```
import pandas as pd
import graphviz
import numpy as np
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn import svm,preprocessing
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold, cross_val_score
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
In [36]:
```

```
data=pd.read csv('CE802 Ass 2018 Data.csv')
print(data.info())
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1500 entries, 0 to 1499
Data columns (total 15 columns):
         1500 non-null float64
         1500 non-null float64
F2
        1500 non-null float64
F4
        1500 non-null float64
F5
        1500 non-null float64
F6
         1500 non-null float64
        1500 non-null float64
F7
F8
        1500 non-null float64
        1500 non-null float64
F9
        1500 non-null float64
F10
         1500 non-null float64
F11
F12
         1500 non-null float64
         1500 non-null float64
F13
        1500 non-null float64
Class
        1500 non-null bool
dtypes: bool(1), float64(14)
memory usage: 165.6 KB
None
```

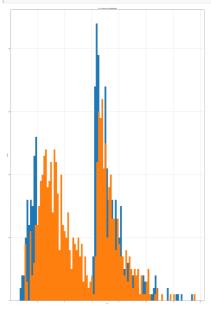
In [37]:

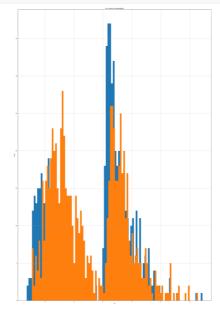
```
posf1=data[data['Class']==True]['F1']
negf1=data[data['Class']==False]['F1']
posf2=data[data['Class']==True]['F2']
negf2=data[data['Class']==False]['F2']
posf3=data[data['Class']==True]['F3']
negf3=data[data['Class']==False]['F3']
posf4=data[data['Class']==True]['F4']
negf4=data[data['Class']==False]['F4']
posf5=data[data['Class']==True]['F5']
negf5=data[data['Class']==False]['F5']
posf6=data[data['Class']==True]['F6']
negf6=data[data['Class']==False]['F6']
posf7=data[data['Class']==True]['F7']
negf7=data[data['Class']==False]['F7']
posf8=data[data['Class']==True]['F8']
negf8=data[data['Class']==False]['F8']
posf9=data[data['Class']==True]['F9']
negf9=data[data['Class']==False]['F9']
posf10=data[data['Class']==True]['F10']
negf10=data[data['Class']==False]['F10']
posf11=data[data['Class']==True]['F11']
negf11=data[data['Class']==False]['F11']
posf12=data[data['Class']==True]['F12']
negf12=data[data['Class']==False]['F12']
posf13=data[data['Class']==True]['F13']
negf13=data[data['Class']==False]['F13']
posf14=data[data['Class']==True]['F14']
 00f1/-data[data[LC]acol]--Falco][LT1/L
```

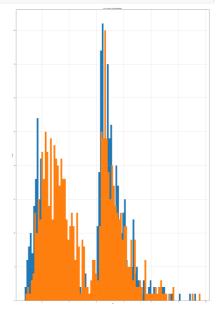
```
neg114=uata[uata['Class']==ralse]['f14']
```

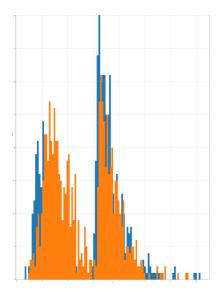
In [38]:

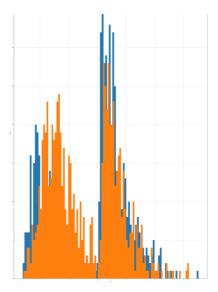
```
fig=plt.figure(figsize=(100,100))
ax=fig.add_subplot(2,3,1)
ax.set xlabel('F1')
ax.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F1 in terms of profitability')
posf1.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf1.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax2=fig.add subplot(2,3,2)
ax2.set xlabel('F2')
ax2.set ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F2 in terms of profitability')
posf2.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf2.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax3=fig.add subplot(2,3,3)
ax3.set_xlabel('F3')
ax3.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F3 in terms of profitability')
posf3.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf3.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax4=fig.add_subplot(2,3,4)
ax4.set_xlabel('F4')
ax4.set ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F4 in terms of profitability')
posf4.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf4.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax5=fig.add subplot(2,3,5)
ax5.set xlabel('F5')
ax5.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F5 in terms of profitability')
posf5.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf5.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax6=fig.add_subplot(2,3,6)
ax6.set xlabel('F6')
ax6.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F6 in terms of profitability')
posf6.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf6.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
plt.show()
```

