TI DSP, MCU 및 Xilinx Zynq FPGA 프로그래밍 전문가 과정

- BMP280 -

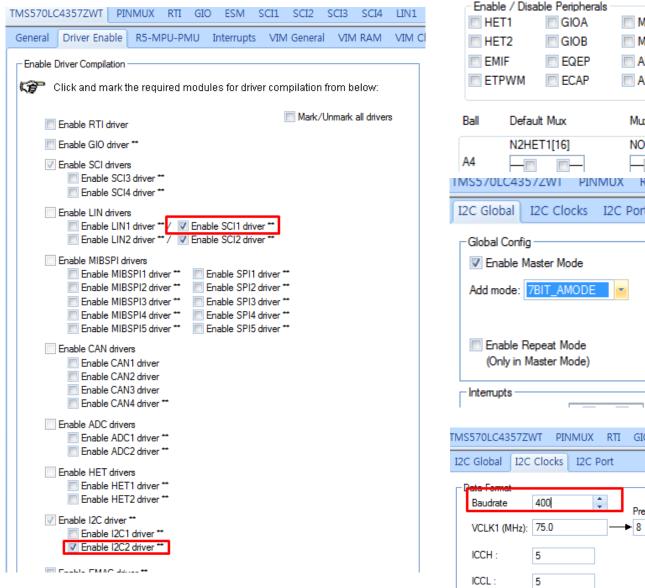
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1. HALCOGEN 설정



	Enable / Dis	GIOA GIOB EQEP ECAP	MIII MIII	BSPI2 BSPI4 I1EVT I2EVT	MIBSPI1 MIBSPI3 MIBSPI5 I2C1	S(CI3 CI4 N2/SCI2 C2	RMI MII	Note GIO pins and alte MII have RMII an Special
	Ball Defa	ault Mux	Mux	Option 1	M	lux Option	12	Mux C	Option 3
	N2H A4	IET1[16]	NON	IE	N	ONE			
П	^4 — MS570LC435	D/ZWI PIN	IMUX RI	I GIO	ESM S	CII SC	 .12 SC		LIN1 L
[I2C Global	I2C Clocks	I2C Port						
	Global Config	,							
	Enable M	laster Mode		Tx / Rx	: TRAI	NSMITTE	R -		
	Add mode:	7BIT_AMODE	~	Bit Cour	nt: 8_BI	Г	Ignor	RMI GIO pins and alte MII have RMII an Special Mux Option 3 ETPWM1SYNCI SCI3 SCI4 LIN1 L Ignore NACK Compatibility Mode d by the device.	
				Data Co	ount: 8	*			
		epeat Mode Master Mode)			ble Free Data Stop Condition				de
	-Interrupts								
ΤN	/IS570LC4357Z	WT PINMUX	RTI GIO	ESM	SCI1 SCI2	SCI3	SCI4 LII	N1 LIN2	
Ľ	2C Global I2C	Clocks I2C	Port						
	D ata Format Baudrate	400	‡						
	VCLK1 (MHz):		Pres	cale:	Module Clock ► 8	Frequenc	у		
	ICCH :	5							
	ICCL :	5							

2. Register

BMP280_REGISTER_CONTROL, 0x3F) 0011 1111

mode[1:0]							•		
ctri meas uxr4 osis_qz.uj osis_pjz.uj mode[1.uj	0x00	.0]	mode[1:0]	:0]	osrs_p[2:0	0]	t[2:0		ctrl meas

3.6 Power modes

The BMP280 offers three power modes: sleep mode, forced mode and normal mode. These can be selected using the mode[1:0] bits in control register 0xF4.

Table 10: mode settings

mode[1:0]	Mode
00	Sleep mode
01 and 10	Forced mode
11	Normal mode

3.3.2 Temperature measurement

Temperature measurement can be enabled or skipped. Skipping the measurement could be useful to measure pressure extremely rapidly. When enabled, several oversampling options exist. Each oversampling step reduces noise and increases the output resolution by one bit, which is stored in the XLSB data register 0xFC. Enabling/disabling the temperature measurement and oversampling setting are selected through the osrs_t[2:0] bits in control register 0xF4.

