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Batch:29

Assessment: 4.5

Task 1: Suppose that you work for a company that receives hundreds of customer emails daily. Management wants to automatically classify mails into categories like "Billing", "Technical Support", "Feedback", and "Others" before assigning them to appropriate departments. Instead of training a new model, your task is to use prompt engineering techniques with an existing LLM to handle the classification.

Prompt :

Classify the above below samples into one of the following categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.

Classify the above email samples into one of the following categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.Email: 'I have not received my invoice for last month.

Classify the below email samples into one of the following categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.Email: 'I have not received my invoice for last month. Billing, "Subject: Invoice #12345 Dear Customer, your invoice for the month of June is attached.

Please make the payment by the due date. Best regards, Billing Team","Technical Support", "Subject: Issue with Software Installation Hello Support Team, I am facing issues while installing the software on my computer. It shows an error code 404. Please assist. Thanks, User".

Code :

```
AI-4.5.py > ⚡ classify_multiple_emails
1 #Management wants to automatically classify emails into categories like "Billing", "Technical Support", "Feedback", and "Others" before assigning them to k
2 #Create or collect 10 short email samples, each belonging to one of the 4 categories.
3 #Classify the above below samples into one of the following categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.''
4 def classify_email(email_content):
5     """Classify the email content into one of the categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.
6     Parameters:
7         email_content (str): The content of the email to classify.
8     Returns:
9         str: The category of the email.''
10    email_content = email_content.lower()
11
12    if any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["invoice", "payment", "billing", "due date", "overdue"]):
13        return "Billing"
14    elif any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["issue", "error", "support", "installation", "bug", "connectivity"]):
15        return "Technical Support"
16    elif any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["feedback", "suggestion", "purchase", "quality", "service"]):
17        return "Feedback"
18    else:
19        return "Others"
20
21    email_samples = [
22        ("Billing", "Subject: Invoice #12345\\nDear Customer, your invoice for the month of June is attached. Please make the payment by the due date.\\nBest reg
23        ("Technical Support", "Subject: Issue with Software Installation\\nHello Support Team, I am facing issues while installing the software on my computer.
24        ("Feedback", "Subject: Feedback on Recent Purchase\\nHi Team, I recently purchased a product from your store and I am very satisfied with the quality ar
25        ("Others", "Subject: Meeting Reminder\\nDear Team, this is a reminder for our meeting scheduled tomorrow at 10 AM in the conference room. Please be on t
26        ("Billing", "Subject: Payment Confirmation\\nDear Customer, we have received your payment for the invoice #67890. Thank you for your prompt payment.\\nBu
27        ("Technical Support", "Subject: Network Connectivity Issue\\nHello, I am experiencing frequent disconnections from the Internet. Can you please help me?
28        ("Feedback", "Subject: Suggestion for New Features\\nHi Team, I would like to suggest a few new features for your app that I believe would enhance user
29        ("Others", "Subject: Holiday Announcement\\nDear All, please note that the office will be closed next Friday in observance of the holiday. Enjoy your d
30        ("Billing", "Subject: Overdue Payment Notice\\nDear Customer, our records indicate that your payment for invoice #54321 is overdue. Please make the paym
31    ]
32    print(classify_email(email_samples[1][1])) # Output: Technical Support
33    print(classify_email(email_samples[4][1])) # Output: Billing
34    print(classify_email(email_samples[7][1])) # Output: Others
35
36 #Classify the above email samples into one of the following categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.Email: 'I have not received my invoice
37 def classify_email_single(email_content):
38     """Classify a single email content into one of the categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.
39     Parameters:
```

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AI-4.5.py > classify_multiple_emails
37 def classify_email_single(email_content):
38     Parameters:
39         email_content (str): The content of the email to classify.
40         Returns:
41             str: The category of the email."""
42         email_content = email_content.lower()
43
44         if any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["invoice", "payment", "billing", "due date", "overdue"]):
45             return "Billing"
46         elif any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["issue", "error", "support", "installation", "bug", "connectivity"]):
47             return "Technical Support"
48         elif any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["feedback", "suggestion", "purchase", "quality", "service"]):
49             return "Feedback"
50         else:
51             return "Others"
52
53     # Example Usage:
54     email_to_classify = "I have not received my invoice for last month."
55     print(classify_email_single(email_to_classify)) # Output: Billing
56
57     #Classify the below email samples into one of the following categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.Email: 'I have not received my invoice for last month.'"
58     def classify_multiple_emails(email_contents):
59         """Classify multiple email contents into one of the categories: Billing, Technical Support, Feedback, Others.
60         Parameters:
61             email_contents (list): A list of email contents to classify.
62             Returns:
63                 list: A list of categories corresponding to each email."""
64         categories = []
65         for email_content in email_contents:
66             email_content = email_content.lower()
67
68             if any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["invoice", "payment", "billing", "due date", "overdue"]):
69                 categories.append("Billing")
70             elif any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["issue", "error", "support", "installation", "bug", "connectivity"]):
71                 categories.append("Technical Support")
72             elif any(keyword in email_content for keyword in ["feedback", "suggestion", "purchase", "quality", "service"]):
73                 categories.append("Feedback")
74             else:
75                 categories.append("Others")
76
77         return categories
78
79     # Example Usage:
80     emails_to_classify = [
81         "I have not received my invoice for last month.",
82         "I am facing issues while installing the software on my computer. It shows an error code 404. Please assist."
83     ]
84     print(classify_multiple_emails(emails_to_classify)) # Output: ['Billing', 'Technical Support']
85

```

Output:

