

Generating Formal Safety Assurances for High-Dimensional Reachability

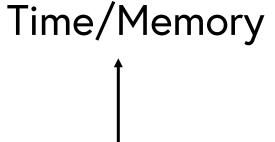
Project Website

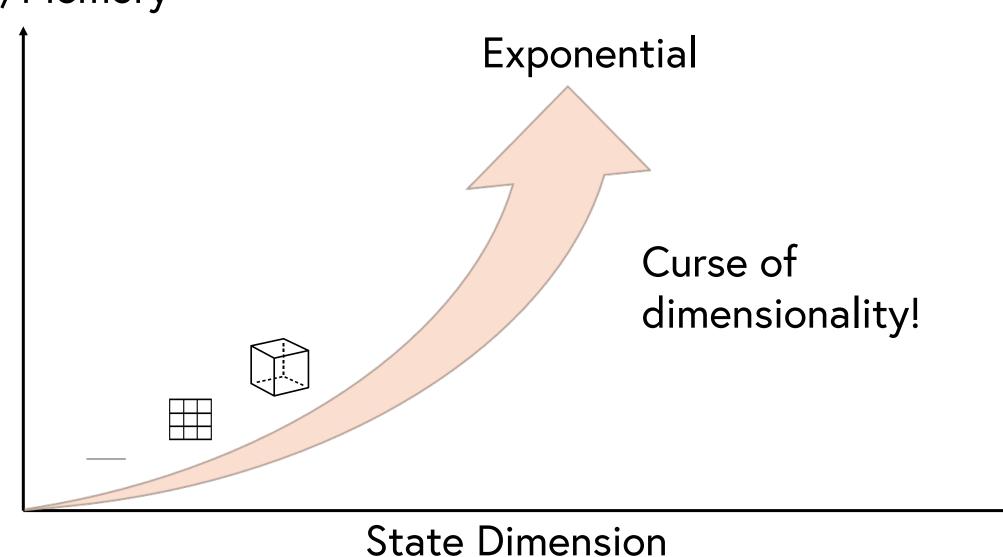
 p_{x1}

Albert Lin and Somil Bansal

Motivation

Grid-based reachability methods are intractable.





Learning-based reachability methods are approximate. Trained DeepReach Solution



No formal guarantees.

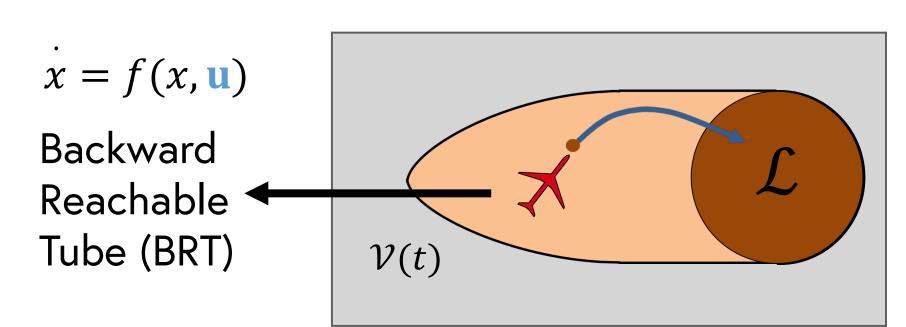
Main Goal

Compute formal safety guarantees for general nonlinear high-dimensional dynamical systems.

Background

Backward Reachable Tube

All states for which, for all possible control actions, the system state will reach a target set \mathcal{L} at some time t within a time horizon T.



BRT =
$$\{x : x \in X, V(x, 0) \le 0\}$$

$$V(x,t) = \sup_{u(\cdot)} J_{u(\cdot)}(x,t)$$

$$u^*(x,t) = \underset{u}{\operatorname{arg\,max}} \langle \nabla V(x,t), f(x,u) \rangle$$

Main Contributions

Uniform Error Correction $\delta_{\tilde{V},\tilde{\pi}} := \max_{x \in X} \{ \tilde{V}(x,0) : J_{\tilde{\pi}}(x,0) \le 0 \}$ Empirically unsafe state with *largest* learned value across entire state space. Provably safe approximation of BRT

