

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn import metrics
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("smart_grid_stability_augmented.csv")
df.head()
```

	tau1	tau2	tau3	tau4	p1	p2	p3	p4	g1	g2	g3	g4	stab	stabf
0	2.959060	3.079885	8.381025	9.780754	3.763085	-0.782604	-1.257395	-1.723086	0.650456	0.859578	0.887445	0.958034	0.055347	unstable
1	9.304097	4.902524	3.047541	1.369357	5.067812	-1.940058	-1.872742	-1.255012	0.413441	0.862414	0.562139	0.781760	-0.005957	stable
2	8.971707	8.848428	3.046479	1.214518	3.405158	-1.207456	-1.277210	-0.920492	0.163041	0.766689	0.109853	0.003471	unstable	stable
3	0.716415	7.669600	4.486441	2.340563	3.963791	-1.027473	-1.938944	-0.997374	0.446209	0.976744	0.929381	0.362718	0.028871	unstable
4	3.134112	7.608772	4.943759	9.857373	3.525811	-1.125531	-1.845975	-0.554305	0.797110	0.455450	0.656947	0.820923	0.049860	unstable

```
In [3]: df.shape
Out[3]: (60900, 14)
```

Data Cleaning

```
In [4]: df.isnull().sum()
```

	tau1	tau2	tau3	tau4	p1	p2	p3	p4	g1	g2	g3	g4	stab	stabf
tau1	0													
tau2	0													
tau3	0													
tau4	0													
p1	0													
p2	0													
p3	0													
p4	0													
g1	0													
g2	0													
g3	0													
g4	0													
stab	0													
stabf	0													
dtype:	int64													

since there is no null values in all the columns , we proceed to next step

```
In [5]: df.dtypes
Out[5]: tau1    float64
tau2    float64
tau3    float64
tau4    float64
p1      float64
p2      float64
p3      float64
p4      float64
g1      float64
g2      float64
g3      float64
g4      float64
stab     object
stabf    object
dtype: object

In [6]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
l = LabelEncoder()
df['stabf'] = l.fit_transform(df['stabf'])

In [7]: df.value_counts('stabf')
```

stabf	count	dtype
1	38280	int64
0	21720	int64

Splitting data into training and test data

```
In [8]: x = df.drop('stabf',axis = 1)
y = df['stabf']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size = 0.25)

In [11]: print(x_train.shape)
print(y_train.shape)
print(x_test.shape)
print(y_test.shape)

(45000, 13)
(45000,)
(14871, 13)
(15000,)
```

Model Implimentation

```
In [12]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report

In [13]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

In [14]: m1 = LogisticRegression(max_iter = 1000)
m1.fit(x_train,y_train)
print('Training score',m1.score(x_train,y_train))
print('Testing score',m1.score(x_test,y_test))
ypred = m1.predict(x_test)
print(ypred)
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,ypred)
print('Confusion Matrix\n',cm)
print('Classification Report\n',classification_report(y_test,ypred,zero_division=0))
```

Training score 0.96
Testing score 0.9611333333333333

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.94	0.95	5511
1	0.96	0.98	0.97	9489
accuracy	0.96	0.96	0.96	15000
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	15000
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	15000

```
In [15]: cm = pd.DataFrame(data=confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred, labels=[0, 1]),
index=["Actual Unstable", "Actual Stable"],
columns=["Predicted Unstable", "Predicted Stable"])
cm
```

	Predicted Unstable	Predicted Stable
Actual Unstable	5159	352
Actual Stable	231	9258

```
In [16]: print(f'Accuracy per the confusion matrix: (((cm.iloc[0, 0] + cm.iloc[1, 1]) / len(y_test) * 100):.2f)%)
Accuracy per the confusion matrix: 96.11%
```