Table 5: osrs_t settings

osrs_t[2:0]	Temperature oversampling	Typical temperature resolution
000	Skipped (output set to 0x80000)	-
001	×1	16 bit / 0.0050 °C
010	×2	17 bit / 0.0025 °C
011	×4	18 bit / 0.0012 °C
100	×8	19 bit / 0.0006 °C
101, 110, 111	×16	20 bit / 0.0003 °C

4.3.4 Register 0xF4 "ctrl_meas"

The "ctrl_meas" register sets the data acquisition options of the device.

Table 20: Register 0xF4 "ctrl_meas"

Register 0xF4 <u>"ctrl meas"</u>	Name	Description			
Bit 7, 6, 5	osrs_t[2:0]	Controls oversampling of temperature data. See chapter 3.3.2 for details.			
Bit 4, 3, 2	osrs_p[2:0]	Controls oversampling of pressure data. See chapter 3.3.1 for details.			
Bit 1, 0	mode[1:0]	Controls the power mode of the device. See chapter 3.6 for details.			

Table 21: register settings osrs p

osrs_p[2:0]	Pressure oversampling
000	Skipped (output set to 0x80000)
001	oversampling ×1
010	oversampling ×2
011	oversampling ×4
100	oversampling ×8
101, Others	oversampling ×16

```
void BMP280_Init(void){
   if (read8(BMP280_REGISTER_CHIPID) != 0x58){
        disp_set("Wrong chipId");
        while(1);
   }
   bmp280_readCoefficients();
   writeByte(BMP280_ADDRESS, BMP280_REGISTER_CONTROL, 0x3F); // 01 1111
}
```



```
void bmp280_readCoefficients(void)
{
```

Table 17: Compensation parameter storage, naming and data type

{	Table 17	: Compensation par	ameter stora	age, naming and
_bmp280_calib.dig_T1 = read16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_T1); _bmp280_calib.dig_T2 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_T2);		Register Address LSB / MSB	Register content	Data type
_bmp280_calib.dig_T3 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_T3);		0x88 / 0x89	dig_T1	unsigned short
		0x8A / 0x8B	dig_T2	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_P1 = read16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P1);		0x8C / 0x8D	dig_T3	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_P2 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P2);		0x8E / 0x8F	dig_P1	unsigned short
_bmp280_calib.dig_P3 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P3);		0x90 / 0x91	dig_P2	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_P4 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P4);		0x92 / 0x93	dig_P3	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_P5 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P5);		0x94 / 0x95	dig_P4	signed short
<pre>_bmp280_calib.dig_P6 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P6); _bmp280_calib.dig_P7 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P7);</pre>		0x96 / 0x97	dig_P5	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_P8 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P8);		0x98 / 0x99	dig_P6	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_P9 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_P9);		0x9A / 0x9B	dig_P7	signed short
		0x9C / 0x9D	dig_P8	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_H1 = read8(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_H1);		0x9E / 0x9F	dig_P9	signed short
_bmp280_calib.dig_H2 = readS16_LE(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_H2);		0xA0 / 0xA1	reserved	reserved
_bmp280_calib.dig_H3 = read8(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_H3); _bmp280_calib.dig_H4 = (read8(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_H4) << 4) _bmp280_calib.dig_H5 = (read8(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_H5+1) << 4 _bmp280_calib.dig_H6 = (int8_t)read8(BMP280_REGISTER_DIG_H6)	1) (r			
1				

- 1. Read8함수로 0xD0를 읽어 리셋값 이 0x58이 나와야 한다.
- 2. Bmp280_readCoefficients함수를 보면 little endian방식으로 2bytes 씩 읽어 온다.
- 3. 2bytes 씩 읽어오므로 왼쪽과 같이 레지스터를 맵핑한다.

```
void BMP280_Init(void){
   if (read8(BMP280_REGISTER_CHIPID) != 0x58){
        disp_set("Wrong chipId");
        while(1);
   }
   bmp280_readCoefficients();
   writeByte(BMP280_ADDRESS, BMP280_REGISTER_CONTROL, 0x3F); // 01 1111
}
```

