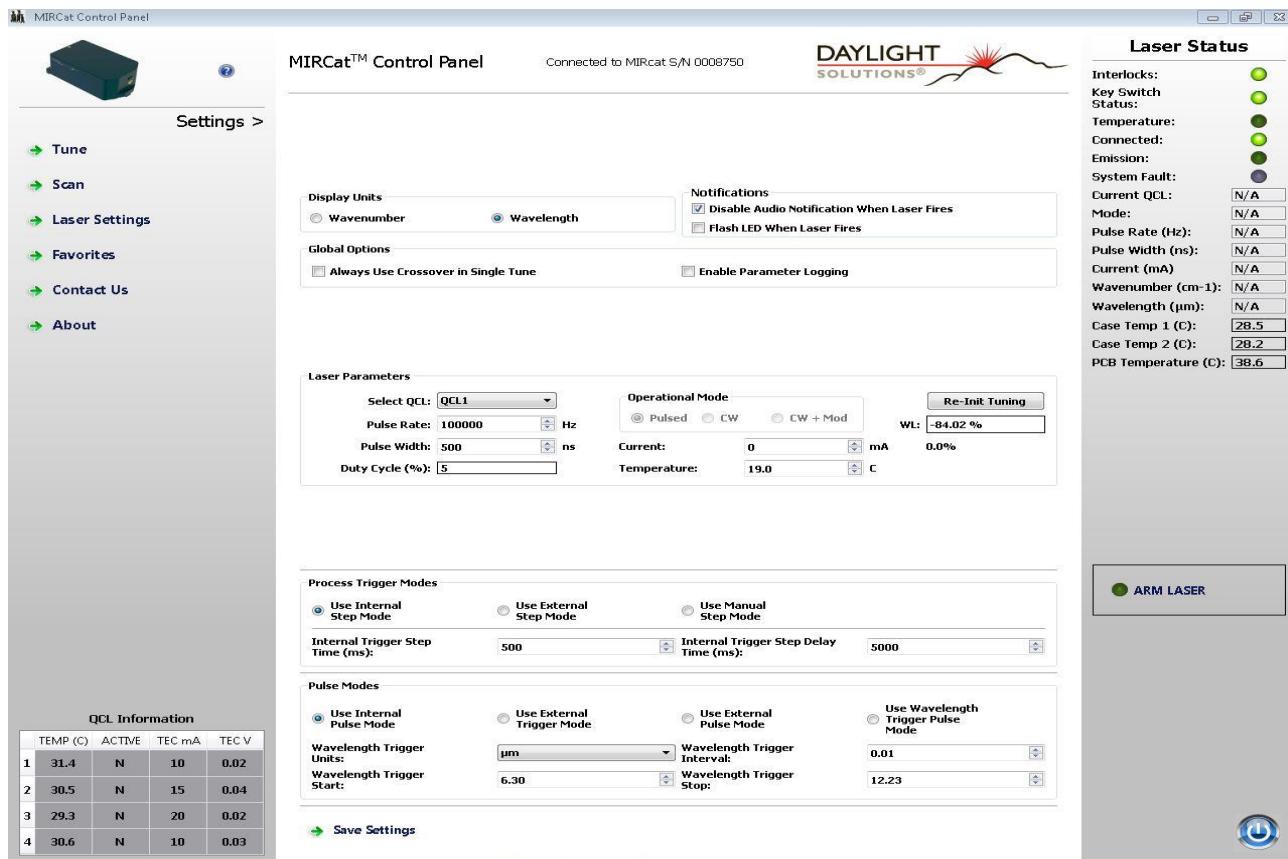
The other option is to set the Manual Scan mode under the Setting menu. The laser will tune to the programmed position. Light will be on for the programmed dwell time and wait for the user to click the Manual Step button to allow the laser to tune to the next programmed step. See below.



Settings Menu

The Settings Menu allows the user to set the Display Units, Laser Parameters, Trigger Modes, and Pulse Modes. The parameters are entered using pull down menus or entering data and the user can use the Tab key to move between fields.

Note: The user must click the Save Settings button to save the changes before leaving the screen.



Display Units- The user can set the desired units in either wavelength or wavenumber. . When done, click the Save button at the bottom of the menu to store the parameters.

Notifications- The user can set the desired state of audio or visual external notifications. . When done, click the Save button at the bottom of the menu to store the parameters.

