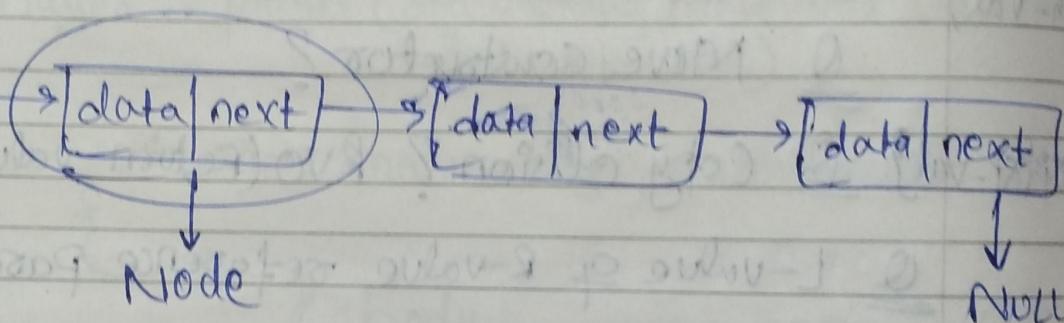


collection of Node

Linked List (LL)

A linked list is a linear data structure in which the elements are not stored at contiguous memory location. The elements in a linked list are linked using pointers.

* head.



→ Linked list → Dynamic DS

{ Better than vector } { grow/shrink at run time }

(*) Code :

```

/* Adding the Node at beginning end, Pos.
 * Implementation of the Node
 */

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Node {

public :

int data; // contain data
Node *next; // pointer pointing to
next node

// constructor

Node (int data) {

this->data = data;

this->next = NULL;

}

};

int main() {

// Pointer to the instance of the class

Node *node1 = new Node (18);

cout << node1->data << endl; // 18

cout << node1->next << endl; // 0

return 0;

(*) // Function to Add new node at beginning (*)

Void InsertAtHead (Node * &head , Pint d)

{ // new node create

Node * temp = new Node(d);

temp->next = head;

head = temp;

}

} (outer loop) about

: push = push + 1; if

: null = true <- if

(*) // Function to point the linked list (*)

Void point (node * &head) {

Node * temp = head;

while (temp != NULL) {

: cout << temp->data << " ";

temp = temp->next;

} cout << endl;

}

if (temp->next == NULL) {

InsertAtEnd (tail), d);

return ;

}

(*) // function to Add new node at the end.

Void InsertAtTail (Node* & tail, int d) {
 :
 // new node creation

Node *temp = new Node(d);

tail->next = temp;

tail = temp;

}

(+) // function to Add new node at a position

void InsertAtPosition (Node* & head, int position, int d)

{

Node *temp = head; if (Position == 1) {
 int cnt = 1; InsertAtHead(head, d);
 return; }

while (cnt < position - 1) {

temp = temp->next;
 Cnt++;

} // Inserting at the End.

// Creating a node for d

Node *nodeToInsert = new Node(d);

$\text{nodeToInsert} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{temp} \rightarrow \text{next};$

$\text{temp} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{nodeToInsert};$

}

(*) // destructor in the class to free the memory.

$\sim \text{Node}();$

$\text{int value} = \text{this} \rightarrow \text{data};$

// memory free

if ($\text{this} \rightarrow \text{next} \neq \text{NULL}$) {

 delete next;

$\text{this} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{NULL};$

 cout << "memory is free for node with
 the data value" << value;

}

// function to delete the node at any position.

void deleteNode(int position, Node*& head)

{

// deleting first or start Node
if (position == 1) {

Node *temp = head;
head = head -> next;

// memory free for start node
~~delete~~ temp -> next = NULL;
delete temp;

}

else {

// deleting for any node at middle
or at last

Node *curr = head;
Node *prev = NULL;

int cnt = 1;

while (cnt < position) {

prev = curr;

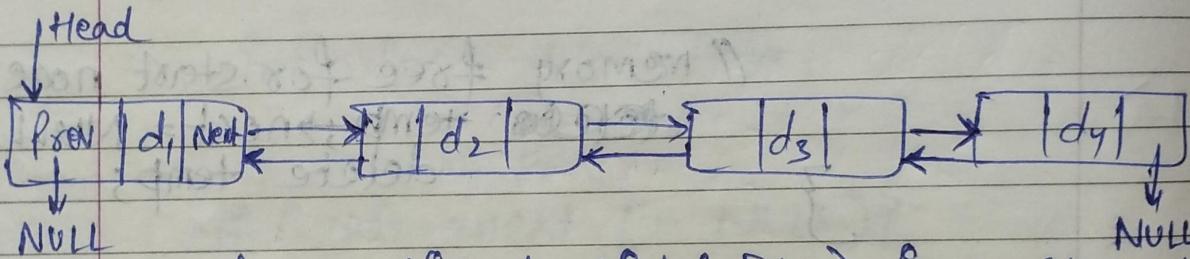
curr = curr -> next;

cnt++;

$\text{p} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{curr} \rightarrow \text{next};$
 $\text{curr} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{NULL};$
 delete curr;



Doubly linked list



A doubly linked list (DLT) is a special type of linked list in which each node contains a pointer to the previous node as well as the next node of the linked list.

/*

- * Doubly linked list implementation
- * Insertion of node at any position
- * Deletion of node at any position
- * Pointing the length and linked list
- *

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class Node {
```

```
public:
```

```
int data;
Node *next;
Node *prev;
```

