## AI BASED SNAKE GAME USING Q -LEARNING.

Snake game using deep learning is based on the reinforcement learning. In the snake game the snake eats the apple within the boundaries and not colliding with its own tail.

The rules for the snake game are:

- --> The snake will try to eat the apple but the steps for the snake to eat the apple are limited.
- --> The snake must not collide with its own tail and boundaries to keep itself alive.
- --> The snake grows by 1 unit after eating the apple and then the games becomes even more complex to play.
- --> There are 4 directions in the snake game which are left, right, top and bottom.
- --> The boundaries are fixed and finite for the snake to move and achieve high score.

I have mounted my drive with the colab.

Install the pygame for the graphics and video libraries for the game which are already available in the pygame.

import videodriver for a window screen to popup for the snake game.

This is the code for the snake game and all the classes defined accordingly.

## In [1]: !pip install pygame

Requirement already satisfied: pygame in /Users/manasakilaru/opt/anaconda 3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (2.1.2)

```
In [2]: #!/usr/bin/python
        # -*-coding: utf-8 -*-
        import contextlib
        import random
        import sys
        import time
        from operator import add, sub
        from dataclasses import dataclass
        from itertools import product
        from typing import Tuple
        with contextlib.redirect_stdout(None):
            import pygame
            from pygame.locals import *
        from heapq import *
        WHITE = (255, 255, 255)
        BLACK = (0, 0, 0)
        RED = (255, 0, 0)
        GREEN = (0, 255, 0)
        BLUE = (0, 0, 255)
        DARKGRAY = (40, 40, 40)
        @dataclass
        class Base:
            cell size: int = 20
            cell width: int = 12
            cell height: int = 12
            window width = cell size * cell width
            window_height = cell_size * cell_height
            @staticmethod
            def node_add(node_a: Tuple[int, int], node_b: Tuple[int, int]):
                result: Tuple[int, int] = tuple(map(add, node a, node b))
                return result
            @staticmethod
            def node sub(node a: Tuple[int, int], node b: Tuple[int, int]):
                result: Tuple[int, int] = tuple(map(sub, node_a, node_b))
                return result
            @staticmethod
            def mean(1):
                return round(sum(1) / len(1), 4)
        def heuristic(start, goal):
            return (start[0] - goal[0])**2 + (start[1] - goal[1])**2
        # create the class for the apple base to have the random creation of apples
        class Apple(Base):
            def __init__(self, **kwargs):
                super().__init__(**kwargs)
                self.location = None
```

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def refresh(self, snake):
        Generate a new apple
        available positions = set(product(range(self.cell_width - 1), range
        # If there's no available node for new apple, it reaches the perfec
        location = random.sample(available positions, 1)[0] if available po
        self.location = location
# create the class for the snake as well to have te blocks occupied by the
class Snake(Base):
    def __init__(self, initial_length: int = 3, body: list = None, **kwargs
        :param initial length: The initial length of the snake
        :param body: Optional. Specifying an initial snake body
        super().__init__(**kwargs)
        self.initial_length = initial_length
        self.score = 0
        self.is dead = False
        self.eaten = False
        # last direction is only used for human player, giving it a default
        self.last direction = (-1, 0)
        if body:
            self.body = body
        else:
            if not 0 < initial length < self.cell width:</pre>
                raise ValueError(f"Initial length should fall in (0, {self.
            start x = self.cell width // 2
            start y = self.cell height // 2
            start body x = [start x] * initial length
            start body y = range(start y, start y - initial length, -1)
            self.body = list(zip(start_body_x, start_body_y))
    def get_head(self):
        return self.body[-1]
    def dead checking(self, head, check=False):
        Check if the snake is dead
        :param check: if check is True, only return the checking result wit
        :return: Boolean
        0.00
        x, y = head
        if not 0 <= x < self.cell width or not 0 <= y < self.cell height or</pre>
            if not check:
                self.is dead = True
            return True
        return False
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def cut_tail(self):
        self.body.pop(0)
    def move(self, new_head: tuple, apple: Apple):
        Given the location of apple, decide if the apple is eaten (same loc
        :param new_head: (new head_x, new head_y)
        :param apple: Apple instance
        :return: Boolean. Whether the apple is eaten.
        if new_head is None:
            self.is dead = True
            return
        if self.dead_checking(head=new_head):
            return
        self.last_direction = self.node_sub(new_head, self.get_head())
        # make the move
        self.body.append(new_head)
        # if the snake eats the apple, score adds 1
        if self.get_head() == apple.location:
            self.eaten = True
            self.score += 1
        # Otherwise, cut the tail so that snake moves forward without growi
        else:
            self.eaten = False
            self.cut_tail()
\# create the class for the player for the prediction of the moves for the s
class Player(Base):
    def init (self, snake: Snake, apple: Apple, **kwargs):
        :param snake: Snake instance
        :param apple: Apple instance
        super().__init__(**kwargs)
        self.snake = snake
        self.apple = apple
    def _get_neighbors(self, node):
        fetch and yield the four neighbours of a node
        :param node: (node_x, node_y)
        for diff in ((0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)):
            yield self.node add(node, diff)
    @staticmethod
    def is_node_in_queue(node: tuple, queue: iter):
        Check if element is in a nested list
        return any(node in sublist for sublist in queue)
```