Global Options- The user can set options that will work across Internal or External modes.

If "Always use crossover in single tune" is checked, then the laser will use the crossover points for 'Tune' mode. If it is unchecked, the laser will stay on the current chip as long as possible in 'Tune' mode.

If the Enable Parameter Logging is checked, the laser will save a txt file in the Home directory of the GUI with critical parameters for the QCL's. This can help troubleshoot problems with the lasers in the field.

When done, click the Save button at the bottom of the menu to store the parameters.

Laser Parameters- The user can set the laser parameters for each of up to 4 modules. Select the QCL # in the pull down menu and make any changes to the parameters. The user can change parameters on all QCLs, before clicking the Save Settings on the bottom of the screen and all changes will be saved.

The Re-Initialize Tuning button allows the user to reset the tuning index on the currently selected QCL. This will force the QCL motor to find home index, rather than re-booting the entire system.

The Wavelength (WL:) meter shows what percent of full tuning the QCL is currently tuned to. A negative number indicates the motor is out of normal tuning range on the index mark and is a normal operation. The '%' field below this indicates what percent of full current the QCL is set to. If the maximum current is 750mA, then the indicator should read 100%. This helps the user know if the QCL's are set to maximum allowed current.

Note: The user must click the Save Settings button to save the changes before leaving the screen.

Process Trigger Modes- These modes affect the Step and Measure Scan and Multi-Spectral Scan modes only. These triggers do not affect Sweep Scan modes.

Use Internal Step Mode- allows the system to control the next step in the scan and outputs a TTL signal on the TRIG OUT BNC connector. This allows the MIRcat Laser to be in the Master timing mode for data acquisition. The user can program Dwell Time for the laser to pause at the step before moving with the Internal Trigger Step Time (ms), as well as programming Off Time for the laser to turn off between scans using the Internal Trigger Step Delay Time (ms).

Use External Step Mode- waits for the user to apply a TTL trig into the TRIG IN BNC connector. This allows the MIRcat Laser to be in the Slave timing mode for external control, like data acquisition.

Use Manual Step Mode- allows the user to click on a button in the SCAN menu GUI to step the laser thru the scan steps. The laser will emit light while waiting for the next manual step command.

Pulse Modes- The user can select the Internal Pulse Mode, External Trigger Mode, External Pulse Mode or Wavelength Trigger Pulse Mode.

Use Internal Pulse Mode- uses the parameters set by the user in the Laser Parameters menu.

Use Ext. Trigger Mode- uses the TTL signal applied to TRIG IN on the back panel BNC connector; will initialize a single optical pulse per trigger whose width is set in the Laser Parameters menu.

