

# Robust Information Retrieval

SIGIR 2024 tutorial



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**Yu-An Liu<sup>a,b</sup>, Ruqing Zhang<sup>a,b</sup>, Jiafeng Guo<sup>a,b</sup> and Maarten de Rijke<sup>c</sup>**

<https://sigir2024-robust-information-retrieval.github.io/>

July 14, 2024

01:30 – 05:00 PM

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<sup>c</sup> University of Amsterdam

## About the presenters



**Yu-An Liu**

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@ICT, CAS



**Ruqing Zhang**

Faculty  
@ICT, CAS



**Jiafeng Guo**

Faculty  
@ICT, CAS

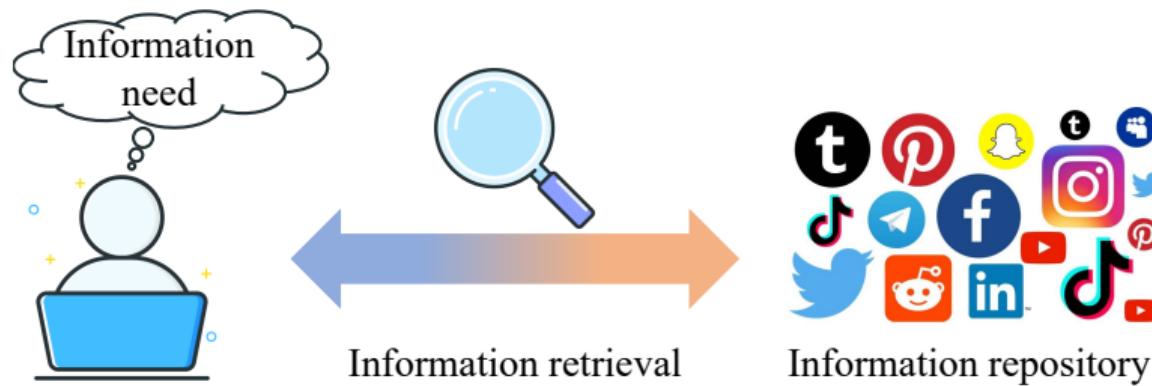


**Maarten de Rijke**

Faculty  
@UvA

## Information retrieval

Information retrieval (IR) is the activity of obtaining information resources that are relevant to an information need from a collection of those resources.



**Given:** User query (keywords, question, image, ...)

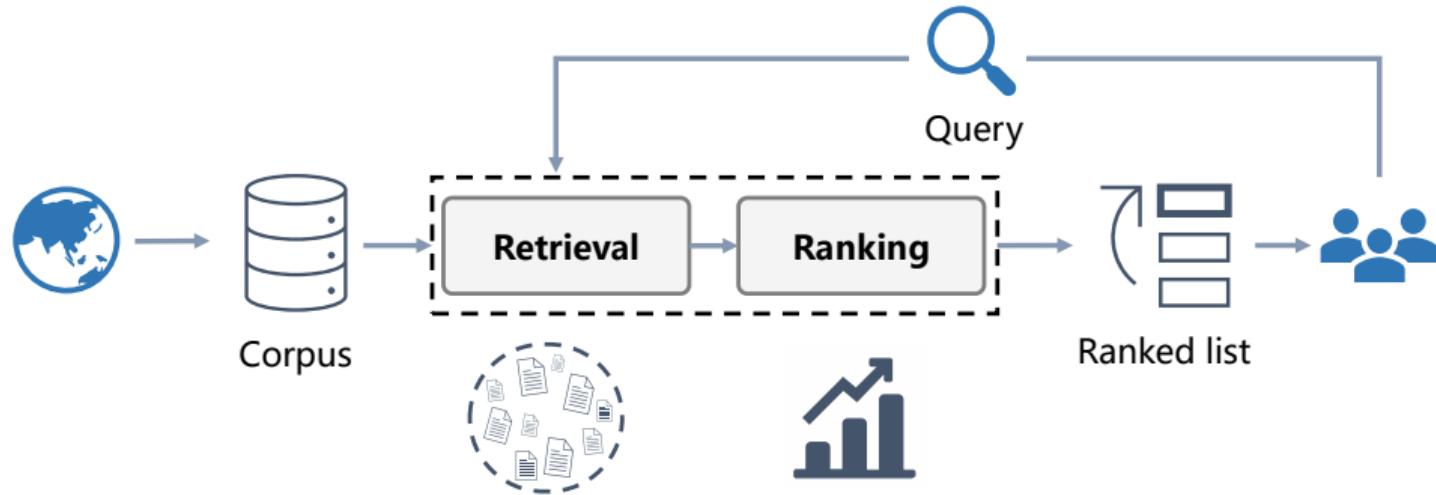
**Rank:** Information objects (passages, documents, images, products, ...)