```
def is_invalid_move(self, node: tuple, snake: Snake):
        Similar to dead checking, this method checks if a given node is a v
        :return: Boolean
        x, y = node
        if not 0 <= x < self.cell_width or not 0 <= y < self.cell_height or</pre>
            return True
        return False
class BFS(Player):
         <u>_init</u>_(self, snake: Snake, apple: Apple, **kwargs):
        :param snake: Snake instance
        :param apple: Apple instance
        super().__init__(snake=snake, apple=apple, **kwargs)
    def run bfs(self):
        0.00
        Run BFS searching and return the full path of best way to apple fro
        queue = [[self.snake.get_head()]]
        while queue:
            path = queue[0]
            future head = path[-1]
            # If snake eats the apple, return the next move after snake's h
            if future head == self.apple.location:
                return path
            for next node in self. get neighbors(future head):
                if (
                    self.is_invalid_move(node=next_node, snake=self.snake)
                    or self.is node in queue(node=next node, queue=queue)
                    continue
                new path = list(path)
                new path.append(next node)
                queue.append(new path)
            queue.pop(0)
    def next node(self):
        Run the BFS searching and return the next move in this path
        path = self.run bfs()
        return path[1]
class LongestPath(BFS):
    Given shortest path, change it to the longest path
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def __init__(self, snake: Snake, apple: Apple, **kwargs):
    :param snake: Snake instance
    :param apple: Apple instance
   super().__init__(snake=snake, apple=apple, **kwargs)
   self.kwargs = kwargs
def run longest(self):
   0.000
   For every move, check if it could be replace with three equivalent
   For example, for snake moving one step left, check if moving up, le
   move with equivalent longer move. Start this over until no move can
   path = self.run_bfs()
   # print(f'longest path initial result: {path}')
   if path is None:
        # print(f"Has no Longest path")
        return
   i = 0
   while True:
       try:
            direction = self.node sub(path[i], path[i + 1])
        except IndexError:
           break
        # Build a dummy snake with body and longest path for checking i
        snake path = Snake(body=self.snake.body + path[1:], **self.kwar
        # up -> left, up, right
        # down -> right, down, left
        # left -> up, left, down
        # right -> down, right, up
        for neibhour in ((0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)):
            if direction == neibhour:
                x, y = neibhour
                diff = (y, x) if x != 0 else (-y, x)
                extra node 1 = self.node add(path[i], diff)
                extra node 2 = self.node add(path[i + 1], diff)
                if snake_path.dead_checking(head=extra_node_1) or snake
                    i += 1
                    # Add replacement nodes
                    path[i + 1:i + 1] = [extra node 1, extra node 2]
                break
   # Exclude the first node, which is same to snake's head
   return path[1:]
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class Fowardcheck(Player):
    def __init__(self, snake: Snake, apple: Apple, **kwargs):
        :param snake: Snake instance
        :param apple: Apple instance
        super().__init__(snake=snake, apple=apple, **kwargs)
        self.kwargs = kwargs
    def run forwardcheck(self):
        bfs = BFS(snake=self.snake, apple=self.apple, **self.kwargs)
        path = bfs.run bfs()
        print("trying BFS")
        if path is None:
            snake_tail = Apple()
            snake_tail.location = self.snake.body[0]
            snake = Snake(body=self.snake.body[1:])
            longest path = LongestPath(snake=snake, apple=snake tail, **sel
            next_node = longest_path[0]
            # print("BFS not reachable, trying head to tail")
            # print(next node)
            return next_node
        length = len(self.snake.body)
        virtual snake body = (self.snake.body + path[1:])[-length:]
        virtual snake tail = Apple()
        virtual snake tail.location = (self.snake.body + path[1:])[-length
        virtual snake = Snake(body=virtual snake body)
        virtual snake longest = LongestPath(snake=virtual snake, apple=virt
        virtual snake longest path = virtual snake longest.run longest()
        if virtual snake longest path is None:
            snake tail = Apple()
            snake tail.location = self.snake.body[0]
            snake = Snake(body=self.snake.body[1:])
            longest path = LongestPath(snake=snake, apple=snake tail, **sel
            next node = longest path[0]
            # print("virtual snake not reachable, trying head to tail")
            # print(next node)
            return next node
        else:
            # print("BFS accepted")
            return path[1]
class Mixed(Player):
    def __init__(self, snake: Snake, apple: Apple, **kwargs):
        :param snake: Snake instance
        :param apple: Apple instance
        super(). init (snake=snake, apple=apple, **kwargs)
        self.kwarqs = kwarqs
    def escape(self):
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head = self.snake.get head()
        largest_neibhour_apple_distance = 0
        newhead = None
        for diff in ((0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)):
            neibhour = self.node add(head, diff)
            if self.snake.dead checking(head=neibhour, check=True):
                continue
            neibhour apple distance = (
                abs(neibhour[0] - self.apple.location[0]) + abs(neibhour[1]
            )
            # Find the neibhour which has greatest Manhattan distance to ap
            if largest neibhour apple distance < neibhour apple distance:
                snake tail = Apple()
                snake_tail.location = self.snake.body[1]
                # Create a virtual snake with a neibhour as head, to see if
                # thus remove two nodes from body: one for moving one step
                snake = Snake(body=self.snake.body[2:] + [neibhour])
                bfs = BFS(snake=snake, apple=snake tail, **self.kwargs)
                path = bfs.run bfs()
                if path is None:
                    continue
                largest neibhour apple distance = neibhour apple distance
                newhead = neibhour
        return newhead
    def run mixed(self):
        Mixed strategy
        bfs = BFS(snake=self.snake, apple=self.apple, **self.kwargs)
        path = bfs.run bfs()
        # If the snake does not have the path to apple, try to follow its t
        if path is None:
            return self.escape()
        # Send a virtual snake to see when it reaches the apple, does it st
        # alive
        length = len(self.snake.body)
        virtual_snake_body = (self.snake.body + path[1:])[-length:]
        virtual snake tail = Apple()
        virtual snake tail.location = (self.snake.body + path[1:])[-length
        virtual snake = Snake(body=virtual snake body)
        virtual snake longest = BFS(snake=virtual snake, apple=virtual snak
        virtual snake longest path = virtual snake longest.run bfs()
        if virtual snake longest path is None:
            return self.escape()
        else:
            return path[1]
class Astar(Player):
         <u>init</u> (self, snake: Snake, apple: Apple, **kwargs):
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:param snake: Snake instance
        :param apple: Apple instance
        super().__init__(snake=snake, apple=apple, **kwargs)
        self.kwargs = kwargs
    def run astar(self):
        came_from = {}
        close_list = set()
        goal = self.apple.location
        start = self.snake.get head()
        dummy_snake = Snake(body=self.snake.body)
        neighbors = [(1, 0), (-1, 0), (0, 1), (0, -1), (-1, -1), (-1, 1), (
        gscore = {start: 0}
        fscore = {start: heuristic(start, goal)}
        open_list = [(fscore[start], start)]
        print(start, goal, open_list)
        while open_list:
            current = min(open_list, key=lambda x: x[0])[1]
            open list.pop(0)
            print(current)
            if current == goal:
                data = []
                while current in came_from:
                    data.append(current)
                    current = came from[current]
                    print(data)
                return data[-1]
            close list.add(current)
            for neighbor in neighbors:
                neighbor node = self.node add(current, neighbor)
                if dummy snake.dead checking(head=neighbor node) or neighbor
                    continue
                if sum(map(abs, self.node sub(current, neighbor node))) ==
                    diff = self.node sub(current, neighbor node)
                    if dummy_snake.dead_checking(head=self.node add(neighbo
                                                  ) or self.node add(neighbo
                    elif dummy snake.dead checking(head=self.node add(neigh
                                                    ) or self.node add(neigh
                tentative gscore = gscore[current] + heuristic(current, nei
                if tentative gscore < gscore.get(neighbor node, 0) or neigh</pre>
                    gscore[neighbor_node] = tentative_gscore
                    fscore[neighbor node] = tentative gscore + heuristic(ne
                    open list.append((fscore[neighbor node], neighbor node)
                    came from[neighbor node] = current
class Human(Player):
    def init (self, snake: Snake, apple: Apple, **kwargs):
        :param snake: Snake instance
        :param apple: Apple instance
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        super().__init__(snake=snake, apple=apple, **kwargs)
    def run(self):
        for event in pygame.event.get(): # event handling loop
            if event.type == KEYDOWN:
                if (event.key == K_LEFT or event.key == K_a) and self.snake
                    diff = (-1, 0) \# left
                elif (event.key == K_RIGHT or event.key == K_d) and self.sn
                    diff = (1, 0) \# right
                elif (event.key == K UP or event.key == K w) and self.snake
                    diff = (0, -1) # up
                elif (event.key == K_DOWN or event.key == K_s) and self.sna
                    diff = (0, 1) \# down
                else:
                    break
                return self.node add(self.snake.get head(), diff)
        # If no button is pressed down, follow previou direction
        return self.node_add(self.snake.get_head(), self.snake.last_directi
@dataclass
class SnakeGame(Base):
    fps: int = 60
    def __init__(self, **kwargs):
        super().__init__(**kwargs)
        self.kwargs = kwargs
        pygame.init()
        self.clock = pygame.time.Clock()
        self.display = pygame.display.set mode((self.window width, self.win
        pygame.display.set caption('Perfect Snake')
    def launch(self):
        while True:
            self.game()
            # self.showGameOverScreen()
            self.pause game()
    def game(self):
        snake = Snake(**self.kwargs)
        apple = Apple(**self.kwargs)
        apple.refresh(snake=snake)
        step_time = []
        longgest_path_cache = []
        while True:
            # Human Player
            # new head = Human(snake=snake, apple=apple, **self.kwargs).run
            # AI Player
            for event in pygame.event.get(): # event handling loop
                if event.type == QUIT or (event.type == KEYDOWN and event.k
```