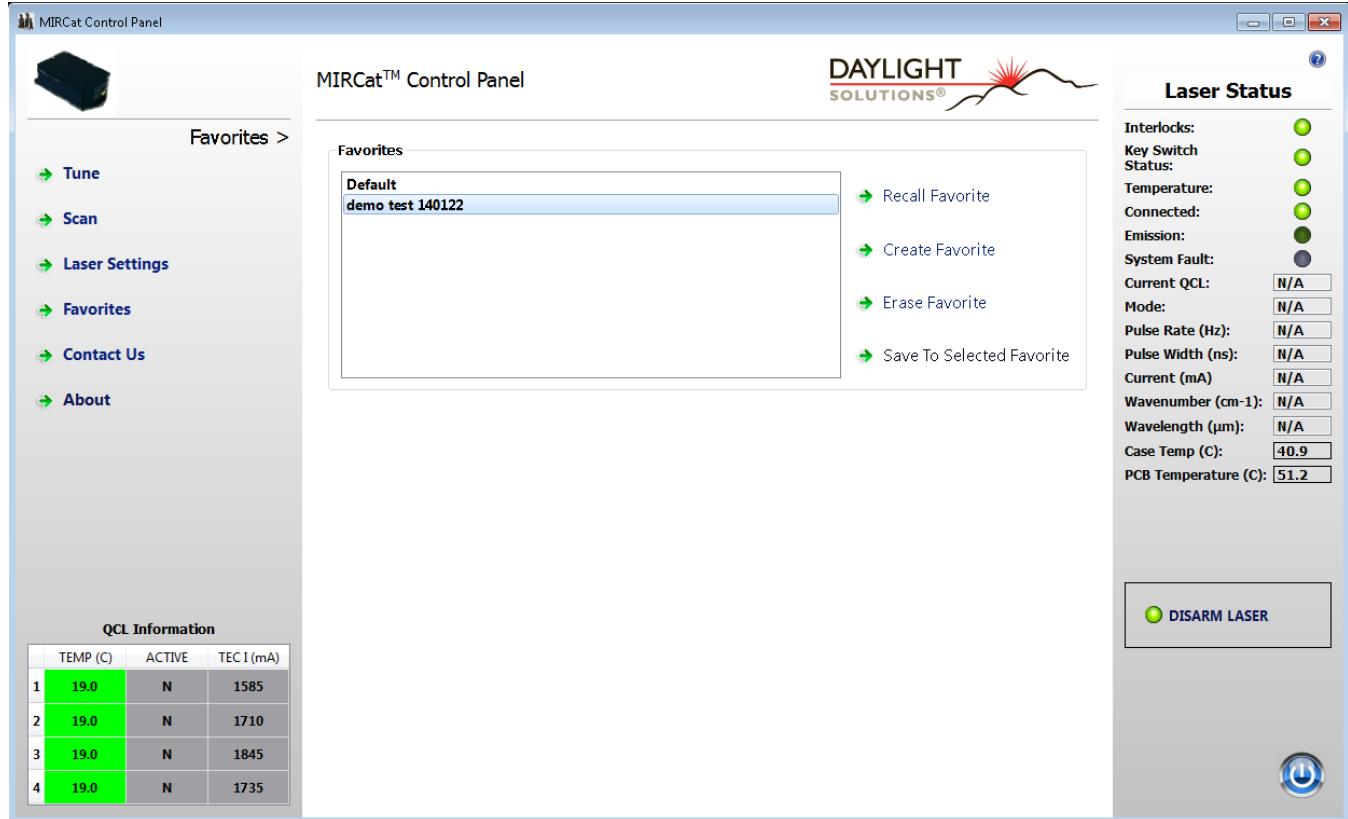
Use Ext. Pulse Mode- uses the TTL signal applied to TRIG IN on the back panel BNC connector; will initialize a single pulse per trigger whose width is determined by the applied pulse width.

Note: If the user exceeds the allowed pulse frequency or pulse width, no optical pulse will emit and an error message is issued .

Use Wavelength Trigger Pulse Mode- Active during the Sweep Scan mode only, uses the same pulse parameters as Internal Pulse Mode. This mode also emits a TTL electrical pulse on Pin3 of the DB-9 connector as the laser tunes across the set range at each preset interval, using the Start/Stop Wavelength Trigger parameters specified in the Laser Settings menu. For example, if scanning from 7 to 10 um, and the WL trigger start and stop are set to 7.5 um and 9.5 um, respectively, and the WL trigger interval is every 0.1 um, an electrical pulse will be emitted when the laser scans crosses 7.5 um, 7.6 um, 7.7 um, etc.

Favorites Menu

The Favorites Menu allows the user to save settings that are used most often. The max allowed is 8. If the max has been reached the user can select and delete all favorites except for the default.

