## Palindromic Squares

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We generate all the squares from 1 to 300 and check to see which are palindromes.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <math.h>
/* is string s a palindrome? */
ispal(char *s)
    char *t;
    t = s + strlen(s) - 1;
    for(t=s+strlen(s)-1; s<t; s++, t--)
        if(*s != *t)
             return 0;
    return 1;
/* put the base b representation of n into s: 0 is represented by "" */
numbconv(char *s, int n, int b)
    int len;
    if(n == 0) {
        strcpy(s, "");
        return;
    }
    /* figure out first n-1 digits */
    numbconv(s, n/b, b);
    /* add last digit */
    len = strlen(s);
    s[len] = "0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ"[n%b];
    s[len+1] = ' \ 0';
}
void
main(void)
    char s[20];
    char t[20];
    int i, base;
    FILE *fin, *fout;
    fin = fopen("palsquare.in", "r");
fout = fopen("palsquare.out", "w");
    assert(fin != NULL && fout != NULL);
```

```
fscanf(fin, "%d", &base);
for(i=1; i <= 300; i++) {
    numbconv(s, i*i, base);
    if(ispal(s)) {
        numbconv(t, i, base);
        fprintf(fout, "%s %s\n", t, s);
    }
}
exit(0);
}</pre>
```

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