## Μεταγλωττιστές 2019 Προγραμματιστική Εργασία #2

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## Κανόνες της γραμματικής:

```
Stmt_List -> Stmt Stmt_List
    empty.
Stmt -> identifier assign Expr
    | print Expr.
Expr -> Term Term_Tail.
Term_Tail -> Or Term Term_Tail
    | empty.
Term -> Factor Factor_Tail.
Factor_Tail -> Xor Factor Factor_Tail
    | empty.
Factor -> Atom Atom_Tail.
Atom_Tail -> And Atom Atom_Tail
    | empty.
Atom -> ( Expr ) | identifier | binary.
And -> and.
Xor -> xor.
0r \rightarrow or.
```

### Αποτέλεσμα ελέγχου για LL(1) συμβατότητα:

- All nonterminals are reachable and realizable.
- The nullable nonterminals are: Stmt\_List Term\_Tail Factor\_Tail Atom\_Tail.
- The endable nonterminals are: Atom\_Tail Atom Factor\_Tail Factor Term\_Tail Term Expr Stmt\_List Stmt.
- No cycles.

The grammar is LL(1).

# Πίνακες με first και follow sets για όλα τα μη τερματικά σύμβολα:

| nonterminal | first set           | follow set               |  |  |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Stmt        | identifier print    | empty identifier print   |  |  |
| Term_Tail   | empty or            | ) empty identifier print |  |  |
| Term        | ( identifier binary | empty or                 |  |  |
| Factor_Tail | empty xor           | empty or                 |  |  |
| Factor      | ( identifier binary | empty xor                |  |  |
| Atom_Tail   | empty and           | empty xor                |  |  |
| Atom        | ( identifier binary | empty and                |  |  |
| Expr        | ( identifier binary | ) empty identifier print |  |  |
| And         | and                 | ( identifier binary      |  |  |
| Xor         | xor                 | ( identifier binary      |  |  |
| Or          | or                  | ( identifier binary      |  |  |

# Αποτελέσματα εκτέλεσης του runner.py:

#### Είσοδος 1:

```
a = 01010101
b = 11110000
c = (a and b) or 10101010
print c
```

#### Έξοδος 1:

| 11111010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|

#### Είσοδος 2:

```
a = 01010011
b = 10100101
print c
```

#### Έξοδος 2:

```
*** stacktrace redacted ***
RuntimeError: Variable c doesn't exi-
```

#### Είσοδος 3:

```
a = 101001010
b = 10101010010101
c = a or b ( b and a )
```

#### Έξοδος 3:

```
Parse Error: Expected atom tail, got ( at line 3 char 12
```

## Πηγές:

Vital Statistics, Context Free Grammar Tool, Accessed at 31/05/2019, http://smlweb.cpsc.ucalgary.ca/start.html

6.16. Operator precedence, Python 3.7.3 Documentation, Accessed at 01/06/2019, https://docs.python.org/3/reference/expressions.html#operator-precedence