

Simulink Control Basics

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```

8      %
9      eps = 0.000001;
10     i = 0;
11     del = 2*taup/150;
12     for tau = -taup:del:taup
13         i = i + 1;
14         j = 0;
15         fd = linspace(-5/taup,5/taup,151);
16         val1 = 1. - abs(tau) / taup;
17         val2 = pi * taup .* (1.0 - abs(tau) / t
18         x(:,i) = abs( val1 .* sin(val2+eps))./(\
19     end
20

```

명령 창

fx >> simulink





MATLAB[®] SIMULINK[®]

 Open...

Recent

- zynqRadioFMStereoAD9361AD9364SLX
- marine_gnc.mdl
- demo_waves.mdl
- demo_waves.mdl
- test.mdl
- test2.mdl
- commqpsktxrx.slx
- commrfsatlink.slx

[illegible]

- ## Projects
-  Source Control...
 -  Archive...

New

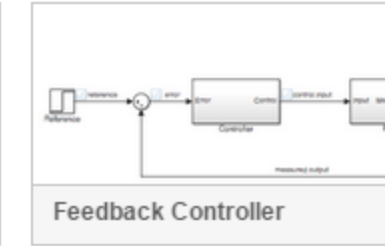
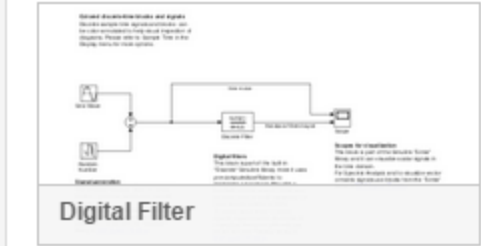
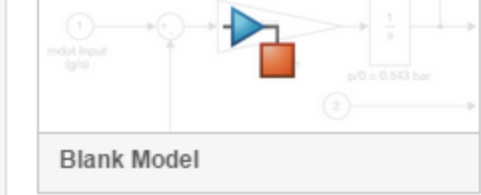
Examples

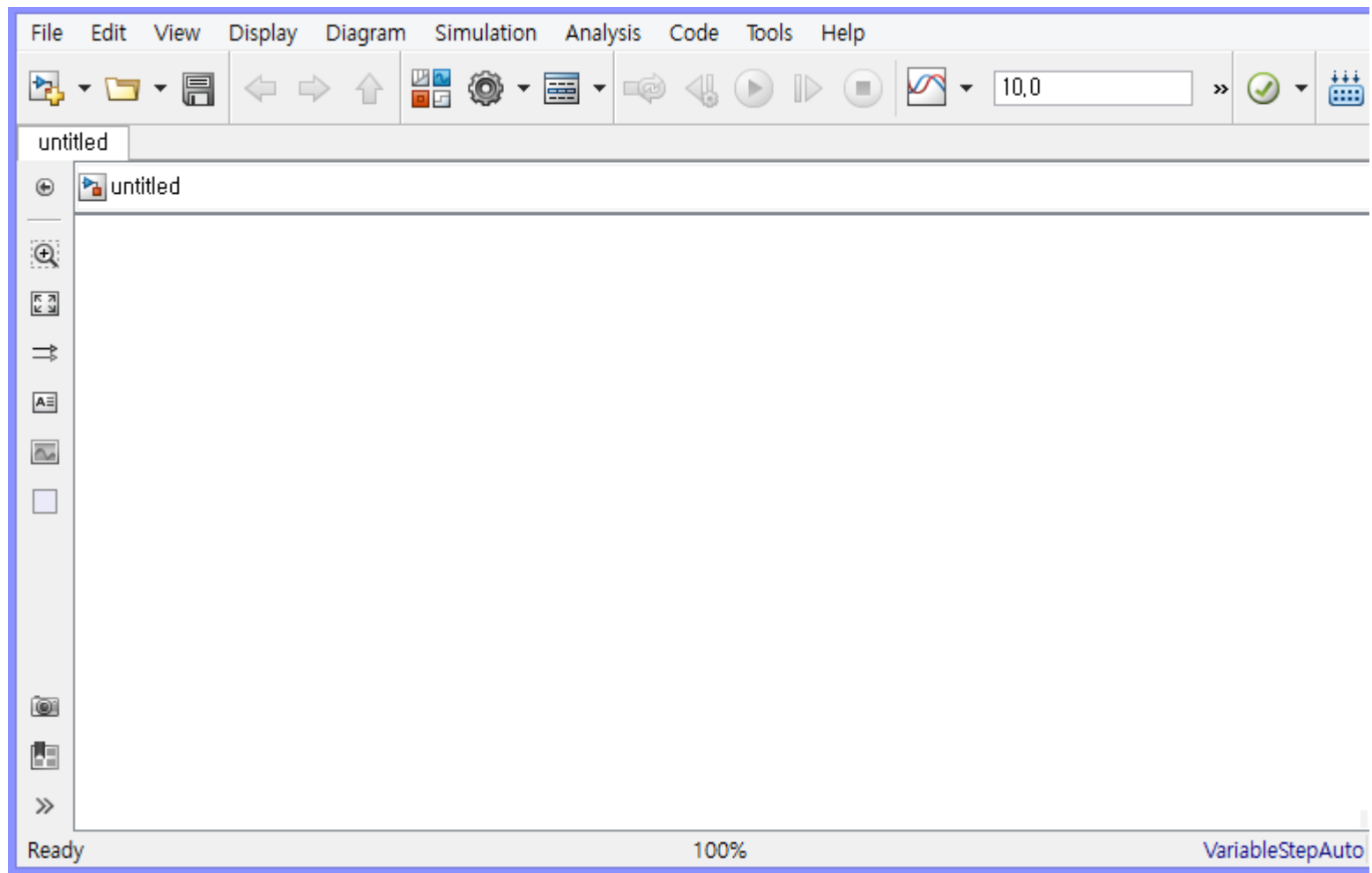
Search

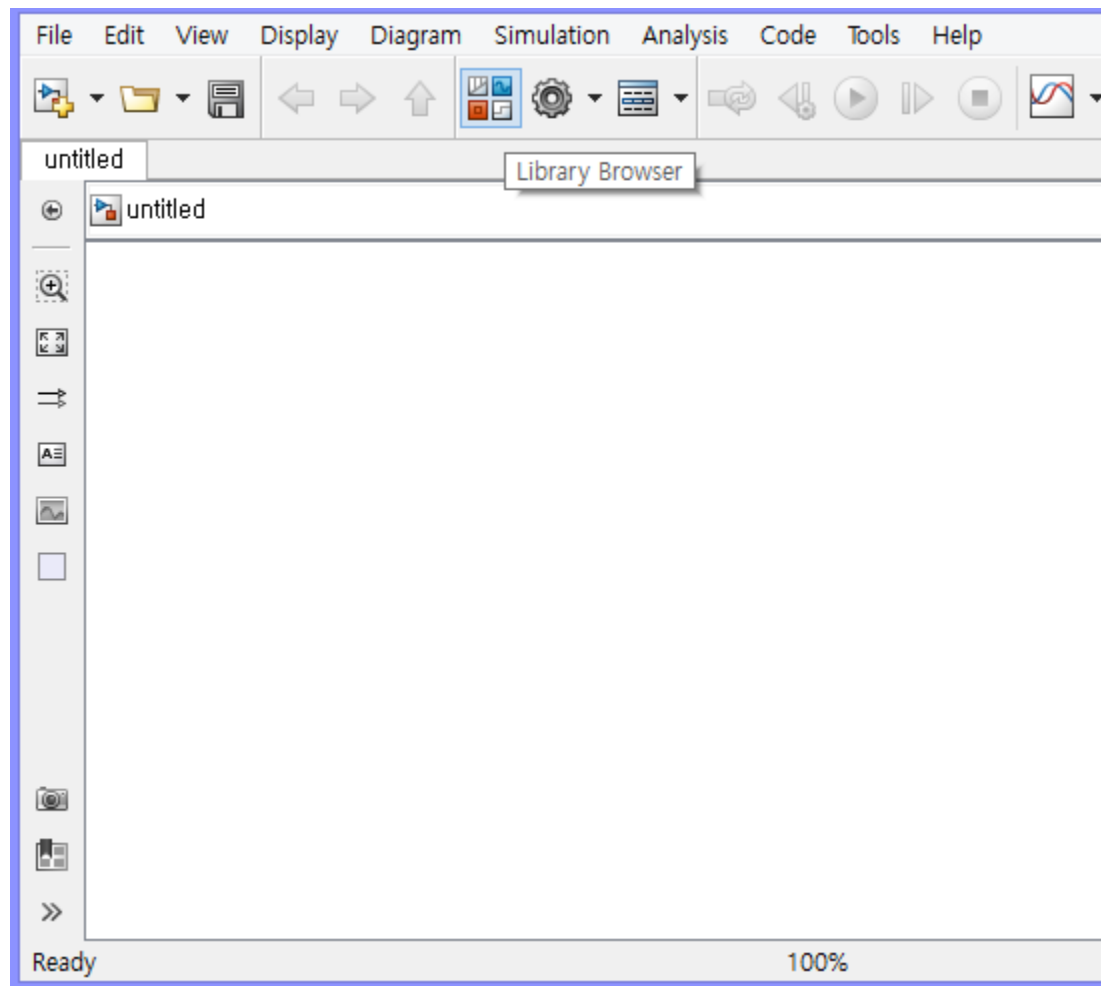
▼ My Templates

You have not created any templates yet.