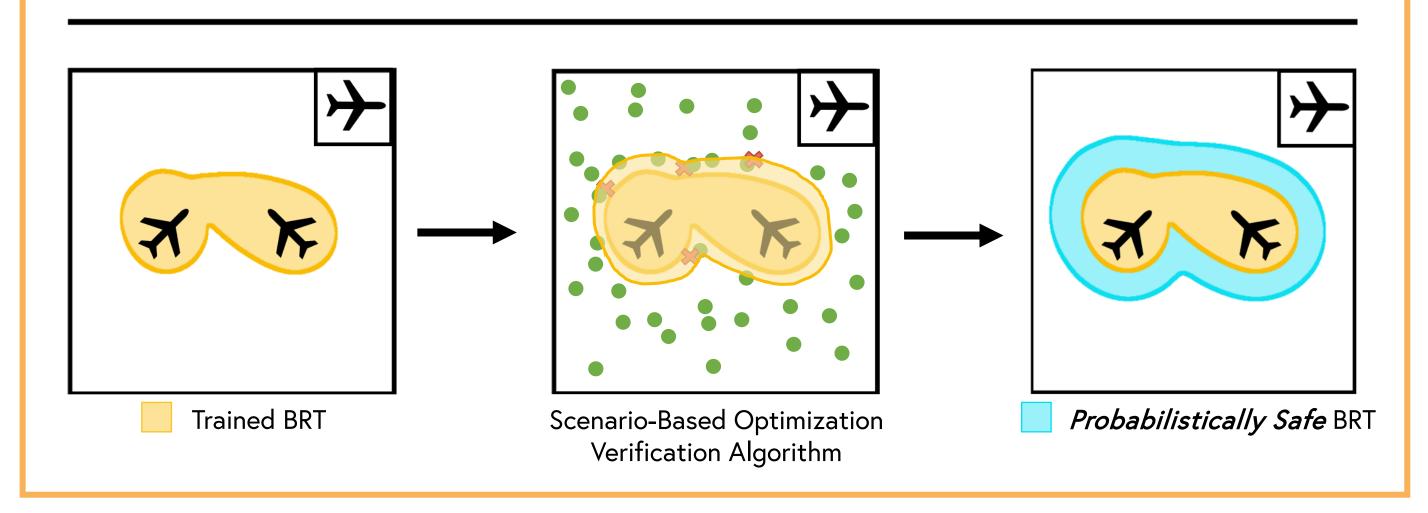
Computing a Probabilistic Error Bound

Violation rate $1 - \epsilon \in (0, 1)$ $N \geq \frac{2}{\epsilon} \left(\ln \frac{1}{\beta} + 1 \right)$ Confidence $1 - \beta \in (0, 1)$

Algorithm 1: Scenario Optimization Verification

Require: $X, N, M, V(x, 0), J_{\tilde{\pi}}(x, 0)$

- 1: $\delta_0 \leftarrow -\infty$
- 2: **for** $i = 0, 1, \dots, M 1$ **do**
- $\mathcal{D}_i \leftarrow \text{Sample } N \text{ states IID from }$ $\{x: x \in X, V(x,0) > \delta_i\}$
- if $\exists x \in \mathcal{D}_i : J_{\tilde{\pi}}(x,0) \leq 0$ then
- $\delta_i \leftarrow \max_{x \in \mathcal{D}_i} \{ V(x, 0) : J_{\tilde{\pi}}(x, 0) \le 0 \}$
- else
- break
- end if
- 9: **end for**
- 10: **return** $\hat{\delta} := \delta_i$

