

1. Update

2. Query TC: $N \log N$
SC: $4N$

3. Build

4. TC: $\log N$, (upd, query)

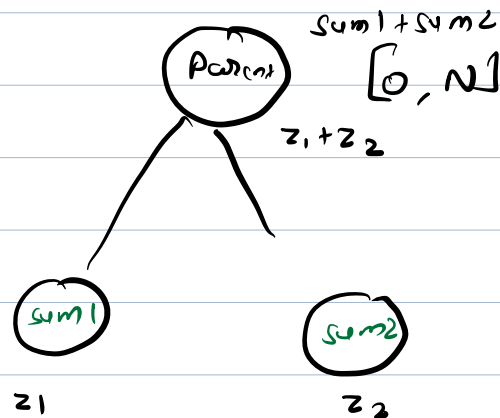
Q. Array of size N . Initially each element is one.

Q queries x y → update value at index x to 0
→ sum of elements from $[x, y]$

A: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

Q = 6

1	A	4	-	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
2	B	0	4	[1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
				ans = 4
3	A	6		0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
4	A	0		[0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1]
5	B	2	6	ans = 3
6	B	1	8	ans = 6



[L R]

```
void build ( idx, start, end)
```

```
    if ( start == end)
```

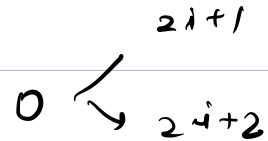
```
    {   tree[idx] = arr[start]
        return;
```

```
        mid = (start+end)/2
```

```
        build ( 2idx+1, start, mid)
```

```
        build ( 2idx+2, mid+1, end)
```

```
        tree[idx] = tree [ 2idx + 1 ] + tree ( 2idx + 2)
```



```
void update ( idx, start, end, l, val)
```

```
    if ( l == start && l == end)
```

```
    {   arr[l] = val
        tree[idx] = arr[start]
        return
```

```
        mid = start+end
                2
```

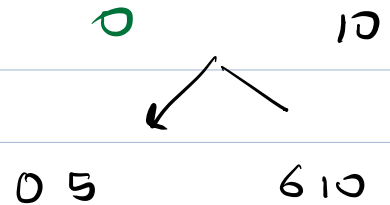
```
        if ( l >= start && l <= mid)
```

```
            update ( 2idx+1, start, mid, l, val)
```

```
        else
```

```
            update ( 2idx+2, mid+1, end, l, val)
```

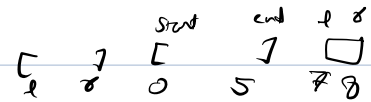
```
        tree[idx] = tree [ 2idx + 1 ] + tree ( 2idx + 2)
```



8

```
int query (idx, start, end, l, r)
```

```
if (l > end || r < start)
```

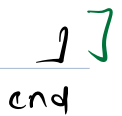


```
return 0
```

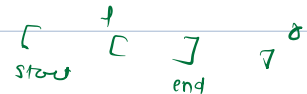
```
if (end ≤ r && start ≥ l)
```



```
return tree[idx]
```



```
mid = (start + end) / 2
```



```
return query (2*idx+1, start, mid, l, r)
        + query (2*idx+2, mid+1, end, l, r)
```

```
int arr[N]
```

```
All arr[i] = 1.
```

```
build (0, 0, N-1)
```

```
for (i=1; i ≤ q; i++)
```

```
    x y
```

```
    if (type == 1)
```

```
        update (0, 0, n-1, x, 0)
```

```
    else
```

$\log N$

return

int ans = query(0, 0, n-1, l, r)
cout << ans

TC: $O(N + Q \log N)$
SC: $O(N)$

Q, [L R]

10, 9

10
9
8
7

9 8

0 2/2

9 8 7, 6

10 2

2/2 +1 N

10 1 2, 0

Q. Array of N. each 1 initially.

Queries x
 → update a index 0
 → find index of x^{th} one in array

A:
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

Q = 6

1	A	4
2	B	5
3	A	6
4	A	0
5	B	3
6	B	4

A:
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 [0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1]

ans = 5

ans = 3

ans = 5

sum [0, 15] → 5

100

10^{th} one

sum(0, 99) = 25

sum(0, 50) = 8

0

50

100



bone

25

29 - 8 = 17

for (i=1 ; i <= q ; i++)

x

if (type == 1)

update (0, 0, n-1, x, 0)

else

l = 0 , r = n-1

while (l <= r)

mid = $\frac{l+r}{2}$

val = query (0, 0, n-1, 0, mid)

