## CHE212: Graded take-home simulation 4

No mobile phones allowed. No discussion allowed during the session, raise your hand if you need help on ode45/bvp4c algorithms.

## Directions on report submission:

- 1. Save your files with question number as the prefix. Example: Q1\_odefun.m, Q1\_script.m
- 2. After finishing your each question in Matlab, add inferences as comments therein.
- 3. Upload the code at hello iitk.

There will be question in quiz/endsem on your coding experience of these problems:)

Best policy is to not copy. Copied assignments will be given zero across all simulations.

Consider the unsteady heat transfer problem governed by:

$$\frac{\partial \Theta}{\partial \tau} = \frac{\partial^2 \Theta}{\partial X^2}.\tag{1}$$

We scaled the temperature using  $\Theta = (T - T_{\infty})/(T_i - T_{\infty})$ . Length and time scales were chosen as L and  $L^2/\alpha$ , respectively. The following boundary conditions are satisfied:

BC<sub>1</sub>: 
$$\frac{\partial \Theta}{\partial X} = 0$$
 at  $X = 0$  BC<sub>2</sub>:  $\frac{\partial \Theta}{\partial X} = -Bi\Theta$  at  $X = 1$  (2)

Initial BC:  $\Theta = 1$  at  $\tau = 0$ 

## Question 1: plot and compare solutions [4 marks]

The series solution for the above system of equations is found using Separation of variables as:

$$\Theta(X,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{4\sin(\lambda_n X)}{2\lambda_n + \sin(2\lambda_n)} \cos(\lambda_n X) \exp\left[-\lambda_n \tau^2\right]$$
(3)

The eigenvalues  $\lambda_n$  in the above equation satisfy a transcendental equation:  $\lambda_n \tan(\lambda_n) = Bi$  that has infinite roots. n=0 in the above equation is also a solution, but a trivial one  $(\lambda = 0)$ , hence it is neglected.

- 1. Consider a low conductive material in a highly convective environment (Bi = 10). Plot the above solution  $\Theta$  vs X for N=1 (First-term approximation) at  $\tau = 0.05$ . Compare it with another (more accurate solution) N=3 in the same plot.
- 2. Continue with same Biot number and plot at times  $\tau = 0.1$  and  $\tau = 1$ . Do spatial temperature profiles merge for higher times?
- 3. Keep N=3 and plot  $\Theta$  vs  $\tau$  at X=0 for Bi = 10. Plot from  $\tau = [0, 2]$ . Change the Bi = 1 and do the same. Compare these profiles for two Biot numbers in the same plot. Which Biot case decays faster?
- 4. Again plot the temporal profile (at X = 0) for Bi=0.1 and compare it with the lumped solution:

$$\Theta_{\text{lumped}} = \exp\left[-Bi\,\tau\right].$$

## Question 2: pdepe [4 marks]

- 1. Use the PDEPE command to write a code to evaluate the spatio-temporal temperature profiles for the system described by Eq.[1-2].
- 2. Match the spatial profile with that obtained in eq. [3] (choose N=5) for times  $\tau = 0.001$ ,  $\tau = 0.01$  and  $\tau = 0.1$ .

 ${\it Hint: \ Utilize \ "Practice \ coding \ session-2" \ in \ the \ helloiith \ portal \ for \ help.}$