1. wirteByte를 이용하여 컨트롤 레지스 터에 0x3F를 입력한다. 데이터시트 를 참고하면 0x3F가 무인지를 파악 하고 본인이 사용하고 싶은 용도에 맞게 변형하여 값을 넣으면 된다.

```
float bmp280_readTemperature(void)
 int32_t adc_T = read24(BMP280_REGISTER_TEMPDATA);
 int32 t var1, var2;
  adc T >>= 4;
 var1 = ((((adc T>>3) - ((int32 t) bmp280 calib.dig T1 <<1))) *</pre>
           ((int32 t) bmp280 calib.dig T2)) >> 11;
  var2 = (((((adc T>>4) - ((int32 t) bmp280 calib.dig T1)) *
             ((adc T>>4) - ((int32 t) bmp280 calib.dig T1))) >> 12) *
           ((int32 t) bmp280 calib.dig T3)) >> 14;
 t fine = var1 + var2;
 float T = (t fine * 5 + 128) >> 8;
  return T/100;
```

- 1. 온도를 읽어오는 함수로 간단히 설명하자면 3bytes를 읽어온다.
- 우리가 사용할 bit는 20bits이기 때문 에 4bit는 옮겨버리고 var1과 var2에 bit를 나누어 셋팅한다.
- 3. t_fine 변수에 var1과 var2를 넣어 온 도 변환하는 수식을 넣고 값을 출력 한다.

```
float bmp280 readPressure(void)
   int64 t var1, var2, p;
    // Must be done first to get the t_fine variable set up
    bmp280_readTemperature();
    int32_t adc_P = read24(BMP280_REGISTER_PRESSUREDATA);
    adc_P >>= 4;
    var1 = ((int64_t)t_fine) - 128000;
    var2 = var1 * var1 * (int64_t)_bmp280_calib.dig_P6;
    var2 = var2 + ((var1*(int64_t)_bmp280_calib.dig_P5)<<17);</pre>
    var2 = var2 + (((int64 t) bmp280 calib.dig P4) << 35);
    var1 = ((var1 * var1 * (int64_t)_bmp280_calib.dig_P3)>>8) +
     ((var1 * (int64_t)_bmp280_calib.dig_P2)<<12);
    var1 = (((((int64 t)1) << 47) + var1))*((int64 t) bmp280 calib.dig P1)>> 33;
   if (var1 == 0) {
      return 0; // avoid exception caused by division by zero
    p = 1048576 - adc P;
    p = (((p << 31) - var2)*3125) / var1;
    var1 = (((int64_t)_bmp280_calib.dig_P9) * (p>>13) * (p>>13)) >> 25;
    var2 = (((int64 t) bmp280 calib.dig P8) * p) >> 19;
    p = ((p + var1 + var2) >> 8) + (((int64_t)_bmp280_calib.dig_P7) << 4);
    return (float)p/256;
```

1. readPressure함수도 위의 온도함수 와 마찬가지이다.

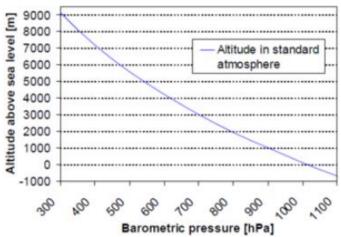
```
float bmp280_readAltitude(float seaLevel)
{
    // Equation taken from BMP180 datasheet (page 16):
    // http://www.adafruit.com/datasheets/BST-BMP180-DS000-09.pdf

    // Note that using the equation from wikipedia can give bad results
    // at high altitude. See this thread for more information:
    // http://forums.adafruit.com/viewtopic.php?f=22&t=58064

float atmospheric = bmp280_readPressure() / 100.0F;

return 44330.0 * (1.0 - pow(atmospheric / seaLevel, 0.1903));
}
```





∆altitude = 10m corresponds to 1.2hPa

1. readAltitude 함수는 해수면의 높이를 파라미터로 받아와 압력 값과 해수면 값을 이용하여 고도를 구한다.