if (val >= x)

ans = mid

r = mid - 1

else

l = mid + 1

cout << ans

$\log N$

$\log N$

$$TC: O(N + Q \log N \log N)$$

Q. Array of size N .

Q queries \rightarrow x^{th} element changed to y
 $A[x] = y$
 $L R$

$$1 \times a[L] + 2 \times a[L+1] + 3 \times a[L+2] + \dots + (R-L+1) \times a[R]$$

$$[5, 10]$$

$$\text{Summation } (j-L+1) \times A[j]$$

j from L to R

$$\text{Summation} (j A[j] - (L-1) A[j])$$

$$\text{Array } A = A[0] \quad A[1] \quad A[2] \quad A[3] \dots$$

$$\text{Array } B = B[0] \quad B[1] \quad B[2] \quad B[3] \dots$$

$$2 \times j \times A[j]$$

Build

$$\text{queryB}(L, R) = (L-1) \text{queryA}(L, R)$$

$$(L-1) (A[L] + (L-1) A[L+1] + L-1 A[L+2] + \dots)$$

$$(L-1) [A[L] + A[L+1] + A[L+2] + \dots + A[R]]$$

$$\text{Array B} = 0 \times A[0] + 1 \times A[1] + 2 \times A[2] + 3 \times A[3] + \dots + (n-1) \times A[n-1]$$

void build (idx, start, end)

if (start == end)

{
tree1[idx] = A[start]
tree2[idx] = B[start]
return;
}

mid = (start + end) / 2

build (2*idx+1, start, mid)

build (2*idx+2, mid+1, end)

tree1[idx] = tree1[2*idx+1] + tree1[2*idx+2]

tree2[idx] = tree2[2*idx+1] + tree2[2*idx+2]

2i+1
0 ↘ 2i+2

$tree1[idx] = tree1[2idx + 1] + tree1[2idx + 2]$

void update (idx, start, end, l, val)

if (l == start && l == end)

{
 $arr[l] = val$
 $tree1[idx] = arr[start]$
 $tree2[idx] = start * arr[start]$ return

$mid = \frac{start + end}{2}$

if (l >= start && l <= mid)

update (2idx + 1, start, mid, l, val)

else

update (2idx + 2, mid + 1, end, l, val)

$tree1[idx] = tree1[2idx + 1] + tree1[2idx + 2]$

$tree2[idx] = tree2[2idx + 1] + tree2[2idx + 2]$

int queryB (idx, start, end, l, r)

if (l > end || r < start)

return 0

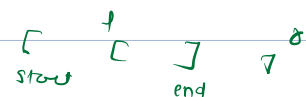
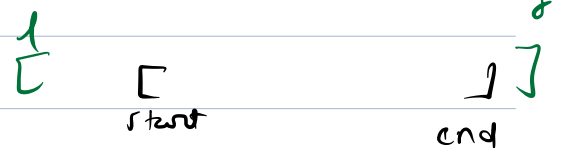
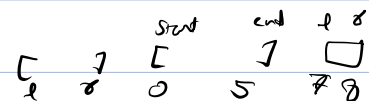
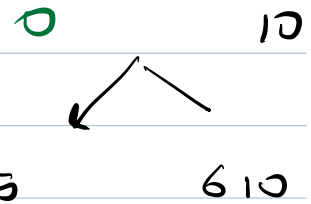
if (end <= r && start >= l)

return tree2[idx]

$mid = \frac{start + end}{2}$

return queryB (2idx + 1, start, mid, l, r)

+ queryB (2idx + 2, mid + 1, end, l, r)



```
int queryA(idx, start, end, l, r)
```

```
if (l > end || r < start)
```

```
    return 0
```

```
if (end ≤ r && start ≥ l)
```

```
    return tree[idx]
```

```
mid = (start + end) / 2
```

```
return queryA(2*idx+1, start, mid, l, r)
       + queryA(2*idx+2, mid+1, end, l, r)
```

```
B[N]
```

```
for (i=0; i < N; i++) B[i] = i * A[i]
```

```
build(0, 0, N-1)
```

```
for (i=1; i ≤ q; i++)
```

```
    x y
```

```
    if (type == 1)
```

$\{$ update (0, 0, n-1, x, 0)

else

$\{$ int ans = queryB (0, 0, n-1, l, r)
- (l-1) * queryA (0, 0, n-1, l, r)

query (l, R)

update (l, R) \rightarrow lazy propagation.

Sat 9 PM.