

# Steps for Fine-Tuning MiniCPM-V2 for Local Food Classification

## 1. Prepare the Dataset

- **Create JSON File:**
  - Structure the dataset in a JSON format where each entry contains the image path, questions, and answers. Example format:

```
{
  "id": "Ayam_Panggang_6",
  "image": "../training_datasets/SGFood/Ayam_Panggang/Ayam_Panggang_6.JPG",
  "conversations": [
    {
      "role": "user",
      "content": "<image>\nWhat would you call this dish?"
    },
    {
      "role": "assistant",
      "content": "This is a dish called Ayam Panggang."
    },
    {
      "role": "user",
      "content": "What ingredients are used in this dish?"
    },
    {
      "role": "assistant",
      "content": "The ingredients used in this dish are grilled chicken, rice, cabbage, omelet, kecap manis, curry, chili paste."
    },
    {
      "role": "user",
      "content": "What is the mass of this dish?"
    },
    {
      "role": "assistant",
      "content": "The mass of this dish is 765 grams."
    }
  ]
},
```

- **Collate Data:**
  - Gather and organize all food images and their respective metadata into this format.

## 2. Split Dataset into Train and Test Sets

- Run **split.py (/minicpmv2/split.py)**:
  - Use the provided split.py script to divide the dataset into 80% for training and 20% for testing, ensuring each category is represented proportionally in both sets.

## 3. Set Up Fine-Tuning

- Ensure the following files (**/minicpmv2/finetuning\_scripts**) are prepared and in place:

1. **dataset.py**: Handles dataset loading and preprocessing to convert the provided JSON data into a format compatible with training.
  2. **ds\_config\_zero2.json**: Configuration file for DeepSpeed, optimized for memory-efficient training with stage 2 zero optimization.
  3. **ds\_config\_zero3.json**: Advanced DeepSpeed configuration enabling stage 3 zero optimization for improved scalability.
  4. **finetune\_ds.sh**: Main script for distributed fine-tuning using full model parameter updates. Configures learning rate, batch sizes, and training strategy.
  5. **finetune\_lora.sh**: Optional script for LoRA (Low-Rank Adaptation) fine-tuning, focusing on efficient attention layer updates.
  6. **finetune.py**: Core fine-tuning script orchestrating model training, evaluation, and logging.
  7. **trainer.py**: Handles the training and evaluation logic, integrating the model, optimizer, and training data.
- **Update File Paths and Training Parameters**
    - Before editing hyperparameters, update the paths in the **finetune\_ds.sh** file:

1. **Set Paths for Training and Evaluation Data:**

```
MODEL="openbmb/MiniCPM-V-2"
# ATTENTION: specify the path to your training data, which should be a json file consisting of a list of conversations.
# See the section for finetuning in README for more information.
DATA="/itp2/training_datasets/train.json"
EVAL_DATA="/itp2/training_datasets/test.json"
LLM_TYPE="minicpm" # if use openbmb/MiniCPM-V-2, please set LLM_TYPE=minicpm
```

- **Edit Hyperparameters:**
  - Adjust the learning rate and number of epochs directly in the **torchrun** command inside **finetune\_ds.sh**. Example:

```

torchrun $DISTRIBUTED_ARGS finetune.py \
  --model_name_or_path $MODEL \
  --llm_type $LLM_TYPE \
  --data_path $DATA \
  --eval_data_path $EVAL_DATA \
  --remove_unused_columns false \
  --label_names "labels" \
  --prediction_loss_only false \
  --bf16 false \
  --bf16_full_eval false \
  --fp16 true \
  --fp16_full_eval true \
  --do_train \
  --do_eval \
  --tune_vision true \
  --tune_llm true \
  --model_max_length 2048 \
  --max_slice_nums 9 \
  --num_train_epochs 3 \
  --eval_steps 1000 \
  --output_dir output/output_minicpmv2 \
  --logging_dir output/output_minicpmv2 \
  --logging_strategy "steps" \
  --per_device_train_batch_size 1 \
  --per_device_eval_batch_size 1 \
  --gradient_accumulation_steps 1 \
  --evaluation_strategy "steps" \
  --save_strategy "steps" \
  --save_steps 1000 \
  --save_total_limit 10 \
  --learning_rate 1e-6 \
  --weight_decay 0.1 \
  --adam_beta2 0.95 \
  --warmup_ratio 0.01 \
  --lr_scheduler_type "cosine" \
  --logging_steps 1 \
  --gradient_checkpointing true \
  --deepspeed ds_config_zero2.json \
  --report_to "tensorboard"

```

#### 4. Run Fine-Tuning

- Execute the fine-tuning script by running:  
`sh finetune_ds.sh`
- The script will:
  - Load the base MiniCPM-V2 model.
  - Fine-tune it using the provided training data.

- Evaluate it periodically using the test data to monitor progress.

## 5. Evaluate the Fine-Tuned Model

- Use `models_evaluation.py` (`/minicpmv2/models_evaluation.py`) to compare the base MiniCPM-V2 model with the fine-tuned model:
  - This will provide metrics like accuracy by each food category and overall accuracy, allowing you to assess the improvements achieved through fine-tuning.

**\* For more details on fine-tuning MiniCPM, you can visit the official [MiniCPM-V Fine-Tuning Documentation](#).**