



Checked Exceptions forces programmers to deal with the exception that may be thrown IOException, SQLException, IllegalThreadStateException, etc are checked exceptions "checked" means they will be checked at compile time itself

throws

☐ A throws clause can be used in the method prototype

Method() throws < Exception Type 1>,...,



```
Example java
        import java.io.*;
       public class Example
  3 = {
4  public static void main(String []args)
5  = {
   6
         try
      ₽ (
   8
          throw new IOException();
  10
          //System.out.println("After Exception");
  11
  12
         catch(IOException e)
  13
          { System.out.println("Exception:"+e.getMessage());}
  14
  15
```

```
import java.io.*;
public class Example

public static void main(String []args) {hrows IOException

throw new IOException();
//System.out.println("After Exception");
}
```



- ☐ The throws keyword in java programming language is applicable to a method to indicate that the method raises particular type of exception while being processed.
- ☐ The throws keyword in java programming language takes arguments as a list of the objects of type java.lang.Throwables class.

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