## Differentiation

## Dec 2023

- 1. If the radius of the circle is increasing at the rate of 0.5cm/s, then the rate of increase of its circumference is.
- 2. Differentiate  $\sec^2(x^2)$  with respect to  $x^2$ .
- 3. If  $y = f(x^2)$  and  $f'(x) = e^{\sqrt{x}}$ , then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
- 4. Find f'(x) if  $f(x) = (\tan x)^{\tan x}$ .
- 5. If  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\sec x 1}{\sec x + 1}}$ , find  $f'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$
- 6. If  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = \log \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$ .
- 7. If  $y = e^{a \cos^{-1} x}$ , -1 < x < 1, then show that

$$(1 - x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x\frac{dy}{dx} - a^2y = 0$$
 (1)