

ELK Stack Documentation

Elastic search Installation:

Step 1: To use your own version of Java, set the `ES_JAVA_HOME` environment variable. If you must use a version of Java that is different from the bundled JVM, we recommend using a supported LTS version of Java. Elastic search will refuse to start if a known-bad version of Java is used. The bundled JVM directory may be removed when using your own JVM. Recommended version

Step 2 (Linux): <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/targz.html>

Step 3 (Windows): <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/zip-windows.html>

Step 4: after installation run for windows and collect elastic user password form comment prompt. And also collect a token for connect kibana dashboard.

```
.\bin\elasticsearch.bat
```

For Linux system: (Oracle Linux, Ubuntu):

To configure Elastic search to start automatically when the system boots up, run the following commands:

```
sudo /bin/systemctl daemon-reload
sudo /bin/systemctl enable elasticsearch.service
```

For start or stop manually:

```
sudo systemctl start elasticsearch.service
sudo systemctl stop elasticsearch.service
```

Step 4: Change below configuration as need. (Elasticsearch.yml)

```
1. node.name: elk-primary-node
2. network.host: 10.11.200.117
3. http.port: 9200
4. xpack.security.enabled: true
5. xpack.security.enrollment.enabled: true
6. xpack.security.http.ssl:
7.   enabled: true
8.   keystore.path: certs/http.p12
9. xpack.security.transport.ssl:
10.  enabled: true
11.  verification_mode: certificate
```

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```
12. keystore.path: certs/transport.p12
13. truststore.path: certs/transport.p12
```

Though all setup will automatically after elastic search installation if you want to change any parameters as your need you can to it from where.

Step 5: Go to any browser and provide `https://<IP address>:9200` press enter then it will give a confirmation prompt, provide elastic search user name password that before you saved credential from the comment prompt.

Kibana Installation:

Step 1 (installation): <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/kibana/current/targz.html> ,
<https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/kibana/current/rpm.html>

Step 2: `http:<IP address>:5602` then provide token that are found from elastic search installation.

Step 3: Open `kibana.yml` file and do some configuration.

```
server.port: 5602
server.host: "10.11.200.117"
elasticsearch.hosts: ['https://10.11.200.117:9201']
elasticsearch.serviceAccountToken:
AAEAAWVsYXN0aWMva2liYW5hL2Vucm9sbC1wcm9jZXNzLXRva2VuLTE2NjkwODkyNzUyMzM6bEV4SVN4O
E9SSXEyVU95VmXJQy1xUQ
elasticsearch.ssl.certificateAuthorities: ['E:\Elastic Cluster\kibana-
8.4.0\data\ca_1669089276037.crt']
xpack.fleet.outputs: [{id: fleet-default-output, name: default, is_default: true,
is_default_monitoring: true, type: elasticsearch, hosts:
['https://10.11.200.117:9200'], ca_trusted_fingerprint:
a26cc1843a2e9a6b4e1de247a10ed7707e0ce084baa099913ae046965ee3448e}]
```

Step 5: To configure Kibana to start automatically when the system starts, run the following commands (Linux):

```
sudo /bin/systemctl daemon-reload
sudo /bin/systemctl enable kibana.service
```

Step 4: run kibana in windows

```
.\bin\kibana.bat
```

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Kibana can be started and stopped (linux) as follows:

```
sudo systemctl start kibana.service
sudo systemctl stop kibana.service
```

Logstash Installation:

Step 1(installation): <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/logstash/current/installing-logstash.html>

Offline oracle data pass in Elastic search:

- 1) Pipeline Script: Create a pipeline script for data shipment.

```
input {
  jdbc {
    jdbc_validate_connection => true
    jdbc_connection_string => "jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.11.1.45:1521/emob"
    jdbc_user => "asik"
    jdbc_password => "AbsEra#123"
    jdbc_driver_library => "D:/elasticstack/doc/ojdbc8.jar"
    jdbc_driver_class => "Java::oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
    statement => "SELECT * FROM(SELECT REQUEST_DATE,
INCENTIVE_AMOUNT,
REMARKS2,
BEN_ADDRESS,
apex_web_service.blob2clobbase64 (b.DOC_FRONT_IMG) DOC_FRONT,
apex_web_service.blob2clobbase64 (b.DOC_BACK_IMG) DOC_BACK,
apex_web_service.blob2clobbase64 (b.DOC_BACK_IMG) IMG
FROM archival.RM_PAYMENT_REQUEST_HIST a, archival.RM_REMITTANCE_DOC_HIST b
WHERE a.REQUEST_ID = b.REQUEST_ID)"
  }
}
output {
  elasticsearch {
    hosts => ["https://localhost:9200"]
    index => "remittance_doc"
    user => "elastic"
    password => "oNqFYft-c2tskbUFyHM9"
    ssl => true
    cacert => 'D:/elasticstack/elasticsearch-8.4.0/config/certs/http_ca.crt'
  }
  stdout {}
}
```

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2) Run: `bin/logstash -f "/D:/elk/ora_pipeline.conf"`

Excel Data Process in Elastic search:

1) Pipeline Script: Create a pipeline script for data shipment. (named: excel.conf)

