

Matrix expo

- 1) What is a matrix
- 2) Matrix multiplication
- 3) $a^n \Rightarrow \log n$

$$a^{n/2}$$

n odd

n even

$$a^n \Rightarrow a^{n/2} \times a^{n/2}$$

n even

$$a^n \Rightarrow a \times a^{n/2} \times a^{n/2}$$

```
int pow (int a, int n) {  
    if (n == 0) return 1  
    int p = pow(a, n/2)  
    if (n is even)  
        return p * p  
    else  
        return a * p * p  
}
```

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

A^2

```

matrix pow (matrix a, int n) {
    if (n == 0) return identity matrix
    int p = pow(a, n/2)
    if (n is even)
        return p * p
    else
        return a * p * p
}

```

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q1 Fibonacci no.s.

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2)$$

Using matrix expo. $\Rightarrow \log n$

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2)$$

$$F(n) = 1 * F(n-1) + 1 * F(n-2)$$

$$F(n-1) = 1 * F(n-1) + 0 * F(n-2)$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} F(n) \\ F(n-1) \end{bmatrix}}_{M(n)} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_X \times \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} F(n-1) \\ F(n-2) \end{bmatrix}}_{M(n-1)}$$

$$F(1) = 1$$

$$F(2) = 1$$

$$M(n) = X M(n-1)$$

$$M(n-1) = x M(n-2)$$

$$M(n) = x^2 M(n-2)$$

$$M(n-2) = x M(n-3)$$

$$M(n) = x^3 M(n-3)$$

...

$$M(n) = x^k M(n-k)$$

$$M(2) = \begin{bmatrix} F(2) \\ F(1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$n-k \geq 2$$

$$k = n-2$$

$$M(n) = x^{n-2} M(2)$$

$$M(n) = x^{n-2} \begin{bmatrix} F(2) \\ F(1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M(n) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^{n-2} \begin{bmatrix} F(2) \\ F(1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} F(n) \\ F(n-1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^{n-2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Calc using pow function
for matrices.

$$n = 4$$

$$\begin{matrix} F(4) \\ F(3) \end{matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

1 1
1 0

1 1
1 0

2 1
1 1

$$\begin{matrix} F(4) \\ F(3) \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{matrix} \quad [1]$$

$$\begin{matrix} F(4) \\ F(3) \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$$

1 1 2 3 5

- We can extend it to all linear recurrences.

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + 3F(n-2) + 2F(n-3)$$

$$\begin{matrix} F(n) \\ F(n-1) \\ F(n-2) \end{matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F(n-1) \\ F(n-2) \\ F(n-3) \end{bmatrix}$$

Q Find the sum of all fibonacci no.s upto N .

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2)$$

$$S(n) = F(1) + F(2) + F(3) + \dots + F(N)$$

$$\begin{matrix} S_N \\ F_N \\ F_{N-1} \end{matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} S_{N-1} \\ F_{N-1} \\ F_{N-2} \end{matrix}$$

$$S_N = S_{N-1} + f_N$$

\swarrow
 $f_{N-1} + f_{N-2}$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} S_N \\ S_{N-1} \\ S_{N-2} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} S_{N-2} \\ f_{N-1} \\ f_{N-2} \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{O}} \quad f_n = 4f_{n-1} + 2g_{n-1}$$

$$g_n = 3g_{n-1} + 2^{n-1}$$

$\text{Calc } f_n$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 f_n \\
 g_n \\
 2^n
 \end{array}
 =
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 4 & 2 & 0 \\
 0 & 3 & 1 \\
 0 & 0 & 2
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{l}
 f_{n-1} \\
 g_{n-1} \\
 2^{n-1}
 \end{array}$$

① You are standing pt n ; you
 can jump from $n-1$ cost 1
 $n-2$ cost 3
 $n-4$ cost 5

$$f_n = f_{n-1} + 3f_{n-2} + 5f_{n-4}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 f_n \\
 f_{n-1} \\
 f_{n-2} \\
 f_{n-3}
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{cccc}
 1 & 3 & 0 & 5 \\
 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 1 & 0
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{l}
 f_{n-1} \\
 f_{n-2} \\
 f_{n-3} \\
 f_{n-4}
 \end{array}$$

$i=0$

$i < 26$

$i++$

$j=0$

$j < 26$

$j++$

int

$n =$

$n < n$

$n++$

$26^2 n$

26×26



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