- ▼ Simulink







Aerospace Blockset/Flight Instruments

- Simulink
 - Commonly Used Blocks
 - Continuous
 - Dashboard
 - Discontinuities
 - Discrete
 - Logic and Bit Operations
 - Lookup Tables
 - Math Operations
 - Model Verification
 - Model-Wide Utilities
 - Ports & Subsystems
 - Signal Attributes
 - Signal Routing
 - Sinks
 - Sources
 - User-Defined Functions
 - Additional Math & Discrete
- Aerospace Blockset
 - Actuators
 - Aerodynamics
 - Animation
 - Environment
 - Equations of Motion
 - Flight Parameters
 - Flight Instruments
 - GNC
 - Mass Properties
 - Pilot Models
 - Propulsion
 - Utilities
- Audio System Toolbox
 - Dynamic Range Control
 - Effects
 - Filters
 - Sinks
 - Sources
- Communications System Toolbox
 - Channels
 - Comm Filters
 - Comm Sinks
 - Comm Sources
 - Equalizers
 - Error Detection and Correction



Airspeed Indicator



Altimeter



Artificial Horizon



Climb Rate Indicator



EGT Indicator



Heading Indicator



RPM Indicator



Turn Coordinator

Simulink/Math Operations

Simulink

Commonly Used Blocks

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Additional Math & Discrete

Aerospace Blockset

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- Utilities

Audio System Toolbox

- Dynamic Range Control
- Effects
- Filters
- Sinks
- Sources

Communications System Tool

- Channels
- Comm Filters
- Comm Sinks
- Comm Sources
- Equalizers



Dot Product



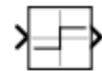
Math Function



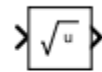
Permute Dimensions



Real-Imag to Complex



Sign



Sqrt



Sum of Elements



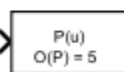
Weighted Sample Time Math



Find Nonzero Elements



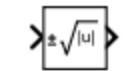
Matrix Concatenate



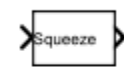
Polynomial



Reciprocal Sqrt



Signed Sqrt



Squeeze



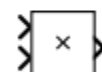
Trigonometric Function



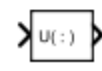
Gain



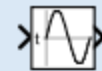
MinMax



Product



Reshape



Sine Wave Function



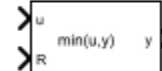
Subtract



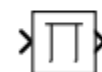
Unary Minus



Magnitude-Angle to Complex



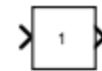
MinMax Running Resettable



Product of Elements



Rounding Function



Slider Gain



Sum



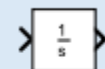
Vector Concatenate

Simulink/Continuous

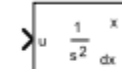
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 - Additional Discrete
 - Additional Math: Increme
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 - Animation



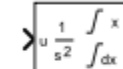
Derivative



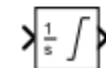
Integrator



Integrator,
Second-Order



Integrator,
Second-Order
Limited



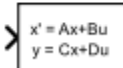
Integrator
Limited



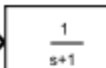
PID Controller



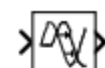
PID Controller (2DOF)



State-Space



Transfer Fcn



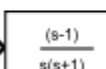
Transport
Delay



Variable
Time Delay



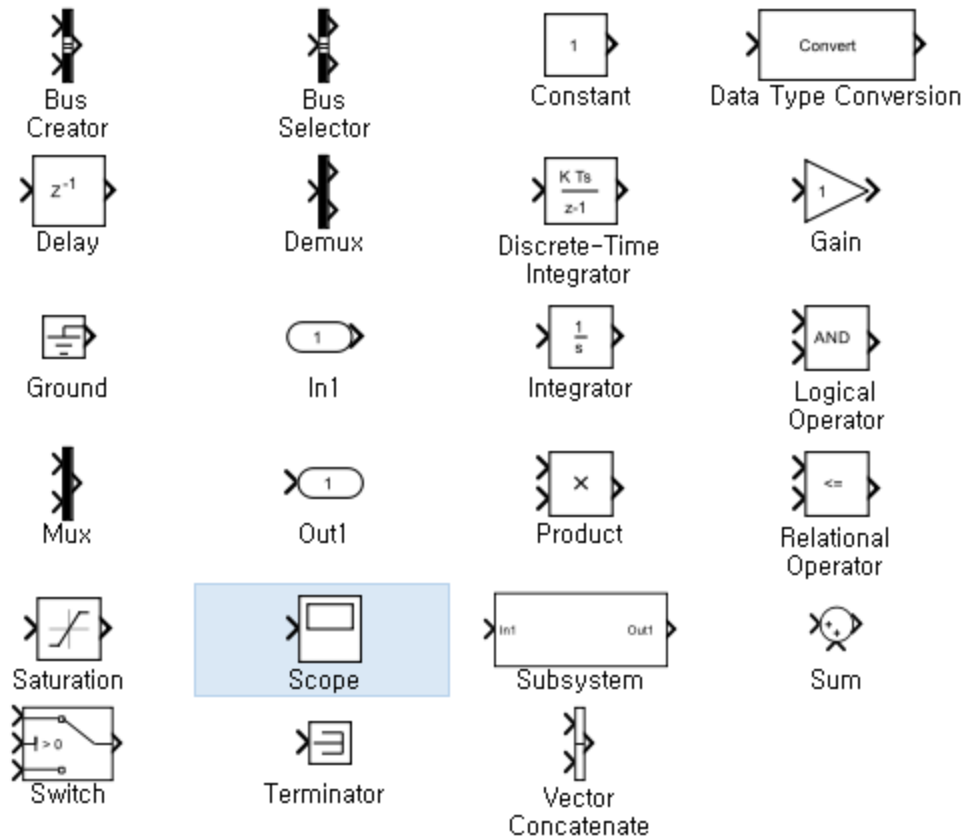
Variable
Transport Delay

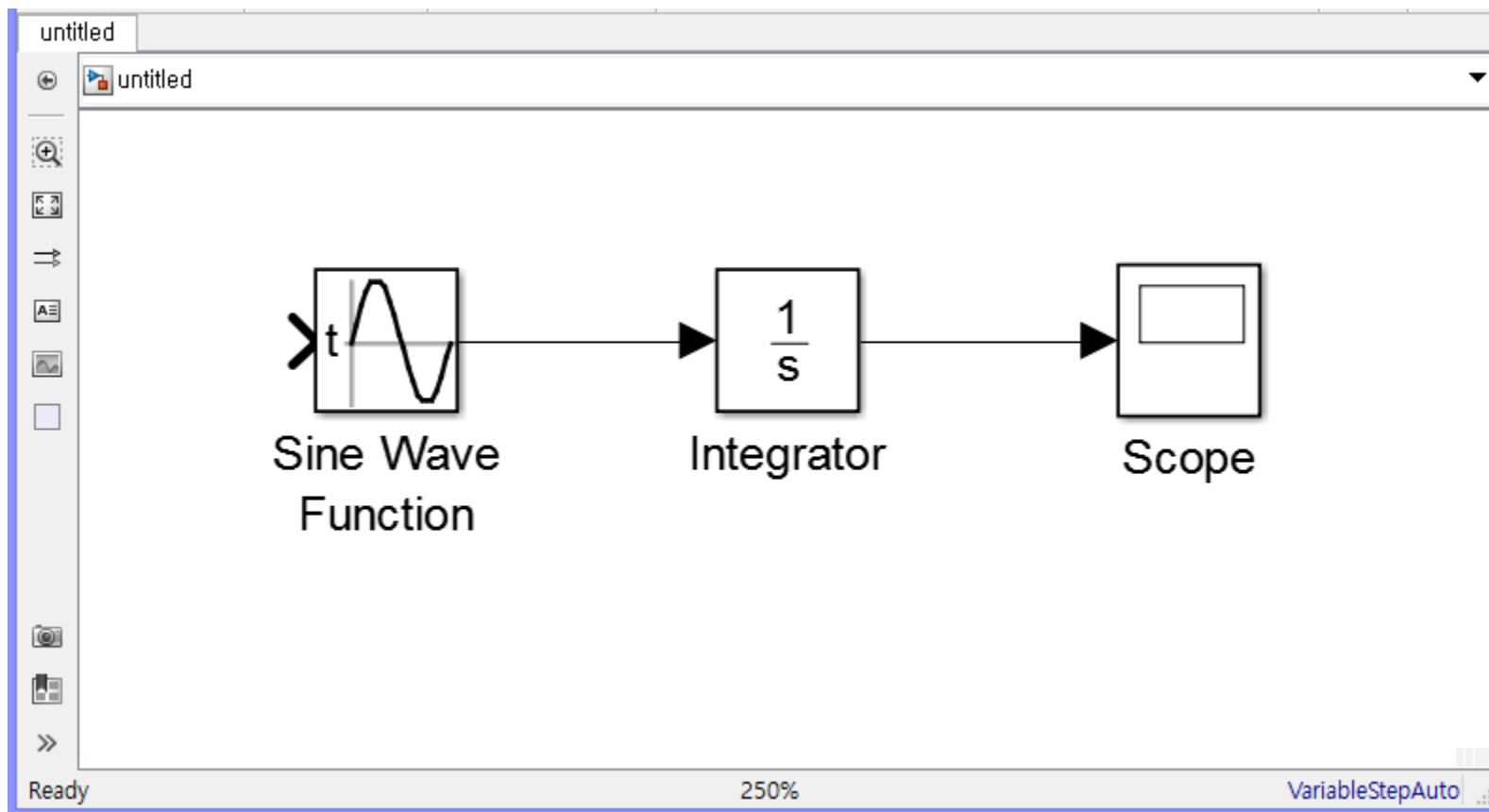




Zero-Pole

Simulink/Commonly Used Blocks

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 - Additional Discrete
 - Additional Math: Increme
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Block Parameters: Sine Wave Function

Sine Wave

Output a sine wave:

$$O(t) = \text{Amp} * \sin(\text{Freq} * t + \text{Phase}) + \text{Bias}$$

Sine type determines the computational technique used. The parameters in the two types are related through:

$$\text{Samples per period} = 2 * \pi / (\text{Frequency} * \text{Sample time})$$
$$\text{Number of offset samples} = \text{Phase} * \text{Samples per period} / (2 * \pi)$$

Use the sample-based sine type if numerical problems due to running for large times (e.g. overflow in absolute time) occur.

