

# TI DSP, MCU 및 Xilinx Zynq FPGA

## 프로그래밍 전문가 과정

강사 – Innova Lee(이상훈)

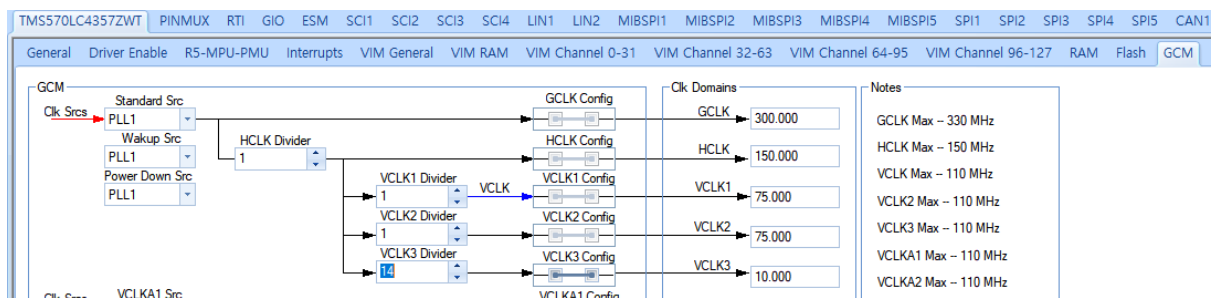
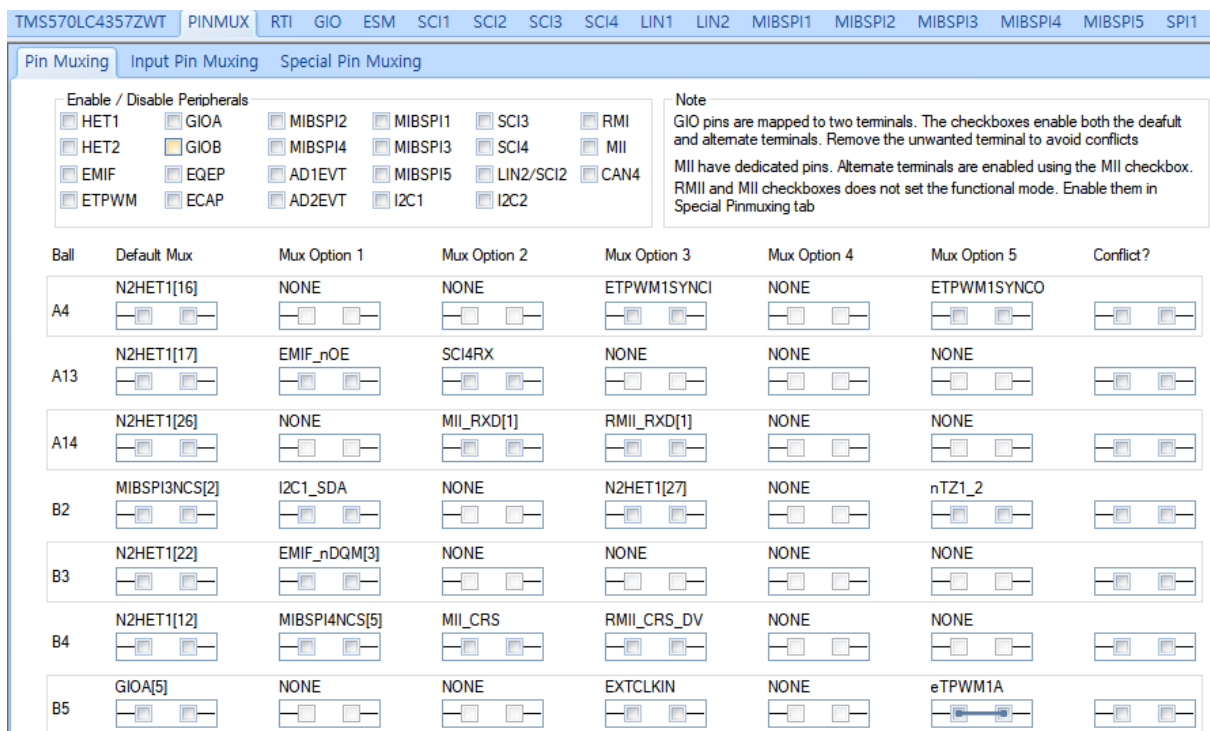
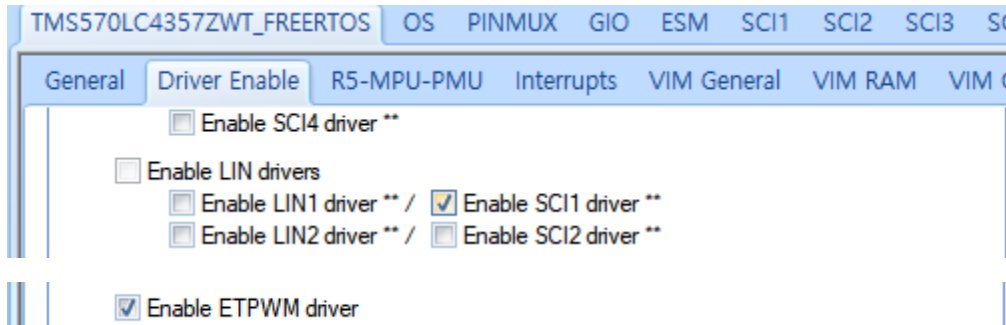
[gccccompil3r@gmail.com](mailto:gccccompil3r@gmail.com)

학생 – 문한나

[mhn97@naver.com](mailto:mhn97@naver.com)

# uart 통신을 이용한 모터제어

## HCG 설정



The screenshot displays the ETPWM configuration tool with two main sections: Clock Configuration and PWM Configuration.

**Clock Configuration:**

- TB Clock (MHz):** 110.000
- VCLK3 (MHz):** 10.000
- HSPCLKDIV:** 10
- CLKDIV:** 0
- Block:** Clock Prescale
- ActualTB Clock (MHz):** 1.000

**PWM Configuration:**

- PwM Input:** High Polarity (checked), Low Polarity (unchecked)
- Duty[%]:** 1
- Period[ns]:** 200000000
- tDuty:** 200000.000
- tPeriod:** 200000000.000
- Delay[ns]:** 1000.000
- Block:** Rising Edge Delay
- Disable delay:** (checked)
- Enable delay:** (unchecked)
- Invert Polarity:** (unchecked)
- Output:** ETPWMxA

## CCS 코드

```
#include "HL_sys_common.h"
#include "HL_etpwm.h"
#include <HL_sci.h>
#include "string.h"
#include "stdio.h"
#include "stdlib.h"

uint8 input[5] = {0};

void send_data(sciBASE_t* sci, uint8* msg, int length)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<length;i++)
        sciSendByte(sciREG1,msg[i]);
    sciSendByte(sciREG1,'\r');
    sciSendByte(sciREG1,'\n');
}

int main(void){

    int i;

    sciInit();
    etpwmInit();

    etpwmStartTBCLK();

    while(1){

        for(i=0; i<5; i++){
            input[i] = sciReceiveByte(sciREG1); //저장
        }

        send_data(sciREG1, input, strlen(input)); //출력

        etpwmREG1->CMPA = atoi(input); //제어

    }
    return 0;
}

/* etpwmREG1->TBPRD = 19999U;

etpwmREG1->CMPA = 200U;

duty는 5%(1000) ~ 10%(2000)이고, 7.5%(1500)이 기준이다.

모터는 1500보다 작을수록 정방향으로 빨라지고 클수록 역방향으로 빨라진다. */
```