

Linux Basics

Warsztaty z podstaw obsługi Linuxa



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Wprowadzenie

"Linux to wolność: wolność modyfikacji, udostępniania i nauki"

1991

Linus Torvalds, student Uniwersytetu Helsińskiego, tworzy Linux jako alternatywę dla Minix, małego systemu operacyjnego do nauki

Minix — Linux



1993

Debian distributions is created



GCDI

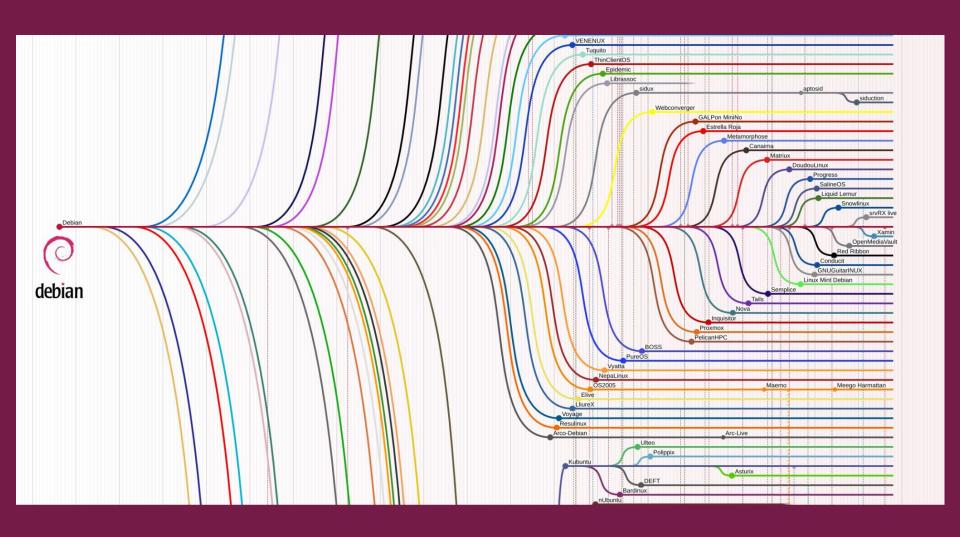
2002 - 2004

Powstanie najpopularniejszych do dnia dzisiejszego dystrybucji Linuxa









Dlaczego Linux

- 1. Cost-Free and Open Source
 - 2. Stability and Reliability
- 3. Customization
- 4. Community Support and Documentation
- 5. Developer-Friendly

```
41 use glutin::{
       dpi::LogicalSize,
       event loop::EventLoop,
       platform::windows::{RawContextExt, WindowExtWindows},
       window::{Window, WindowBuilder},
       ContextBuilder, ContextWrapper, PossiblyCurrent,
 33 pub fn create window(
       title: &str,
       width: u32,
       heigth: u32,
       event_loop: &EventLoop<()>,
 28 ) -> (ContextWrapper<PossiblyCurrent, ()>, Window) {
       let window_builder = WindowBuilder::new()
           .with title(title)
           .with inner size(LogicalSize::new(width, heigth))
           .build(&event loop)
           .expect("Couldnt create window");
           let raw context = ContextBuilder::new()
               .with_gl(glutin::GlRequest::Specific(glutin::Api::OpenGl, (4, 5)))
               .with al profile(alutin::GlProfile::Core)
               .build_raw_context(window_builder.hwnd())
           raw context
       let gl_context = unsafe { raw_context.make_current().unwrap() };
       gl::load with(|s| gl context.get proc address(s) as *const ); //loads function points or smth
       (gl context, window builder)
   pub fn initialize renderer(window width: u32, window heigth: u32) -> Vec<u32> {
           gl::Viewport(0, 0, window width as i32, window heigth as i32);
42
        let mut vbo: gl::types::GLuint = 0;
        let mut vao: gl::types::GLuint = 0;
       let mut ebo: gl::types::GLuint = 0;
        let vertices: Vec<f32> = vec![
           -1.0, 1.0, 0.0, // top left
        let indices: Vec<u32> = vec![
NORMAL src/renderer/render_utils.rs
                                                            rust utf-8[unix] 42% w:42/98= w:1 = [75]tra
```

```
Control of the contro
```