**Ordered by:** Relevance scores

# Application of information retrieval systems

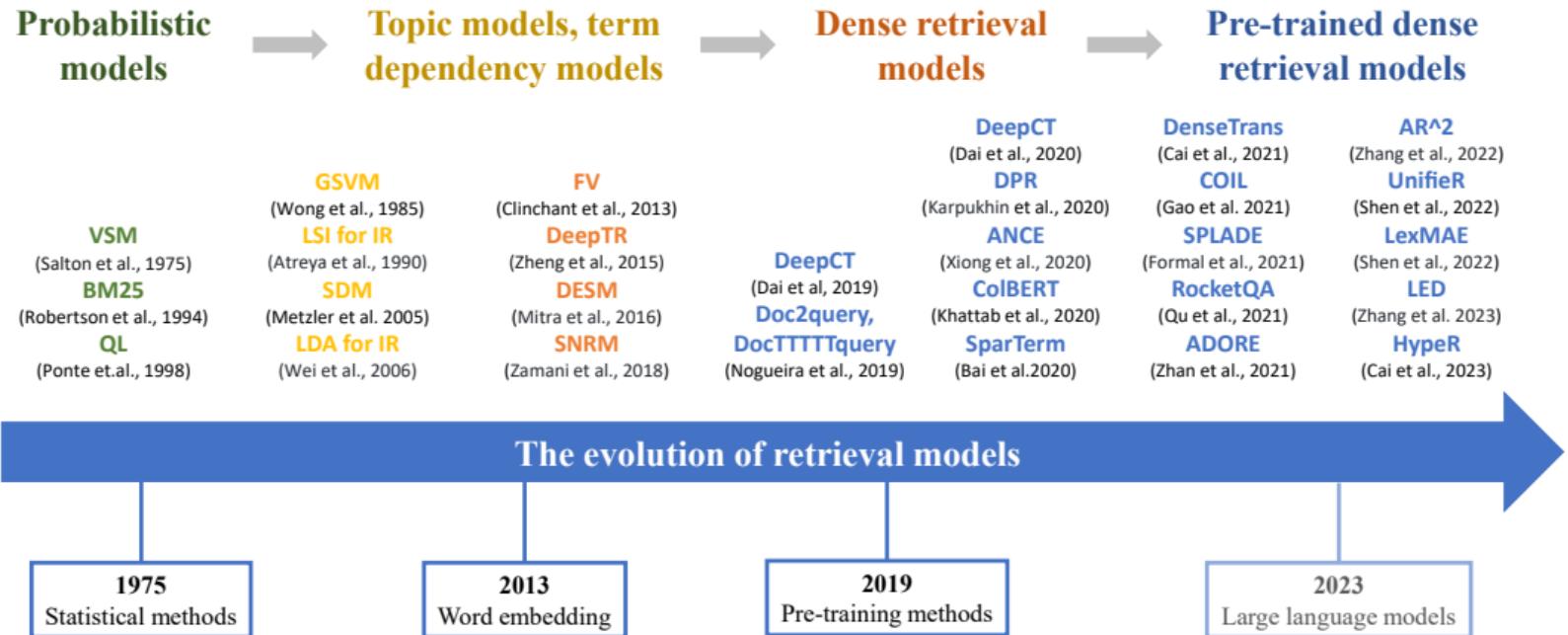


## Core pipelined paradigm: Retrieval-Ranking