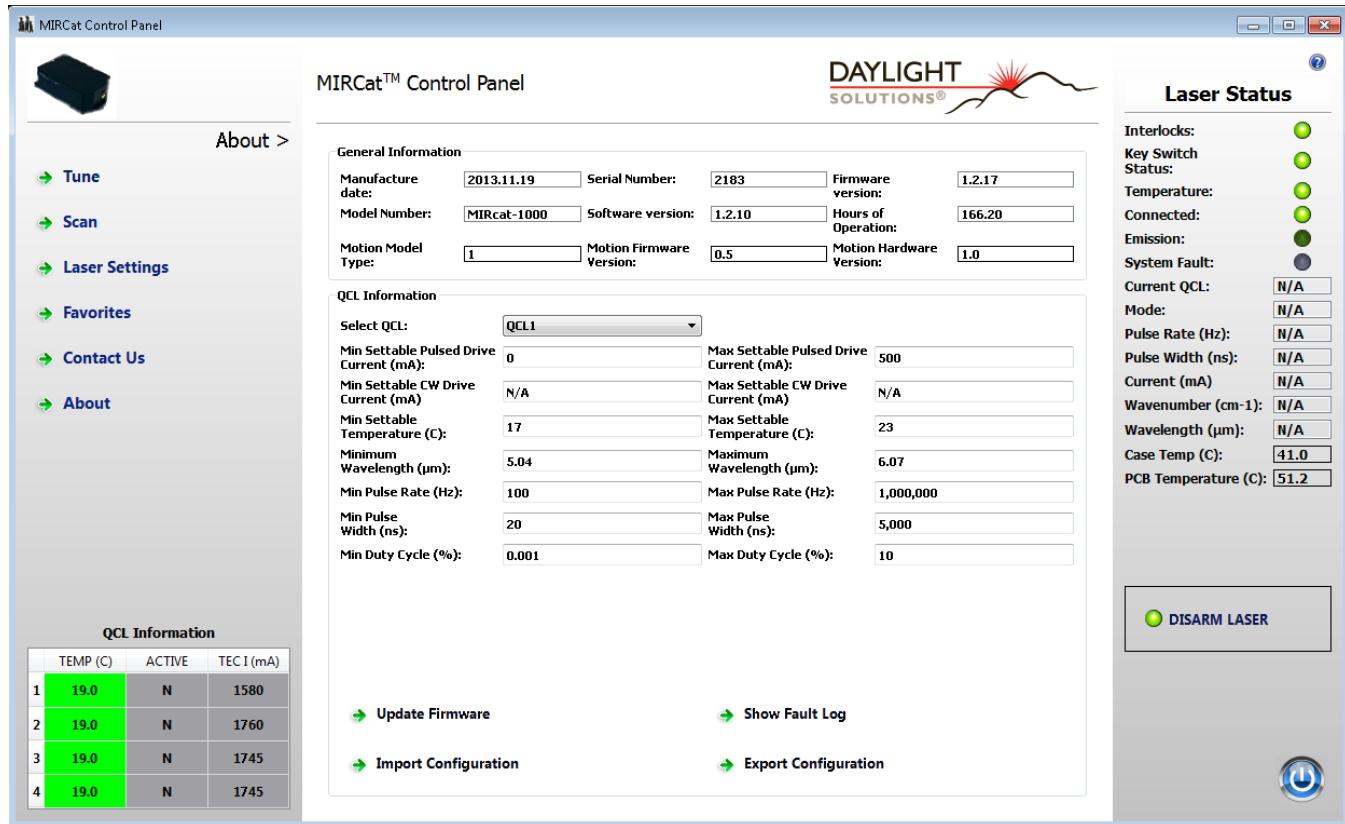


Contact Us Menu



The menu is a quick reference for the user to contact Daylight Solutions for customer support or general information.

About Menu



This menu displays all the laser parameters for the individual modules. This data is not changeable, but allows the user to see general information about the system and what QCL limits are available for changing in other menus.

This screen also contains the Update Firmware function. As new features are supported, the new firmware file will be released by Daylight Solutions. Once connected to the laser head, the user can click on this button and will be asked to load the firmware update file. The system will automatically update the firmware and reboot.

The user can also save the factory set laser parameters in a file by clicking on the Export Configuration. This will make a file that can be sent back to the Daylight Solutions factory for evaluation. A new file with new parameters can be returned from Daylight Solutions factory and loaded into the MIRcat by clicking on Import Configuration. This does not save customer parameters such as PW, PRF, scan type, Start/Stop wavelengths, etc.

7. Laser Modes

Trigger Modes (Tune)	Description
Internal Trigger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Normal Pulsed Operation. A TTL pulse is output on the back panel TRIG OUT BNC that corresponds to the leading edge of the optical pulse. ➤ Pulse parameters are set on the Settings>Laser Parameters menu. The user must click the Save Settings option to activate and store any changes.
External Trigger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ A TTL pulse is Input on the TRIG IN BNC that corresponds to the leading edge of the optical pulse. There is an inherent pulse delay. ➤ Set External Trigger Mode in Settings menu. ➤ Pulse parameters are set on the Settings>Laser Parameters menu.
Manual Trigger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The GUI will provide a button for the user to click on for the laser to step to the next location in the Scan>Step and Measure menu. ➤ Set Manual Trigger Mode in Settings menu

