## Construction

## Dec 2023

- 1. Draw a circle of radius 3.5cm. Take a point P outside the circle at a distance of 7cm from the centre of the circle and construct a pair of tangents to the circle from that point.
- 2. Contruct a  $\triangle ABC$  with sides BC = 6cm, AB = 5cm and  $\angle ABC = 60^{\circ}$ . Then construct a triangle whose sides are  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the corresponding sides of  $\triangle ABC$ .
- 3. In Figure-1,  $DE \parallel BC$ . If  $\frac{AD}{DB} = \frac{3}{2}$  and AE = 2.7cm, then EC is equal to
  - (a) 2.0*cm*
  - (b) 1.8*cm*
  - (c) 4.0*cm*
  - (d) 2.7cm

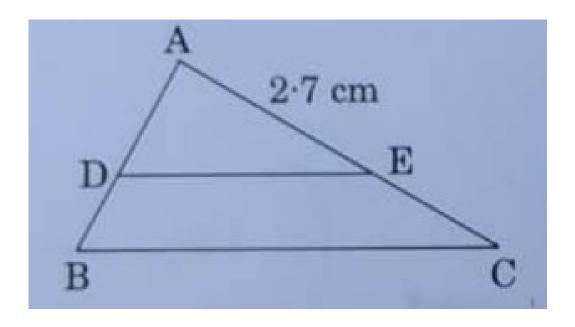


Figure 1: Adjoining triangle

4. In Figure-2, if  $PQ \parallel BC$  and  $PR \parallel CD$  that  $\frac{QB}{AQ} = \frac{DR}{AR}$ .

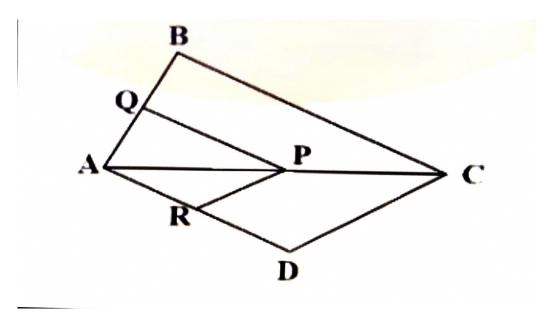


Figure 2: Intersection of Diagonals in a Quadrilateral