모델 학습을 위한 데이터 전처리

• 데이터 로드

```
def load_dataset(self, dataset_id, tokenizer):
    def tokenization(examples):
       sources = []
       targets = []
       prompt = self.PROMPT TEMPLATE
       for instruction, input, output in zip(examples['instruction'], examples['input'], examples['output']):
           if input is not None and input !="":
               instruction = instruction+'\n'+input
           source = prompt.format map({'instruction':instruction})
            target = f"{output}{tokenizer.eos_token}"
            sources.append(source)
            targets.append(target)
       tokenized sources = tokenizer(sources,return attention mask=False)
       tokenized targets = tokenizer(targets, return attention mask=False, add special tokens=False)
       all_input_ids = []
       all_labels = []
       for s,t in zip(tokenized_sources['input_ids'],tokenized_targets['input_ids']):
           input_ids = torch.LongTensor(s + t)[:self.MAX_SEQ_LEN]
           labels = torch.LongTensor([-100] * len(s) + t)[:self.MAX SEQ LEN]
           assert len(input ids) == len(labels)
           all_input_ids.append(input_ids)
           all labels.append(labels)
       results = {'input ids':all input ids, 'labels': all labels}
       return results
    all_datasets = []
                                            Hugging Face Hub Model load
   raw_dataset = load_dataset(dataset_id)
   tokenization func = tokenization
```

• 토큰화

```
def load dataset(self, dataset id, tokenizer):
              def tokenization(examples):
                  sources = []
                  targets = []
                  prompt = self.PROMPT TEMPLATE
                  for instruction, input, output in zip(examples['instruction'], examples['input'], examples['output']):
                      if input is not None and input !="":
                          instruction = instruction+'\n'+input
                       source = prompt.format map({'instruction':instruction})
                       target = f"{output}{tokenizer.eos_token}"
                       sources.append(source)
                       targets.append(target)
                  tokenized sources = tokenizer(sources,return attention mask=False)
                  tokenized targets = tokenizer(targets, return attention mask=False, add special tokens=False)
48
                  all input ids = []
                                                                             Tokenizer Text to Number ID
                  all_labels = []
49
                  for s,t in zip(tokenized sources['input ids'],tokenized targets['input ids']):
                       input_ids = torch.LongTensor(s + t)[:self.MAX_SEQ_LEN]
                      labels = torch.LongTensor([-100] * len(s) + t)[:self.MAX SEQ LEN]
                       assert len(input ids) == len(labels)
                       all_input_ids.append(input_ids)
                      all labels.append(labels)
                  results = {'input ids':all input ids, 'labels': all labels}
                  return results
              all_datasets = []
              raw_dataset = load_dataset(dataset_id)
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```



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• 배치 및 Collator

```
from dataclasses import dataclass
       from typing import Dict, Sequence
       import torch
       import transformers
       @dataclass
      class DataCollatorForSupervisedDataset:
          tokenizer: transformers.PreTrainedTokenizer
          def call (self, instances: Sequence[Dict]) -> Dict[str, torch.Tensor]:
              input ids, labels = tuple(
                   [instance[key] for instance in instances] for key in ("input_ids", "labels")
14
15
              input_ids = torch.nn.utils.rnn.pad_sequence(
16
                  input_ids, batch_first=True, padding_value=self.tokenizer.pad_token_id
              labels = torch.nn.utils.rnn.pad sequence(
19
                  labels, batch_first=True, padding value=-100
20
                  input ids=input ids,
                                          패딩을 통해 배치의 데이터 길이 최적화
                  labels=labels,
24
                  attention mask=input ids.ne(self.tokenizer.pad token_id),
25
26
```

• 자동화 생성

```
raw dataset = load dataset(dataset id)
62
63
               tokenization func = tokenization
64
               tokenized dataset = raw dataset.map(
65
                   tokenization func,
66
                   batched=True,
                   remove columns=["instruction","input","output"],
67
                   keep in memory=False,
68
69
                   desc="preprocessing on dataset",
                                                       Tokenizing DataSet
70
               processed dataset = tokenized dataset
71
72
               processed dataset.set format('torch')
73
               all datasets.append(processed dataset['train'])
               all datasets = concatenate datasets(all datasets)
74
               return all datasets
75
76
           def get_data_collator(self, tokenizer):
77
               collator = DataCollatorForSupervisedDataset(tokenizer)
78
               return collator
79
```