Pulse Modes (Scan)	Description
Internal Pulse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Normal Pulsed Operation. A TTL pulse is Output on the back panel TRIG OUT BNC that corresponds to the leading edge of the optical pulse. ➤ Pulse parameters are set on the Settings menu. The user must click the Save Settings option to activate and store any changes.
External Trigger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The shape of the input electrical pulse corresponds to the shape of the output optical pulse. Pulse Width, Duty Cycle, and Frequency are limited to the maximum range of the Controller. ➤ Width, Frequency and Duty Cycle settings are inactive on the GUI
External Pulse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The timing of the optical pulse follows the timing of the external pulse input from user's pulse generator. This allows the user to control the timing of the pulse train without introducing clock jitter. ➤ However, because of internal delays in activating the laser current, optical pulses may be shorter than the corresponding external electrical pulses. The user will need to adjust the length of the externally applied pulses to tune in the desired length of the optical pulses. Typically, external pulses will require lengthening by 100-200nS in order to achieve optical output pulses of the desired length.
Wavelength trigger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ A TTL pulse will output on Pin3 of the DB-9 connector at each wavelength step once the step size and wavelength range is entered.

8. Width, Frequency and Duty Cycle

The following sections define how to set the width, frequency and duty cycle for the MIRcat Laser Head using the MIRcat GUI Laser Settings menu. The dependencies between these three values are defined by this formula:

$$\text{Duty Cycle (\%)} = \text{Width} \times \text{Frequency} \times 100$$

Therefore, changing the value of one parameter in this equation will cause other values to change automatically, as defined by the table below:

Action	Width	Frequency	Duty Cycle
Change Width	As Requested	Does not Change	Changes
Change Frequency	Changes	As Requested	Does not Change
Change Duty Cycle	Changes	Does not Change	As Requested

Note: The firmware defines a maximum allowable value for pulse width and duty cycle, in order to prevent thermal damage to the MIRcat Laser Head:

Maximum Width value	1.0 μ sec
Maximum Duty Cycle value	5%

9. Modulation Functions (CW)

Current Modulation

QCLs do not in general exhibit a significant change in wavelength with change in current as typical laser diodes do. MIRcat circuitry and an external SMA input does, however, provide for external modulation of the QCL current at up to ~10% of the nominal set value, which results in Frequency Modulation (FM) and Amplitude Modulation (AM). The ratio of FM to AM produced will depend on the laser wavelength set, namely where the laser is being operated relative the peak of its gain curve. It is possible to achieve up to 100% AM modulation at some places on the laser gain curve. Modulation is accomplished by applying up to a 4Vpp sine wave to the SMA Current Modulation input on the MIRcat Laser Head. Although QCL dependent, a typical transfer function for applied modulation current is approximately 3.8GHz pp modulation for 100 mA (38 MHz/mA). This level of current modulation typically produces FM of $\geq 0.02 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ for modulation frequencies up to ~500 kHz.

Modulation Type	Input to CW MIRcat Laser Head	Connector
FM (with AM)*	0-4.0Vpp ($\pm 2.0\text{VDC}$) 10kHz – 500kHz	SMA

*Ratio of FM to AM depends on laser wavelength



CAUTION: Applying a voltage higher than 5VDC to the SMA can result in laser damage and will void the warranty. Use standard grounding precautions when static electricity is present.

V. COMPUTER CONTROL

1. *Interfaces*

The MIRcat system includes hardware for two different computer control interfaces:

USB - allows for control and communication through a standard USB cable and PC. The laser controller hardware provides a full-speed USB connection. It is a self-powered device; namely, it draws no current from the +5V line of the USB cable. MIRcat is designed to be compliant with USB Human Interface Device (HID) class. This means that no additional drivers need to be installed on your computer to use the USB interface. You will, however, need to install suitable third-party software to send commands via the USB interface.

An SDK command set is available for the MIRcat, and is available for use with your system, if required. This command set emulates the functionality of many of the commands available via MIRcat's rear panel connections and GUI. Check the CD that was shipped with the MIRcat, or contact customer support for the latest revision.

For more information regarding USB computer control of your MIRcat, please contact support@daylightsolutions.com.

Ethernet – although an RJ-45 jack is built into each MIRcat, this is in preparation for potential future Ethernet control of the system. Presently the MIRcat GUI does not support Ethernet control and communication. For more information, please contact Daylight Solutions or your authorized distributor.

