

Write a java program using generics  
Show stack class for 5 integer value & 5  
double value

```
import java.util.* Stack;
```

```
public class Stack <E> {
```

```
    E[] stack;
```

```
    int top;
```

```
    final int Size = 5;
```

```
    Stack() {
```

```
        stack = (E[]) new Object (Size);
```

```
        top = -1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    void push()
```

```
    public int maxSize;
```

```
    public int top;
```

```
    public Object[] stack Array;
```

```
    public Stack (int size) {
```

```
        maxSize = size;
```

```
        StackArray = new Object (maxSize);
```

```
        top = -1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void push (T value) {
```

```
        if (top < maxSize - 1) {
```

```
            top ++;
```

```
            stack Array [top] = value;
```

```
        }
```

```
        else {
```

```
            throw new RuntimeException ("Stack is full");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```

public Tpop() {
    if (!isEmpty()) {
        return (T) stackArray[top--];
    }
    else {
        throw new EmptyStackException();
    }
}

```

```

public Boolean isEmpty() {
    return (top == -1);
}

```

```

public int size() {
    return top + 1;
}

```

```

public static void main (String [] args) {
    Stack<Integer> intstack = new Stack<>();
    Stack<Double> doublestack = new Stack<>();
}

```

```

for (int i=0; i<=5; i++) {
    int stack.push(i);
    doublestack.push((double)i);
}

```

```

System.out.println("Integer Stack");
for (int i=0; i<=5; i++) {
    System.out.println(intstack.pop());
}

```



```
System.out.println("Double Stack");
```

```
for (int i=0; i<=5; i++) {
```

```
    System.out.println("Stack (double stack  
        pop());
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

O/p

Integer Stack

4

3

1

5

2

Double Stack

0.0

2.0

3.0

5.0

1.0

16/1/24