10/10 points (100.00%)

	Congratulations! You passed!	Next Item	
~	1/1 point		
1.			
	hing among a large number of hyperparameters, you should try values in a grid rather t ut the search more systematically and not rely on chance. True or False?	han random values, so that y	ou can
	True		
	False		
Corr	ect		
	1/1		
	point		
2. Every k	yperparameter, if set poorly, can have a huge negative impact on training, and so all hyp	pernarameters are about equ	ally
	ant to tune well. True or False?	perpurumeters are about equ	uny
	True		
	False		
Corre	ect We've seen in lecture that some hyperparameters, such as the learning rate, are more c	ritical than others.	
	1/1		
/	point		
3.			
	hyperparameter search, whether you try to babysit one model ("Panda" strategy) or traidetermined by:	n a lot of models in parallel ("	Caviar") is
	Whether you use batch or mini-batch optimization		
	The precence of local minima (and caddle points) in your neural network		
	The presence of local minima (and saddle points) in your neural network		
	The amount of computational power you can access		
Corr	ect		
	The number of hyperparameters you have to tune		

Hyperparameter tuning, Batch Normalization, Programming Frameworks

10/10 points (100.00%)

4. Quiz, 10 questions

If you think eta (hyperparameter for momentum) is between on 0.9 and 0.99	, which of the following is the recommended way to sample
a value for beta?	

1 r = np.random.rand() 2 beta = r*0.09 + 0.9	

1 r = np.random.rand() 2 beta = 1-10**(- r - 1)

Correct

1 r = np.random.rand() 2 beta = 1-10**(- r + 1)

1 r = np.random.rand() 2 beta = r*0.9 + 0.09

1/1 point

_

Finding good hyperparameter values is very time-consuming. So typically you should do it once at the start of the project, and try to find very good hyperparameters so that you don't ever have to revisit tuning them again. True or false?

True

False

Correct



1/1 point

6.

In batch normalization as presented in the videos, if you apply it on the lth layer of your neural network, what are you normalizing?

 $igcup W^{[l]}$

 $igcup_{[l]}$

Correct



1/1 point

7.

In the normalization formula $z_{norm}^{(i)}=rac{z^{(i)}-\mu}{\sqrt{\sigma^2+arepsilon^2}}$ why do we use epsilon?



To avoid division by zero

Correct

- To speed up convergence
- To have a more accurate normalization
- In case μ is too small



1/1 point

8.

Which of the following statements about γ and β in Batch Norm are true?

There is one global value of $\gamma \in \Re$ and one global value of $\beta \in \Re$ for each layer, and applies to all the hidden units in that layer.

Un-selected is correct

They can be learned using Adam, Gradient descent with momentum, or RMSprop, not just with gradient descent.

Correct

They set the mean and variance of the linear variable $z^{[l]}$ of a given layer.

Correct

The optimal values are $\gamma=\sqrt{\sigma^2+arepsilon}$, and $eta=\mu$.

Un-selected is correct

igcap eta and γ are hyperparameters of the algorithm, which we tune via random sampling.

Un-selected is correct



THY perpataments with bing objects. Normalization, programming we example you should: Frameworks (100.00%) Question and σ^2 estimated using an exponentially weighted average across mini-batches seen during training.
If you implemented Batch Norm on mini-batches of (say) 256 examples, then to evaluate on one test example, duplicate that example 256 times so that you're working with a mini-batch the same size as during training.
Use the most recent mini-batch's value of μ and σ^2 to perform the needed normalizations.
Skip the step where you normalize using μ and σ^2 since a single test example cannot be normalized.
1/1 point of these statements about deep learning programming frameworks are true? (Check all that apply) Even if a project is currently open source, good governance of the project helps ensure that the it remains open even in the long term, rather than become closed or modified to benefit only one company.
A programming framework allows you to code up deep learning algorithms with typically fewer lines of code than a lower-level language such as Python.
Deep learning programming frameworks require cloud-based machines to run.

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