## Problem Set 3 (CSS)

## Due by 06/23/25

Download the official Leipzig shapefile (including the city districts) from the Leipzig Open Data Portal.

- 1. Mark and plot the following three locations on the map: Your favorite bar, your favorite restaurant and your house <sup>1</sup> (2 Points)
- 2. Calculate the straight-line distance (in kilometers) between your home and your favorite bar.(1 Point)
- 3. Use R to verify whether the three points you chose are located within the same neighborhood boundaries. (1 Point)
- 4. Identify the centroid (geometric center) of your restaurants neighborhood. Is your favorite restaurant more than 800 meters away from it? (2 Points)
- 5. Download the Migration statistics of Leipzigs neighborhoods from the Open Data Portal. Determine the ranking position of your home neighborhood in terms of *Innerstädtische Zuzüge* (i.e., people moving in from other parts of Leipzig). (4 Points)
- 6. Search the OSM-Wiki for how *Spätis* could be identified in Leipzig. Plot the identified Spätis on a map. (5 Points)
- 7. Determine which city district has the highest density of Spätis. (2 Points)
- 8. Create a 1 kilometer buffer around your home. How many Spätis are located within that buffer? (1 Point)
- 9. What are the potential limitations of the upper data collection and operationalization method in measuring Späti accessibility? (3 Points)
- 10. Assume each person visits the nearest Späti to their home. Determine which Späti has the largest catchment area. (3 Points)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Feel free to make up locations if you're not comfortable sharing real ones or if you don't live in Leipzig. You can also use a different map area (e.g., Halle or Markkleeberg). This exercise is purely for practice purposes.