



MongoDB CRUD Operations

CRUD Operations (Create, Read, Update, and Delete) are the basic set of operations that allow users to interact with the MongoDB server.



CRUD is a fundamental concept in computer science, especially when dealing with databases and applications. It stands for **Create, Read, Update, and Delete**, which represent the four basic functions for managing data.

Here's a breakdown of each CRUD operation:

Create: This operation allows you to add new entries or records to a database. Imagine adding a new contact to your phone's address book.

Read: This operation lets you retrieve existing data from the database. In the address book example, this would be searching for a specific contact.

Update: This operation enables you to modify existing data. Continuing with the address book, this could be editing someone's phone number.

Delete: This operation allows you to remove unwanted data from the database. In our example, this would be deleting a contact from your address book.

1. Create Operations

The create or insert operations are used to insert or add new documents in the collection. If a collection does not exist, then it will create a new collection in the database.

create operations using the following methods provided by the MongoDB:

Method	Description
<code>db.collection.insertOne()</code>	It is used to insert a single document in the collection.
<code>db.collection.insertMany()</code>	It is used to insert multiple documents in the collection.
<code>db.createCollection()</code>	It is used to create an empty collection.

Example 1: In this example, we are inserting details of a single student in the form of document in the student collection using **db.collection.insertOne()** method.

```

mongosh mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
For mongosh info see: https://docs.mongodb.com/mongosh-shell/

-----
The server generated these startup warnings when booting
2024-06-04T09:55:06.977+05:30: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and configuration is unrestricted
-----

test> use db
switched to db db
db> show collections
locations
players
$Students
students
Students
Students_permission
db> db.Students.insertOne({
...   name: "Shreya",
...   age: 19,
...   courses: ["English", "physics"],
...   gpa: 3.5,
...   home_city: "City 3",
...   blood_group: "A+",
...   is_hotel_resident: true
... })
{
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: ObjectId('6667d21fd6b66548facdcdf6')
}
db>

```

Example 2: In this example, we are inserting details of the multiple students in the form of documents in the student collection using **db.collection.insertMany()** method.

```

mongosh mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
Please enter a MongoDB connection string (Default: mongodb://localhost/):

Current Mongosh Log ID: 66685342a096aa7506cdcdf5
Connecting to:      mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000&appName=mongosh+2.2.6
Using MongoDB:      7.0.11
Using Mongosh:      2.2.6

For mongosh info see: https://docs.mongodb.com/mongosh-shell/

-----
The server generated these startup warnings when booting
2024-06-11T18:28:03.490+05:30: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and configuration is unrestricted
-----

test> use db
switched to db db
db> show collections
foo
Students
db> db.foo.insertMany([
  {name: "shankar", age: 20, branch: "cse", mode: "online"},
  {name: "lakshmi", age: 25, branch: "ece", mode: "offline"}
])
{
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: {
    '0': ObjectId('666853e9a096aa7506cdcdf6'),
    '1': ObjectId('666853e9a096aa7506cdcdf7')
  }
}
db> db.foo.find()
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('666853e9a096aa7506cdcdf6'),
    name: 'shankar',
    age: 20,
    branch: 'cse',
    mode: 'online'
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('666853e9a096aa7506cdcdf7'),
    name: 'lakshmi',
    age: 25,
    branch: 'ece',
    mode: 'offline'
  }
]
db>

```



2. Read Operations

The Read operations are used to retrieve documents from the collection, or in other words, read operations are used to query a collection for a document.

You can perform read operation using the following method provided by the MongoDB:

Method	Description
db.collection.find()	It is used to retrieve documents from the collection.

```
mongosh mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
Please enter a MongoDB connection string (Default: mongodb://localhost/):
Current Mongosh Log ID: 6667d4a434cc7427cdcd5
Connecting to:  mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000&appName=mongosh+2.2.6
Using Mongosh:  2.2.6
Using Mongosh:  2.2.6
For mongosh info see: https://docs.mongodb.com/mongosh-shell/

-----
The server generated these startup warnings when booting
2024-06-06T09:55:06.977+05:30: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and configuration is unrestricted
-----

test> use db
Switched to db db
db> show collections
locations
players
students
students
students
Students_permission
db> db.locations.find();
[
  {
    _id: 1,
    name: 'Coffee Shop A',
    location: { type: 'Point', coordinates: [ -73.985, 40.748 ] }
  },
  {
    _id: 2,
    name: 'Restaurant B',
    location: { type: 'Point', coordinates: [ -74.009, 40.712 ] }
  },
  {
    _id: 3,
    name: 'Library C',
    location: { type: 'Point', coordinates: [ -77.036, 38.907 ] }
  },
  {
    _id: 4,
    name: 'Park D',
    location: { type: 'Point', coordinates: [ -89.843, 34.26 ] }
  },
  {
    _id: 5,
    name: 'Park E',
    location: { type: 'Point', coordinates: [ -74.000, 40.705 ] }
  }
]
```

3. Update Operations

The update operations are used to update or modify the existing document in the collection. You can perform update operations using the following methods provided by the MongoDB:

Method	Description
db.collection.updateOne()	It is used to update a single document in the collection that satisfy the given criteria.
db.collection.updateMany()	It is used to update multiple documents in the collection that satisfy the given criteria.
db.collection.replaceOne()	It is used to replace single document in the collection that satisfy the given criteria.