Parameters

Sine type: Time based

Time (t): Use simulation time

Amplitude:

1

Bias:

0

Frequency (rad/sec):

1


Phase (rad):

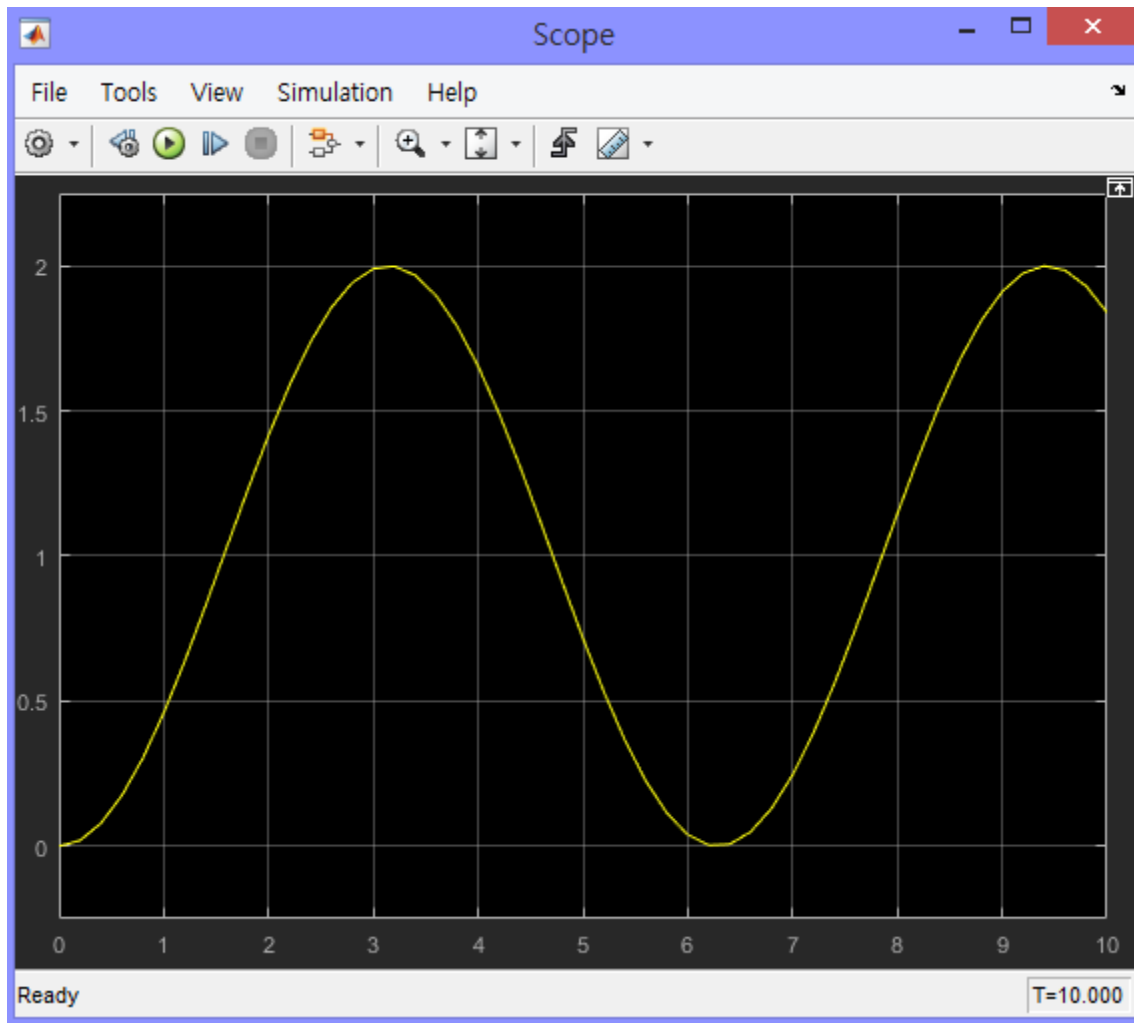
0

Sample time:

0

☒ Interpret vector parameters as 1-D

OKCancelHelpApply



Simulink/Commonly Used Blocks

Simulink

Commonly Used Blocks

Continuous

Dashboard

Discontinuities

Discrete

Logic and Bit Operations

Lookup Tables

Math Operations

Model Verification

Model-Wide Utilities

Ports & Subsystems

Signal Attributes

Signal Routing

Sinks

Sources

User-Defined Functions

▶ Additional Math & Discrete

▶ Aerospace Blockset

▶ Audio System Toolbox

▶ Communications System Toolb

▶ Communications System Toolb

▶ Communications System Toolb

▶ Computer Vision System Toolb

Control System Toolbox

▶ DSP System Toolbox

▶ DSP System Toolbox HDL Supp

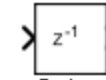
▶ Fuzzy Logic Toolbox

▶ HDL Coder

▶ Image Acquisition Toolbox



Bus
Creator



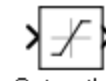
Delay



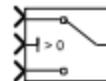
Ground



Mux



Saturation



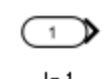
Switch



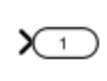
Bus
Selector



Demux



In1



Out1



Scope



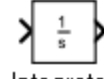
Terminator



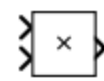