[gato@archgato ~]\$ neofetch

gato@archgato
....
OS: GatOS
Host: VirtualBox 1.2
Kernel: 5.14.8-arch1-1
Uptime: 1 hour, 43 mins
Packages: 441 (pacman)
Shell: bash 5.1.8
Resolution: 1920x1080
WM: bspwm
Theme: Adwaita [GTK3]
Icons: Adwaita [GTK3]
Terminal: alacritty

Terminal Font: Ubuntu Mono CPU: AMD Ryzen 5 2600 (2) @ 3.393GHz GPU: 00:02.0 VMware SVGA II Adapter

Memory: 434MiB / 3913MiB

The state of the s

[gato@archgato ~]\$ [

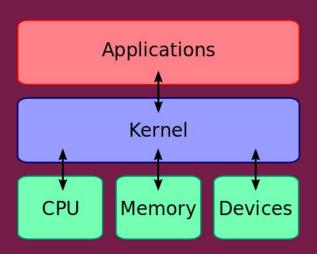
```
24.8%] Tasks: 35, 120 thr, 82 kthr; 1 running
33.6%] Load average: 0.48 0.29 0.20
747M/3.82G] Uptime: 01:45:37
```

PID	USER	PRI	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	CPU%	MEM%	TIME+ Command	
8600	gato	20	0	619M	139M	87812	S	55.3	3.6	0:13.89 picom	
8601	gato	20		619M	139M	87812		29.2	3.6	0:06.70 picom	
276		20		266M	119M	69120		26.9	3.1	4:19.33 /usr/lib/Xorg :0 -seat sea	t0 -auth /ru
8602	gato	20		619M	139M	87812		25.3	3.6	0:06.48 picom	
8114	gato	20		1288M	103M	68268		4.7	2.6	0:02.43 alacritty -e htop	
8125	gato	20		8764	4808	3620		2.4	0.1	0:00.78 htop	
7161	gato	20		1301M	116M	68880		1.6	3.0	0:06.48 alacritty	
8039	gato	20		1294M	112M	68980		1.6	2.9	0:03.78 alacritty	
8058	gato	20		1287M	106M	68584		0.8	2.7	0:01.79 alacritty	
8120	gato	20		1288M	103M	68268		0.8	2.6	0:00.69 alacritty -e htop	
		20		99216	10444	8124			0.3	0:01.32 /sbin/init	
174		20		62408	29640	28704			0.7	0:00.41 /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-j	ournald
186		20		29808	8596	7100			0.2	0:00.19 /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-u	devd
239		20		12564	6208	5052			0.2	0:00.75 /usr/bin/dbus-daemonsys	temaddres
240		20		396M	19456	16580			0.5	0:01.19 /usr/bin/NetworkManager	no-daemon
244		20		23148	7696	6736			0.2	0:00.15 /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-l	ogind
250		20		287M	4440	3740			0.1	0:03.56 /usr/bin/VBoxService -f	
Heln	E2Setup	FICER	che	Eilte	ESTER	EAG	OΓ	-Bullion	lice .	ONice -Forill Figurit	