Example 1: In this example, we are updating the age of Sumit in the student collection using **db.collection.updateOne()** method.

```

db> db.createCollection("foo")
{ ok: 1 }
db> db.Students.insertOne({ name: "Shreya", age: 19, courses: ["English","physics"], gpa: 3.5, home_city: "City 3", blood_group: "A+", is_hotel_resident: true },)
{ acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: ObjectId('6667dd784334cc7427cdcdf6') }
db> db.foo.insertOne({ name: "Shreya", age: 19, courses: ["English","physics"], gpa: 3.5, home_city: "City 3", blood_group: "A+", is_hotel_resident: true },)
{ acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: ObjectId('6667dded4334cc7427cdcdf7') }
db> db.foo.find()
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('6667dded4334cc7427cdcdf7'),
    name: 'Shreya',
    age: 19,
    courses: ["English","physics"],
    gpa: 3.5,
    home_city: 'City 3',
    blood_group: 'A+',
    is_hotel_resident: true
  }
]
db> db.foo.updateOne({name:"Shreya"},{$set:{age:20}})
{ acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: null,
  matchedCount: 1,
  modifiedCount: 1,
  upsertedCount: 0 }
db> db.foo.find()
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('6667dded4334cc7427cdcdf7'),
    name: 'Shreya',
    age: 20,
    courses: ["English","physics"],
    gpa: 3.5,
    home_city: 'City 3',
    blood_group: 'A+',
    is_hotel_resident: true
  }
]
db>

```

Example 2: In this example, we are inserting details of the multiple students in the form of documents in the student collection using **db.collection.insertMany()** method.

```

]
db> db.foo.updateMany({name:"Shreya"},{$set:{age:20,gpa:4}})
{ acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: null,
  matchedCount: 1,
  modifiedCount: 1,
  upsertedCount: 0 }
db> db.foo.find()
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('6667dded4334cc7427cdcdf7'),
    name: 'Shreya',
    age: 20,
    courses: ["English","physics"],
    gpa: 4,
    home_city: 'City 3',
    blood_group: 'A+',
    is_hotel_resident: true
  }
]
db>

```

4. Delete Operations

The delete operation are used to delete or remove the documents from a collection. You can perform delete operations using the following methods provided by the MongoDB:

Method	Description
db.collection.deleteOne()	It is used to delete a single document from the collection that satisfy the given criteria.
db.collection.deleteMany()	It is used to delete multiple documents from the collection that satisfy the given criteria.

Example 1: In this example, we are deleting a document from the student collection using **db.collection.deleteOne()** method.

```

mongosh mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
db> db.foo.find()
{
  _id: ObjectId('6667d6d4334cc7427cdcd77'),
  name: 'Shreya',
  age: 19,
  courses: ['English', 'physics'],
  gpa: 3.9,
  home_city: 'City X',
  blood_group: 'A+',
  is_hotel_resident: true
}
db> db.foo.updateOne({name: 'Shreya'}, {$set: {age: 20}})
{ acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: null,
  matchedCount: 1,
  modifiedCount: 1,
  upsertedCount: 0 }
db> db.foo.find()
{
  _id: ObjectId('6667d6d4334cc7427cdcd77'),
  name: 'Shreya',
  age: 20,
  courses: ['English', 'physics'],
  gpa: 3.9,
  home_city: 'City X',
  blood_group: 'A+',
  is_hotel_resident: true
}
db> db.foo.updateMany({name: 'Shreya'}, {$set: {age: 20, gpa: 4}})
{ acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: null,
  matchedCount: 1,
  modifiedCount: 1,
  upsertedCount: 0 }
db> db.foo.find()
{
  _id: ObjectId('6667d6d4334cc7427cdcd77'),
  name: 'Shreya',
  age: 20,
  courses: ['English', 'physics'],
  gpa: 4,
  home_city: 'City X',
  blood_group: 'A+',
  is_hotel_resident: true
}
db> db.foo.deleteOne({gpa: 4})
{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 1 }
db> db.foo.find()
db>

```

Example 2: In this example, we are deleting all the documents from the student collection using **db.collection.deleteMany()** method.

```

db> db.foo.find()
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('666853e9a096aa7506cdcd6f6'),
    name: 'Shankar',
    age: 20,
    branch: 'cse',
    mode: 'online'
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('666853e9a096aa7506cdcd77'),
    name: 'lakshmi',
    age: 25,
    branch: 'ece',
    mode: 'offline'
  }
]
db> db.foo.deleteMany({})
{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 2 }
db> db.foo.find()
db>

```