Constant



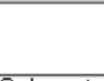
Discrete-Time
Integrator



Integrator



Product



Subsystem



Vector
Concatenate



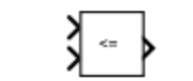
Data Type Conversion



Gain



Logical
Operator



Relational
Operator

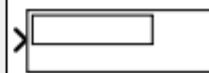


Sum

Simulink/Sinks

Simulink

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- Sinks**
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- Additional Math & Discrete
- Aerospace Blockset



Display



Floating Scope



Out1



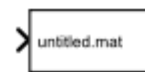
Scope



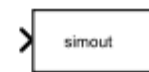
Stop Simulation



Terminator



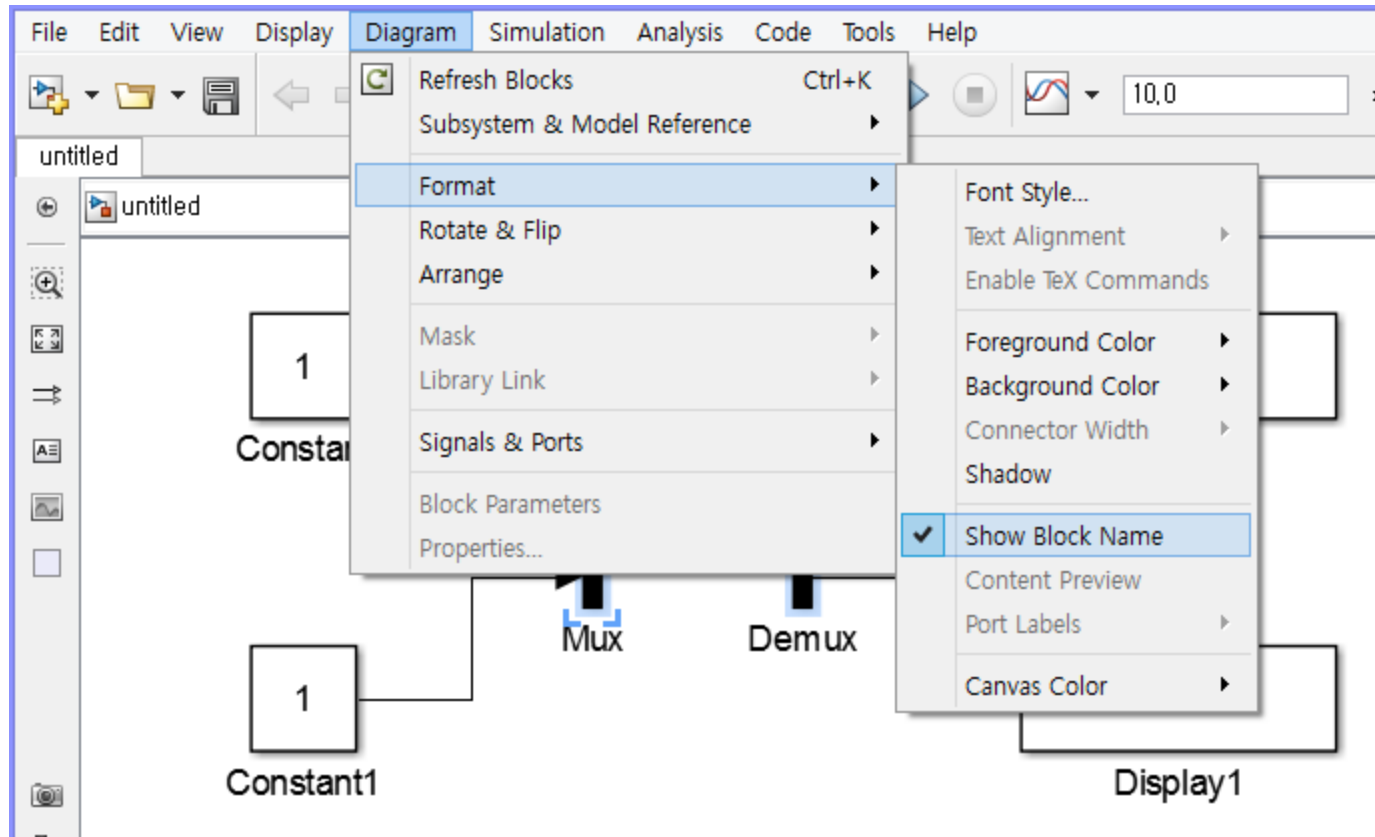
To File

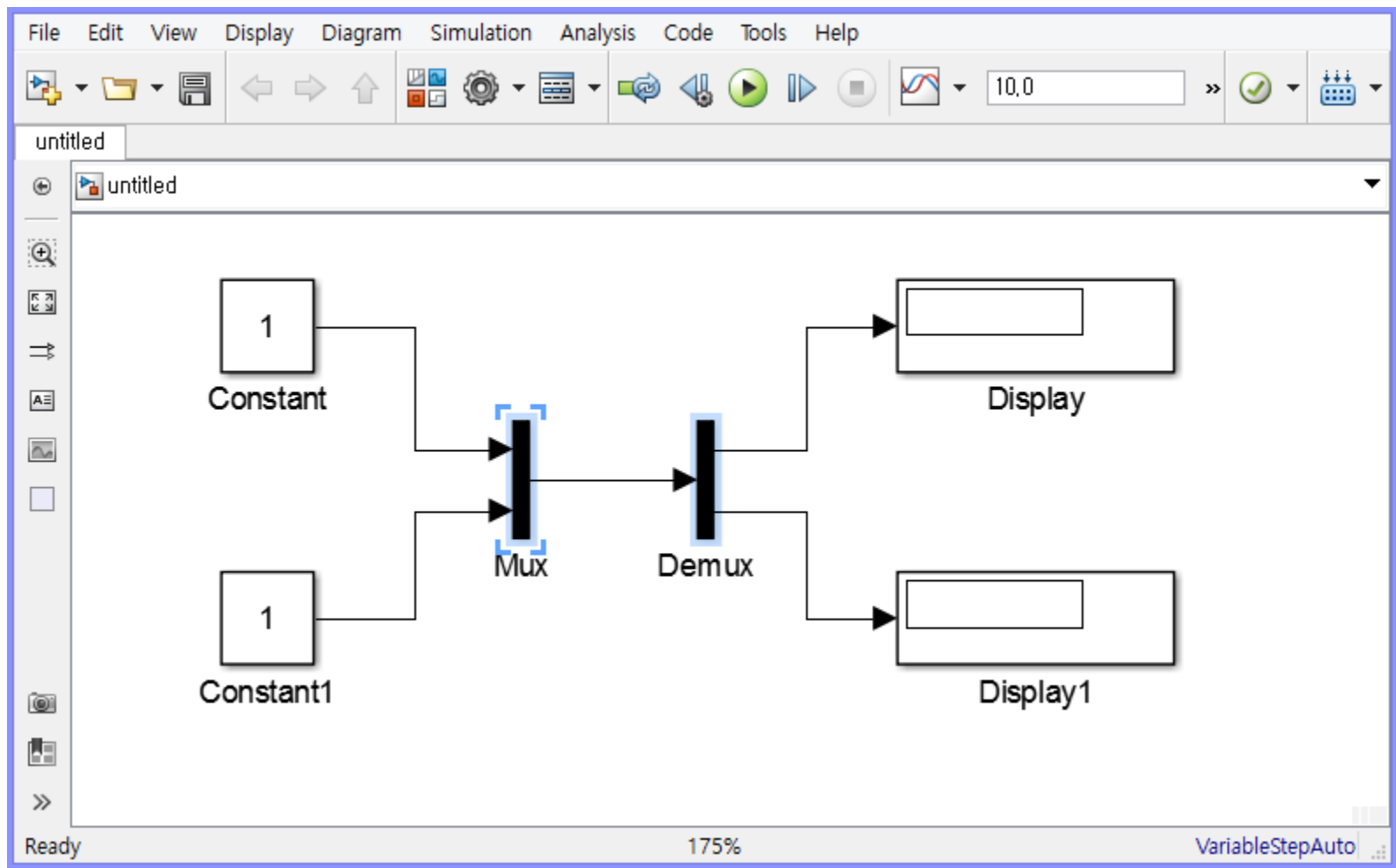


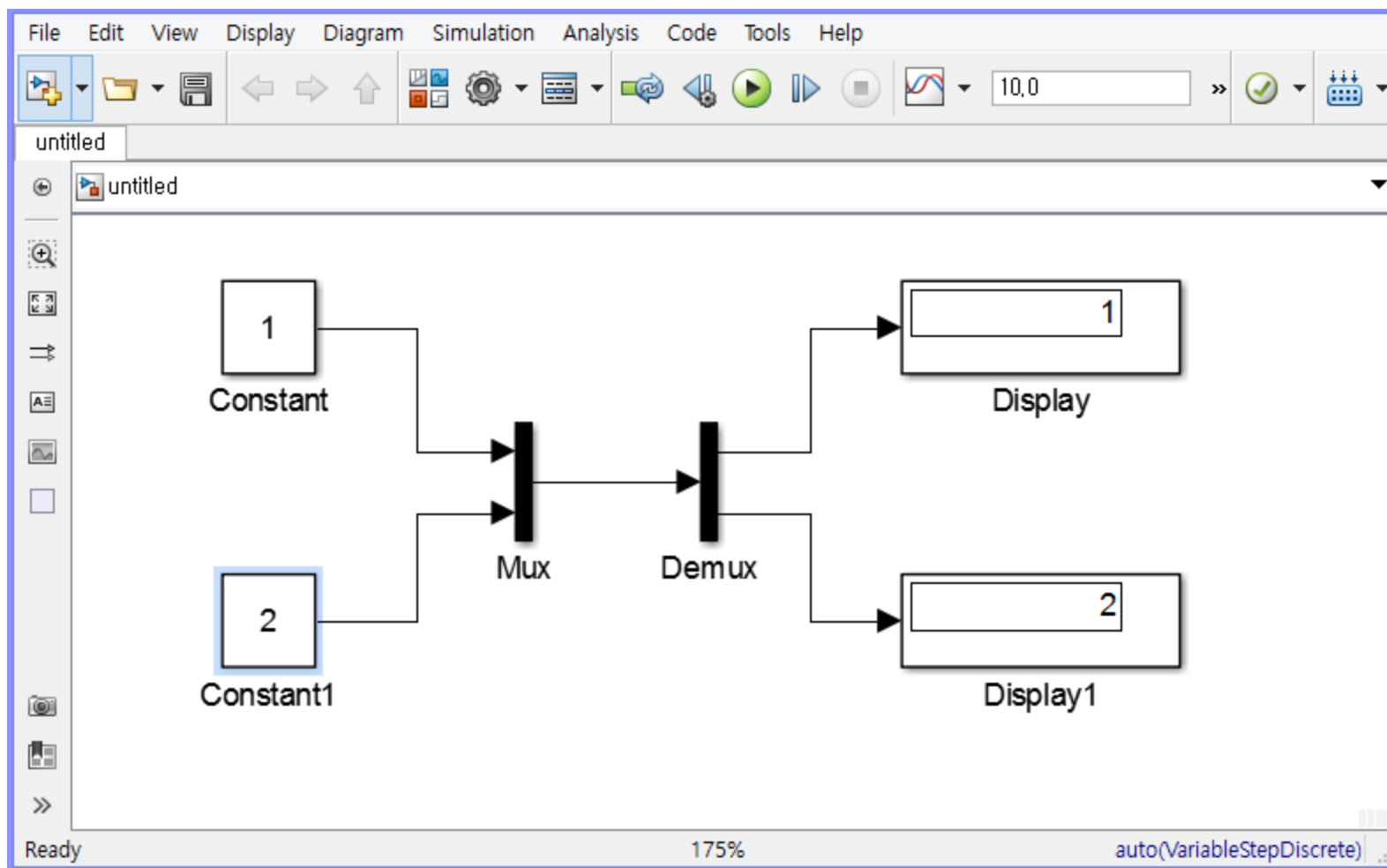
To Workspace

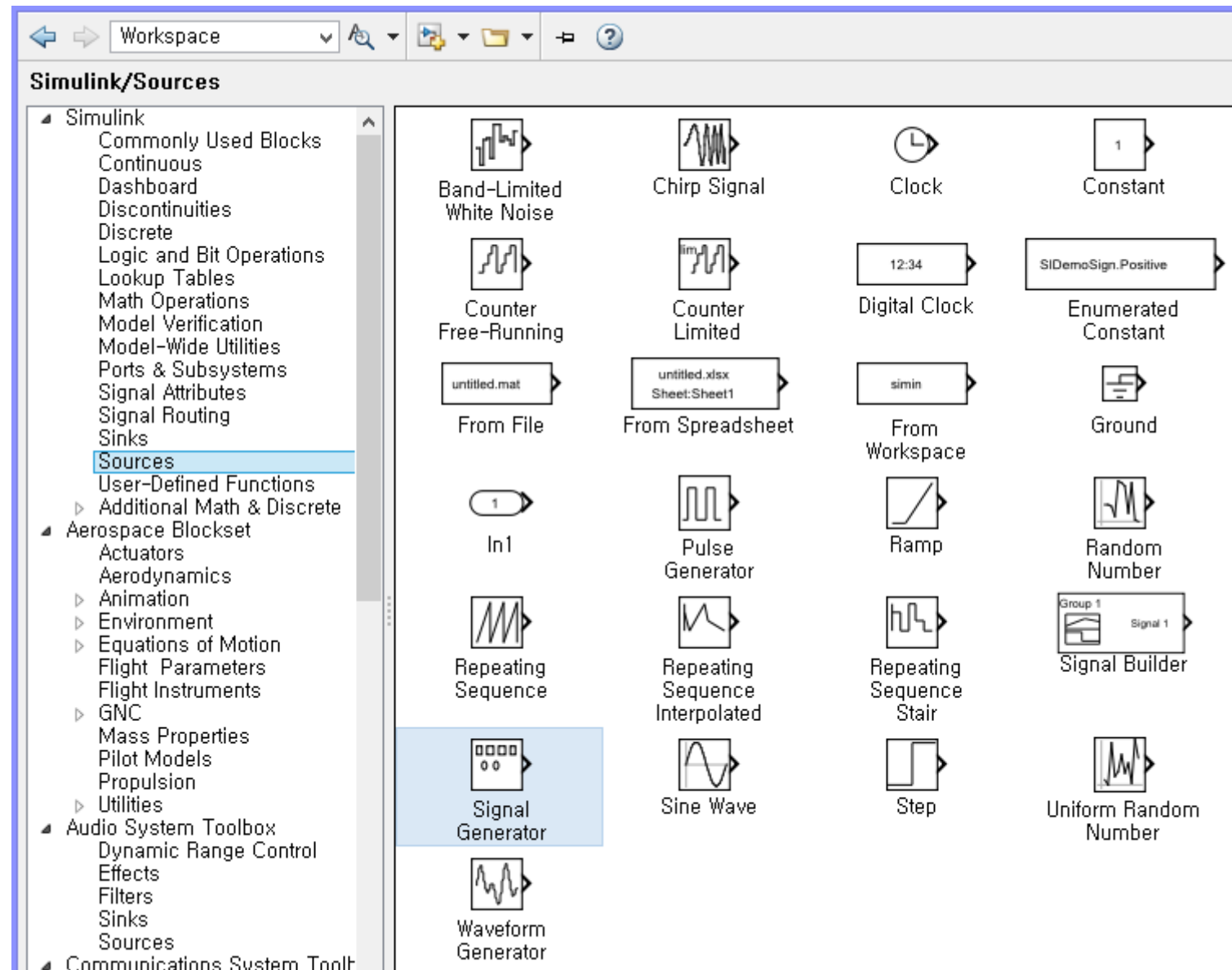


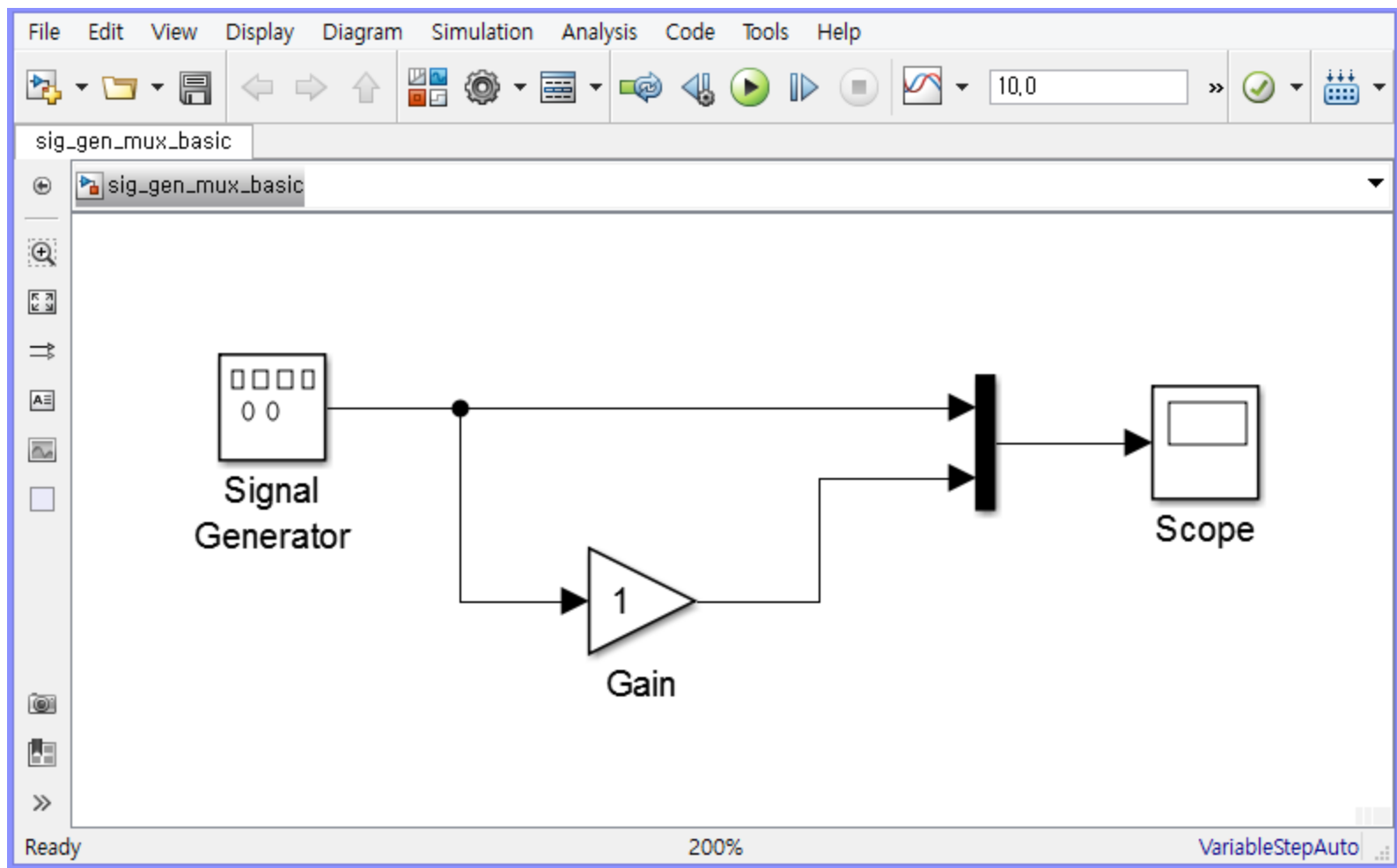
XY Graph













 **Block Parameters: Signal Generator** 

Signal Generator

Output various wave forms:
 $Y(t) = \text{Amp} * \text{Waveform}(\text{Freq}, t)$

Parameters

Wave form:


Time (t):



Amplitude:

Frequency:

Units:

☒ Interpret vector parameters as 1-D



 **Block Parameters: Gain** 


Gain

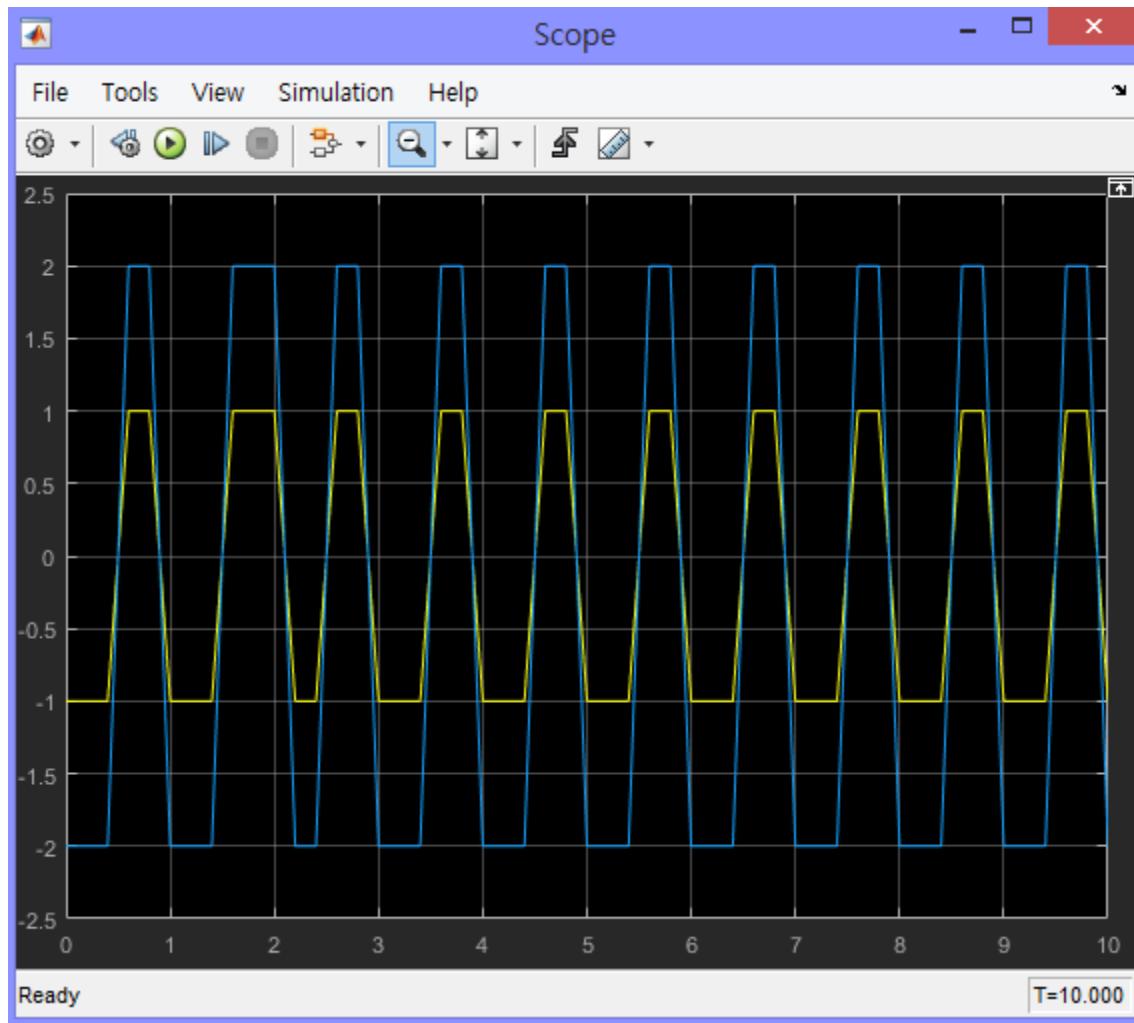
Element-wise gain ($y = K.*u$) or matrix gain ($y = K*u$ or $y = u*K$).