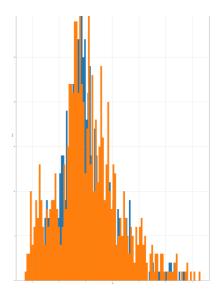






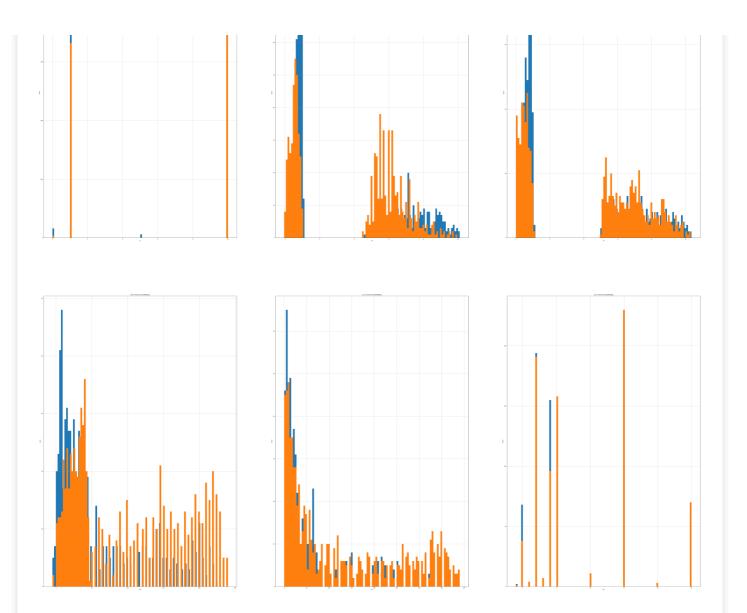






In [39]:

```
fig2=plt.figure(figsize=(100,100))
ax7=fig2.add subplot(2,3,1)
ax7.set xlabel('F7')
ax7.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F7 in terms of profitability')
posf7.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf7.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax8=fig2.add subplot(2,3,2)
ax8.set_xlabel('F8')
ax8.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F8 in terms of profitability')
posf8.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf8.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax9 = fig2.add subplot(2,3,3)
ax9.set xlabel('F9')
ax9.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F9 in terms of profitability')
posf9.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf9.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax10=fig2.add_subplot(2,3,4)
ax10.set xlabel('F10')
ax10.set ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F10 in terms of profitability')
posf10.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf10.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax11=fig2.add subplot(2,3,5)
ax11.set_xlabel('F11')
ax11.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F11 in terms of profitability')
posf11.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf11.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
ax12=fig2.add subplot(2,3,6)
ax12.set xlabel('F12')
ax12.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F12 in terms of profitability')
posf12.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf12.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
plt.show()
```



In [40]:

```
fig3=plt.figure(figsize=(100,100))

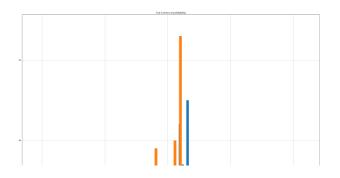
ax13=fig3.add_subplot(2,3,1)
ax13.set_xlabel('F13')
ax13.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F13 in terms of profitability')
posf13.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf13.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')

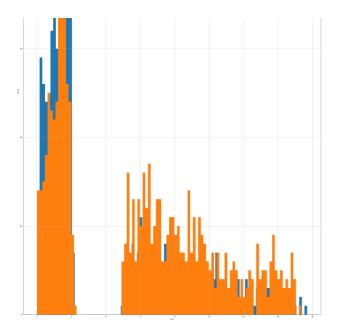
ax14=fig3.add_subplot(2,3,2)
ax14.set_xlabel('F14')
ax14.set_ylabel('Count')
plt.title('F14 in terms of profitability')
posf14.hist(bins=100,label='Positive')
negf14.hist(bins=100,label='Negative')
```

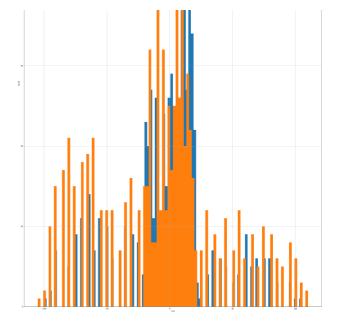
Out[40]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x18776080>