```
In [17]: def plot_confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred):
'''Plotting Confusion Matrix'''
cm = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred)
ax = plt.subplot(1,1,1)
ax = sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='t', cmap='Purples')
ax.set_xlabel('Predicted labels', fontsize=18)
ax.set_ylabel('True labels', fontsize=18)
ax.set_title('Confusion Matrix', fontsize=25)
ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(['Bad', 'Good', 'Middle'])
ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(['Bad', 'Good', 'Middle'])
plt.show()
```

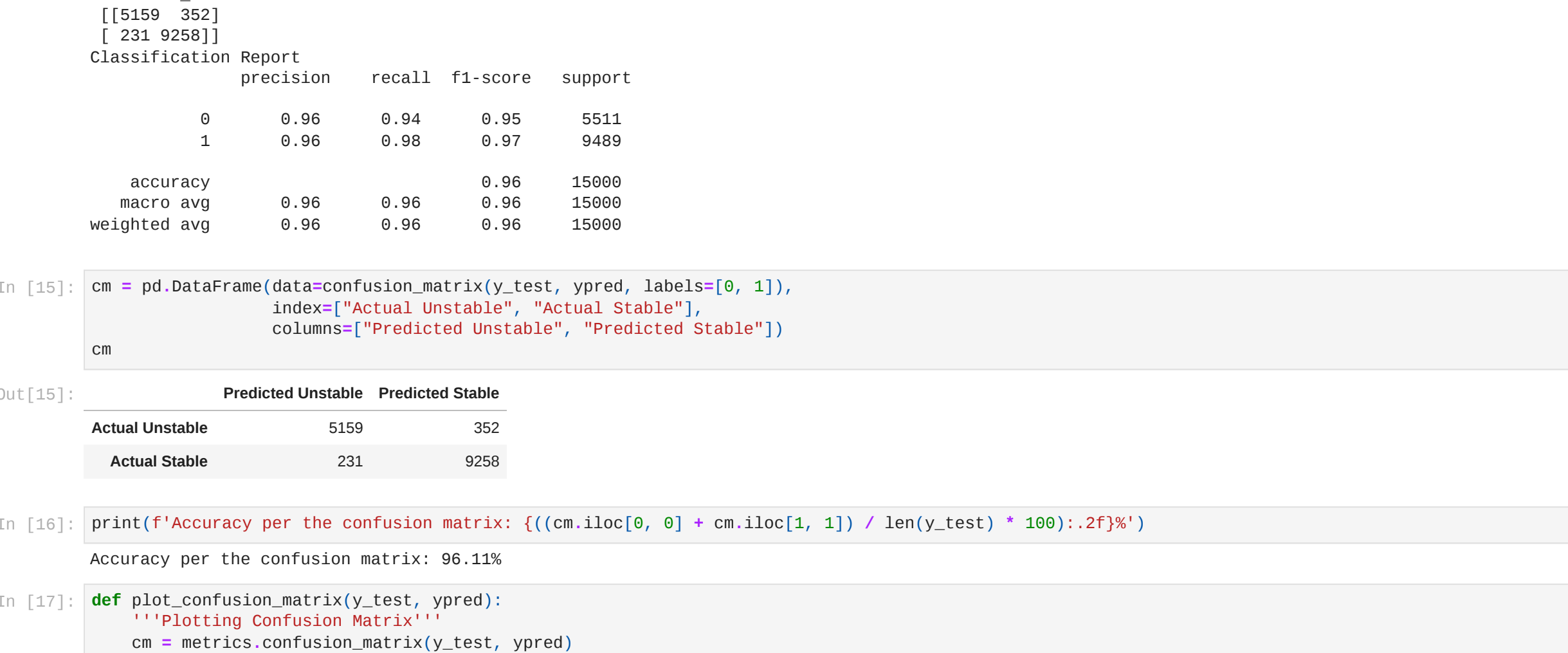
```
In [18]: def clf_plot(y_test, y_pred) :
''' Plotting Classification report'''
cr = pd.DataFrame(metrics.classification_report(y_test, y_pred_rf, digits=3,
output_dict=True)).T
cr.drop(columns='support', inplace=True)
sns.heatmap(cr, cmap='Purples', annot=True, linewidth=0.5).axis.tick_top()
```

```
In [19]: def clf_plot(y_pred) :
'''
1) Plotting Confusion Matrix
2) Plotting Classification Report'''
cm = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred)
cr = pd.DataFrame(metrics.classification_report(y_test, ypred, digits=3, output_dict=True)).T
cr.drop(columns='support', inplace=True)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 5))

# Left AX : Confusion Matrix
ax[0] = sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='t', cmap="Purples", ax=ax[0])
ax[0].set_xlabel('Predicted labels', fontsize=18)
ax[0].set_ylabel('True labels', fontsize=18)
ax[0].set_title('Confusion Matrix', fontsize=25)
ax[0].xaxis.set_ticklabels(['Bad', 'Good'])
ax[0].yaxis.set_ticklabels(['Bad', 'Good'])

# Right AX : Classification Report
ax[1] = sns.heatmap(cr, cmap='Purples', annot=True, linewidth=0.5, ax=ax[1])
ax[1].xaxis.set_ticklabels(['Bad', 'Good'])
ax[1].set_title('Classification Report', fontsize=25)
plt.show()
```

```
In [20]: clf_plot(ypred)
```



Decision Tree

```
In [21]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

In [22]: m2 = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini',min_samples_split=20,max_depth=13)
m2.fit(x_train,y_train)
print('Training score',m2.score(x_train,y_train))
print('Testing score',m2.score(x_test,y_test))
ypred = m2.predict(x_test)
print(ypred)
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,ypred)
print('Confusion Matrix\n',cm)
print('Classification Report\n',classification_report(y_test,ypred,zero_division=0))
```

Training score 1.0
Testing score 1.0

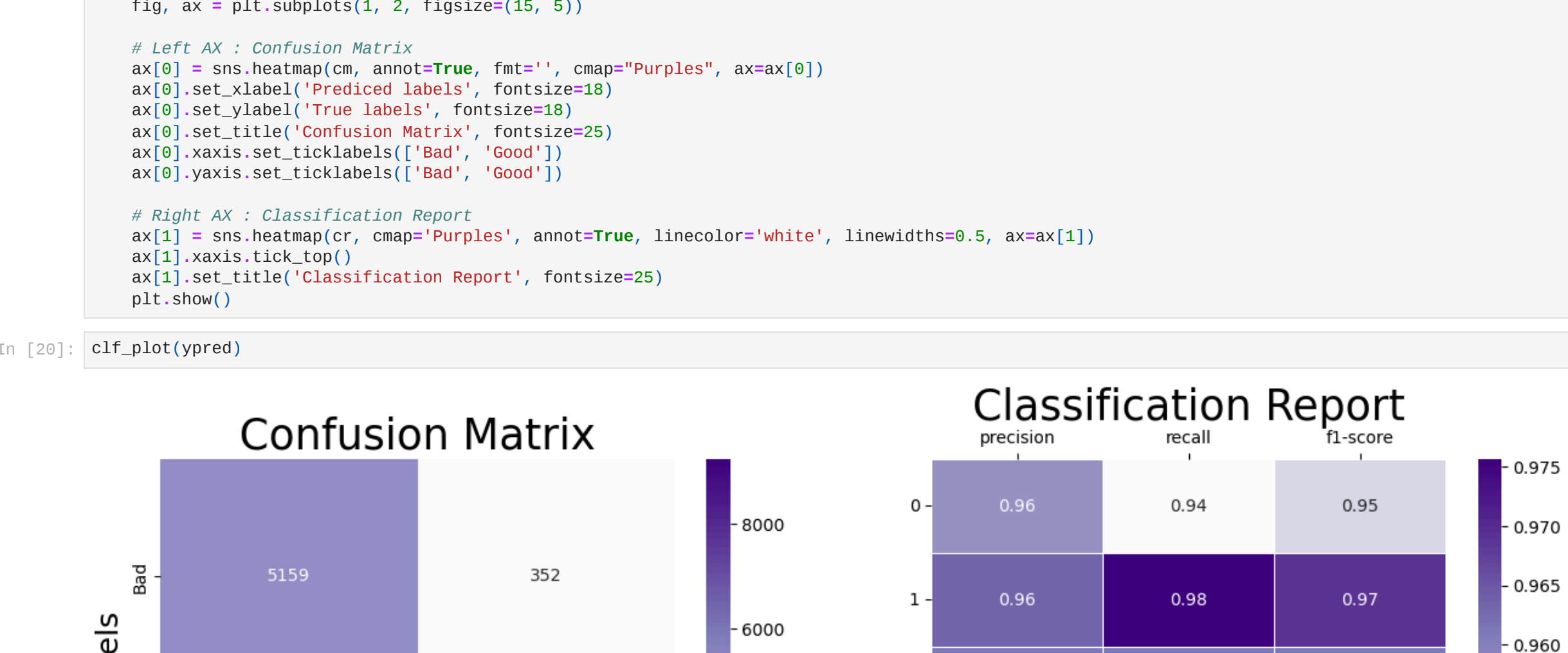
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	5511
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	9489
accuracy	1.00	1.00	1.00	15000
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	15000
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	15000

```
In [23]: cm = pd.DataFrame(data=confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred, labels=[0, 1]),
index=["Actual Unstable", "Actual Stable"],
columns=["Predicted Unstable", "Predicted Stable"])
cm
```

	Predicted Unstable	Predicted Stable
Actual Unstable	5511	0
Actual Stable	0	9489

```
In [24]: print(f'Accuracy per the confusion matrix: (((cm.iloc[0, 0] + cm.iloc[1, 1]) / len(y_test) * 100):.2f)%)
Accuracy per the confusion matrix: 100.00%
```

```
In [25]: clf_plot(ypred)
```



Random Forest

```
In [26]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

In [27]: m3 = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=51,criterion='entropy',min_samples_split=20,max_depth=13)
m3.fit(x_train,y_train)
print('Training score',m3.score(x_train,y_train))
print('Testing score',m3.score(x_test,y_test))
ypred = m3.predict(x_test)
print(ypred)
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,ypred)
print('Confusion Matrix\n',cm)
print('Classification Report\n',classification_report(y_test,ypred,zero_division=0))
```

Training score 1.0
Testing score 1.0

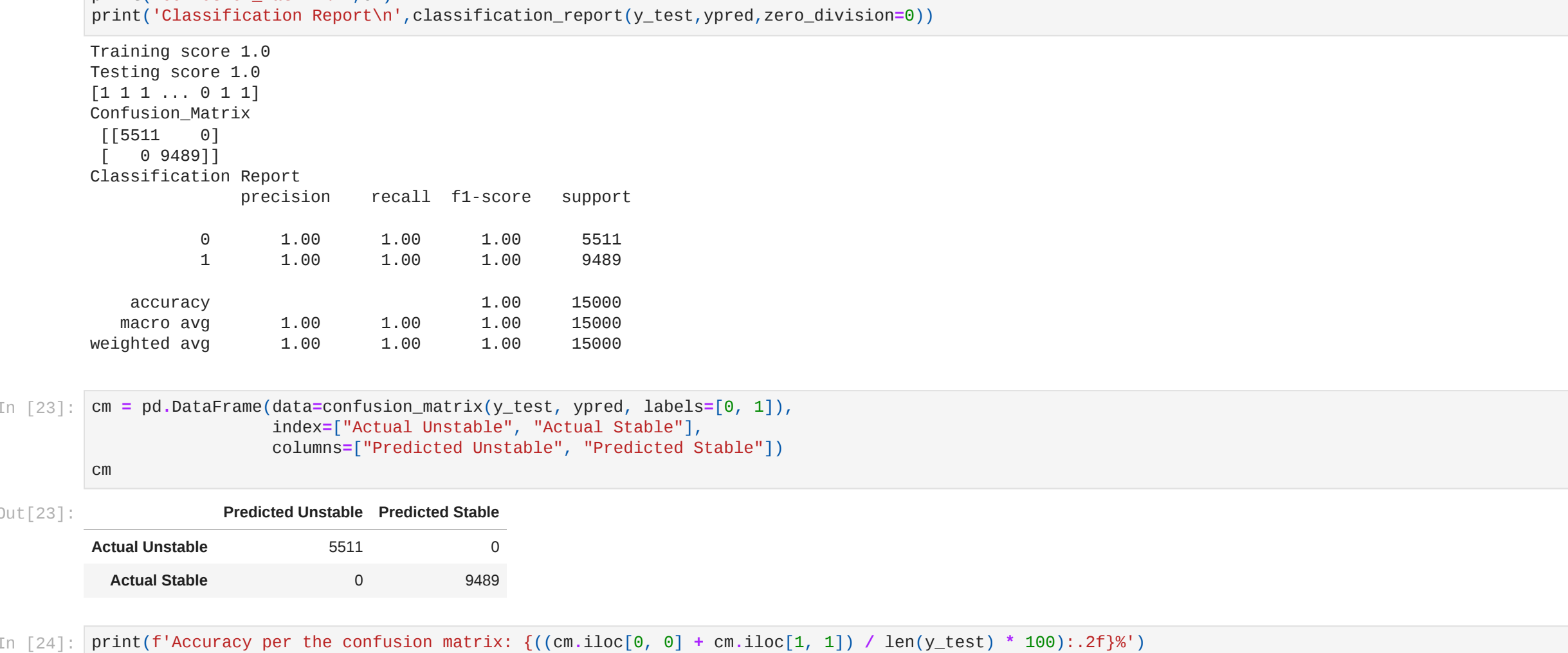
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	5511
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	9489
accuracy	1.00	1.00	1.00	15000
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	15000
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	15000

```
In [28]: cm = pd.DataFrame(data=confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred, labels=[0, 1]),
index=["Actual Unstable", "Actual Stable"],
columns=["Predicted Unstable", "Predicted Stable"])
cm
```

	Predicted Unstable	Predicted Stable
Actual Unstable	5511	0
Actual Stable	0	9489

```
In [29]: print(f'Accuracy per the confusion matrix: (((cm.iloc[0, 0] + cm.iloc[1, 1]) / len(y_test) * 100):.2f)%)
Accuracy per the confusion matrix: 100.00%
```

```
In [30]: clf_plot(ypred)
```



K Nearest Neighbor

```
In [31]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

In [32]: m4 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=21)
m4.fit(x_train,y_train)
print('Training score',m4.score(x_train,y_train))
print('Testing score',m4.score(x_test,y_test))
ypred = m4.predict(x_test)
print(ypred)
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,ypred)
print('Confusion Matrix\n',cm)
print('Classification Report\n',classification_report(y_test,ypred,zero_division=0))
```

Training score 0.8418666666666667
Testing score 0.8196666666666667

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.80	0.67	0.73	5511
1	0.83	0.90	0.86	9489
accuracy	0.82	0.79	0.82	15000
macro avg	0.82	0.82	0.82	15000
weighted avg	0.82	0.82	0.82	15000

```
In [33]: cm = pd.DataFrame(data=confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred, labels=[0, 1]),
index=["Actual Unstable", "Actual Stable"],
columns=["Predicted Unstable", "Predicted Stable"])
cm
```

	Predicted Unstable	Predicted Stable
Actual Unstable	3718	1793
Actual Stable	912	8577

```
In [34]: print(f'Accuracy per the confusion matrix: (((cm.iloc[0, 0] + cm.iloc[1, 1]) / len(y_test) * 100):.2f)%)
Accuracy per the confusion matrix: 81.97%
```

```
In [35]: clf_plot(ypred)
```



Artificial Neural Network

```
In [36]: import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras import models

In [38]: model = keras.models.Sequential([
keras.layers.Dense(256,activation = 'relu',input_shape = [13]),
keras.layers.Dense(128,activation = 'relu'),
keras.layers.Dense(64,activation = 'relu'),
keras.layers.Dense(32,activation = 'relu'),
keras.layers.Dense(1,activation = 'sigmoid')
])

In [39]: from tensorflow.keras import optimizers

In [43]: model.compile(loss = 'binary_crossentropy',
optimizer = optimizers.RMSprop(lr = 1e-4),
metrics = [accuracy])

WARNING:absl: 'lr' is deprecated in Keras optimizer, please use 'learning_rate' or use the legacy optimizer, e.g., tf.keras.optimizers.legacy.RMSprop.

In [44]: model.summary()
```

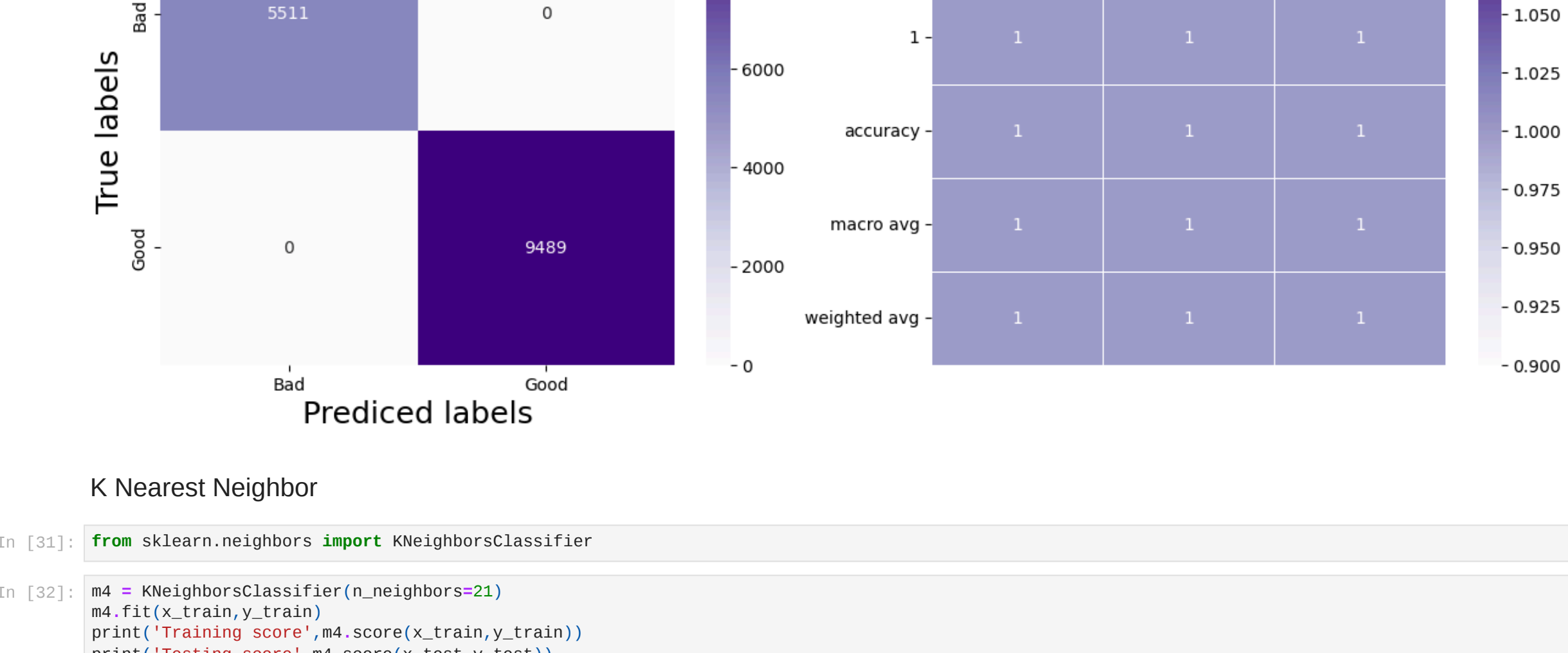
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 256)	3584
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33

Total params: 46949 (183.00 KB)
Trainable params: 46949 (183.00 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
In [45]: history = model.fit(x_train,y_train,epochs = 30,validation_data = (x_test,y_test))
```

Epoch	loss	accuracy	val_loss	val_accuracy
Epoch 1/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 2/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 3/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 4/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 5/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 6/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 7/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 8/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 9/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 10/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 11/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 12/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 13/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 14/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 15/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 16/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 17/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 18/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 19/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 20/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 21/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 22/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 23/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 24/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 25/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 26/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 27/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 28/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 29/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966
Epoch 30/30	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966	0.9966

```
In [46]: pd.DataFrame(history.history).plot(figsize = (8,5))
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
```