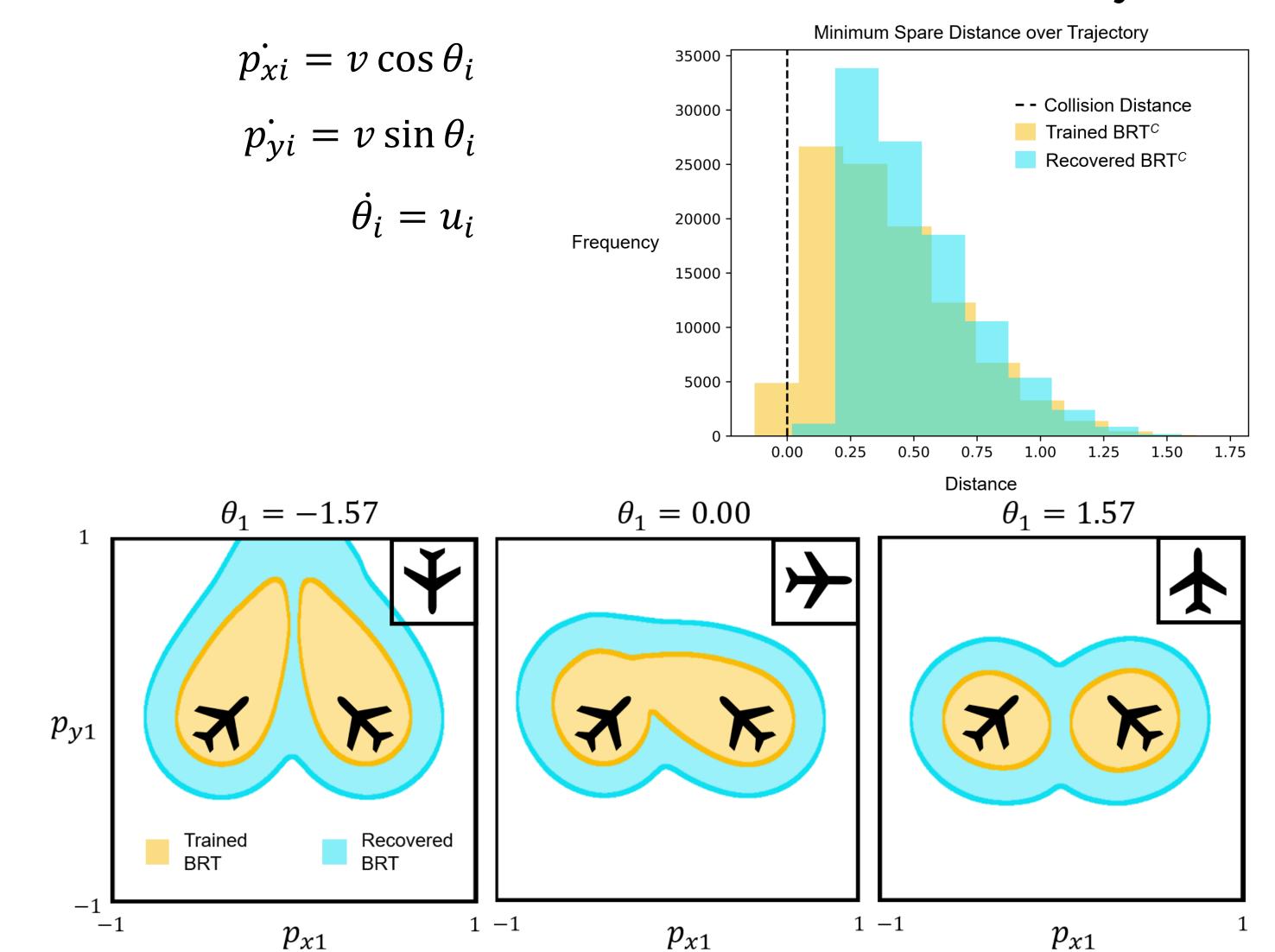


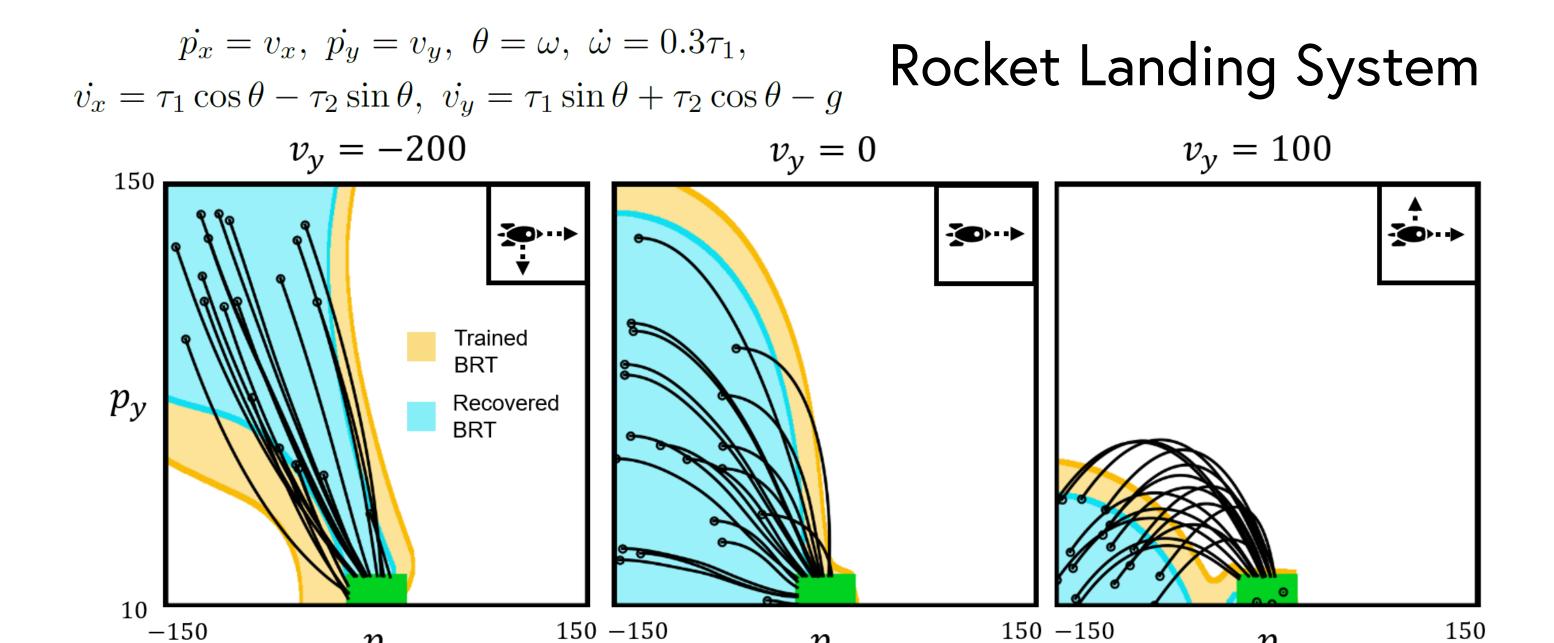




Results

Multi-Vehicle Collision Avoidance System





Exploring a More Nuanced Approach

Value Function Safety Errors for Toy Dubins Car Avoid System

