## HW2

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1.

(a)

Exists.

$$(\gamma_0, \gamma_1, \gamma_2) = (-2, 1, 1)$$

(b)

No.

(c)

Exists.

$$(a_0, a_1, a_2) = (0, -1, -1)$$
  
 $(b_{10}, b_{11}, b_{12}) = (-2, 1, 1)$   
 $(b_{20}, b_{21}, b_{22}) = (0, -1, -1)$ 

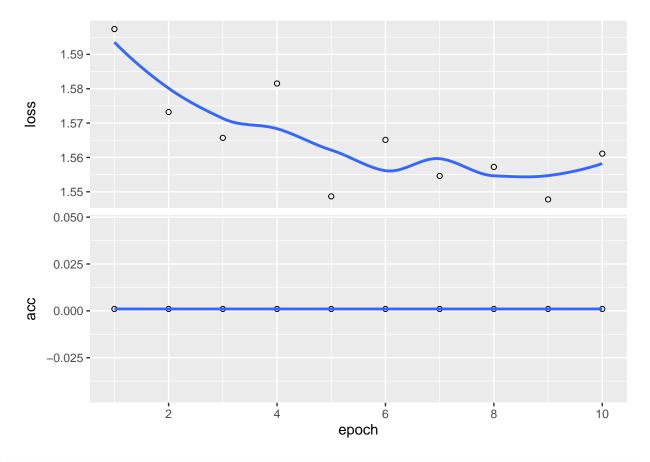
2.

(a)

```
Smarket$log_Volumne <- log(Smarket$Volume)</pre>
# Split data set for the tranning and test#
train <- filter(Smarket, Year != 2005)</pre>
test <- filter(Smarket, Year == 2005)</pre>
# Data Frama
y train <- train$Today
x_train<- train %>%
  select(Lag1,Lag2,Lag3,Lag4,Lag5,log_Volumne)
y_test <- test$Today</pre>
x_test<- test %>%
  select(Lag1,Lag2,Lag3,Lag4,Lag5,log_Volumne)
# Input Matrixs
x_train_mat <- array_reshape(as.matrix(x_train), c(nrow(as.matrix(x_train)), 6, 1))</pre>
x_test_mat <- array_reshape(as.matrix(x_test), c(nrow(as.matrix(x_test)), 6, 1))</pre>
y_train_mat <- as.matrix(y_train)</pre>
y_test_mat <- as.matrix(y_test)</pre>
(b)
LR <- lm(Today ~ Lag1 + Lag2 + Lag3 + Lag4 + Lag5 + log_Volumne,data = train)
yhat.LR = predict(LR, newdata = test)
mse.b <- mean((yhat.LR - y_test)^2)</pre>
mse.b
## [1] 0.4170463
(c)
model_RNN <- keras_model_sequential()</pre>
model_RNN %>%
  layer_simple_rnn(units = 50, input_shape = c(6, 1),activation = "linear") %>%
  layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "linear")
model_RNN %>% compile(optimizer = "rmsprop",
                   loss = "mean_squared_error", metrics = c("acc"))
history <- model RNN %>% fit(
 x_train_mat, y_train_mat,
epochs = 10,batch_size = 32)
## Epoch 1/10
## 32/32 - 1s - loss: 1.5974 - acc: 0.0010 - 952ms/epoch - 30ms/step
## Epoch 2/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5732 - acc: 0.0010 - 132ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 3/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5657 - acc: 0.0010 - 102ms/epoch - 3ms/step
```

```
## Epoch 4/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5815 - acc: 0.0010 - 84ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 5/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5487 - acc: 0.0010 - 86ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 6/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5651 - acc: 0.0010 - 82ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 7/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5546 - acc: 0.0010 - 71ms/epoch - 2ms/step
## Epoch 8/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5572 - acc: 0.0010 - 83ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 9/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5478 - acc: 0.0010 - 83ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 10/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5611 - acc: 0.0010 - 84ms/epoch - 3ms/step
```