```
self.terminate()
        start_time = time.time()
        # BFS Solver
        # new head = BFS(snake=snake, apple=apple, **self.kwargs).next
        # Longest Path Solver
        # this solver is calculated per apple, not per move
        # if not longgest path cache:
              longgest path cache = LongestPath(snake=snake, apple=appl
        # new head = longgest path cache.pop(0)
        # A star Solver
        # new head = Astar(snake=snake, apple=apple, **self.kwarqs).run
        # FORWARD CHECKING
        # new head = Fowardcheck(snake=snake, apple=apple, **self.kwarg
        new head = Mixed(snake=snake, apple=apple, **self.kwargs).run m
        print(new head)
        end_time = time.time()
       move_time = end_time - start_time
        # print(move time)
        step_time.append(move_time)
        snake.move(new_head=new_head, apple=apple)
        if snake.is dead:
            print(snake.body)
            print("Dead")
           break
        elif snake.eaten:
            apple.refresh(snake=snake)
        if snake.score + snake.initial length >= self.cell width * self
            break
        self.display.fill(BLACK)
        self.draw panel()
        self.draw snake(snake.body)
        self.draw_apple(apple.location)
        pygame.display.update()
        self.clock.tick(self.fps)
   print(f"Score: {snake.score}")
   print(f"Mean step time: {self.mean(step time)}")
@staticmethod
def terminate():
   pygame.quit()
   sys.exit()
def pause game(self):
   while True:
        time.sleep(0.2)
```