→ // constructor

```
Node(int d) {
```

```
    this->data = d;
```

```
    this->next = NULL;
```

```
    this->prev = NULL;
```

```
}
```

→ // destructor

```
~Node() {
```

```
    int value = this->data;
```

// memory released

```
    if (this->next != NULL) {
```

```
        delete this->next;
```

```
        this->next = NULL;
```

```
}
```

cout << "Memory is released for
the data: " << value << endl;

}

}

(0) // Method to insert the node at the beginning

void InsertAtHead (Node*& head, Node*& tail,
int d) {

// empty list

if (head == NULL) {

Node* temp = new Node(d);

head = temp;

tail = temp;

} else {

// Already Some nodes present

else {

Node* temp = new Node(d);

temp->next = head;

head->prev = temp;

head = temp;

}

(e)

// Method to Insert the Node at the last

Void InsertAtTail (Node* & head, Node* & tail, int d) {

// empty list

If (tail == NULL) {

Node * temp = new Node(d);

head = temp;

tail = temp;

}

else {

Node * temp = new Node(d);

tail->next = temp;

temp->prev = tail;

tail = temp;

}

(f)

// Method to add the node at any position

Void InsertAtPosition (Node* & head, Node* & tail, int Position, int d) {

// temp is a pointer used to traverse

Node * temp = head;

int cnt = 1;

// Inserting at the first position

if (Position == 1) {

 InsertAtHead (Head, tail, d);
 return;

}

// traversing to the position at which
 node should be inserted

 while (cnt < Position - 1) {

 temp = temp->next;

 cnt++;

}

// Inserting at the last position

if (temp->next == NULL) {

 InsertAtTail (head, tail, d);
 return;

}

// Creating a node to hold the d,
 NodeToInsert is pointer holding the data

 NodeToInsert = new Node (d);

Node *nodeToInsert = new Node(d);

$\text{nodeToInsert} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{temp} \rightarrow \text{next};$
 $(\text{temp} \rightarrow \text{next}) \rightarrow \text{prev} = \text{nodeToInsert};$
 $\text{temp} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{nodeToInsert};$
 $\text{nodeToInsert} \rightarrow \text{prev} = \text{temp};$

}

(o) // ~~Traversing~~ Method to get the length of the linked list

int getLength(Node * head) {

 int len=0;

 Node *temp = head;

 while (temp != NULL) {

 len++;

 temp = temp->next;

}

 return len;

}

(o) // Traversing and Method to print the data

void print(Node * head) {

 Node *temp = head;

(b) while (temp != NULL) {

cout << temp->data << " ";

temp = temp->next;

} cout << endl;

}

(c) // Method to delete any node at any position.

void DeleteNode (Node*& head, Node*& ta
 { Put Position})

// Creating deleting the first node
if (Position == 1) {

// Creating a temporary pointer and pointing
to the head

Node *temp = head;

(temp->next)->prev = NULL;

head = temp->next;

temp->next = NULL;

delete temp;

}

// deleting for any node at middle or at
the last

else {

Node * curr = head;

Node * prev = NULL;

int cnt = 1;

// traversing to the position of the
delete Node

while (cnt < position) {

prev = curr;

curr = curr->next;

cnt++;

}

curr->prev = NULL;

prev->next = curr->next;

// Releasing the memory

curr->next = NULL;

delete curr;

}

Put main()

// // Creation of an object to the instance of
the class

// Node *node1 = new Node(10);

// Creating the head pointer

Node *head = NULL;

// Creating the tail pointer

Node *tail = NULL;

cout << "Enter Head";
cin >> head;

InsertAtHead(head, tail, 65);
cout << "Head";
cout << endl;

InsertAtTail(head, tail, 97);
cout << "Head";
cout << endl;

InsertAtTail(head, tail, 105);
cout << "Head";
cout << endl;

Insert At Position(head, tail, 4, 12);
cout << "Head";
cout << endl;

return 0;

}