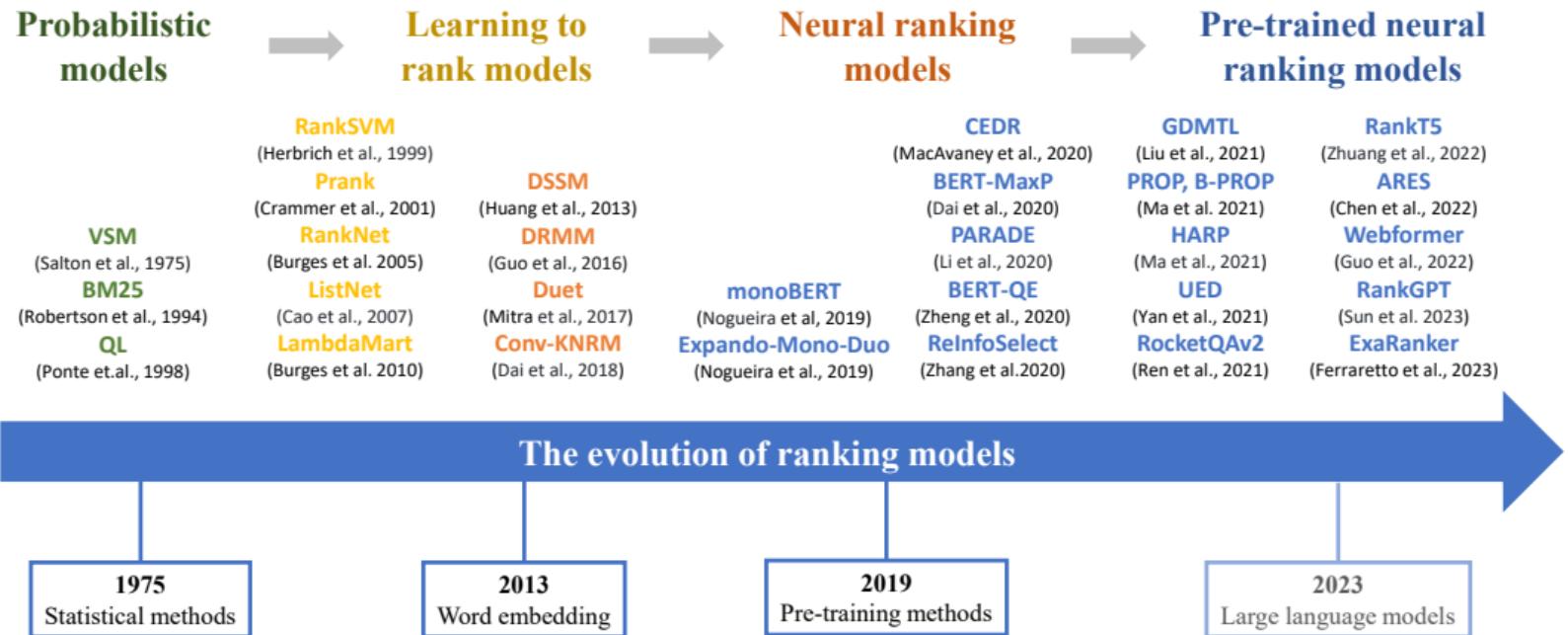


- **Retrieval:** Find an initial set of candidate documents for a query
- **Ranking:** Determine the relevance degree of each candidate

