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A+B Problem

Language:

Time Limit: 1000MS **Memory Limit:** 10000K
Total Submissions: 383028 **Accepted:** 214184

Description

Calculate a+b

Input

Two integer a,b (0<=a,b<=10)

Output

Output a+b

Sample Input

1 2

Sample Output

3

Hint

Q: Where are the input and the output?

A: Your program shall always **read input from stdin (Standard Input) and write output to stdout (Standard Output)**. For example, you can use 'scanf' in C or 'cin' in C++ to read from stdin, and use 'printf' in C or 'cout' in C++ to write to stdout.

You **shall not output any extra data** to standard output other than that required by the problem, otherwise you will get a "Wrong Answer".

User programs are not allowed to open and read from/write to files. You will get a "Runtime Error" or a "Wrong Answer"if you try to do so.

Here is a sample solution to problem 1000 using C++/G++:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
{
    int a,b;
    cin >> a >> b;
    cout << a+b << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

It's important that the return type of main() must be int when you use G++/GCC, or you may get compile error.

Here is a sample solution to problem 1000 using C/GCC:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
    int a,b;
    scanf("%d %d",&a, &b);
    printf("%d\n",a+b);
    return 0;
}
```

Here is a sample solution to problem 1000 using Pascal:

```
program p1000(Input,Output);
```

```
var
    a,b:Integer;
begin
    Readln(a,b);
    Writeln(a+b);
end.
```

Here is a sample solution to problem 1000 using Java:

Now java compiler is jdk 1.5, next is program for 1000

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class Main
{
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception
    {
        Scanner cin=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=cin.nextInt(),b=cin.nextInt();
        System.out.println(a+b);
    }
}
```

Old program for jdk 1.4

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class Main
{
    public static void main (String args[]) throws Exception
```

```
{
    BufferedReader stdin =
        new BufferedReader(
            new InputStreamReader(System.in));

    String line = stdin.readLine();
    StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer(line);
    int a = Integer.parseInt(st.nextToken());
    int b = Integer.parseInt(st.nextToken());
    System.out.println(a+b);
}
}
```

Here is a sample solution to problem 1000 using Fortran:

```
PROGRAM P1000
    IMPLICIT NONE
    INTEGER :: A, B
    READ(*,*) A, B
    WRITE(*, "(I0)") A + B
END PROGRAM P1000
```

Source

POJ

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