# **Decoding Life Signals Lab: EEG Signal Analysis**

#### **Overview**

In this lab exercise, you will analyze EEG (Electroencephalogram) recordings from the instructor that contain different mental states and a hidden message encoded using eye blinks. You'll explore how different cognitive activities affect brain waves and learn to decode patterns from frontal and occipital electrodes.

# Part 1: Loading the EEG Recording

#### **Opening the Pre-recorded Data**

- 1. Download the "EEG\_sample recording.txt" file from the course website
- 2. Launch the OpenBCI GUI application
- 3. In the System Control Panel (left side of the screen), select "PLAYBACK (from file)" from the DATA SOURCE options
- 4. In the PLAYBACK FILE section, click the text field to browse and select the EEG file
- 5. Click "START SESSION" at the bottom of the System Control Panel to load the recording

#### **Configuring the Display**

- 1. After starting the session, focus on the three active EEG channels:
  - Channel 1: Fp1 (Left frontal pole above left eyebrow)
  - Channel 2: Fp2 (Right frontal pole above right eyebrow)
  - o Channel 8: O1 (Left occipital back of the head, left side)
- 2. In each widget, use the "Channels" dropdown to select only these three channels
- 3. Adjust the vertical scale to 100 µV initially
- 4. Set the time window to display 5 seconds at a time

# Part 2: Understanding the Recording

#### **Recording Structure**

The EEG recording contains two main sections:

#### **Section 1: Mental State Detection (approximately first 3 minutes)**

The instructor alternated between three different cognitive states, each lasting about 1 minute:

- 1. Eyes closed relaxation
- 2. Mental arithmetic (solving multiplication problems)
- 3. Reading text

#### Section 2: Blink Morse Code (latter portion of recording)

The instructor blinked in a pattern that encodes a hidden word.

The Morse code pattern includes:

- Short blinks (dots) lasting about 0.5 seconds
- Long blinks (dashes) lasting about 1.5 seconds
- Pauses between each dot/dash (about 1 second)
- Longer pauses between letters (about 3-5 seconds)

# **Part 3: Analysis Using Different Widgets**

### 1. Time Series Widget

- Look for distinct patterns in each channel during different mental states
- In Fp1 and Fp2 channels, identify eye blink artifacts (large positive deflections)
- In O1 channel, look for alpha rhythms (8-13 Hz waves) especially during eyes closed relaxation

#### 2. FFT Plot

Configure the FFT Plot widget:

- Set Max Freq to 40 Hz
- Use Log scale for better visualization
- Adjust smoothing to 0.9
- Compare the frequency distributions between:
  - o Different mental states (relaxation vs. arithmetic vs. reading)
  - Different electrode locations (frontal vs. occipital)
- Look for prominent frequency bands:
  - o Delta (1-4 Hz)
  - Theta (4-8 Hz)
  - o Alpha (8-13 Hz)
  - o Beta (13-30 Hz)
  - o Gamma (30-60 Hz)

# 3. Spectrogram

Configure the Spectrogram widget:

- Set Max Freq to 40 Hz
- Set Window to 3 Min to see transitions between activities
- Use Log scale
- Look for:
  - Changes in frequency patterns over time

- Clear transitions between mental states
- Alpha wave activity (8-13 Hz) during relaxation
- o Increased beta activity (13-30 Hz) during cognitive tasks

### 4. Band Power Widget

Add the Band Power widget:

- This widget separates brain activity into traditional EEG frequency bands
- Compare the relative power of each band across different mental states
- Pay particular attention to:
  - Alpha power during eyes closed relaxation (should be higher)
  - Beta power during mental arithmetic (should increase)
  - Theta power during different cognitive states

# **Part 4: Decoding Tasks**

# **Mental State Analysis**

- 1. Determine which segments of the recording correspond to each mental state:
  - o Identify the timestamp ranges for relaxation, arithmetic, and reading
  - Note the characteristic patterns in each frequency band for each activity
- 2. Using the FFT plot and Band Power widget:
  - Compare the alpha/beta ratio during each mental state
  - Identify which frequency bands show the most significant differences between states

## **Morse Code Decoding**

- 1. Locate the section of the recording containing blink patterns
- 2. In the Time Series Widget, focus on Fp1 or Fp2 channels
- 3. Identify short blinks (dots) and long blinks (dashes)
- 4. Note the pattern of dots and dashes, with spaces between letters
- 5. Use the Morse code reference to decode the message

## **Questions to Answer**

#### **EEG Pattern Analysis:**

- 1. Which mental state showed the highest alpha wave activity? In which channel was this most prominent?
- 2. How did the beta wave activity differ between relaxation and mental arithmetic?
- 3. What changes did you observe in the theta band during different cognitive tasks?
- 4. How did the occipital (O1) channel activity differ from the frontal (Fp1/Fp2) channels?

## **Signal Characteristics:**

- 1. What was the approximate frequency range of the most dominant activity during eyes-closed relaxation?
- 2. Did you observe any artifacts in the signal? How did they appear across different channels?
- 3. Which visualization (Time Series, FFT, Spectrogram, or Band Power) was most useful for identifying different mental states? Why?

#### **Morse Code Challenge:**

- 1. What is the hidden message encoded in the blink patterns?
- 2. How did you distinguish between short and long blinks in the EEG signal?
- 3. What challenges did you encounter when trying to decode the Morse code message?

## **Submission Guidelines**

- 1. Document which segments of the recording corresponded to each mental state
- 2. Provide screenshots of the FFT, Spectrogram, and Band Power widgets during each mental state
- 3. Draw or describe the blink pattern you identified and your decoded message
- 4. Answer the questions based on your analysis
- 5. Summarize what you learned about how different mental activities affect brain wave patterns

Good luck with your EEG signal analysis!