IMAGE OF THE EXPERIMENT: Blinking LED Bulb using Raspberry Pi and relay module COMPONENTS:

- 1. Raspberry Pi Model 4B
- 2. Power Adapter, Keyboard, Mouse, and Monitor
- 3. Breadboard
- 4. Single LED Bulb
- 5. Relay Module
- 6. Connecting Wires

Code for Blinking LED Bulb:

import RPi.GPIO as g from

time import sleep

g.setwarnings(False)

g.setmode(g.BCM)

g.setup(3, g.OUT)

while True:

g.output(3, 1)

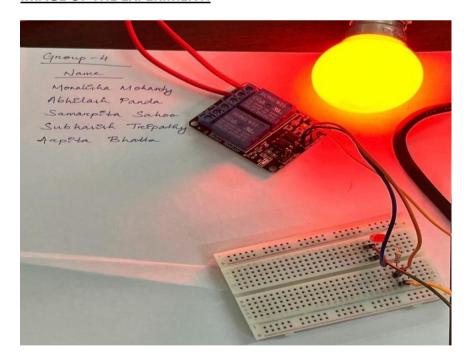
sleep(0.5)

g.output(3, 0)

sleep(0.5)

EXPERIMENT SETUP: The circuit consists of an LED bulb connected to a relay module, which is further connected to the Raspberry Pi's GPIO pin. The LED alternates between ON and OFF states at a fixed interval, creating a blinking effect.

IMAGE OF THE EXPERIMENT:



OUTPUT:

The LED bulb blinks continuously with a 0.5-second interval, demonstrating the control of external components using Raspberry Pi GPIO pins .

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SIC: 22bcsh15 Roll No: 21 Group: CSE A1

<u>**OBJECTIVE:**</u> Display text on LCD using raspberry pi. Code for Display text on LCD:

From RPLCD.i2c import charLCD Icd=charLCD('PCF8574',0x74) Icd.write_string("Hello from grp5") Icd.cursor_pos=(1,0) Icd.write_string("69")

IMAGE OF THIS EXPERIMENT:



OUTPUT:

The text was displayed on the LCD display panel.

Name: Subhasish Tripathy

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<u>OBJECTIVE:</u> To control an LED and detect objects using ultrasonic sensor with a microcontroller based system.

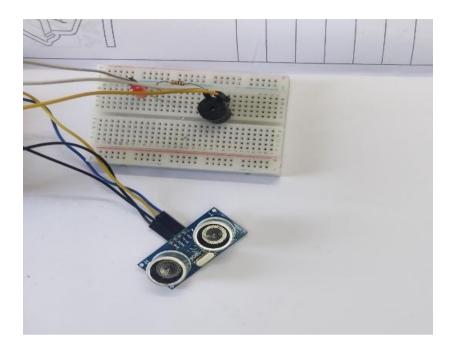
COMPONENTS:

- 1. Raspberry Pi 4B
- 2. HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Sensor
- 3. LED
- 4. Resistor
- 5. Breadboard
- 6. Male to Female Connectors
- 7. Power Supply / USB Cable

Code for Ultrasound sensor:

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
GPIO.setwarnings(False)
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
TRIG = 16
ECHO = 18
LED = 22
GPIO.setup(TRIG, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(ECHO, GPIO.IN)
GPIO.setup(LED, GPIO.OUT)
while True:
  GPIO.output(TRIG, False)
  time.sleep(0.5)
  GPIO.output(TRIG, True)
  time.sleep(0.00001)
  GPIO.output(TRIG, False)
  while GPIO.input(ECHO) == 0:
    pulse_start = time.time()
  while GPIO.input(ECHO) == 1:
    pulse_end = time.time()
  pulse_duration = pulse_end - pulse_start
  distance = pulse duration * 18150
  distance = round(distance, 2)
  print("Distance:", distance, "cm")
  if distance < 20:
    GPIO.output(LED, GPIO.HIGH)
  else:
    GPIO.output(LED, GPIO.LOW)
  time.sleep(1)
```

IMAGE OF THE EXPERIMENT:



OUTPUT:

When an object is detected within 20 cm, the LED turns ON. If no object is nearby, the LED remains OFF.

Name: Subhasish Tripathy

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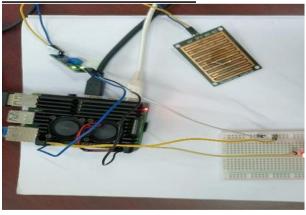
OBJECTIVE: To detect presence of raindrops using raindrop module sensor **COMPONENTS:**

- 1. Raindrop Sensor Module
- 2. Raspberry Pi 4B
- 3. Breadboard
- 4. LED
- 5. Resistor
- 6. Male to Female Connectors
- 7. Power Supply / USB Cable

Code for raindrop sensor

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
RAIN SENSOR PIN = 18
LED_PIN = 18
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(RAIN SENSOR PIN, GPIO.IN)
GPIO.setup(LED_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
try:
 while True:
    if GPIO.input(RAIN SENSOR PIN) == 0:
      GPIO.output(LED PIN, GPIO.HIGH)
      print("Rain detected")
    else:
      GPIO.output(LED PIN, GPIO.LOW)
      print("No Rain detected")
    time.sleep(1)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
  GPIO.cleanup()
```

IMAGE OF THIS EXPERIMENT:



OUTPUT:

When the sensor detects water (rain), the LED turns ON and "Rain detected" is printed. If no water is detected, the LED remains OFF and "No Rain detected" is printed

.

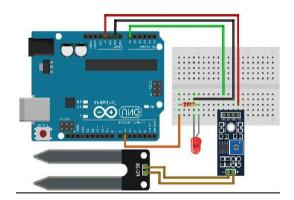
OBJECTIVE: To detect presence of moisture using moisture sensor **COMPONENTS:**

- 1. Moisture Sensor Module
- 2. Raspberry Pi 4B
- 3. Breadboard
- 4. LED
- 5. Resistor
- 6. Male to Female Connectors
- 7. Power Supply / USB Cable

Code for moisture sensor

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
MOIST SENSOR PIN = 18
LED PIN = 18
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(MOIST SENSOR PIN, GPIO.IN)
GPIO.setup(LED_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
try:
 while True:
    if GPIO.input(MOIST_SENSOR_PIN) == 0:
      GPIO.output(LED_PIN, GPIO.HIGH)
      print("MOIST!!")
    else:
      GPIO.output(LED PIN, GPIO.LOW)
      print("DRY!!")
    time.sleep(1)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
  GPIO.cleanup()
```

IMAGE OF THIS EXPERIMENT:



OUTPUT:

When moisture is present in the soil, the LED turns ON and "MOIST!!" is printed. If the soil is dry, the LED remains OFF and "DRY!!" is printed.

Name: Subhasish Tripathy

SIC : 22bcsh15 Roll No : 21 Group : CSE A1

OBJECTIVE: To detect the brightness level of LED using light sensor **COMPONENTS:**

- 1. LED
- 2. Light Sensor (LDR)
- 3. Raspberry Pi

- 4. Resistors
- 5. Breadboard and Jumper Wires
- 6. Power Supply

Code For Detecting Brightness:

```
import RPi.GPIO as g
import time
g.setwarnings(False)
g.setmode(g.BCM)
g.setup(3,g.OUT)
pwm = g.PWM(3, 100)
pwm.start(0)
try:
       while True:
              for duty_cycle in range(0,101,5):
                     pwm.ChangeDutyCycle(duty cycle)
                     time.sleep(0.1)
              for duty cycle in range(100,-1,-5):
                     pwm.ChangeDutyCycle(duty_cycle)
                     time.sleep(0.1)
except keyboardInterrupt:
       print("\nExiting...")
       pwm.stop()
g.cleanup()
```

Image Of This Experiment:



Output:

From this experiment we fluctuated the brightness of LED Starting from 0 brightness to 100, and reversing to 0.

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