VI. SERVICE AND SUPPORT

1. Warranty

Daylight Solutions, Inc. guarantees its lasers to be free of defects for one year from the date of shipment, or for 2000 hours of operation, whichever comes first. This is in lieu of all other guarantees, expressed or implied, and does not cover incidental or consequential loss.

2. Service and Calibration

Your MIRcat Tunable Laser System has been designed to provide years of trouble-free operation. Virtually no maintenance is required except for ensuring that the unit is not damaged, contaminated, or used in an unsafe manner. The MIRcat laser head is a sealed unit that requires no user internal adjustments or internal maintenance. (Users should not open the laser head under any circumstances, as this will void your warranty and could introduce optical contamination into the laser head.)

If using the MIRcat in CW mode, which requires water cooling with a suitable closed-loop water chiller, users should also follow the recommended maintenance procedure for the water chiller used, including changing the chiller fluid at regular intervals to avoid the potential build up of algae in the circulating water.

Any questions regarding the operation or performance of the laser will be gladly answered by Daylight Solutions engineers. Engineers are on duty from 8:00am–5:00pm PST, Monday through Friday (excluding holidays). Or try emailing your question to support@daylightsolutions.com for quicker service. For service, repair, or calibration, please call for a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number before shipping the unit to Daylight Solutions, Inc.

Periodic Safety Checks Required to Maintain CDRH Compliance

MIRcat has been designed with a number of laser safety features that ensure compliance with laser safety regulations applicable in your region. To ensure that your MIRcat remains in compliance with applicable safety regulations, users should check at least once every six months that all included safety features are operating correctly.

Specifically, users should check: a) that all safety labels, as shown and described in Chapter 1, are still firmly affixed and legible; b) the laser cannot be activated (armed) with the key switch set to the 'off' position, and that this key cannot be removed in the 'on' position; c) the white LED 'emission warning' indicator on the laser head illuminates for 5seconds after activating laser output but before laser output is observed, and that the status of this emission warning indicator is duplicated correctly on the supplied GUI; d) the mechanical shutter on the laser output port opens and closes freely, and blocks all laser emission when shut; e) laser emission cannot be enabled unless the remote interlock connector terminals are shorted; f) removing the short connection from the remote interlock connector terminals, or interrupting the primary AC power to the MIRcat head, requires a manual reset of the laser system, including cycling the key switch.

SERVICE AND SUPPORT

If you have any questions about your MIRcat, you can reach us at:

DAYLIGHT SOLUTIONS, Inc.

15378 Avenue of Science
Suite 200
San Diego, CA 92028

Phone: +1 (858) 432.7555

Fax: +1 (858) 432.5737

Email: support@daylightsolutions.com

Internet: www.daylightsolutions.com

VII. SPECIFICATIONS- MIRcat Laser Specifications- Pulsed Operation

Operating Parameters

Operation Mode	Pulsed only
Current Range	Factory set
Laser Temperature	Factory set
Relative Temperature Range	Up to +/- 5.0 °C
Cooling Requirements	None

Beam Properties

Pointing Stability	< 2 mrad per 100cm-1 of tuning
Height Above Base	4" (10.16 cm) without pedestals
Profile	Elliptical Gaussian, non-astigmatic
Minimum Spot Size	< 2.5 mm
Beam Waist	Approximately 30 to 50 cm from laser
Divergence	< 5 mrad (full angle, 1/e^2 intensity)

Pulsed Parameters

Pulse to Pulse Power Variation	< 5% pk-pk
Long Term (1 hr) Power Variation	< 2% pk-pk
Pulse Repetition Range	100 Hz - 100 kHz user selectable in 0.1kHz increments
Pulse Width Minimum	40 ns
Pulse Width Maximum	500 ns
Minimum Step Size	20 ns
Duty Cycle	0.4 - 5%

Tuning Parameters

Tuning Range	Factory set
Center Wavelength	Factory set
Maximum Tuning Rate	<1 sec (full range, each laser module, typical)
Set and Read Resolution	0.1 cm ⁻¹
Absolute Accuracy	± 0.5 cm ⁻¹

Output Power (for maximum operating current)

Peak Pulse Power	Up to 500mW, depending on modules selected (see test sheet)
Average Power Min.	1 mW
Average Power Max.	Up to 100mW, depending on duty cycle and modules selected (see test sheet)

Linewidth

Pulsed Linewidth	< 1 cm ⁻¹
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(In pulsed mode, the line shape is chirped and highly structured. Please note that pulsed mode is not appropriate for high-resolution, rotationally resolved spectroscopy.)

