Day 3 - API Integration Report - Furniro

Table of Context:

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 - 1. API calls.
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1. API integration process:

Overview

This report documents the process of integrating APIs for fetching and displaying product data in a Next.js application using Sanity CMS. The data was manually added to Sanity for better control and customization, ensuring alignment with project requirements. The integration involves querying data using GROQ, serving it through API routes, and consuming it in React components using useEffect.

1. Data Management in Sanity

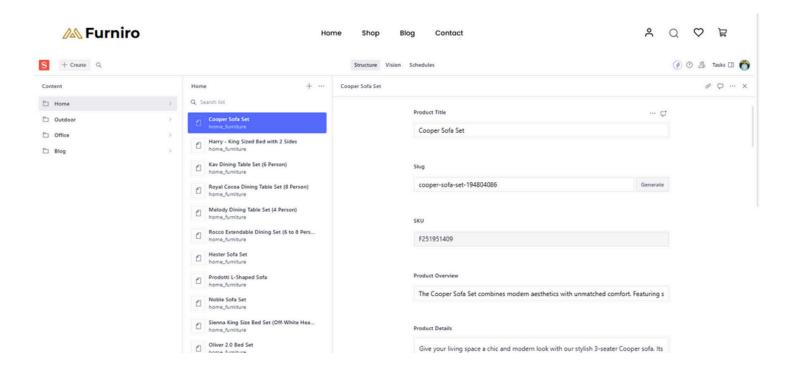
Data was manually added to Sanity Studio to meet specific requirements. This approach provided the flexibility to organize the data precisely as needed. Categories and subcategories of products included:

Categories:

- home_furniture
 - o Subcategories: Bed, Sofa, Dining table
- Office
 - o Subcategories: Office Chair, Meeting table, Bookshelves
- Outdoor
 - o Subcategories: Outdoor Chair, Coffee table, Swings
- Blog

Tags:

- New Arrival
- Special Offer
- Featured
- Top trending



2. API Routes

Custom API routes were created in the Next.js application to fetch data from Sanity CMS. The routes serve as endpoints for querying specific product categories, subcategories, or individual product details.

Example API Endpoints:

- All latest products: /api/products/latest
- 2. Category and Subcategory Based: /api/products/[category]/[subcategory]
- 3. Signle product detail page: /api/products/[category]/[subcategory]/[product]
- 4. Tagged Products: /api/products/[tag]

Fetching Data in Components:

The <u>useEffect</u> hook is used in React components to fetch data from the API endpoints. Data is dynamically retrieved and displayed to the user. This approach ensures the UI updates automatically when the data changes.

Step-by-Step Explanation

- Initialize State: Create state variables for storing products and loading status.
- Define Fetch Function: Use fetch to call the API endpoint and retrieve the data.
- Handle Loading and Errors: Display loading indicators while data is being fetched and handle any errors that occur.
- Update State: Populate the state with the fetched data to render it in the UI.