# Evolution of retrieval models



# Evolution of ranking models



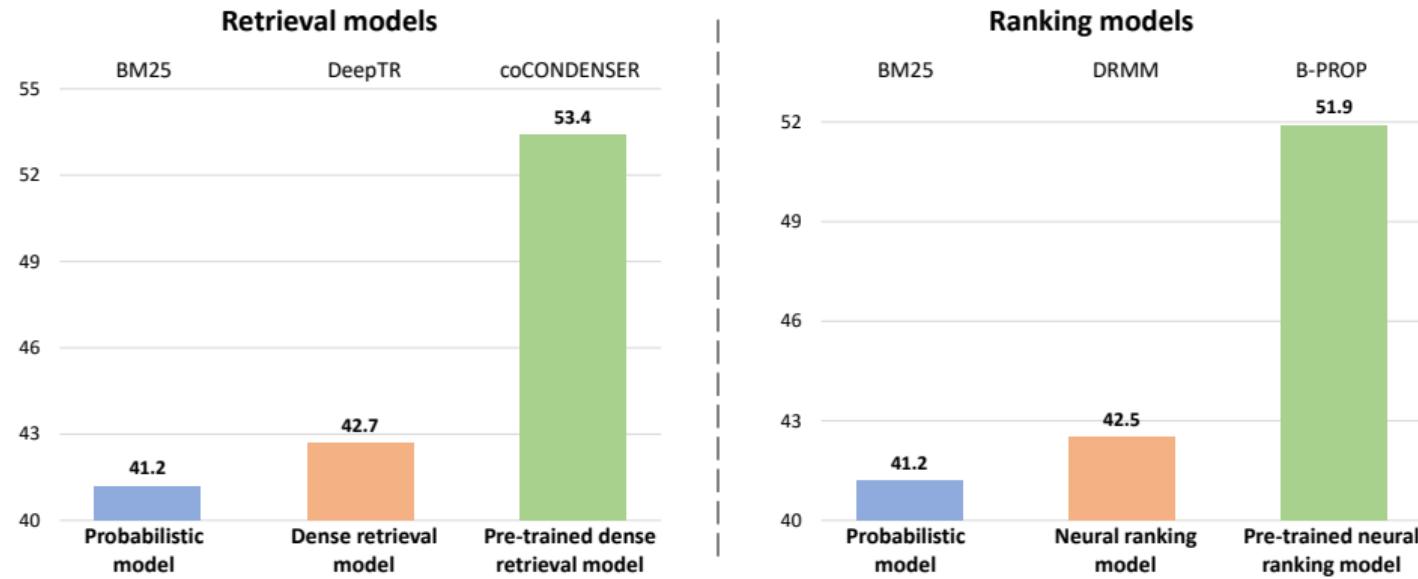
## Effectiveness of neural IR models

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Let's take the NDCG@20 performance on TREC Robust04 as an example:



**Beyond effectiveness, what are the challenges we face when applying neural IR models in the real world?**

## Challenges 1: Performance fluctuations between queries

Major web search engine makes over **3,200 changes** to its search algorithms in a year to optimize underperforming search results for **a small number** of queries

Data: How We Keep Search Relevant and Useful; Image: [Su et al., 2019]

who invented the telegraph

All Books Images News Shopping More Settings Tools

About 9,320,000 results (0.72 seconds)

**Samuel Morse**

Developed in the 1830s and 1840s by **Samuel Morse** (1791-1872) and other inventors, the telegraph revolutionized long-distance communication. It worked by transmitting electrical signals over a wire laid between stations.

[en.wikipedia.org](https://en.wikipedia.org)

who made listerine

All Shopping Images News Videos More Settings Tools

About 6,130,000 results (0.89 seconds)

**Joseph Lister**

Listerine is a brand of antiseptic mouthwash product. It is promoted with the slogan "Kills germs that cause bad breath". Named after **Joseph Lister**, a pioneer of antiseptic surgery, Listerine was developed in 1879 by Joseph Lawrence, a chemist in St. Louis, Missouri.

  
www.listerine.co.za

(a) A **correct answer** for the query “*who invented the telegraph*”.

(b) A **wrong answer** for the query “*who made listerine*”.

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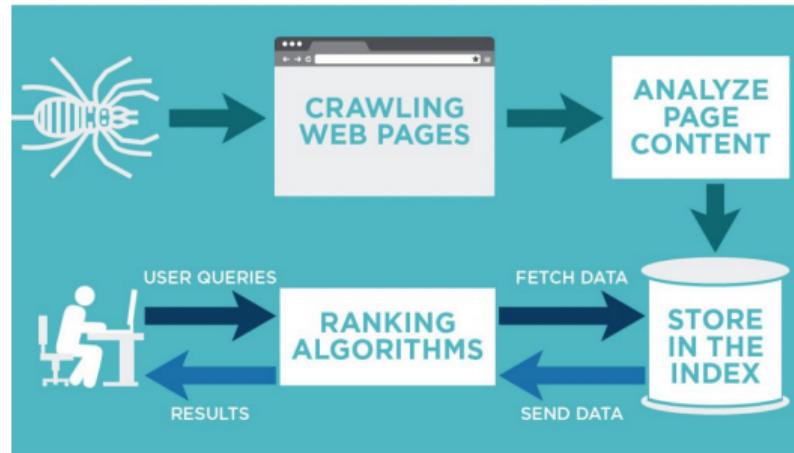
(b) A **wrong answer** for the query “*who made listerine*”.



