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<html><head></head><body>Assignment #4
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Due Dates: Saturday, October 7 at 11:59pm

Submit: eLearning

Late Policy: -10 points per hour late

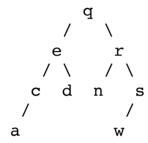
Instructions: This is an individual assignment. Answers should be your own work.

Chapter 4

6 points

Tree traversals.

Give the sequence of letters for each traversal of this binary tree:



- a. (2 pts) an inorder traversal
- b. (2 pts) a preorder traversal
- c. (2 pts) a postorder traversal

10 points

2. Draw an AVL tree for the following values inserted in this order. Illustrate each rotation that occurs:

65 13 16 52 28 11 20 14 87 50 26

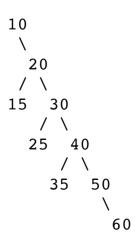
10 points

3. Draw an AVL tree for the following values inserted in this order. Illustrate each rotation that occurs:

83 12 68 55 32 6 46 57 62

10 points

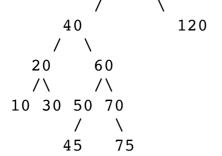
4. For the splay tree shown below, show how an access of node 60 is performed. Illustrate each operation that occurs:



10 points

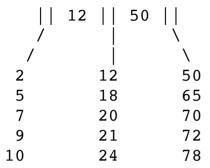
5. For the splay tree shown below, show how an access of node 75 is performed. Illustrate each operation that occurs:

80



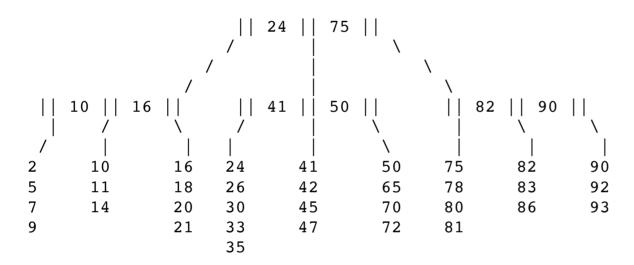
10 points

6. For the B+-tree where M=3 and L=5 shown below, show how an insert of value 80 is handled.



10 points

7. For the B+-tree where M=3 and L=5 shown below, show how an insert of value 28 is handled.



10 points

8. A B+-tree is to be stored on disk whose block size is 3096 bytes. The data records to be stored are 36 bytes, and their key is 4 bytes. Determine the values for M and L for the B+-tree. Assume pointers are 4 bytes each.

8 points

9. For the problem above, how many levels are needed to store 8,600,000 records?

8 points

10. If a binary tree has N nodes, how many null child pointers will it have? Explain your reasoning.

8 points

11. In a perfect binary tree (one filled at every level), what does adding another level do to the number of nodes in the tree?

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hw4.doc (.doc can be .txt, .jpg, etc.)

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