In [41]:

```
features=['F1','F2','F3','F4','F5','F6','F7','F8','F9','F10','F11','F12','F13','F14']
x=data[features]
minmaxscaler=preprocessing.MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
x=minmaxscaler.fit transform(x)
print(x)
y=data['Class']
clf=DecisionTreeClassifier(min samples split=100)
dt=clf.fit(x,y)
ddt=tree.export graphviz(clf,out file='tree.dot',feature names=features,class names='Class',filled=
True)
graph=graphviz.Source(ddt)
scores = cross val score(clf, x, y, cv=5)
print("Accuracy of a Decision Tree is:",round(np.mean((scores*100)),2))
 [[0.55529776 \ 0.54200988 \ 0.47552448 \ \dots \ 0.19230769 \ 0.1044586 \ \ 0.49767442] 
  [0.04485692 \ 0.33937397 \ 0.1996892 \ \dots \ 0.61538462 \ 0.77388535 \ 0.18604651] 
 [0.56225831 0.44151565 0.43900544 ... 0.11538462 0.0866242 0.43255814]
 [0.46326373 0.54036244 0.45687646 ... 0.11538462 0.06496815 0.5627907 ]
 [0.65738592 \ 0.82042834 \ 0.65501166 \ \dots \ 0.11538462 \ 0.08535032 \ 0.4372093 \ ]
  [0.43696829 \ 0.44398682 \ 0.5982906 \ \dots \ 0.11538462 \ 0.12101911 \ 0.40930233]] 
Accuracy of a Decision Tree is: 72.93
```

```
In [42]:
clf2 = svm.SVC (gamma=0.01, C=100.)
dtf=data[features]
minmaxscaler=preprocessing.MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0,1))
dtf=minmaxscaler.fit transform(dtf)
dtc=data['Class']
print(dtf,'\n\n')
print(dtc,'\n\n')
clf2=clf2.fit(dtf,dtc)
scores = cross_val_score(clf2, dtf, dtc, cv=5)
print("Accuracy of a Support Vector Machine is:",round(np.mean((scores*100)),2))
[[0.55529776\ 0.54200988\ 0.47552448\ \dots\ 0.19230769\ 0.1044586\ 0.49767442]
  [0.04485692 \ 0.33937397 \ 0.1996892 \ \dots \ 0.61538462 \ 0.77388535 \ 0.18604651] 
 [0.56225831 \ 0.44151565 \ 0.43900544 \ \dots \ 0.11538462 \ 0.0866242 \ 0.43255814]
 [0.46326373 0.54036244 0.45687646 ... 0.11538462 0.06496815 0.5627907 ]
 [0.65738592 \ 0.82042834 \ 0.65501166 \ \dots \ 0.11538462 \ 0.08535032 \ 0.4372093 \ ]
 [0.43696829 \ 0.44398682 \ 0.5982906 \ \dots \ 0.11538462 \ 0.12101911 \ 0.40930233]]
0
         False
```

```
1
        irue
2
        True
       False
3
4
        True
5
      False
6
        True
       False
8
        False
9
       False
10
        True
11
       False
12
        True
13
       False
14
       False
15
        True
16
        True
17
       False
18
       False
19
       False
2.0
        True
21
        True
22
        True
23
       False
24
       False
2.5
26
       False
27
      False
2.8
        True
       False
1470
        True
1471
       False
1472
        True
1473
       False
1474
        True
1475
       False
1476
        True
1477
       False
1478
       False
1479
        True
1480
        True
1481
       False
1482
       False
1483
        True
1484
       False
1485
       False
1486
       False
1487
        True
1488
        True
1489
      False
1490
        True
      False
1491
1492
       False
1493
      False
1494
       False
1495
       False
1496
       False
1497
       False
1498
       False
1499
        True
Name: Class, Length: 1500, dtype: bool
Accuracy of a Support Vector Machine is: 74.73
In [43]:
clf3=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
clf3.fit(dtf,dtc)
scores = cross_val_score(clf3, dtf, dtc, cv=5)
print("Accuracy of a 3NN Instance based Learning is:",round(np.mean((scores*100)),2))
data2=pd.read_csv('CE802_Ass_2018_Test.csv')
x1=data2[features]
minmaxscaler=preprocessing.MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
x1=minmaxscaler.fit_transform(x1)
```

```
y1=qata2['Class']
opl=clf2.predict(x1)
print(op1)
x1=data2[features]
df=pd.DataFrame(op1)
df.to_csv('Try.csv')

Accuracy of a 3NN Instance based Learning is: 72.33
[False True False ... False False True]

C:\Users\admin\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\preprocessing\data.py:323:
DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype int64, float64 were all converted to float64 by MinMaxScaler.
    return self.partial_fit(X, y)

In []:
```