Neural IR models need to **avoid performance fluctuations** between queries

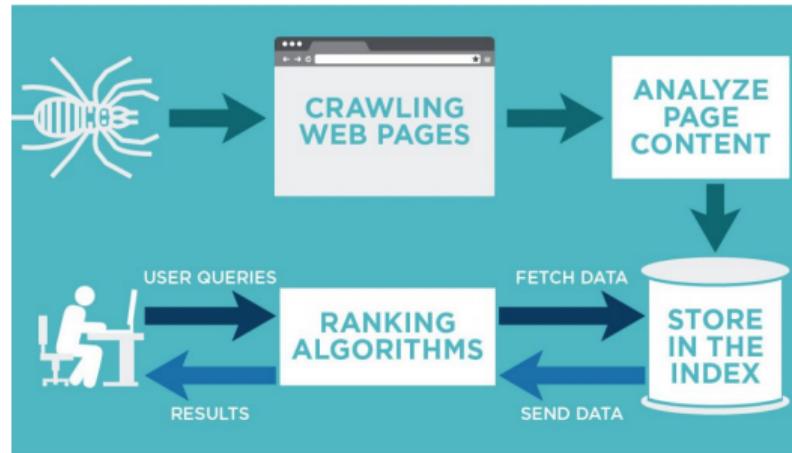
## Challenges 2: A dynamic flow of new data

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Neural IR models need to continuously **adapt to new queries and documents**

## Challenges 3: Search engine optimization (SEO)

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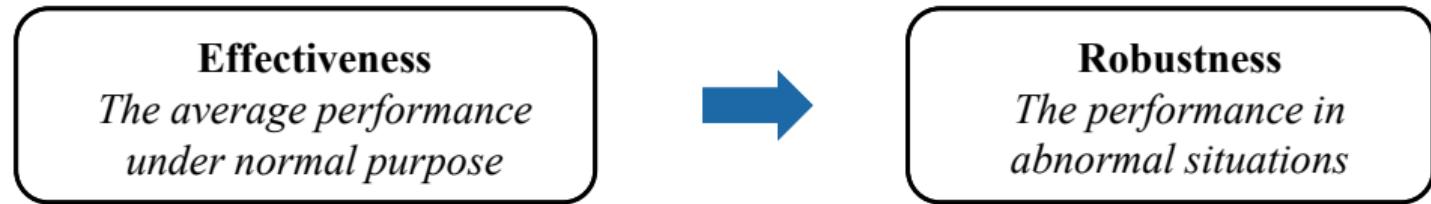


Neural IR models need to be able to **withstand potential SEO attacks**

**Distinct from effectiveness, these challenges can be characterized as robustness**

## What is robustness?

Robustness refers to the ability of a system to withstand disturbances or external factors that may cause it to malfunction or provide inaccurate results.



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- **Out-of-distribution (OOD) robustness** measures the performance on unseen queries and documents from **different distributions of the training dataset**
- **Adversarial robustness** focuses on the ability to **defend against malicious adversarial attacks** aimed at manipulating rankings