## plot(history)



```
yhat.RNN <- predict(model_RNN, x_test_mat)

## 8/8 - 0s - 149ms/epoch - 19ms/step

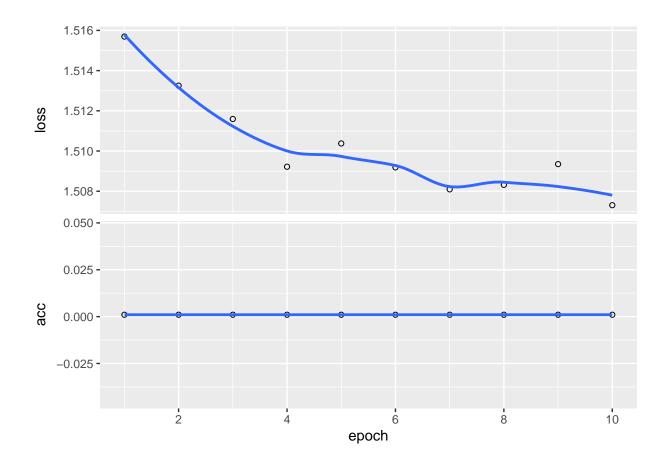
mse.c <- mean((yhat.RNN - y_test_mat)^2)
mse.c</pre>
```

## [1] 0.4215221

(d)

```
model_FNN <- keras_model_sequential()</pre>
model_FNN %>%
  layer_dense(units = 50, activation = "linear",input_shape = c(6,1)) %>%
  layer_dropout(rate = 0.3) %>%
  layer_dense(units = 25, activation = "linear") %>%
  layer_dropout(rate = 0.3) %>%
  layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "linear")
model FNN %>% compile(optimizer = "rmsprop",
                  loss = "mean_squared_error", metrics = c("acc"))
history_FNN <- model_FNN %>% fit(
  x_train_mat, y_train_mat,
 epochs = 10, batch_size = 32)
## Epoch 1/10
## 32/32 - 1s - loss: 1.5933 - acc: 0.0010 - 702ms/epoch - 22ms/step
## Epoch 2/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5473 - acc: 6.6800e-04 - 99ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 3/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5503 - acc: 0.0010 - 84ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 4/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5343 - acc: 0.0010 - 76ms/epoch - 2ms/step
## Epoch 5/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5285 - acc: 0.0010 - 100ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 6/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5358 - acc: 0.0010 - 97ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 7/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5320 - acc: 0.0010 - 86ms/epoch - 3ms/step
## Epoch 8/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5269 - acc: 0.0010 - 121ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 9/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5213 - acc: 0.0010 - 118ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 10/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5233 - acc: 0.0010 - 106ms/epoch - 3ms/step
yhat.FNN <- model_FNN %>% predict(x_test_mat)
## 8/8 - 0s - 158ms/epoch - 20ms/step
mse.d <- mean((yhat.FNN-y_test)^2)</pre>
mse.d
## [1] 0.4179631
(e)
```

```
model_LSTM <- keras_model_sequential()</pre>
model_LSTM %>%
  layer_lstm(units = 50, input_shape = c(6, 1),activation = "linear") %>%
  layer_dense(units = 1, activation = "linear")
model_LSTM %>% compile(optimizer = "rmsprop",
                  loss = "mean_squared_error", metrics = c("acc"))
history <- model_LSTM %>% fit(
  x_train_mat, y_train_mat,
epochs = 10,batch_size = 32)
## Epoch 1/10
## 32/32 - 1s - loss: 1.5157 - acc: 0.0010 - 1s/epoch - 42ms/step
## Epoch 2/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5133 - acc: 0.0010 - 133ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 3/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5116 - acc: 0.0010 - 120ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 4/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5092 - acc: 0.0010 - 133ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 5/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5104 - acc: 0.0010 - 117ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 6/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5092 - acc: 0.0010 - 148ms/epoch - 5ms/step
## Epoch 7/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5081 - acc: 0.0010 - 130ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 8/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5083 - acc: 0.0010 - 134ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 9/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5093 - acc: 0.0010 - 129ms/epoch - 4ms/step
## Epoch 10/10
## 32/32 - 0s - loss: 1.5073 - acc: 0.0010 - 151ms/epoch - 5ms/step
plot(history)
```



```
yhat.LSTM <- predict(model_LSTM, x_test_mat)</pre>
```

```
## 8/8 - 0s - 173ms/epoch - 22ms/step
```

```
mse.e <- mean((yhat.LSTM - y_test_mat)^2)
mse.e</pre>
```

## [1] 0.4204832

(f)

```
mse <- c(mse.b,mse.c,mse.d,mse.e)
which(mse == min(mse))</pre>
```

## [1] 1

Hence a linear regression achieves the smallest MSE.