```
input {
  file {
    path => "D:/elasticstack/doc/*.csv"
    start_position => "beginning"
    sincedb_path => "NULL"
  }
}
filter {
  csv {
    separator => ","
    columns =>
["id","name","host_id","host_name","neighbourhood_group","neighbourhood","lat
itude","longitude","room_type","price","minimum_nights","number_of_reviews","
last_review","reviews_per_month","calculated_host_listings_count","availabili
ty_365"]
  }
}
output {
  elasticsearch {
    hosts => ["https://localhost:9200"]
    index => "ab_nyc_2019"
    user => "elastic"
    password => "oNqFYft-c2tskbUFyHM9"
    ssl => true
    cacert => 'D:/elasticstack/elasticsearch-
8.4.0/config/certs/http_ca.crt'
  }
  stdout {}
}
```

2) Run: `bin/logstash -f "/D:/elk/ excel.conf"`

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Real-time Log process Config:

File Beat Configuration: (version - 8.5.3)

- 1) First of all change in filebeat.yml file in the section of logstash output on set here host and port -
output.logstash:
hosts: ["10.11.202.10:5244"]
- 2) Enable apache module using this command - (using bin)
./filebeat.exe modules enable apache
- 3) After Enabling apache module you will find a file named apache.yml, open this file and do some changes - (for access log)

```
-module: apache
# Access logs
  access:
    enabled: true

    # Set custom paths for the log files. If left empty,
    # Filebeat will choose the paths depending on your OS.
    var.paths: ["/var/log/httpd/access_log*"]
```

Provide valid log location on var.paths options.

Logstash Configuration:

- 1) Create a file on location:../logstash/conf.d/ <conf file name> (i.e. apache_pipeline.conf).
- 2) Write a data shipper code in this file (apache_pipeline.conf) based on your needs.

```
input{
  beats{
    port => 5244
    host => "10.11.202.10"
  }
}
filter{
  grok {
    match => {"message" => '%{HTTPD_COMMONLOG} %{GREEDYDATA:referrer}'
"%{GREEDYDATA:agent}"}
  }

  if "_grokparsefailure" in [tags]{
```

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```
        drop {}
    }

    useragent{
        source => "[event][original]"
        target => "uos"
    }

    # ip2location {
    #     source => "%{[source][address]}"
    # }

    # geoip{
    #     source => "%{[source][address]}"
    #     target => "geo"
    # }

    mutate {
        add_field =>{
            "host_name" => "%{[host][name]}"
            "verb" => "%{[http][request][method]}"
            "http_version" => "%{[http][version]}"
            "status_code" => "%{[http][response][status_code]}"
            "log_time" => "%{[timestamp]}"
            "req_ip" => "%{[source][address]}"
            "os_name" => "%{[uos][os][name]}"
            "os_full_name" => "%{[uos][os][full]}"
            "os_version" => "%{[uos][os][version]}"
            "browser_name" => "%{[uos][name]}"
            "browser_varsion" => "%{[uos][version]}"
        }

        remove_field => [ "http", "@version",
            "log", "host", "url", "uos", "message", "agent", "tags" ]
    }

    ruby{
        code => "
            str = event.get('referrer');
            v = (str =~ /=/);
            v_data = str[v+1, str.length];
            v_app = (v_data =~ /:/i);
            a = v_data[0,v_app];
        "
```

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```
        b = v_data[v_app+1,v_data.length];
        v_page_id = (b =~ /:/i);
        c = b[0,v_page_id];
        d = b[v_page_id+1,b.length];
        v_session_id = (d =~ /:/i);
        e = d[0,v_session_id];
        event.set('app_id',a);
        event.set('page_id',c);
        event.set('app_session',e);
    "
}

if "_rubyexception" in [tags]{
    drop {}
}
}

#output{
#    stdout {
#        codec => rubydebug
#    }
#}

output {
    elasticsearch {
        hosts => ["https://10.11.200.109:9200"]
        manage_template => false
        index => "apache_log-%{+YYYY.MM.dd}"
        user => "fardaus"
        password => "123456"
        ssl => true
        cacert => '/home/elk-stack/elk/certs/http_ca.crt'
    }
    stdout {}
}
```

3) Change pipeline.yml file -

- pipeline.id: pipeline_apache_log
- path.config: "/etc/logstash/conf.d/apache_pipeline.conf"

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For Oracle Apex (http.d) Configuration:

- 1) Change /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf adding -

```
ServerRoot "/etc/httpd"
Listen 80
Include conf.modules.d/*.conf

# "/var/www/cgi-bin" should be changed to whatever your ScriptAliased
# CGI directory exists, if you have that configured.
#
Alias /j/ "/etc/httpd/j/"

<Directory "/etc/httpd/j">
    #Options Indexes MultiViews FollowSymLinks
    AllowOverride None
    Options None
    Require all granted
</Directory>

# Load config files in the "/etc/httpd/conf.d" directory, if any.
IncludeOptional conf.d/*.conf

ProxyPass          /cblagent    http://10.11.201.82:8080/cblagent
ProxyPassReverse   /cblagent    http://10.11.201.82:8080/cblagent
RequestHeader unset Origin
```

- 2) Provide oracle apex image file (i.e i or j) in the location of /etc/httpd

Run modules one by one:

- 1) Run elasticsearch: /bin/elasticsearch
- 2) Run kibana: /bin/kibana
- 3) Run logstash: /bin/logstash -f Or /bin/logstash -f "config file location"
- 4) Run filebeat: /bin/filebeat -e