Podstawowe pojęcia

kernel, shell, file system, package manager

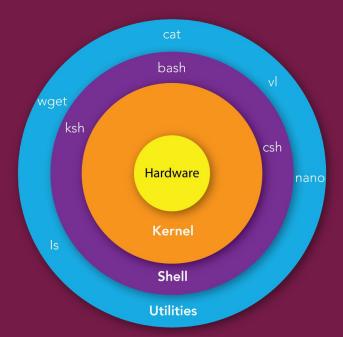
<mark>Kernel</mark> (jądro)



```
Linux version 5.17.3 (root@cbdev) (qcc (Gentoo 11.2.1 p20220115 p4) 11.2.1 20220115, GNU ld (Gentoo 2.38 p3) 2.38) #1 SMP PRE>
Command line: root=/dev/nvme0n1p5
x86/fpu: Supporting XSAVE feature 0x001: 'x87 floating point registers'
x86/fpu: Supporting XSAVE feature 0x002: 'SSE registers'
x86/fpu: Supporting XSAVE feature 0x004: 'AVX registers'
x86/fpu: Supporting XSAVE feature 0x008:
                                         'MPX bounds registers'
x86/fpu: Supporting XSAVE feature 0x010: 'MPX CSR
x86/fpu: xstate_offset[2]: 576, xstate_sizes[2]: 256
x86/fpu: xstate_offset[3]: 832, xstate_sizes[3]: 64
x86/fpu: xstate_offset[4]: 896, xstate_sizes[4]: 64
x86/fpu: Enabled xstate features 0x1f, context size is 960 bytes, using 'compacted' format.
signal: max sigframe size: 2032
BIOS-provided physical RAM map:
BIOS-e820: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x000000000009efff] usable
BIOS-e820:
           [mem 0x000000000009f000-0x000000000000fffff]
BIOS-e820:
BIOS-e820:
           [mem 0x000000006e795000-0x000000006fb1efff]
                                                       ACPI NVS
BIOS-e820:
           [mem 0x000000006fb1f000-0x000000006fc4efff]
                                                       ACPI data
           [mem 0x000000006fc4f000-0x000000006fc4ffff]
BIOS-e820:
           [mem 0x000000006fc50000-0x0000000077ffffff]
           [mem 0x0000000078000000-0x0000000078bfffff]
          [mem 0x0000000078c00000-0x000000007e7fffff]
BIOS-e820: [mem 0x0000000100000000-0x000000047f7fffff] usable
NX (Execute Disable) protection: active
e820: update [mem 0x48378018-0x48388057] usable ==> usable
extended physical RAM map:
reserve setup data: [mem 0x000000000000000-0x000000000009efff] usable
                    [mem 0x00000000009f000-0x00000000000fffff
                    [mem 0x0000000000100000-0x0000000048378017]
                                                                usable
reserve setup_data:
reserve setup data: [mem 0x0000000048378018-0x0000000048388057]
reserve setup data: [mem 0x0000000048388058-0x000000006a5b6fff]
reserve setup data: [mem 0x000000006a5b7000-0x000000006e794fff] reserved
```

Average Linux kernel developer

Shell



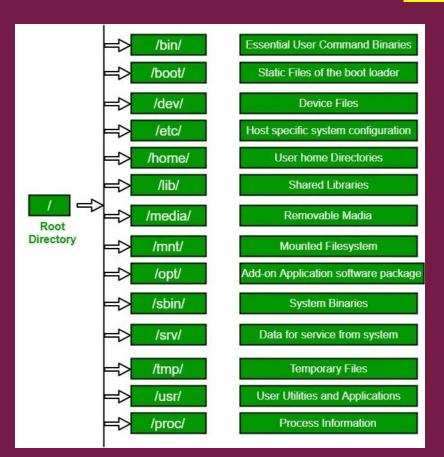
zsh

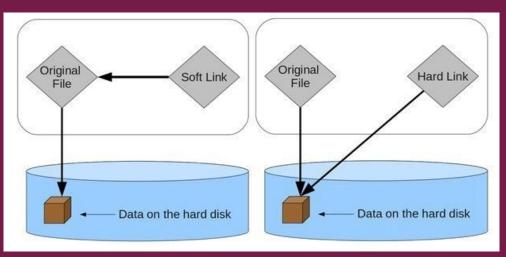
```
cd testproject
 √testproject  master gco detached-head-state -q
 ~/testproject - fdffaf6 touch dirty-working-directory
~/testproject - fdffaf6 cd
 ssh millv
Welcome to Ubuntu 11.04 (GNU/Linux 2.6.18-308.8.2.el5.028stab101.1 x86_64)
Last login: Wed Sep 26 03:42:49 2012 from 71-215-222-90.mpls.qwest.net
 agnoster@milly
Connection to milly agnoster net closed.
 ~ sudo −s
Password:
// root@Arya > ~ top &
[1] 34523
[1] + 34523 suspended (tty output) top
rm: no-such-file: No such file or directory
// root@Arya >---
```

