

Title:

Empathy Map Comprehensive Analysis and Dietary Strategies with Tableau: A College Food Choices Case Study

1. Introduction

- **Objective:**
Understand how college students make food choices and what drives their dietary behaviors.
 - **Methodology:**
Use Empathy Maps for qualitative insight and Tableau for quantitative visualization to develop tailored dietary strategies.
 - **Importance:**
College students face unique challenges: limited budgets, time constraints, stress, and variable food availability. Identifying these barriers can guide better nutritional interventions.
-

2. Empathy Map Analysis

Empathy Maps are divided into four key quadrants: **Says, Thinks, Does, Feels**. These are informed by interviews, surveys, and observations.

Target Persona:

"Alex," a 20-year-old sophomore living on campus. Budget: \$50/week for food.

Says

- "I want to eat healthy but it's expensive."
- "I don't have time to cook every day."
- "The cafeteria food is hit or miss."

Thinks

- "I should probably eat more vegetables."
- "Fast food is convenient, but I feel guilty."
- "Meal prepping sounds good, but I never follow through."

Does

- Eats late at night.
- Orders delivery 2-3x per week.
- Snacks during study sessions.

Feels

- Anxious about weight and energy.
 - Guilty after binge eating.
 - Overwhelmed by meal planning.
-

3. Tableau Data Visualization

Data Sources:

- Student food diaries
- Campus dining logs
- Survey responses (Likert-scale, frequency-based)
- Budget vs actual food spending

Visual Dashboards (built in Tableau):

- 1. Dietary Habits Overview**
 - % of students eating breakfast, lunch, dinner
 - Popular food types by meal
 - 2. Nutrient Intake Distribution**
 - Macro intake: Protein, Carbs, Fats
 - Sugar and caffeine spikes during finals
 - 3. Food Spending by Category**
 - Grocery vs Dining Out vs Vending
 - Weekly trend lines
 - 4. Satisfaction and Emotional Correlation**
 - Self-reported satisfaction vs food choice
 - Emotional state tag clouds
 - 5. Time & Convenience Heatmap**
 - Time of day vs food choice frequency
 - 6. Persona Segmentation**
 - Healthy eaters, budget eaters, emotional eaters, convenience seekers
-

4. Key Findings

- **Top 3 Barriers:** Time, cost, and convenience
 - **Nutrient Gaps:** Low fiber, high sugar/caffeine during stress periods
 - **Spending Trends:** 60% spend more on delivery than groceries
 - **Emotion-Food Link:** Higher emotional stress = increased snacking and caffeine
-

5. Dietary Strategy Development

Personalized Strategy Framework (based on persona & data):

Area	Strategy
Cost	Budget meal planning templates; campus meal voucher guide
Time	15-min healthy recipes; prep-in-bulk meal plans
Convenience	Snack box kits; healthy vending integration
Stress Management	Mindful eating workshops; nutrition & wellness sessions

Program Components:

- “SmartPlate” digital planner synced with Tableau dashboard insights
 - Nutrition-focused campus ambassador program
 - Monthly “Eat Better on a Budget” challenges
-

6. Conclusion

Empathy Mapping helped uncover not just what students do, but **why** they do it. Tableau enabled a **quantitative validation** of these insights, providing a dual-lens approach to behavior-driven dietary strategy design.

This case study demonstrates the power of **human-centered design** and **data-driven nutrition policy** in shaping healthier, more sustainable eating patterns for college students.

Appendix (Optional)

- Sample empathy maps
- Tableau dashboard screenshots or URLs
- Survey instruments