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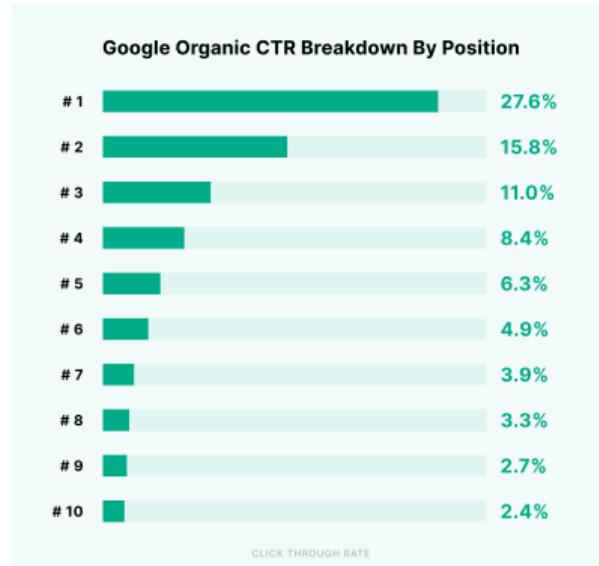
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If these robustness issues are unresolved, they can directly **impact user satisfaction**, which in turn **hinder the widespread adoption** of neural IR models

**Can we follow the experience of other fields to solve the robustness issues in IR?**

# A deep look into robust IR

User attention mainly focuses on the **Top-K** results and increases with **higher rankings**



# A deep look into robust IR

The core of robust IR is to protect the stability of the **Top- $K$**  results



# Comparison with CV and NLP

	CV	NLP	IR
<b>Representative task</b>	Image classification	Text classification	Document ranking
<b>Input format</b>	Single image 😊	Single text 😊	Paired text 🙄
<b>Input space</b>	Continuous 😊	Discrete 😨	Discrete 😨
<b>Robustness requirement</b>	Stability of classification 😕 (dog or cat)	Stability of classification 😕 (pos or neg)	Stability of top- $K$ result 😕 (permutation maintenance)

😊 normal

😨 challenging

😴 hard

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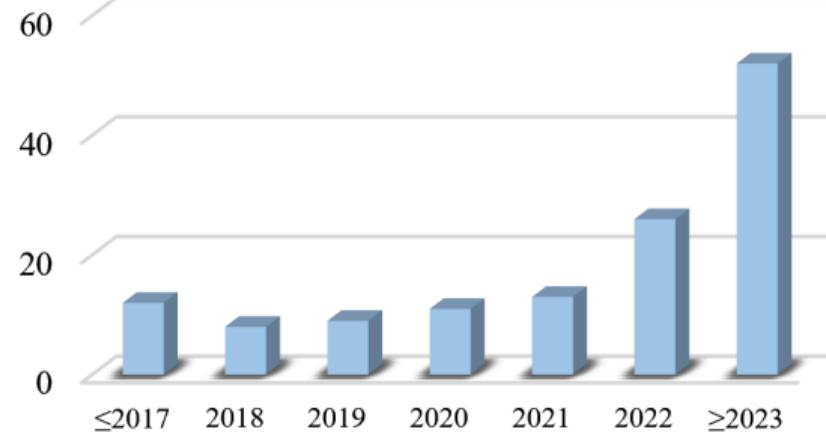
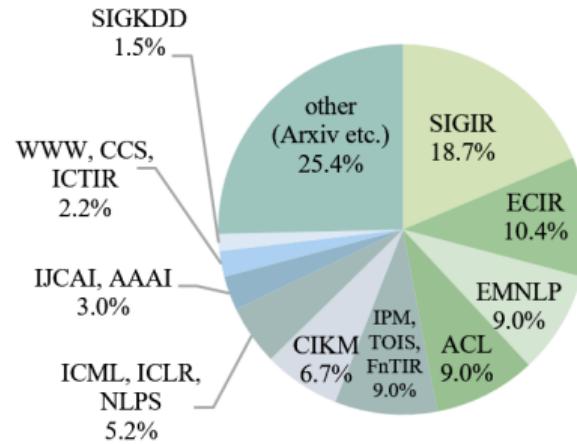
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Experiences from other fields may not be as effective in IR 😞

How can we tailor solutions for robustness issues in IR?

# Publications dedicated to addressing robustness issues in IR



The data statistics cover up to July 10, 2024.

Scan them!