bash

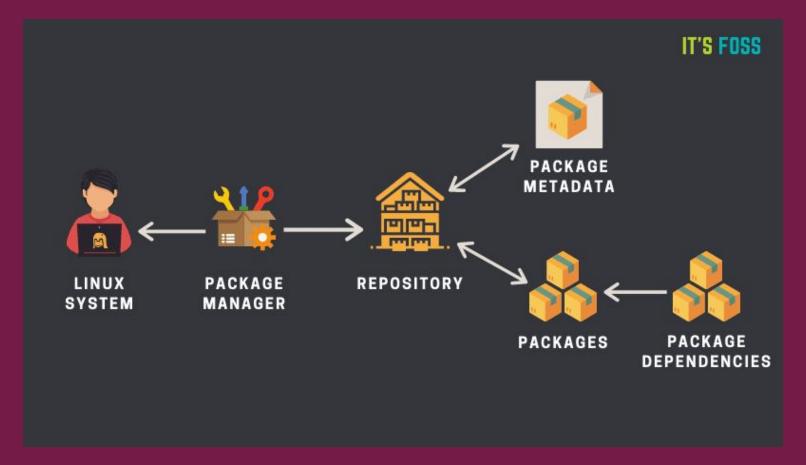
```
aviator@DESKTOP-DRVR138: /c/Windows/System32
aviaton@DESKTOP-DRVR138:/c/Wi
history (3readline) - GNU History Library
aviator@OESKTOP-DRVR138:/c/Windows/System32
Usage: cat [OPTION]... [FILE]...
Concatenate FILE(s) to standard output.
                                         /5vstem32$ cat --help
With no FILE, or when FILE is -, read standard input.
  -A, --show-all
                                equivalent to -vET
                               number nonempty output lines, overrides -n
  -b, --number-nonblank
                                equivalent to -vE
                                display $ at end of each line
  -E, --show-ends
                               number all output lines
suppress repeated empty output lines
equivalent to -vT
   -s, --squeeze-blank
   -T, --show-tabs
                                display TAB characters as ^I
                               (ignored)
   -v, --show-nonprinting use ^ and M- notation, except for LFD and TAB
      --help display this help and exit
       --version output version information and exit
Examples:
 cat f - g Output f's contents, then standard input, then g's contents.
              Copy standard input to standard output.
```

File system





Package manager



Komendy

od czego zacząć?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	ls pwd cd clear mkdir mv cp	22 23 24 25 26 27 28	ifconfig ip wget curl apt apt-get	43 44 45 46 47	lsof dig nslookup du tree	64 65 66 67	parted wc ls nmap
3 4 5 6 7 8	cd clear mkdir mv cp	24 25 26 27	wget curl apt	45 46	nslookup du	66 67	ls nmap
4 5 6 7 8	clear mkdir mv cp	25 26 27	curl apt	46	du	67	nmap
5 6 7 8	mkdir mv cp	26 27	apt				
6 7 8	mv cp	27		47	tree	7250	
7 8	СР	2000	apt-get			68	dmesg
8		28		48	SS	69	chattr
	rmdir		yum	49	partx	70	usermod
9		29	dnf	50	uptime	71	free
177	touch	30	rpm	51	tr	72	cron
10	cat	31	alias	52	ping	73	mysql
11	echo	32	dd	53	zcat	74	sdiff
12	less	33	top	54	xargs	75	history
13	tar	34	useradd	55	rm	76	netstat
14	grep	35	sleep	56	stat	77	sftp
15	head	36	screen	57	who	78	tcpdump
16	tail	37	pV	58	locate	79	scp
17	sort	38	fgrep	59	host	80	rsync
18	ps	39	dir	60	find	81	fsck
19	kill	40	egrep	61	fuser	82	bc
20	df	41	ssh	62	at	83	chage ffmpeg

Nawigacja

jak poruszać się po systemie?

ls list directory

```
bruno@MSI:~$ ls -l
total 16
drwxr-xr-x 17 bruno bruno 4096 Nov 13 21:31 archive
drwxr-xr-x 4 bruno bruno 4096 Nov 17 22:12 area
drwxr-xr-x 5 bruno bruno 4096 Nov 20 19:07 projects
drwxr-xr-x 9 bruno bruno 4096 Oct 11 18:14 resources
```

pwd

present working directory

bruno@MSI:~\$ pwd /home/bruno

cd

change directory

dowiązania

hard links and soft links

```
bruno@MSI:/$ ls -al
total 2460
drwxr-xr-x 47 root root
                            4096 Nov 25 10:04
drwxr-xr-x 47 root root
                            4096 Nov 25 10:04
```

bruno@MSI:~\$ cd /tmp/ bruno@MSI:/tmp\$

Operacje na plikach

tworzenie i manipulacja plików



```
bruno@MSI:~$ touch file.txt
bruno@MSI:~$ ls
archive area file.txt projects resources
```



bruno@MSI:~/warsztaty\$ mv file.txt ~/projects/linux_cli_basics/ bruno@MSI:~/warsztaty\$ ls ~/projects/linux_cli_basics/ README.md file.txt images instrukcje



send to standard output

bruno@MSI:~\$ echo "SKN Telephoners"
SKN Telephoners



bruno@MSI:~/projects/linux_cli_basics\$ ls
README.md file.txt images instrukcje
bruno@MSI:~/projects/linux_cli_basics\$ rm file.txt
bruno@MSI:~/projects/linux_cli_basics\$ ls
README.md images instrukcje

```
cp
copy
```

```
bruno@MSI:~$ cp file.txt warsztaty/
bruno@MSI:~$ cd warsztaty/
bruno@MSI:~/warsztaty$ ls
file.txt
```