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                                              const swiperRef = useRef<SwiperRef>(null);
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                                                         if (response.ok) {
    setProductDetails(data.product);
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                                                                 const res = await fetch("/api/blog");
          > iii account
          v 🖷 blog
          > iii [category]
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                                                                 const data = await res.json();
          > ≡ cart
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          > iii checkout
                                                             } catch (error) {
    setError("Failed to load blogs.");
    console.error("Error fetching blogs:", error);
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         🗸 🚅 api
          TS route.ts
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                                                        const fetchCategories = async () => {
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                                                                 const res = await fetch("/api/blog");
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                                                                 const data = await res.json();
         > 👊 fonts
                                                                 setCategoryCounts(data.blogLength);
                                                                 setLoading(false);
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         > 📹 studio
           favicon.ico
                                                                 setLoading(false);
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                                                         fetchCategories();
```

API calls:

I called api from api routes, here you see how i called apis in frontend components and pages

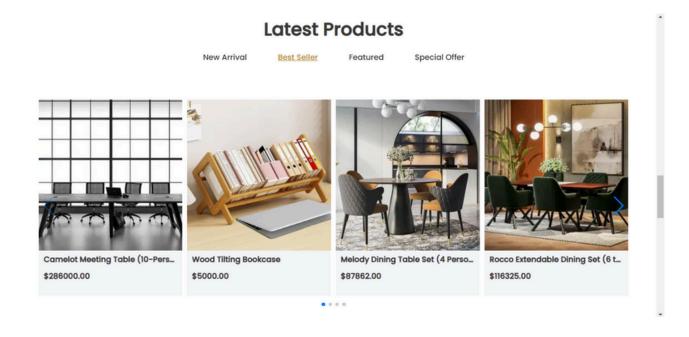
app/blog/[category]/[slug]

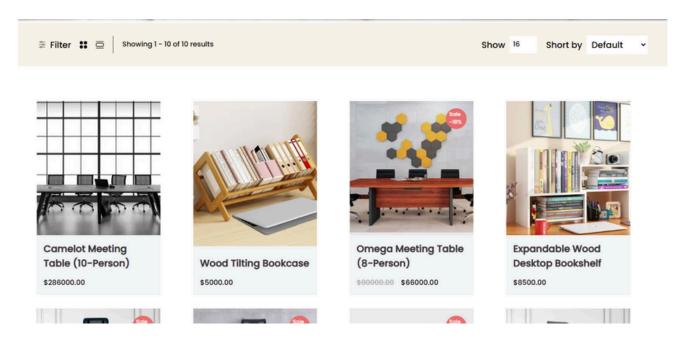
```
const data = await res.json();
if (data.blog) {
    setBlog(data.blog);
                      setBiog(data.olog);
} else {
    setError("Blog not found.");
}
                   }
} catch (err) {
setError("An error occurred.");
console.log(err)
} finally {
    setLoading(false);
             if (!params.category || !params.slug) return;
const recentPost = async () => {
                     setBlog(data.blog);
} else {
    setError("Blog not found.");
}
                if (data.recentPosts) {
    setRecentPosts(data.recentPosts);
}
} catch (err: unknown) {
    if (err instanceof Error) {
        setError(err.message);
}
                      } else {
setError("An unknown error occurred.");
        useEffect(() => {
                   tst(() -> {
    try {
      const res = await fetch("/api/blog");
    }
}
                      const res = await rectit / operation;
const data = await res.json();
setCategoryCounts(data.blogLength);
setLoading(false);
                   } catch (error) {
  console.error("Error fetching categories:", error);
  setLoading(false);
      fetchCategories();
}, []);
```

Data successfully displayed in the frontend:

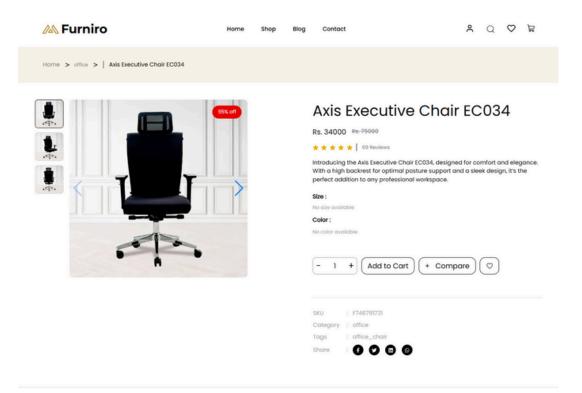
After integrating and processing the data from the API through API routes, the next key objective was to ensure that the data was successfully displayed in the frontend of the application.

This step is critical to ensure that the user interface (UI) presents accurate and up-to-date information from the backend or external sources.





Product page



Description Additional Information Reviews [3]

The Axis Executive Chair EC034 combines ergonomic design with sleek aesthetics, offering superior comfort and support for long hours of work. Featuring adjustable height, a high backrest, and padded armrests, it's crafted with premium materials for durability. Perfect for home offices or corporate setups, this chair ensures a professional and comfortable seating experience.





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Blog







How to Create an Effective Color Palette for Your **Design Projects**

Blue is often associated with trust, protessionalism, and collmess. It's widely used in corporate branding and health-wideled sites.

Red is energetic, user, and stimulating, it's commonly used for call-to-action buttons.

Yellow conveys positivity and energy, but when overused, it can cause visual fatigue.

When designing, it's important to think about what each color communicates and how it aligns with your brand's message and the user experience.

3. Contrast and Accessibility





How to Create an Effective Color Palette for Your Design



Going all-in with millennial design



Embracing the Art of Crafts – Adding a Personal Touch to Your Space