

## Task 4:

### Aggregate Functions and Grouping

**Objective :** Use aggregate functions and grouping to summarize data

**Tools :** DB Browser for SQLite / MySQL Workbench

**Deliverables :** SQL queries using SUM, COUNT, AVG, GROUP BY

### Create new table

```
CREATE TABLE student_summary ( student_id INTEGER  
PRIMARY KEY, name TEXT NOT NULL, department TEXT, age  
INTEGER, marks INTEGER );
```

### Insert data

```
INSERT INTO student_summary (name, department, age,  
marks) VALUES
```

```
('Alice', 'CSE', 20, 85),
```

```
('Bob', 'ECE', 21, 78),
```

```
('Charlie', 'CSE', 20, 92),
```

```
('David', 'EEE', 22, 65),
```

```
('Eva', 'CSE', 21, 88),
```

```
('Frank', 'ECE', 23, 74),
```

('Grace', 'EEE', 22, 59);

| student_id | name    | department | age | marks |
|------------|---------|------------|-----|-------|
| 1          | Alice   | CSE        | 20  | 85    |
| 2          | Bob     | ECE        | 21  | 78    |
| 3          | Charlie | CSE        | 20  | 92    |
| 4          | David   | EEE        | 22  | 65    |
| 5          | Eva     | CSE        | 21  | 88    |
| 6          | Frank   | ECE        | 23  | 74    |
| 7          | Grace   | EEE        | 22  | 59    |

## 1.Count students per department

SELECT department, COUNT(\*) AS student\_count FROM student\_summary GROUP BY department;

| department | student_count |
|------------|---------------|
| CSE        | 3             |
| ECE        | 2             |
| EEE        | 2             |

## 2.Average marks per department

SELECT department, AVG(marks) AS average\_marks FROM student\_summary GROUP BY department;

| department | average_marks     |
|------------|-------------------|
| CSE        | 88.33333333333333 |
| ECE        | 76                |
| EEE        | 62                |

### 3.Count students per age

```
SELECT age, COUNT(*) AS number_of_students FROM  
student_summary GROUP BY age;
```

| i age | number_of_students |
|-------|--------------------|
| 20    | 2                  |
| 21    | 2                  |
| 22    | 2                  |
| 23    | 1                  |

### 4. Highest marks per department

```
SELECT department, MAX(marks) AS highest_marks  
FROM student_summary  
GROUP BY department;
```

| i department | highest_marks |
|--------------|---------------|
| CSE          | 92            |
| ECE          | 78            |
| EEE          | 65            |

### 5. Lowest marks per department

```
SELECT department, MIN(marks) AS lowest_marks FROM  
student_summary GROUP BY department;
```

| i department | lowest_marks |
|--------------|--------------|
| CSE          | 85           |
| ECE          | 74           |
| EEE          | 59           |
|              |              |
|              |              |