各国立场浅析

△ 张梓锐



原"十国委员会"成员 & "不结盟"国家

意大利

- 积极推动条约签署
- 对空间技术发展方面的表态和诸多解释

• "Sign the Treaty in the firm belief that nothing in it is an obstacle to the unification of the Countries of Western Europe and to the justified expectations that the peoples of this area have in the developments and progress towards unity with a view to the creation of a European entity".

加拿大

- 考虑到现实中国家利益的冲突和达成一般性条约的困难性
 - 针对部分条约保持灵活的立场,保持相对开放的态度

• "..., affirming the principle that non-nuclear-weapon, states as well as nuclear Powers should receive the benefits of all peaceful applications of nuclear technology, including those which may be derived by nuclear Powers from the development of nuclear explosive devices".

墨西哥

• 强调了《拉丁美洲禁止核武器条约》与本条约的冲突关系

- "that, in accordance with what is laid down in Article VII of the Treaty, none of the provisions of the said Treaty shall be interpreted as affecting in any way whatsoever the rights and obligations of Mexico as a State Party to the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America (Treaty of Tlatelolco), opened for signature on 14 February, 1967, and concerning which the United Nations General Assembly adopted Resolution 2286 (XXII) of 5 December, 1967;"
- "that at the present time any nuclear explosive (device) is capable of being used as a nuclear weapon and that there is no indication that in the near future it will be possible to manufacture nuclear explosives (devices) which are not potentially nuclear weapons. However, if technological advances succeeded in modifying this situation, it would be necessary to amend the relevant provisions of the Treaty in accordance with the procedure established therein".

瑞典

• 保留意见,相对保守

- "the Swiss Government expressly declare that they will not submit the Treaty to Parliament for its approval until such time as they consider that a sufficient measure of universal support has been obtained by the Treaty".
- "The Swiss Government also reserve the right to make such declarations as they shall deem necessary at the time of the deposit of their instrument of ratification".

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【苏美英法】

- ——美苏在会议中的核心作用
- ——美苏提出草案的核心主张
- ——法国的态度:有效地裁军措施只需在大国间进行讨论,因此宣布不参加该委员会("十国委员会"扩展到"十八国委员会")

【印度】

——作为亚太地区科技发展较为迅速的国家,其核战略和态度值得注意