4. SIMULATION

```
altitude = 25.297636
                                                           temperature = 31.520000
                         pressure = 101021.937500
altitude = 25.333424
                         pressure = 101021.468750
                                                           temperature = 31.500000
altitude = 25.333424
                         pressure = 101021.468750
                                                          temperature = 31.500000
altitude = 25.103075
                         pressure = 101024.226563
                                                          temperature = 31.500000
altitude = 25.208923
                         pressure = 101022.968750
                                                          temperature = 31.480000
altitude = 25.277473
                         pressure = 101022.171875
                                                          temperature = 31.469999
altitude = 25.344009
                         pressure = 101021.375000
                                                          temperature = 31.469999
altitude = 25.410543
                         pressure = 101020.578125
                                                          temperature = 31.459999
altitude = 25.246727
                         pressure = 101022.507813
                                                          temperature = 31.459999
altitude = 25.313766
                         pressure = 101021.710938
                                                          temperature = 31.450001
altitude = 25.285540
                         pressure = 101022.078125
                                                          temperature = 31.440001
altitude = 25.258320
                         pressure = 101022.406250
                                                          temperature = 31.420000
altitude = 25.258320
                         pressure = 101022.406250
                                                          temperature = 31.420000
altitude = 25.324350
                         pressure = 101021.609375
                                                          temperature = 31.420000
altitude = 25.687271
                         pressure = 101017.234375
                                                          temperature = 31.410000
altitude = 25.593515
                         pressure = 101018.390625
                                                          temperature = 31.400000
altitude = 25.132814
                         pressure = 101023.906250
                                                          temperature = 31.400000
altitude = 25.496233
                         pressure = 101019.523438
                                                          temperature = 31.389999
altitude = 25.401470
                         pressure = 101020.687500
                                                          temperature = 31.379999
altitude = 25.534540
                         pressure = 101019.085938
                                                          temperature = 31.370001
altitude = 25.534540
                         pressure = 101019.085938
                                                          temperature = 31.370001
altitude = 25.437761
                         pressure = 101020.218750
                                                          temperature = 31.360001
altitude = 25.706427
                         pressure = 101017.000000
                                                          temperature = 31.340000
altitude = 25.410040
                         pressure = 101020.585938
                                                          temperature = 31.340000
altitude = 25.772964
                         pressure = 101016.203125
                                                          temperature = 31.330000
altitude = 25.284531
                         pressure = 101022.078125
                                                          temperature = 31.320000
altitude = 25.351570
                         pressure = 101024.007813
                                                          temperature = 31.320000
altitude = 25.418608
                         pressure = 101020.453125
                                                          temperature = 31.309999
altitude = 25.390381
                         pressure = 101020.820313
                                                          temperature = 31.2999999
altitude = 25.523451
                         pressure = 101019.195313
                                                          temperature = 31.290001
altitude = 25.226566
                         pressure = 101022.750000
                                                          temperature = 31.290001
altitude = 25.293100
                         pressure = 101021.953125
                                                          temperature = 31.290001
altitude = 25.265377
                         pressure = 101022.312500
                                                          temperature = 31.270000
altitude = 25.398951
                         pressure = 101020.687500
                                                          temperature = 31.260000
altitude = 25.168600
                         pressure = 101023.445313
                                                          temperature = 31.260000
altitude = 25.398951
                         pressure = 101020.687500
                                                          temperature = 31.260000
altitude = 25.140375
                         pressure = 101023.812500
                                                          temperature = 31.250000
altitude = 25.209932
                         pressure = 101022.945313
                                                          temperature = 31.240000
                         pressure = 101022.945313
altitude = 25.209932
                                                          temperature = 31.240000
altitude = 25.209932
                         pressure = 101022.945313
                                                          temperature = 31.240000
                                                          temperature = 31.230000
altitude = 25.346529
                         pressure = 101021.351563
```

- 1. 데이터시트를 보면 압력값은 300-1100hPa까지 측정이 가능하다.
- 2. 압력 값이 101021.375000으로 정상적으로 나온다. 하지만, 우리가 보기에는 너무 큰 숫자이므로, 100을 나누어 스케일링을 해서 출력을 하면 된다.
- 3. 고도와 온도는 정상적으로 나오는 것을 확인할 수 있다.