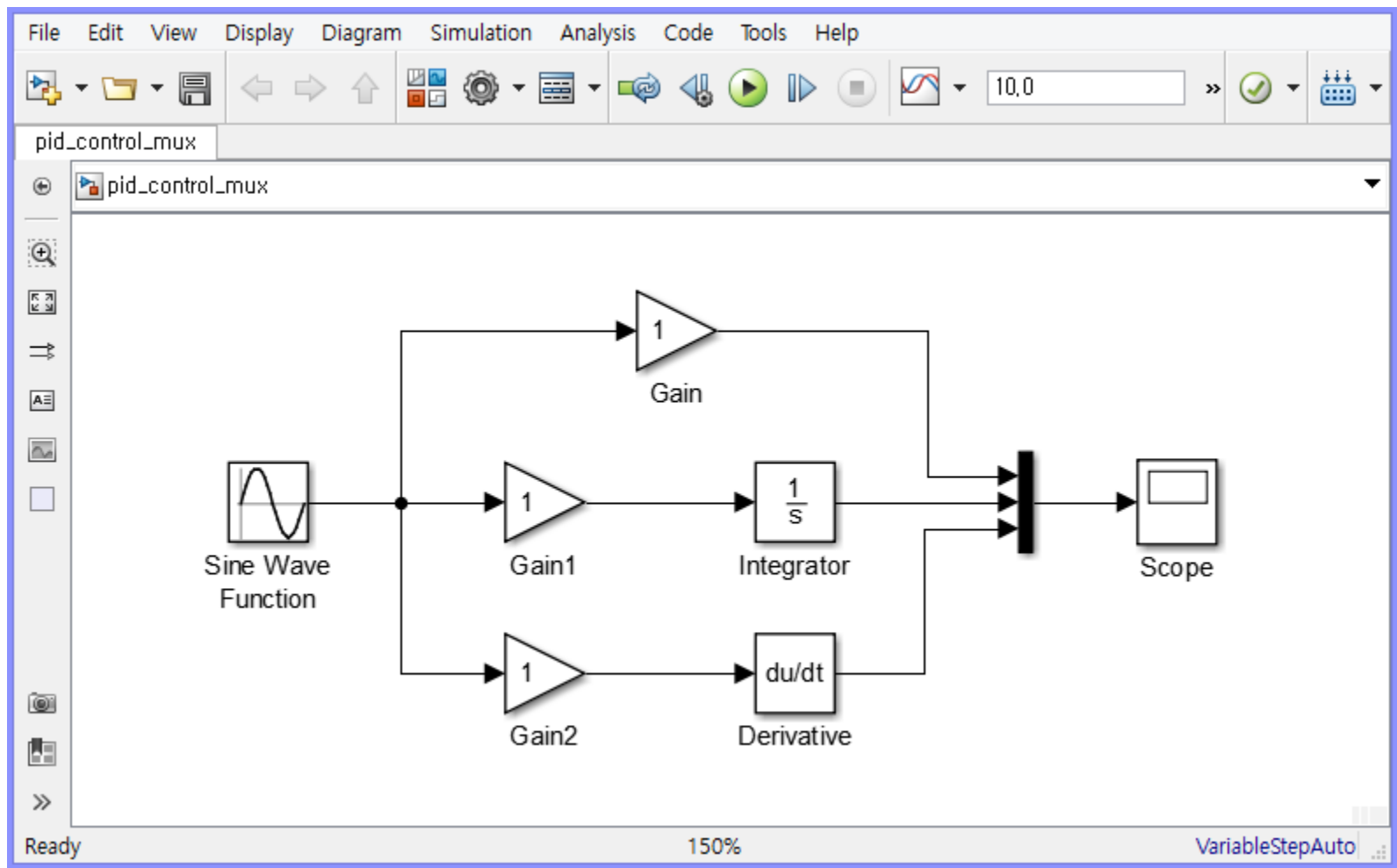
Main

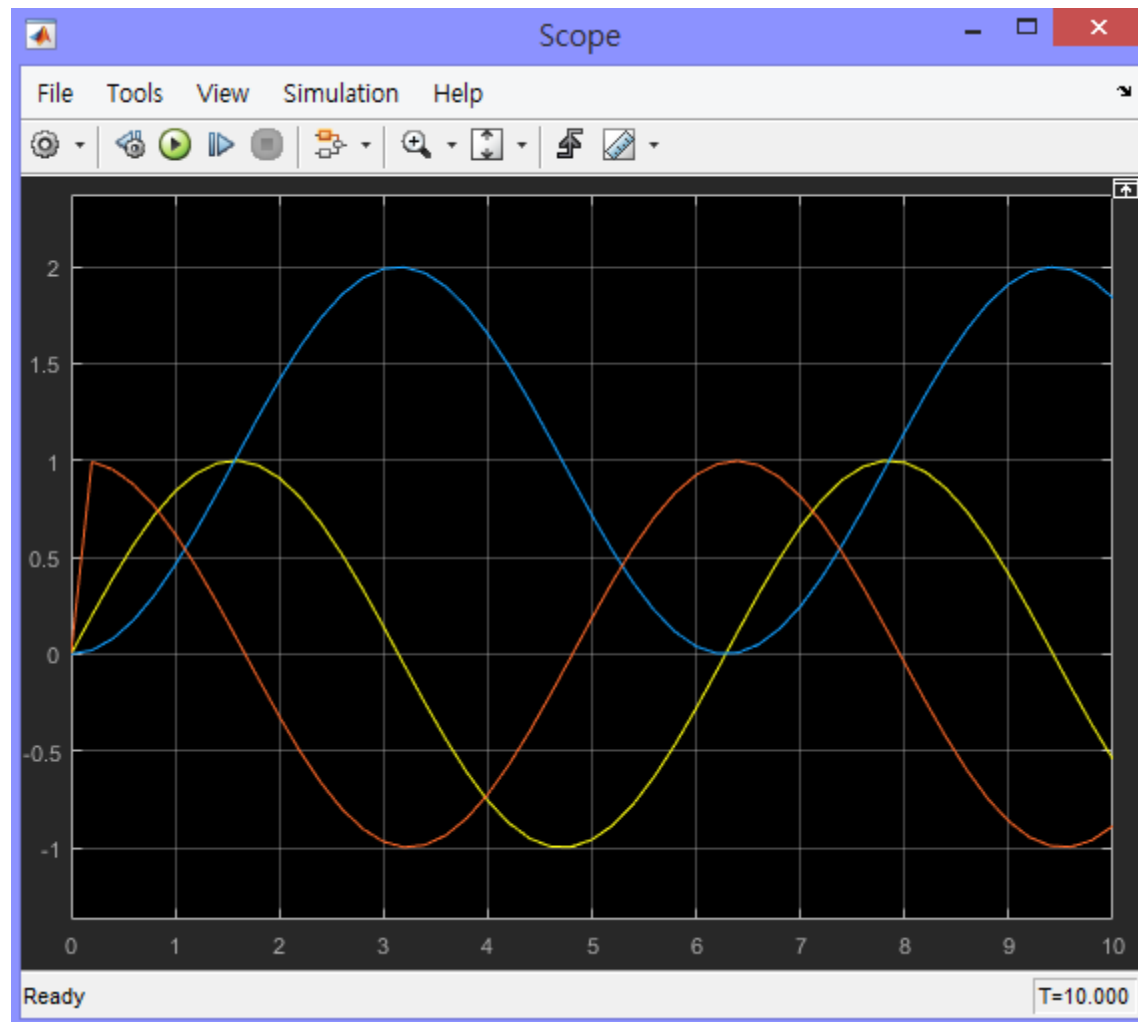
Gain:

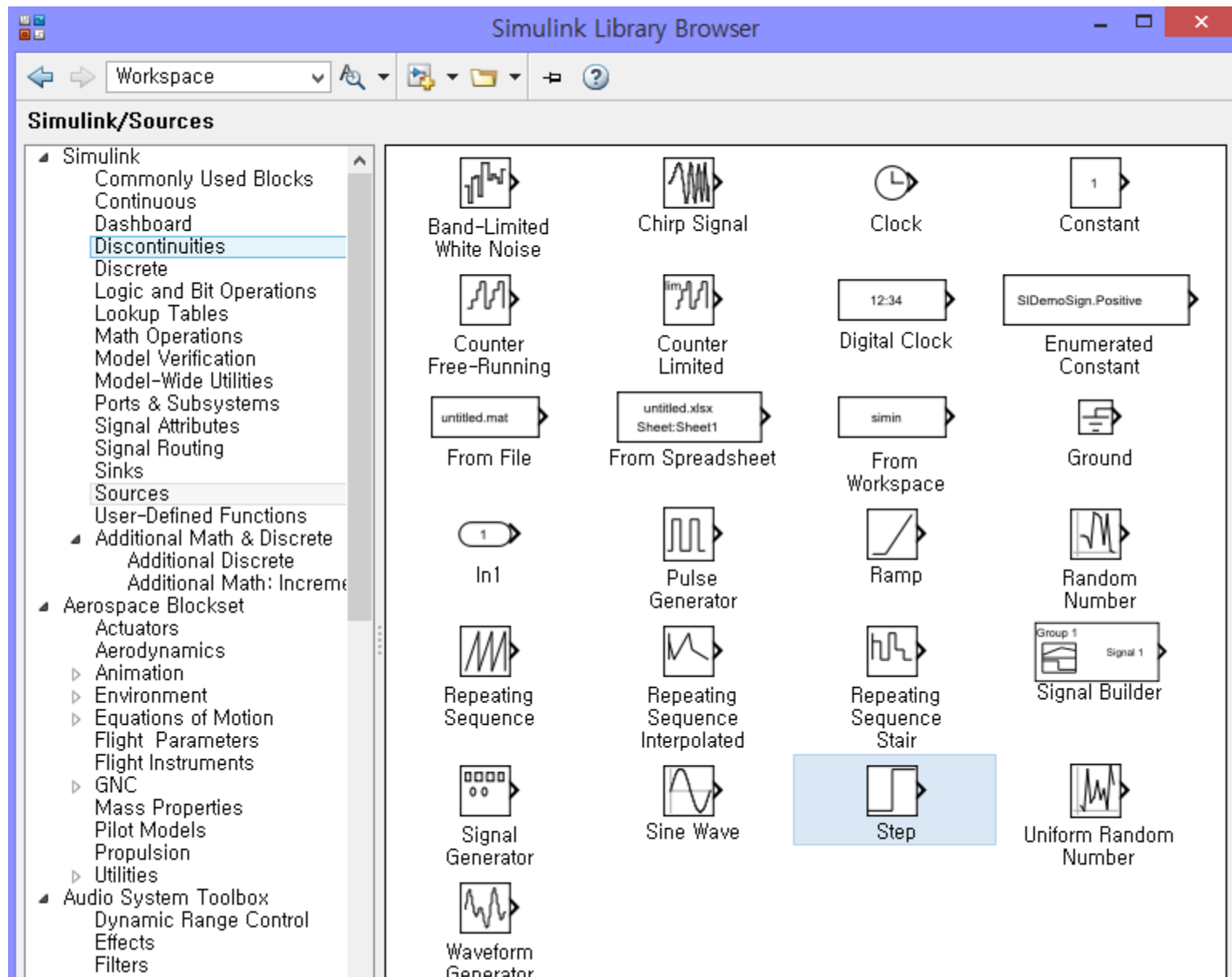
Multiplication:

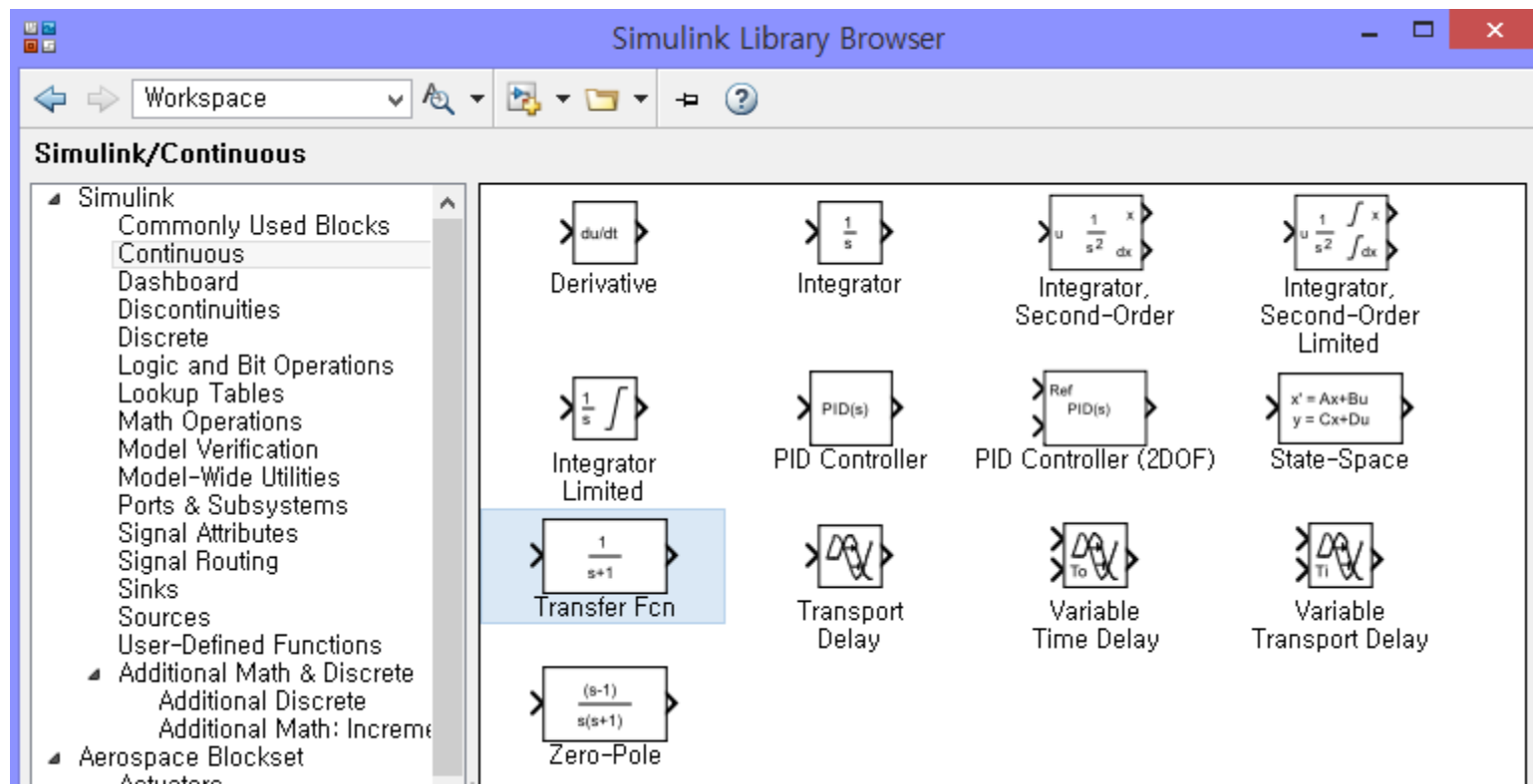


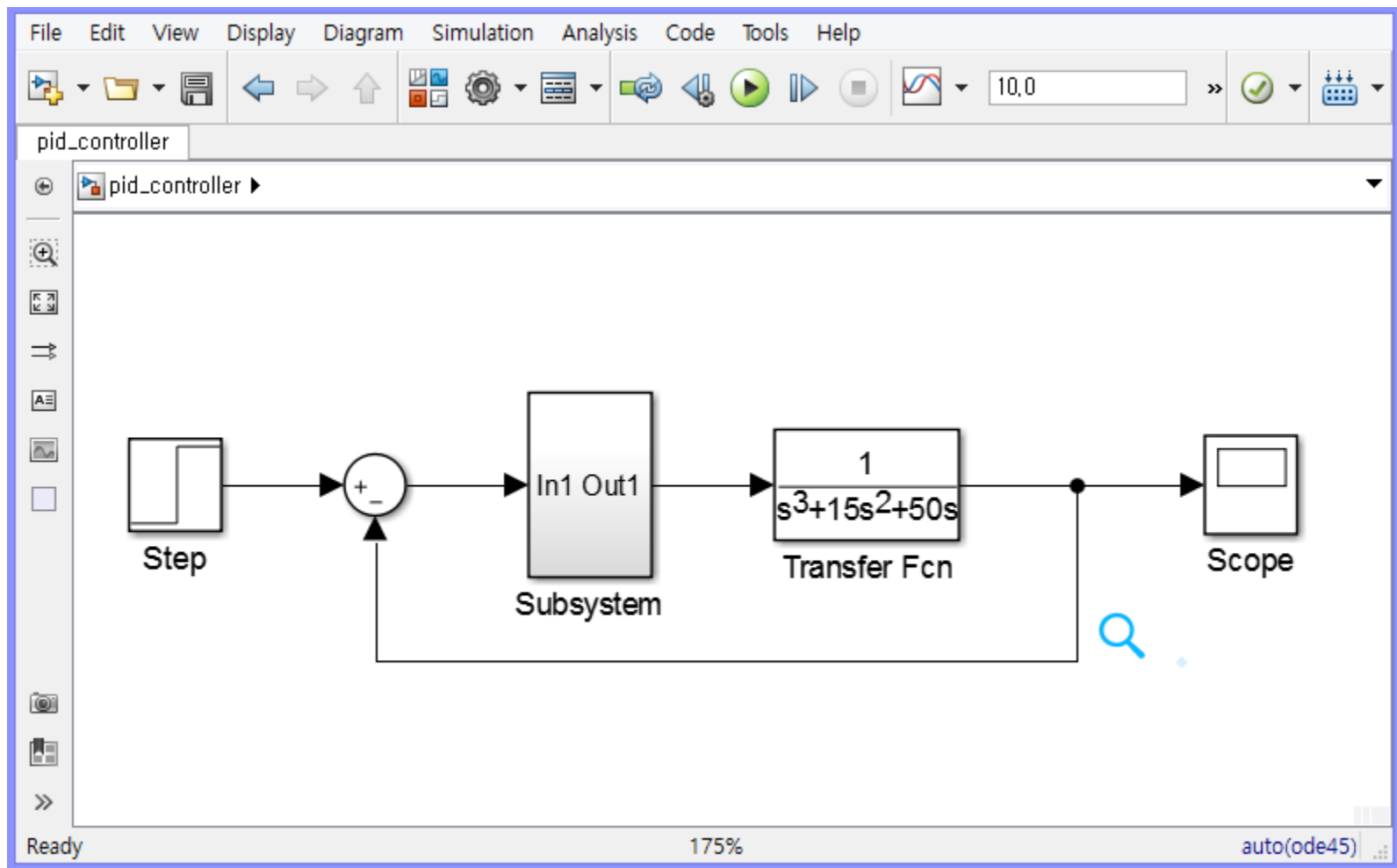


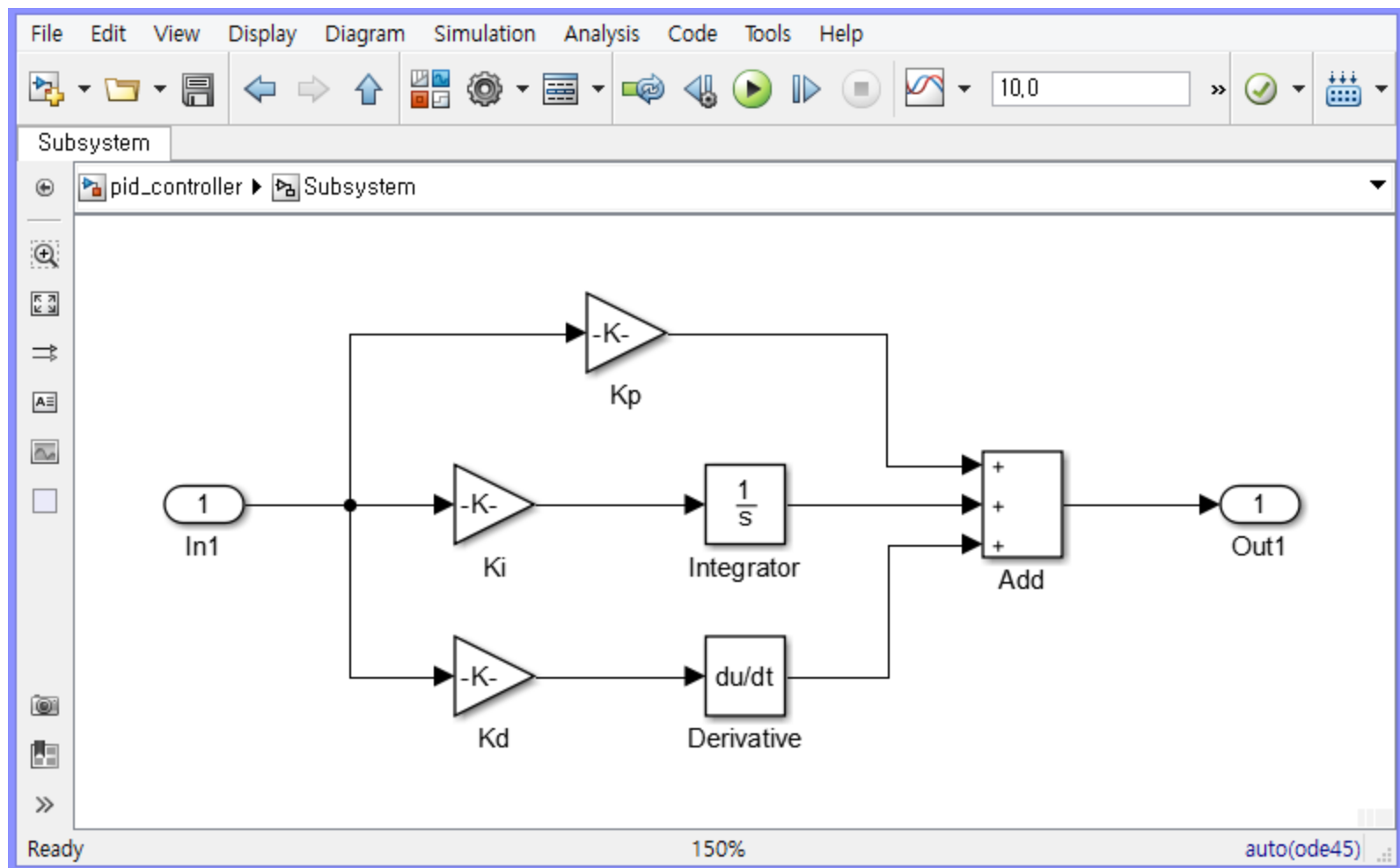














Block Parameters: Transfer Fcn

Transfer Fcn

The numerator coefficient can be a vector or matrix expression. The denominator coefficient must be a vector. The output width equals the number of rows in the numerator coefficient. You should specify the coefficients in descending order of powers of s.


