

Problem Set 2 (CSS)

Due by 05/12/25

```
library(needs)

needs(sf,
      tidyverse,
      gganimate,
      transformr,
      gifski,
      readr
    )
```

** Download the official Leipzig shapefile (including the city districts) from the [leipzig Open Data Portal](#).**

```
leipzig <- sf::st_read(dsn = "Data/ot.shp") # dsn = Data Set Name

head(leipzig)

ggplot(leipzig) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = Name)) +
  #scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set3") + # or use another palette you like
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(fill = "Name",
       title = "Leipzig Map by Name")
```

1. Mark and plot the following three locations on the map:
 - Your favorite bar
 - Your favorite restaurant
 - Your house

Please feel free to anonymize any of these informations if you don't feel comfortable to share or if you don't live in Leipzig ;) This is more about the exercise. (2 Points)

```
home <- st_sf(
  name = " ",
  geometry = st_sfc(st_point(c(12.3605, 51.3419))),
  crs = 4326)

pekar <- st_sf(
  name = " ",
  geometry = st_sfc(st_point(c(12.3622, 51.3365))),
  crs = 4326)

skala <- st_sf(
  name = " ",
  geometry = st_sfc(st_point(c(12.3663, 51.3393))),
  crs = 4326)

# change to transform the points to the same as leipzig.
# Shapefile ins gleiche CRS transformieren
leipzig <- st_transform(leipzig,
  4326)

# Combine into one sf object
locations <- rbind(skala, pekar, home)

ggplot() +
  geom_sf(data = leipzig, fill = "lavender", color = "lightgray") +
  geom_sf(data = locations, color = "purple", size = 3) +
  geom_sf_text(data = locations, aes(label = name), nudge_y = 0.0018, size = 3.5) +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(title = "Your Leipzig POIs", subtitle = " Home, Pekar, Skala")
```

2. Calculate the straight-line distance (in kilometers) between your home and your favorite bar. (1 Point)
3. Use R to verify whether the three points you chose are located within the same neighborhood boundaries. (1 Point)

4. Identify the centroid (geometric center) of your restaurants neighborhood. Is your favorite restaurant more than 800 meters away from it? (*2 Points*)
5. Download the [internal migration statistics](#) of Leipzigs neighborhoods from the Open Data Portal. Determine the ranking position of your home neighborhood in terms of *Innerstädtische Zuzüge* (i.e., people moving in from other parts of Leipzig). (*4 Points*)
6. Search the [OSM-Wiki](#) for how *Spätis* could be identified in Leipzig. Plot the identified Spätis on a map. (*5 Points*)
7. Determine which city district has the highest density of Spätis. (*2 Points*)
8. Create a 1 kilometer buffer around your home. How many Spätis are located within that buffer? (*1 Point*)
9. What are the potential limitations of the 1.5 km buffer method in measuring Späti accessibility? (*3 Points*)
10. Assume each person visits the nearest Späti to their home. Determine which Späti has the largest catchment area. (*3 Points*)