```

Technical Support
Billing
Others
Billing
['Billing', 'Technical Support']

```

Justification:

This task demonstrates how **prompt engineering** can automate email sorting without building a custom machine learning model. **Zero-shot prompting** works well for clearly defined emails, but may struggle when categories overlap. **One-shot prompting** improves the model's understanding by providing a reference example. **Few-shot prompting** achieves higher accuracy by allowing the model to learn category patterns from multiple examples. Overall, this approach reduces manual effort and significantly improves operational efficiency.

Task 2: Travel Query Classification

A travel assistant must classify queries into Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, or General Travel Info.

Tasks:

- a. Prepare labeled travel queries.
- b. Apply Zero-shot prompting.
- c. Apply One-shot prompting.
- d. Apply Few-shot prompting.
- e. Compare response consistency.

Prompt :

A travel assistant must classify queries into Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, or General Travel Info. Tasks: a. Prepare labeled travel queries.

Classify the travel query into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info. "I need to book a flight to New York next week.",

Classify multiple travel queries into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info. "I need to book a flight to New York next week.", "Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?"

Classify multiple travel queries into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info. "Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?""I would like to cancel my reservation for tomorrow.", "What are the travel restrictions for Italy?"

Code:

```
❶ AI-4.5.py > ⌂ classify_multiple_travel_queries
110     def classify_single_travel_query(query):
111         """
112             if any(keyword in query for keyword in ["flight", "airline", "ticket", "departure", "arrival"]):
113                 return "Flight Booking"
114             elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["hotel", "accommodation", "room", "stay", "booking"]):
115                 return "Hotel Booking"
116             elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["cancel", "cancellation", "refund", "reschedule"]):
117                 return "Cancellation"
118             else:
119                 return "General Travel Info"
120
121         # Example Usage:
122         single_query = "Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?"
123         print(classify_single_travel_query(single_query)) # Output: Hotel Booking
124
125     #Classify multiple travel queries into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info. "I need to book a flight to New York next week."
126     def classify_multiple_travel_queries(queries):
127         """Classify multiple travel queries into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info.
128         Parameters:
129             queries (list): A list of travel queries to classify.
130             Returns:
131                 list: A list of categories corresponding to each travel query."""
132         categories = []
133         for query in queries:
134             query = query.lower()
135
136             if any(keyword in query for keyword in ["flight", "airline", "ticket", "departure", "arrival"]):
137                 categories.append("Flight Booking")
138             elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["hotel", "accommodation", "room", "stay", "booking"]):
139                 categories.append("Hotel Booking")
140             elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["cancel", "cancellation", "refund", "reschedule"]):
141                 categories.append("Cancellation")
142             else:
143                 categories.append("General Travel Info")
144
145         return categories
146
147     # Example Usage:
148     queries_to_classify = [
149         "I need to book a flight to New York next week.",
150         "Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?"
151     ]
```

```

AI-4.5.py > classify_multiple_travel_queries
84     #A travel assistant must classify queries into Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, or General Travel Info. Tasks: a. Prepare labeled travel queries
85     def classify_travel_query(query):
86         """Classify the travel query into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info.
87         Parameters:
88             query (str): The travel query to classify.
89         Returns:
90             str: The category of the travel query."""
91         query = query.lower()
92
93         if any(keyword in query for keyword in ["flight", "airline", "ticket", "departure", "arrival"]):
94             return "Flight Booking"
95         elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["hotel", "accommodation", "room", "stay", "booking"]):
96             return "Hotel Booking"
97         elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["cancel", "cancellation", "refund", "reschedule"]):
98             return "Cancellation"
99         else:
100             return "General Travel Info"
101
102     # Example Usage:
103     travel_queries = [
104         "I need to book a flight to New York next week.",
105         "Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?",
106         "I would like to cancel my reservation for tomorrow.",
107         "What are the travel restrictions for Italy?"
108     ]
109     for query in travel_queries:
110         print(f"Query: {query}\nCategory: {classify_travel_query(query)}\n")
111     # Output:# Query: I need to book a flight to New York next week.
112     # Category: Flight Booking
113
114
115     #Classify the travel query into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info. "I need to book a flight to New York next week."
116     def classify_single_travel_query(query):
117         """Classify a single travel query into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info.
118         Parameters:
119             query (str): The travel query to classify.
120         Returns:
121             str: The category of the travel query."""
122         query = query.lower()

```