## All about robust information retrieval



Our survey



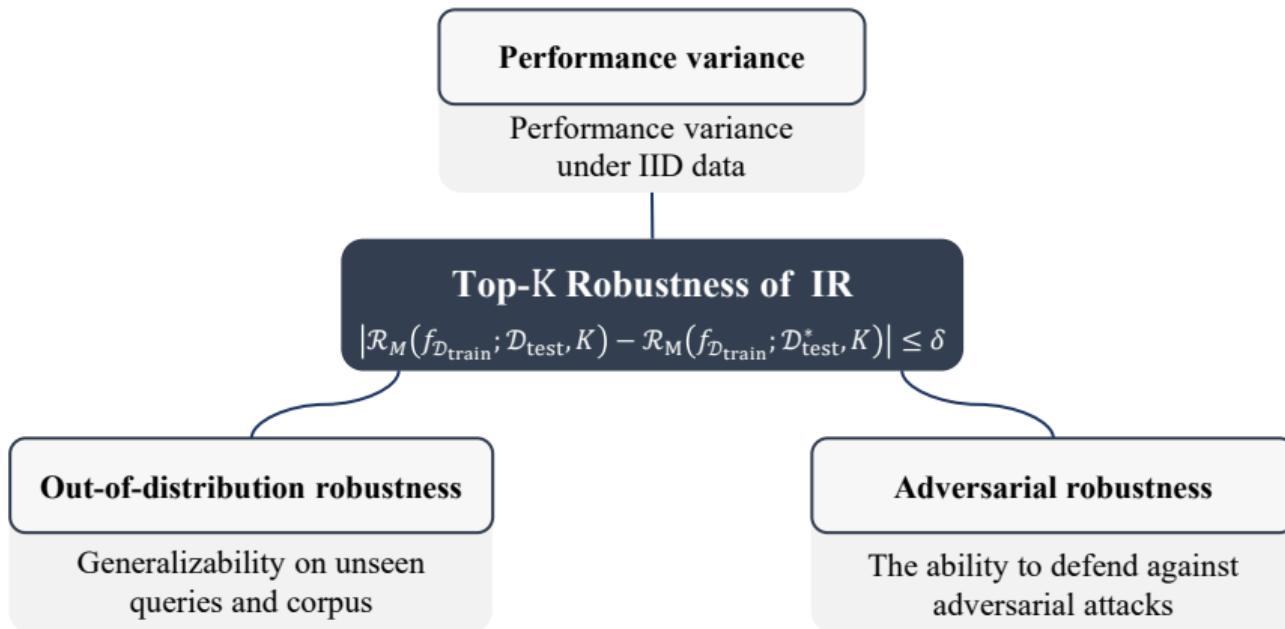
Paper list



Benchmark

# Our survey about robust IR

Our survey on robust neural information retrieval [Liu et al., 2024], is now available!



## Scope of this tutorial

In this tutorial, we pay special attention to two frequently studied types of robustness, i.e., adversarial robustness and OOD robustness

## Goals of the tutorial

- We will cover key developments in robust information retrieval (mostly 2020–2024)
  - **Definition and taxonomy of robustness in IR**
  - **Adversarial robustness**
  - **Out-of-distribution robustness**
  - **Robust IR in the age of LLMs**

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  - **Adversarial robustness**
  - **Out-of-distribution robustness**
  - **Robust IR in the age of LLMs**
- Through this tutorial, we hope to ...
  - Draw attention to the important topic of robustness in IR
  - Help interested beginners to get started and more experienced researchers to gain a systematic understanding of this field
  - Share our perspectives on **future directions**

# Schedule

Time	Section	Presenter
01:30-01:50 PM	Section 1: Introduction	Maarten
01:50-02:10 PM	Section 2: Preliminaries	Yu-An
02:10-03:00 PM	Section 3: Adversarial robustness	Yu-An



30min coffee break

03:30-04:20 PM	Section 4: Out-of-distribution robustness	Yu-An
04:20-04:30 PM	Section 5: Robust IR in the age of LLMs	Yu-An
04:30-04:50 PM	Section 6: Conclusions and future directions	Maarten
04:50-05:00 PM	Q & A	All

## References

- Z. Dai and J. Callan. Context-aware sentence/passage term importance estimation for first stage retrieval. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1910.10687*, 2019.
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