Polarization

Linear	>100:1, vertically polarized, perpendicular to laser base
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MIRcat Laser Specifications – CW Operation**Operating Parameters**

Operation Mode	CW or Pulsed (depends on QC modules installed)
Current Range	Factory set
Laser Temperature	Factory set
Relative Temperature Range	Up to +/- 5.0 °C
Cooling Requirements	Must use water chiller

Beam Properties

Pointing Stability	< 2 mrad per 100cm-1 of tuning
Height Above Base	4" (10.16 cm) without pedestals
Profile	Elliptical Gaussian, non-astigmatic
Minimum Spot Size	< 2.5 mm
Beam Waist	Approximately 30 to 50 cm from laser
Divergence	< 5 mrad (full angle, 1/e^2 intensity)

Pulsed Parameters

Pulse to Pulse Power Variation	< 5% pk-pk
Long Term (1 hr) Power Variation	< 2% pk-pk
Pulse Repetition Range	100 Hz - 100 kHz user selectable in 0.1kHz increments
Pulse Width Minimum	40 ns
Pulse Width Maximum	500 ns
Minimum Step Size	20 ns
Duty Cycle	0.4 - 5%

Tuning Parameters: CW-PLS only

Tuning Range	Factory set
Center Wavelength	Factory set
Maximum Tuning Rate	Full Range <1 sec
Set and Read Resolution	0.1 cm ⁻¹
Absolute Accuracy	± 0.5 cm ⁻¹

Output Power (for maximum operating current)

Peak Pulse Power	Up to 500mW, depending on modules selected (see test sheet)
Average Power Min.	1 mW
Average Power Max.	Up to 500mW, depending on duty cycle and modules selected

Linewidth

CW Linewidth	<0.01 cm ⁻¹ (typical)
Pulsed Linewidth	< 1 cm ⁻¹

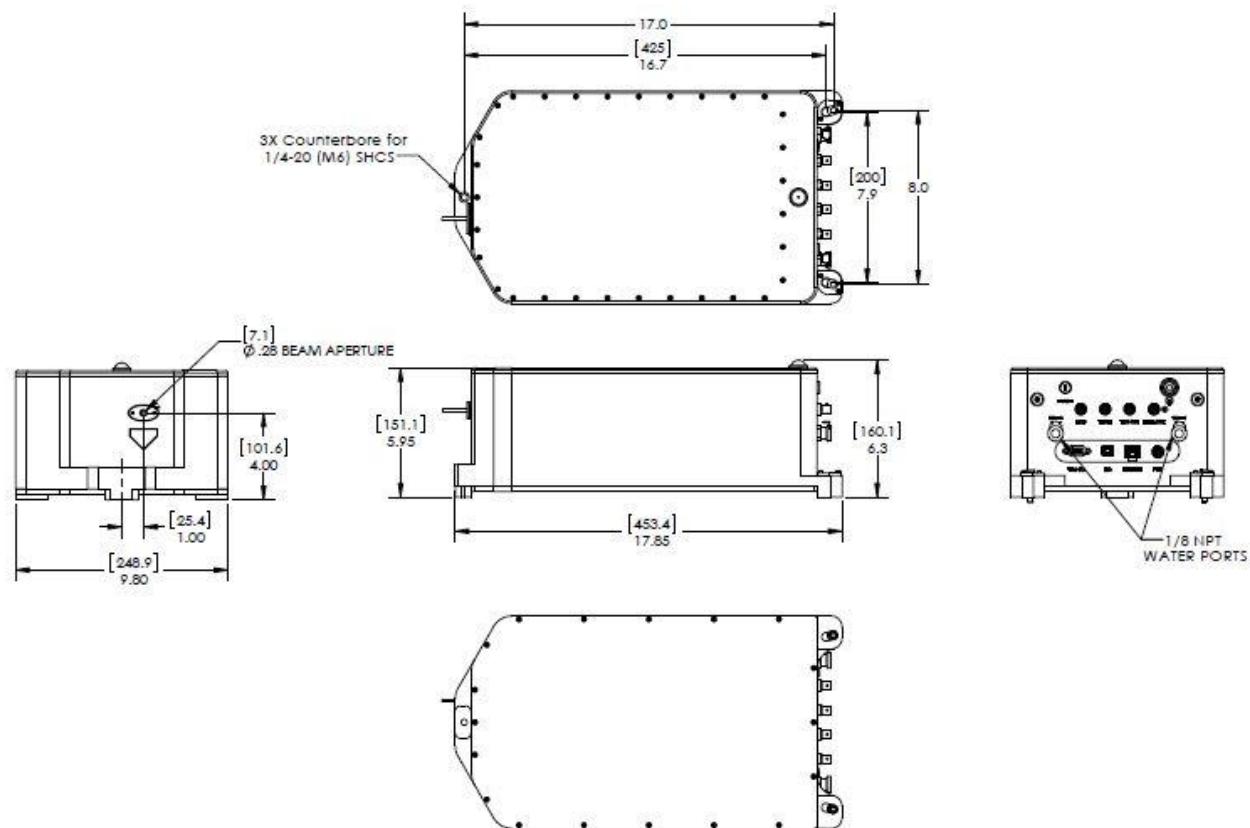
(In pulsed mode, the line shape is chirped and highly structured. Please note that pulsed mode is not appropriate for high-resolution, rotationally resolved spectroscopy.)