```

#Classify multiple travel queries into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info. "Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?"
def classify_more_travel_queries(queries):
    """Classify multiple travel queries into one of the categories: Flight Booking, Hotel Booking, Cancellation, General Travel Info.
    Parameters:
        queries (list): A list of travel queries to classify.
    Returns:
        list: A list of categories corresponding to each travel query."""
    categories = []
    for query in queries:
        query = query.lower()

        if any(keyword in query for keyword in ["flight", "airline", "ticket", "departure", "arrival"]):
            categories.append("Flight Booking")
        elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["hotel", "accommodation", "room", "stay", "booking"]):
            categories.append("Hotel Booking")
        elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["cancel", "cancellation", "refund", "reschedule"]):
            categories.append("Cancellation")
        else:
            categories.append("General Travel Info")
    return categories
# Example Usage:
more_queries_to_classify = [
    "Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?",
    "I would like to cancel my reservation for tomorrow.",
    "What are the travel restrictions for Italy?"
]
print(classify_more_travel_queries(more_queries_to_classify)) # Output: ['Hotel Booking', 'Cancellation', 'General Travel Info']

```

Output:

```

Query: I need to book a flight to New York next week.
Category: Flight Booking

Query: Can you help me find a hotel in Paris?
Category: Hotel Booking

Query: I would like to cancel my reservation for tomorrow.
Category: Cancellation

Query: What are the travel restrictions for Italy?
Category: General Travel Info

Hotel Booking
['Flight Booking', 'Hotel Booking']
['Hotel Booking', 'Cancellation', 'General Travel Info']

```

Justification:

Travel-related queries often use similar language to express different user intents. Because zero-shot prompting lacks contextual examples, it may misclassify such queries. One-shot prompting improves intent detection by providing a basic reference example. Few-shot prompting further enhances consistency and accuracy by exposing the model to multiple

intent patterns. This task highlights the importance of contextual examples in building effective user-facing assistants.

Task 3 Programming Question Type Identification

Scenario:

A coding help chatbot must classify queries into Syntax Error, Logic Error, Optimization, or Conceptual Question.

Tasks:

- a. Prepare coding-related user queries.
- b. Perform Zero-shot classification.
- c. Perform One-shot classification.
- d. Perform Few-shot classification.
- e. Analyze improvements in technical accuracy.

Prompt :

A coding help chatbot must classify queries into Syntax Error, Logic Error, Optimization, or Conceptual Question. Tasks:
a. Prepare coding-related user queries.
b. Perform Zero-shot classification.
c. Perform One-shot classification.
d. Perform Few-shot classification.

Code:

```
191 #A coding help chatbot must classify queries into Syntax Error, Logic Error, Optimization, or Conceptual Question. Tasks:a. Prepare coding-related user qu
192 def classify_coding_query(query):
193     """Classify the coding query into one of the categories: Syntax Error, Logic Error, Optimization, Conceptual Question.
194     Parameters:
195         query (str): The coding query to classify.
196     Returns:
197         str: The category of the coding query."""
198     query = query.lower()
199
200     if any(keyword in query for keyword in ["syntax error", "unexpected indent", "missing parenthesis", "invalid syntax"]):
201         return "Syntax Error"
202     elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["logic error", "wrong output", "incorrect result", "bug"]):
203         return "Logic Error"
204     elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["optimize", "performance", "efficiency", "speed up"]):
205         return "Optimization"
206     elif any(keyword in query for keyword in ["how to", "what is", "explain", "concept"]):
207         return "Conceptual Question"
208     else:
209         return "Others"
210
211     # Example Usage:
212     coding_queries = [
213         "I am getting a syntax error when I run my Python code.",
214         "My program is producing the wrong output, what could be the logic error?",
215         "How can I optimize my code for better performance?",
216         "Can you explain the concept of recursion in programming?"
217     ]
218     for query in coding_queries:
219         print(f"Query: {query}\nCategory: {classify_coding_query(query)}\n")
220
221     # Output:# Query: I am getting a syntax error when I run my Python code.
222     # Category: Syntax Error
223     # Query: My program is producing the wrong output, what could be the logic error?
224     # Category: Logic Error
225     # Query: How can I optimize my code for better performance?
226     # Category: Optimization
227     # Query: Can you explain the concept of recursion in programming?
228     # Category: Conceptual Question
```

Output:

```
Query: I am getting a syntax error when I run my Python code.  
Category: Syntax Error  
  
Query: My program is producing the wrong output, what could be the logic error?  
Category: Logic Error  
  
Query: How can I optimize my code for better performance?  
Category: Optimization  
  
Query: Can you explain the concept of recursion in programming?  
Category: Conceptual Question  
  
○ PS D:\AI>
```

Justification :

Programming-related queries require strong technical and contextual understanding. Zero-shot prompting may confuse syntax-related and logic-related issues due to the absence of examples. One-shot prompting provides initial guidance to the model. Few-shot prompting significantly improves technical accuracy by exposing the model to multiple coding scenarios. This demonstrates how examples enhance domain-specific query classification.

Task 4. Social Media Post Categorization

Scenario:

A social media analytics tool must classify posts into Promotion, Complaint, Appreciation, or Inquiry.

Tasks:

1. Prepare sample social media posts.
2. Use Zero-shot prompting.
3. Use One-shot prompting.
4. Use Few-shot prompting.
5. Analyze informal language handling.

Prompt :

Social Media Post Categorization, A social media analytics tool must classify posts into Promotion, Complaint, Appreciation, or Inquiry. 1. Prepare sample social media posts. 2. Use Zero-shot prompting. 3. Use One-shot prompting. 4. Use Few-shot prompting. 5. Analyze informal language handling.

Code:

```
229 #Social Media Post Categorization
230 # Scenario:
231 # A social media analytics tool must classify posts into Promotion,
232 # Complaint, Appreciation, or Inquiry.
233 # Tasks:
234 # 1. Prepare sample social media posts.
235 # 2. Use Zero-shot prompting.
236 # 3. Use One-shot prompting.
237 # 4. Use Few-shot prompting.
238 # 5. Analyze informal language handling.
239 def classify_social_media_post(post):
240     """Classify the social media post into one of the categories: Promotion, Complaint, Appreciation, Inquiry.
241     Parameters:
242     post (str): The social media post to classify.
243     Returns:
244     str: The category of the social media post."""
245     post = post.lower()
246
247     if any(keyword in post for keyword in ["buy now", "sale", "discount", "offer", "promo"]):
248         return "Promotion"
249     elif any(keyword in post for keyword in ["not happy", "disappointed", "bad service", "complaint", "issue"]):
250         return "Complaint"
251     elif any(keyword in post for keyword in ["thank you", "great job", "love it", "appreciate", "awesome"]):
252         return "Appreciation"
253     elif any(keyword in post for keyword in ["how to", "where can i", "what is", "help me"]):
254         return "Inquiry"
255     else:
256         return "Others"
257
258     # Example Usage:
259     social_media_posts = [
260         "Huge sale on all products! Buy now and save big!",
261         "I'm really disappointed with the service I received today.",
262         "Thank you for the amazing support! You guys are awesome!",
263         "Can someone help me with my account settings?",
264         "Just wanted to share how much I love this new app!"
265     ]
266     for post in social_media_posts:
267         print(f"Post: {post}\nCategory: {classify_social_media_post(post)}\n")
268
269     # I'm really disappointed with the service I received today.
270     # Thank you for the amazing support! You guys are awesome!
271     # Can someone help me with my account settings?
272     # Just wanted to share how much I love this new app!
273
274     for post in social_media_posts:
275         print(f"Post: {post}\nCategory: {classify_social_media_post(post)}\n")
276
277     # Output:
278     # Post: Huge sale on all products! Buy now and save big!
279     # Category: Promotion
280     # Post: I'm really disappointed with the service I received today.
281     # Category: Complaint
282     # Post: Thank you for the amazing support! You guys are awesome!
283     # Category: Appreciation
284     # Post: Can someone help me with my account settings?
285     # Category: Inquiry
286     # Post: Just wanted to share how much I love this new app!
287     # Category: Appreciation
```

Output:

```
● Post: Huge sale on all products! Buy now and save big!
Category: Promotion

Post: I'm really disappointed with the service I received today.
Category: Complaint

Post: Thank you for the amazing support! You guys are awesome!
Category: Appreciation

Post: Can someone help me with my account settings?
Category: Inquiry

Post: Just wanted to share how much I love this new app!
Category: Others
```

Justification:

Social media posts often contain informal language, slang, and emojis, making tone and intent harder to interpret. Zero-shot prompting may struggle to classify such content accurately. One-shot prompting provides limited improvement by offering a basic reference.

Few-shot prompting handles informal and unstructured expressions more effectively. This task demonstrates the importance of examples in understanding unstructured text.