### BCA - SEM : I

## 1CS1010104: Communication Skills - I

[UNIT - III - Listening: MCQ]

1.	Which is the active process of receiving and responding to spoken	Α
	and unspoken messages?	
	A. Listening	
	B. Reading	
	C. Writing	
	D. Sleeping	
2.	Which among the following is the first language skill that we learn?	С
	A. Reading	
	B. Writing	
	C. Listening	
	D. Speaking	
3.	occurs when the listener is fully engaged in what the speaker	В
	is saying, and reacts to the ideas presented by the speaker.	
	A. Reading	
	B. Active Listening	
	C. Writing	
	D. Speaking	
4.	Which listening is a two-way communication?	С
	A. Hearing	
	B. Passive	
	C. Active	
	D. Silent	
5.	In listening, the listener does not react to the ideas of the	D
	speaker but only listens to speaker.	
ſ	A. Full	
	B. Active	
	C. Deep	
	D. Passive	
6.	Which listening is a one-way communication?	A
	A. Passive	
	B. Full	
	C. Active	

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7.	occurs when sound reaches your ears.	С
	A. Writing	Ū
	B. Reading	
	C. Hearing	
	D. Sleeping	
8.	occurs when sound reaches your brain.	В
	A. Writing	
	B. Listening	
	C. Sleeping	
	D. None of above	
9.	In, we neither pay any close attention nor put any mental	A
	efforts.	
	A. Hearing	
	B. Full	
	C. Active	
	D. Depth	
10.	In, we pay close attention and put forced mental efforts.	С
	A. Sleeping	
	B. Hearing	
	C. Listening	
	D. None of above	
11.	Which one of the following uses only one sense i.e. ears?	D
	A. Talking	
	B. Playing	
	C. Sleeping	
	D. Hearing	
12.	Which one of the following uses more than one senses i.e. eyes,	С
	ears, mind, etc.?	
	A. Hearing	
	B. Sleeping	
	C. Listening	
	D. None of above	
	C. Listening	

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13.	In which type of listening, the listener distinguishes between the	A
	verbal and the nonverbal message.	
	A. Discriminative	
	B. False	
	C. Critical	
	D. Initial	
14.	Which listening is the most complicated form and requires a high	В
	degree of skill to develop?	
	A. Biased	
	B. Critical	
	C. False	
	D. Initial	
<b>15</b> .	Which listening analyzes opinion and makes a judgment about the	C
	content of the message.	
	A. Comprehensive	
	B. Relationship	
	C. Critical	
	D. Informational	
16.	In which listening the person hears only what they want to hear?	D
	A. Appreciative	
	B. Empathetic	
	C. Evaluative	
	D. Biased	
17.	Which listening requires an ability to understand and feel another	Α
	person's feelings, emotions and needs?	
	A. Empathetic	
	B. Appreciative	
	C. Selective	
	D. Partial	
18.	Which listening improves and maintains the relationship between	В
	people?	
	A. Comprehensive	
	B. Relationship	
	C. Partial	
	D. Informational	

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19.	In listening a person is acting as to listen but is not hearing	С
	anything that is being said?	
	A. Depth	
	B. Deep	
	C. False	
	D. Full	
20.	listening occurs when we listen to the other person in the	D
	beginning or when we listen to the opening message.	
	A. Comprehensive	
	B. Informational	
	C. Discriminative	
	D. Initial	
21.	listening involves listening for particular things and ignoring	C
	others.	
	A. Empathetic	
	B. Appreciative	
	C. Selective	
	D. Partial	
22.	Which listening is the active form of listening?	A
	A. Full	
	B. Initial	
	C. Silent	
	D. False	
23.	Listening to music, theater, television, radio and films, where the	В
	ultimate response is the one from the listener is an example of	
	listening.	
	A. Empathetic	
	B. Appreciative	
	C. Selective	
	D. Partial	
24.	Select the correct type of listening.	D
	A. Empathetic	
	B. Critical	
	C. Discriminative	
	D. All of above	

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25.	Which among the following is not a type of listening?	Α
	A. Silent	
	B. Relationship	
	C. Critical	
	D. Empathetic	
26.	Which type of listening is called "whole person listening"?	В
	A. Partial	
	B. Deep	
	C. Biased	
	D. Empathetic	
27.	Choose the quality of a good listener.	D
	A. Make eye contact	
	B. Focus on subject	
	C. Be open mind	
	D. All of above	
28.	Choose the quality of a good listener.	Α
	A. Pay attention	
	B. Not focusing	
	C. Lack of interest	
	D. Excessive talking	
29.	Choose barrier to listening.	C
	A. Focus on subject	
	B. Take notes	
	C. Lack of interest	
	D. Pay attention	
30.	Choose barrier to listening.	D
	E. Not focusing	
	F. Lack of interest	
	G. Excessive talking	
	H. All of above	