Polarization

Linear	>100:1, vertically polarized, perpendicular to laser base
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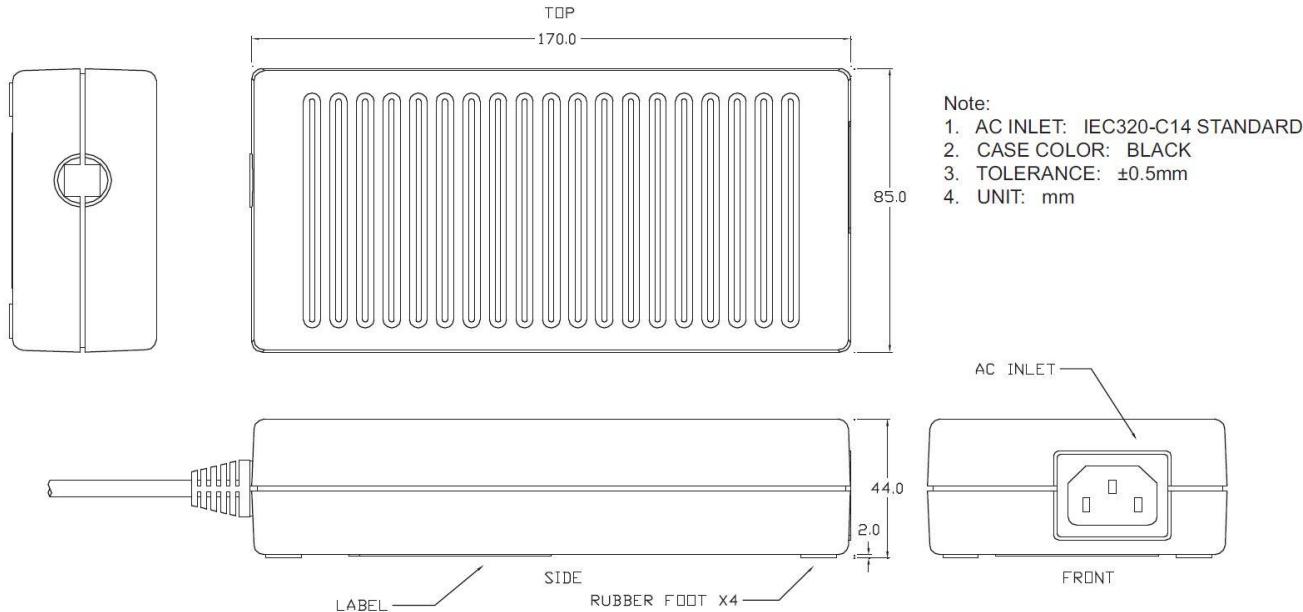
APPENDIX A: Physical Specifications

1. CW and Pulsed MIRcat Laser



Note: Dimensions are in inches or [mm]

2. Power Module



Note: Dimensions are in inches or [mm]