```
for event in pygame.event.get(): # event handling loop
                if event.type == QUIT:
                    self.terminate()
                if event.type == KEYUP:
                    if event.key == K_ESCAPE:
                        self.terminate()
                    else:
                        return
    def draw snake(self, snake body):
        for snake block x, snake block y in snake body:
            x = snake_block_x * self.cell_size
           y = snake block y * self.cell size
            snake_block = pygame.Rect(x, y, self.cell_size - 1, self.cell_s
            pygame.draw.rect(self.display, WHITE, snake_block)
       # Draw snake's head
       x = snake_body[-1][0] * self.cell_size
       y = snake_body[-1][1] * self.cell_size
       snake block = pygame.Rect(x, y, self.cell size - 1, self.cell size
       pygame.draw.rect(self.display, GREEN, snake_block)
       # Draw snake's tail
       x = snake_body[0][0] * self.cell_size
       y = snake_body[0][1] * self.cell_size
       snake_block = pygame.Rect(x, y, self.cell_size - 1, self.cell size
       pygame.draw.rect(self.display, BLUE, snake_block)
   def draw apple(self, apple_location):
       apple x, apple y = apple location
       apple_block = pygame.Rect(apple_x * self.cell_size, apple_y * self.
       pygame.draw.rect(self.display, RED, apple block)
   def draw panel(self):
        for x in range(0, self.window_width, self.cell size): # draw verti
            pygame.draw.line(self.display, DARKGRAY, (x, 0), (x, self.windo
        for y in range(0, self.window height, self.cell size): # draw hori
            pygame.draw.line(self.display, DARKGRAY, (0, y), (self.window_w
if name == ' main ':
   SnakeGame().launch()
```

/var/folders/m1/4lxnd6691l5dm01hy7zh942c0000gn/T/ipykernel\_4320/182599293
1.py:65: DeprecationWarning: Sampling from a set deprecated
since Python 3.9 and will be removed in a subsequent version.
location = random.sample(available\_positions, 1)[0] if available\_positions else (-1, -1)

	(5, 4) (5, 5) (5, 6) (4, 6)		
In [ ]:			
In [ ]:			