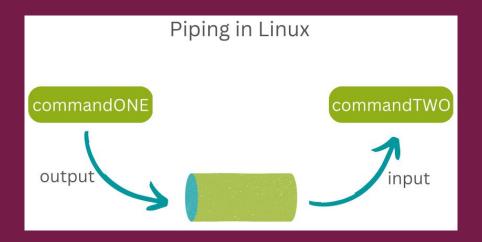
cat

bruno@MSI:~/projects/linux_cli_basics\$ cat instrukcje/warsztaty_linux_1.md # Instrukcja

Poniżej plan poszczególnych ćwiczeń.

Przetwarzanie potokowe

łączenie komend



bruno@MSI:/\$ cat /etc/passwd | grep postgres
postgres:x:108:118:PostgreSQL administrator,,,:/var/lib/postgresql:/bin/bash

Root

czyli superuser

SU switch user bruno@MSI:~\$ su root

Password:

root

root@MSI:/home/bruno#



bruno@MSI:~\$ sudo addgroup guest



kim jestem

bruno@MSI:~\$ whoami bruno bruno@MSI:~\$ su root Password: root@MSI:/home/bruno# whoami



Prawa dostępu

users, groups, access rights

list directory (long)

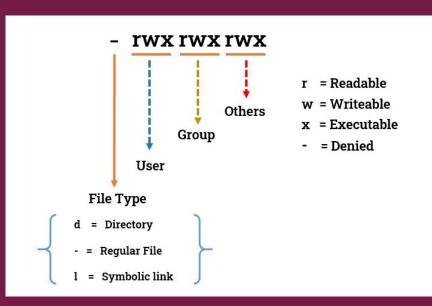
```
bruno@MSI:/$ ls -l
total 2452
drwxr-xr-x
             3 root root
                             4096 Jan 8
                                          2024 Docker
lrwxrwxrwx
             1 root root
                                          2023 bin \rightarrow usr/bin
             2 root root
                             4096 Apr 18
                                          2022 boot
drwxr-xr-x
                             3560 Nov 25 10:04 dev
drwxr-xr-x 16 root root
                             4096 Nov 25 10:20 etc
drwxr-xr-x 99 root root
```

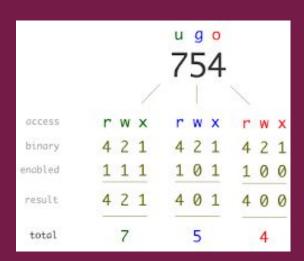
statistics statistics

```
bruno@MSI:/$ stat .
 File: .
  Size: 4096
                                           IO Block: 4096
                                                             directory
                        Blocks: 8
Device: 820h/2080d
                                           Links: 47
                        Inode: 2
Access: (0755/drwxr-xr-x) Uid: (
                                            root)
                                                   Gid: (
                                                                    root)
Access: 2024-11-25 10:04:11.412953676 +0100
Modify: 2024-11-25 10:04:11.012953672 +0100
Change: 2024-11-25 10:04:11.012953672 +0100
Birth: 2023-06-18 18:42:27.000000000 +0200
```

```
/etc/passwd
```

```
bruno@MSI:/$ cat /etc/passwd
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
```





Zmiana uprawnień

chmod, chown, chgrp

```
chmod
```

```
bruno@MSI:~$ sudo chmod 700 file.txt
[sudo] password for bruno:
bruno@MSI:~$ stat file.txt
  File: file.txt
  Size: 0 Blocks: 0
Device: 820h/2080d Inode: 38355
Access: (0700/-rwx-----------) Uid: ( 1000)
```

```
chown change owner
```

```
chgrp
```

Grupy

po co grupy?

guest



Informacje przed rozpoczęciem

ważne

- 1. Instrukcję wykonuj w katalogu domowym: /home/student lub ~ (chyba że w instrukcji podano inaczej).
- 2. Przy tworzeniu użytkowników <mark>zignoruj komunikat o zbyt krótkim haśle</mark> (jeśli się pojawi) i użyj hasła z instrukcji.

Link do repozytorium:

https://github.com/bingoobongoo/linux_cli_basics

> Dzieki za feedback



SKN Telephoners