PROGRAMME:6

AIM:

Create a HTML page to explain the use of various predefined functions in a string and math object in java script

CODE:

functions.html:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
 k rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com">
 <link href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Fascinate&display=swap"</pre>
rel="stylesheet">
 <title>Document</title>
</head>
<body>
 <div class="header" id="header">
   <div class="navbar">
     <a href="#header">Home</a>
        <a href="#docs">Documents</a>
        <a href="">Contact</a>
        <a href="#about">About</a>
     </div>
    <h1>JAVASCRIPT FUNCTIONS</h1>
 </div>
 <h2 align="center" id="docs">PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS</h2>
 <hr width="35%">
 <div class="docs" style="margin-top:4em;">
    <div class="row">
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center">substr()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
         Returns the characters in a string beginning at the specified location through the
           specified number of characters.
     </div>
      <div class="content">
```

```
<h3 align="center">toLowerCase()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Returns the calling string value converted to lower case.
      </div>
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center">toUpperCase()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Returns the calling string value converted to uppercase.
</div>
    </div>
    <div class="row">
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center">charCodeAt()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
         Returns a number indicating the Unicode value of the character at the given index.
      </div>
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center"> charAt()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Returns a string containing the source of the Boolean object; you can use this string to
            create an
          equivalent object..
      </div>
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center">concat()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Combines the text of two strings and returns a new string.
</div>
   </div>
    <div class="row">
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center"> indexOf()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
         Returns the index within the calling String object of the first occurrence of the
            specified value,
          or -1 if not found.
      </div>
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center">length()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Returns the length of the string.
      </div>
      <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center"> replace()</h3>
```

```
<hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Used to find a match between a regular expression and a string, and to replace the
           matched substring
         with a new substring.
      </div>
   </div>
   <div class="row">
     <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center"> search()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Executes the search for a match between a regular expression and a specified string.
           </div>
     <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center"> slice()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Extracts a section of a string and returns a new string.
</div>
     <div class="content">
        <h3 align="center"> split()</h3>
        <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
        Splits a String object into an array of strings by separating the string into substrings.
           </div>
   </div>
   <h2 align="center" style="margin-top: 4em;">Java Script Math Object</h2>
   <hr width="35%">
   <div class="container" style="margin-top:4em;margin-bottom: 5em;">
      <div class="desc">
        The JavaScript Math object allows you to perform mathematical tasks on
           numbers.<br><br></
         Unlike other objects, the Math object has no constructor.<br>
         The Math object is static.<br><br>>
         All methods and properties can be used without creating a Math object first.<br/>
<br/>br><br/>
           </div>
      <div class="example">
       The syntax for any Math property is: <span
         style="border:1px solid #FBD285;padding: 4px;margin-right: 2px;">
           Math.property</span><br>
         JavaScript provides 8 mathematical constants that can be
           accessed as Math
          properties:<br>
```

```
Math.E
                // returns Euler's number
        Math.PI
                  // returns PI
        Math.SQRT2 // returns the square root of 2
        Math.SQRT1_2 // returns the square root of 1/2
        Math.LN2 // returns the natural logarithm of 2
        Math.LN10 // returns the natural logarithm of 10
        Math.LOG2E // returns base 2 logarithm of E
        Math.LOG10E // returns base 10 logarithm of E
</div>
   </div>
    <div class="obj" style="color:#989898;padding: 1.5em;">
      <h2 align="center">Math methodes</h2>
     <hr width="35%">
      The syntax for any Math
           property is : <span
        style="border:1px solid #FBD285;padding: 4px;margin-right: 2px;">
           Math.methode(number)</span><br>
       <dl>
        <dt>
         <u>Math.round()</u>
        </dt>
<dd>
         Math.round(x) returns the nearest integer:
        </dd>
        <dt>
         <u>Math.ceil()</u>
        </dt>
<dd>
         Math.ceil(x) returns the value of x rounded up to its nearest integer:
</dd>
        <dt>
         <u> Math.floor()</u>
        </dt>
<dd>
         Math.floor(x) returns the value of x rounded down to its nearest integer:
</dd>
        <dt>
         <u>Math.pow()</u>
        </dt>
<dd>
         Math.pow(x, y) returns the value of x to the power of y:
</dd>
        <dt>
         <u>Math.sqrt()</u>
        </dt>
```

```
<dd>
          Math.sqrt(x) returns the square root of x:
        </dd>
        <dt>
          <u>Math.abs()</u>
        </dt>
<bb>
          Math.abs(x) returns the absolute (positive) value of x:
        </dd>
      </dl>
    </div>
  </div>
  </div>
  <div id="about"></div>
</body>
</html>
style.css:
@import url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?
family=Fascinate&family=Ravi+Prakash&display=swap'); *
{
  box-sizing: border-box; }
html{ scroll-behavior:
smooth; } body{
width:100%; height:100vh;
padding:0px; margin:0px;
display: block; background-
color: #403552;
}
.header{ width:
100%;
height:100%;
margin: auto; }
.navbar{
height:70px;
position:sticky;
top:0px; }
h1{
 text-align: center;
color:#FBD285; font-family:
'Fascinate', cursive; margin-
top:5em; letter-spacing: 3px;
```

```
font-size: 45px; } ul{
display: flex; flex-
direction: row;
  justify-content: flex-end; }
li{ list-style-type:
none;
  padding: 2em;
}
a{
  text-decoration: none;
color:#FBD285; font-family:
'Fascinate', cursive;
  font-family: 'Ravi Prakash', cursive;
} a:hover{
color:#A981FF;
font-weight:bolder; }
h2{
  color:#989898;
}
.row{
  display:flex; flex-
direction: row; width:
100%;
  margin-top: 2em;
}
.content{
margin:1em;
padding: 1em;
width:30%;
height:210px;
  box-shadow: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.24) 0px 3px 8px; border-
radius: 5px;
}
.content:hover{
  box-shadow: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3) 0px 19px 38px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.22) 0px 15px 12px;
border:none;
}
h3{
  color:#989898;
}
p{
  color:#989898;
}
```

```
.container{
display:flex; flex-
direction:row;
width:100%;
}
.desc{ width:
45%;
margin:1.5em;
 padding: 2em;
}
.example{ width:45%;
margin:1.5em;
padding:1em;
color:#989898; border:
1px solid #989898;
 border-radius: 5px;
}
.obj{ width: 60%;
margin: auto; border: 1px
solid #989898;
 border-radius: 5px;
}
dl{
      margin: 2em 0 0
4em; } dd,dt{ margin-
top:1.5em; }
```

OUTPUT:







