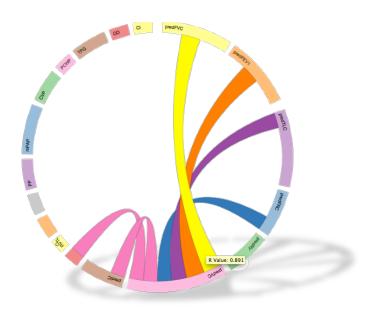
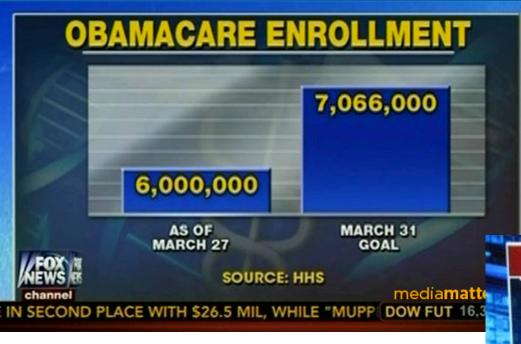
# Module #1c Data Visualization Lies



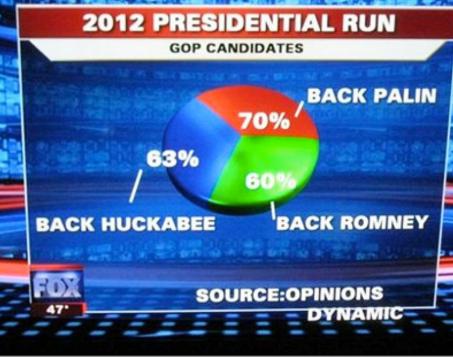


#### **CONSIDERATIONS – VIS LIES**

#### Lying with Data Visualization

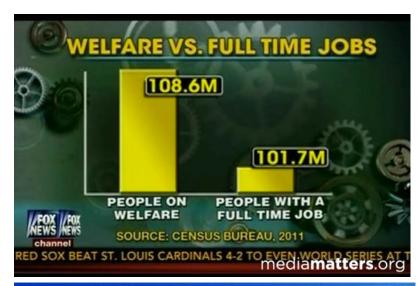


What are some of the most common data misrepresentations?



### 1. Truncated Y-axis

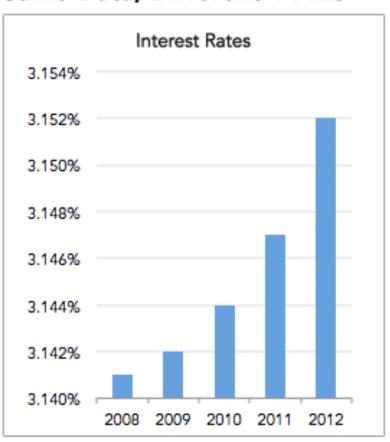
- Infamous for its overuse in politics, the truncated y-axis is a classic way to visually mislead.
- At first glance, the visual dynamics of the graph suggest people on welfare to number four times as many as people with jobs.

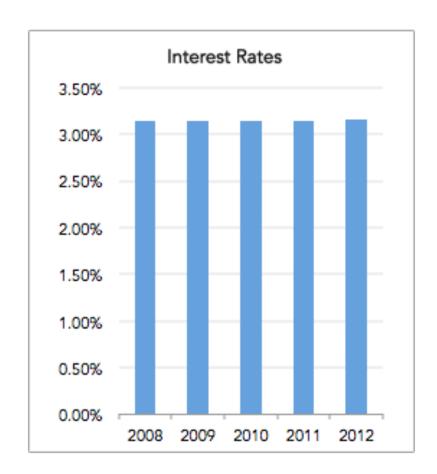




### 1. Truncated Y-axis

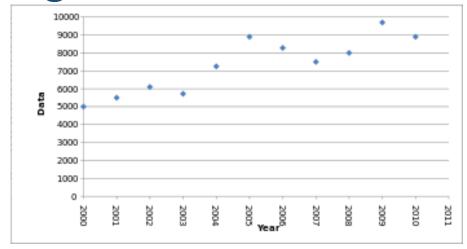
#### Same Data, Different Y-Axis

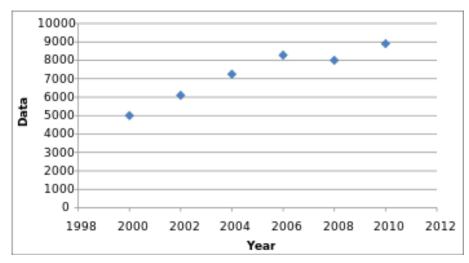




## 2. Omitting Data

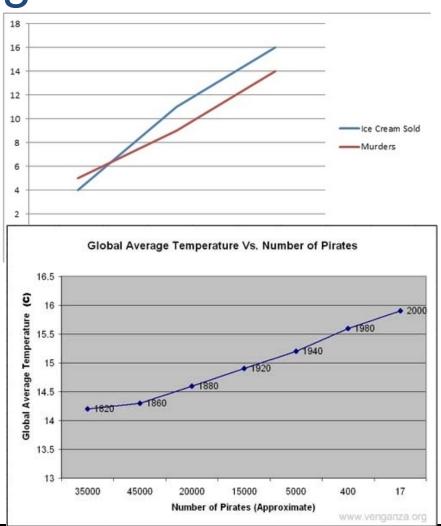
- By omitting certain data points, trends that don't actually exist can easily be created whereas some existing highlights can go unnoticed.
- leaving out some data points, the chart that normally would be filled with dips and spikes, looks much smoother and more stable.





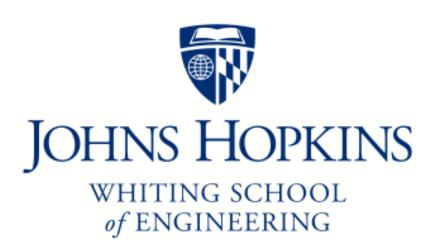
# 3. Correlating Causation

 Data scientists are finding statistical patterns in data and sometimes care more about -correlation rather than causation.



#### Conclusion

- Introduction to Data Visualization
- History of Information Visualization
- Common mistakes and misrepresentation of data



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