Parameters


Numerator coefficients:

Denominator coefficients:

Absolute tolerance:

State Name: (e.g., 'position')



 Block Parameters: Step ✕

Step

Output a step.

Parameters

Step time:


Initial value:



Final value:

Sample time:

☒ Interpret vector parameters as 1-D

☒ Enable zero-crossing detection




 **Block Parameters: Kp** 



Gain
Element-wise gain ($y = K.*u$) or matrix gain ($y = K*u$ or $y = u*K$).

Main

Gain:

Multiplication:



 **Block Parameters: Ki** 


Gain



Element-wise gain ($y = K.*u$) or matrix gain ($y = K*u$ or $y = u*K$).

Main

Gain:

Multiplication:



 Block Parameters: Kd 


Gain

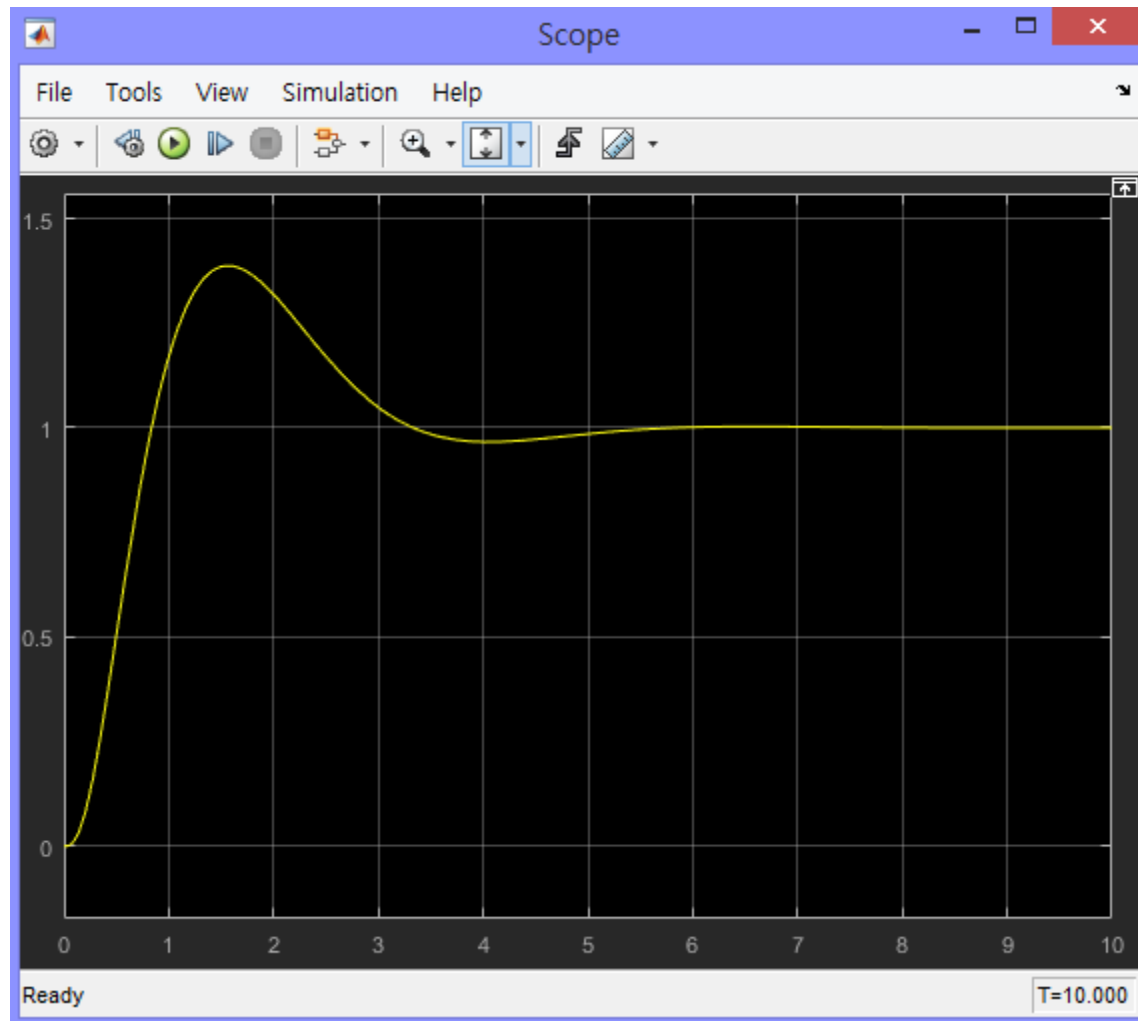
Element-wise gain ($y = K.*u$) or matrix gain ($y = K*u$ or $y = u*K$).

Main

Gain:

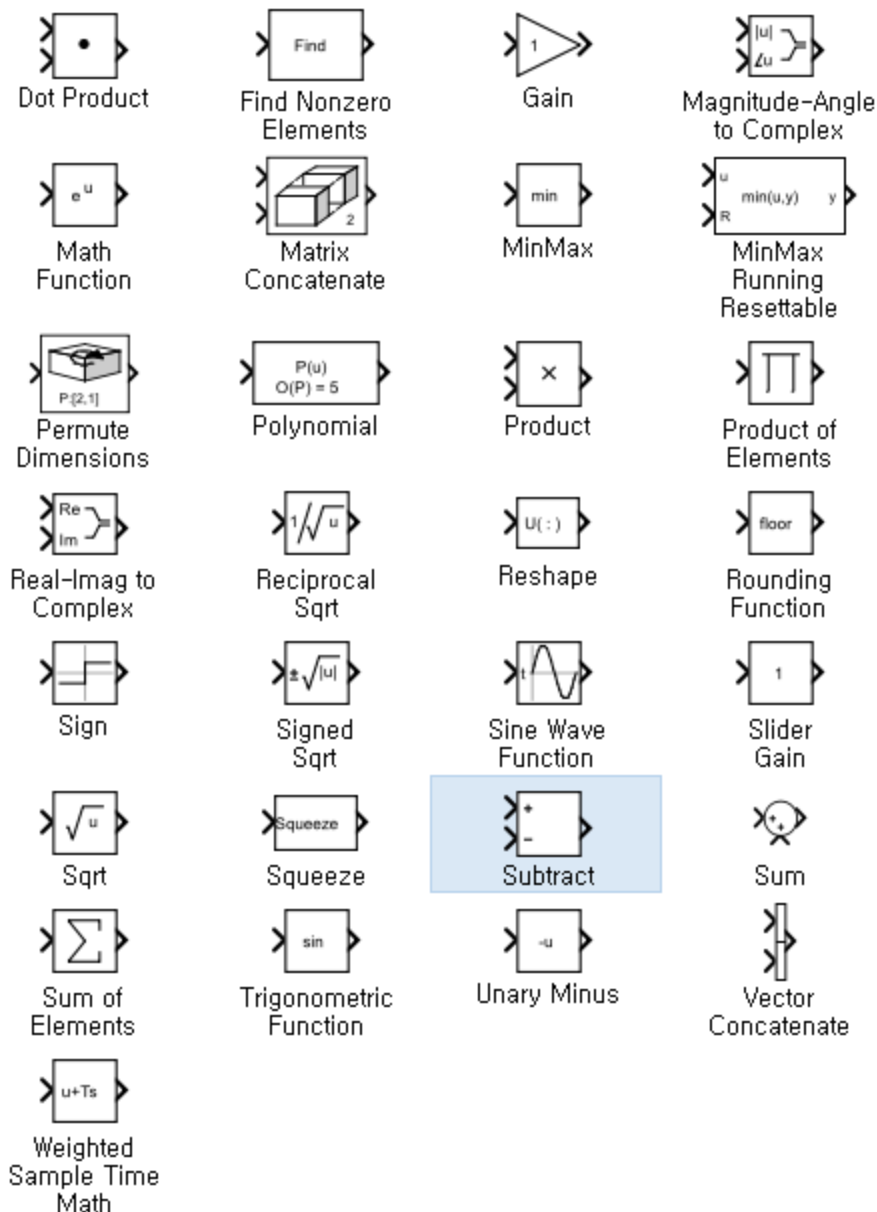
Multiplication:

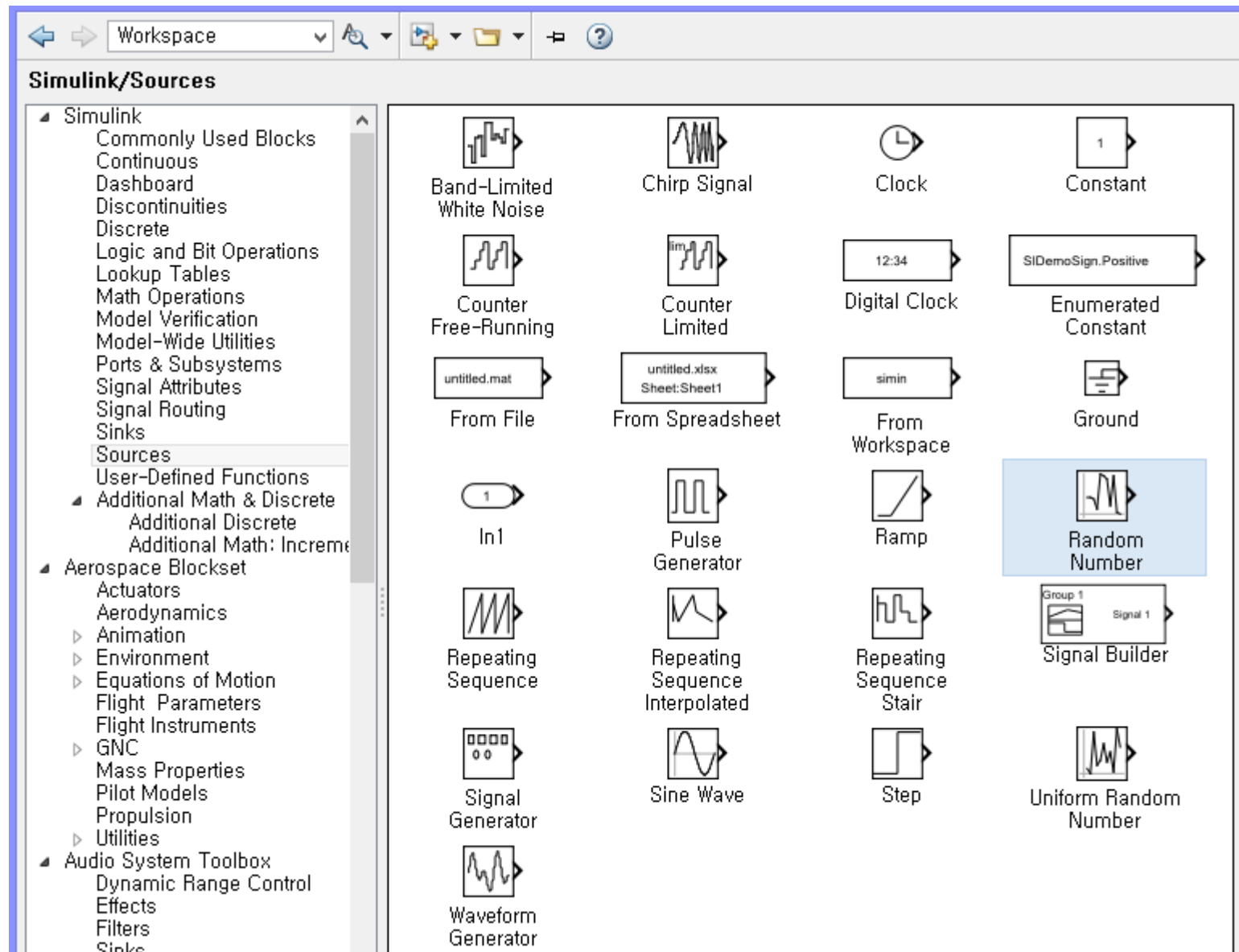


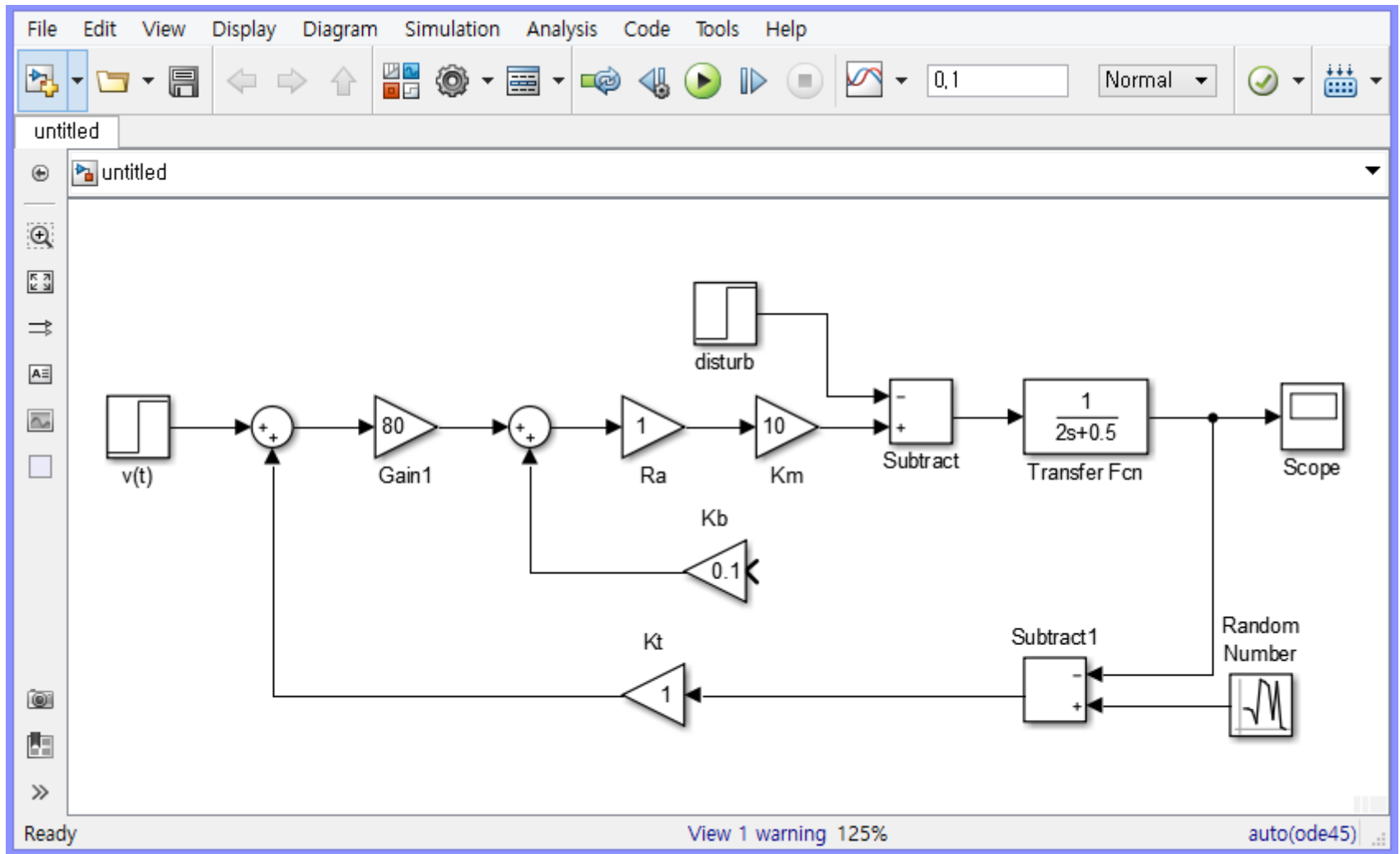




Simulink/Math Operations

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 Block Parameters: $v(t)$ 

Step

Output a step.

Parameters

Step time:


Initial value:



Final value:

Sample time:

☒ Interpret vector parameters as 1-D

☒ Enable zero-crossing detection



 Block Parameters: disturb 

Step

Output a step.

Parameters

Step time:


Initial value:

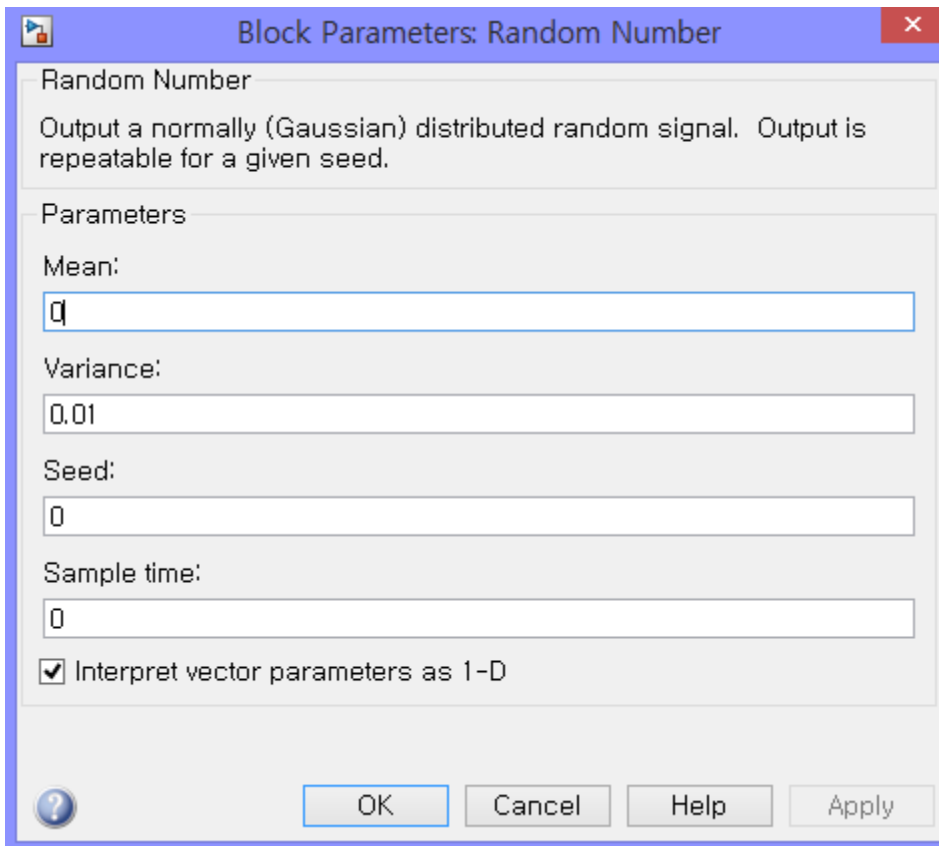
Final value:

Sample time:

☒ Interpret vector parameters as 1-D

☒ Enable zero-crossing detection



The image shows a MATLAB/Simulink dialog box titled "Block Parameters: Random Number". It has a standard Windows-style title bar with a blue background, a small icon on the left, and a red close button on the right. The dialog is divided into two main sections: "Random Number" and "Parameters". The "Random Number" section contains a description: "Output a normally (Gaussian) distributed random signal. Output is repeatable for a given seed." The "Parameters" section contains five input fields: "Mean:" with a value of 0, "Variance:" with a value of 0.01, "Seed:" with a value of 0, and "Sample time:" with a value of 0. Below these fields is a checked checkbox labeled "Interpret vector parameters as 1-D". At the bottom of the dialog, there is a help icon (a question mark in a circle) on the left, and four buttons: "OK", "Cancel", "Help", and "Apply" on the right.

Block Parameters: Random Number

Random Number

Output a normally (Gaussian) distributed random signal. Output is repeatable for a given seed.

Parameters

Mean:

0

Variance:

0.01

Seed:

0

Sample time:

0

☒ Interpret vector parameters as 1-D

