Solution

March 12, 2023

1 imports

compiler flags.

```
[]: import numpy as np
  from conv import Conv3x3
  from maxpool import MaxPool2
  from softmax import Softmax

from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

# load mnist handwritten dataset from tensorflow
import tensorflow as tf
mnist = tf.keras.datasets.mnist
```

2023-03-12 23:14:11.232703: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:193] This TensorFlow binary is optimized with oneAPI Deep Neural Network Library (oneDNN) to use the following CPU instructions in performance-critical operations: AVX2 FMA
To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate

```
[]: # split the data into train and test
  (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
  train_images = train_images[:1000]
  train_labels = train_labels[:1000]
  test_images = test_images[:1000]
  test_labels = test_labels[:1000]
```

```
[]: # Normalize the images.
train_images = train_images / 255.0
test_images = test_images / 255.0
```

```
[]: # making a model

conv = Conv3x3(num_filters=9) # 9 filters, of size 3x3 and_u

stride 1 without padding

pool = MaxPool2() # Pooling layer with size 2x2 and stride 2
```

```
softmax = Softmax(input_len=13 * 13 * 9, nodes=10) # Softmax layer with 10_{\square} \Leftrightarrow classes
```

```
[]: # forward pass
     def forward(image, label):
       Completes a forward pass of the CNN and calculates the accuracy and
       cross-entropy loss.
       - image is a 2d numpy array
       - label is a digit
       111
       # Transform the grayscale image from [0, 255] to [-0.5, 0.5] to make it easier
       # to work with.
       out = conv.forward(image )
       out = pool.forward( out )
       out = softmax.forward( out )
       # Compute cross-entropy loss and accuracy.
      loss = -np.log(out[label])
       acc = 1 if np.argmax(out) == label else 0
       return out, loss, acc
```

```
[]: def train(im, label, lr=.001):
       A training step on the given image and label.
      Shall return the cross-entropy loss and accuracy.
       - image is a 2d numpy array
       - label is a digit
       - lr is the learning rate
       # Forward
       out, loss, acc = forward(im, label)
       # Calculate initial gradient
       gradient = np.zeros(10)
       gradient[label] = -1 / out[label]
       # Backprop
       gradient = softmax.backprop(gradient, lr)
       gradient = pool.backprop(gradient)
       gradient = conv.backprop(gradient, lr)
       return loss, acc
```

```
[]: # training the model for epoch in range(3):
```

```
print('--- Epoch %d ---' % (epoch + 1))
# Shuffle the training data
permutation = np.random.permutation(len(train_images))
train_images = train_images[permutation]
train_labels = train_labels[permutation]
# Train!
loss = 0
num correct = 0
for i, (im, label) in enumerate(zip(train_images, train_labels)):
  if i % 100 == 0:
    print(
      '[Step %d] Past 100 steps: Average Loss %.3f | Accuracy: %d%%' %
      (i, loss / 100, num_correct)
    loss = 0
    num_correct = 0
  l, acc = train(im, label)
  loss += 1
  num_correct += acc
```

```
--- Epoch 1 ---
[Step 0] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.000 | Accuracy: 0%
[Step 100] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.294 | Accuracy: 25%
[Step 200] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.270 | Accuracy: 33%
[Step 300] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.256 | Accuracy: 38%
[Step 400] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.235 | Accuracy: 38%
[Step 500] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.208 | Accuracy: 49%
[Step 600] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.178 | Accuracy: 60%
[Step 700] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.141 | Accuracy: 67%
[Step 800] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.110 | Accuracy: 66%
[Step 900] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 2.055 | Accuracy: 64%
--- Epoch 2 ---
[Step 0] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.000 | Accuracy: 0%
[Step 100] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.931 | Accuracy: 64%
[Step 200] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.790 | Accuracy: 72%
[Step 300] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.702 | Accuracy: 63%
[Step 400] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.517 | Accuracy: 72%
[Step 500] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.484 | Accuracy: 72%
[Step 600] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.358 | Accuracy: 79%
[Step 700] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.284 | Accuracy: 79%
[Step 800] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.181 | Accuracy: 78%
[Step 900] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 1.067 | Accuracy: 79%
--- Epoch 3 ---
```

```
[Step 0] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.000 | Accuracy: 0% [Step 100] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.885 | Accuracy: 86% [Step 200] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.975 | Accuracy: 74% [Step 300] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.828 | Accuracy: 84% [Step 400] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.802 | Accuracy: 82% [Step 500] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.771 | Accuracy: 80% [Step 600] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.670 | Accuracy: 83% [Step 700] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.670 | Accuracy: 79% [Step 800] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.679 | Accuracy: 86% [Step 900] Past 100 steps: Average Loss 0.501 | Accuracy: 89%
```

1.0.1 Training Set Accuracy

```
[]: loss = 0
   num_correct = 0
   for im, label in zip(train_images, train_labels):
    _, l, acc = forward(im, label)
    loss += 1
     num_correct += acc

num_trains = len(train_images)
   print('Train Accuracy:', num_correct / num_trains)
```

Train Accuracy: 0.851

1.0.2 Test Set Accuracy

```
[]: loss = 0
   num_correct = 0
   for im, label in zip(test_images, test_labels):
    _, l, acc = forward(im, label)
    loss += 1
     num_correct += acc

num_tests = len(test_images)
print('Test Accuracy:', num_correct / num_tests)
```

Test Accuracy: 0.77

2 I have also written a Full Neural Netwrok Module from Scratch.

```
[]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from nn.nn import NeuralNetwork as network
from nn import layers as layers
```

```
from nn import losses as losses
    from nn import activations as activations
    from nn.metrics import Metrics as metrics
    from nn import optimizers as optimizers
[]: # Changing the dimesions of the input
    x_train = train_images.reshape(-1,1,28,28)
    x_test = test_images.reshape(-1,1,28,28)
    # one hot encoding the y labels
    y_train = pd.get_dummies(train_labels).values
    y_test = pd.get_dummies(test_labels).values
[]: digits = network()
    digits.add(layers.ConvLayer(input_shape=(28,28,1), filters=9,__
     digits.add(layers.ActivationLayer(activations.Tanh))
    digits.add(layers.MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2)))
    digits.add(layers.FlattenLayer())
    digits.add(layers.DenseLayer( units=10, activation="softmax"))
    digits.compile(loss=losses.CategoricalCrossentropy(), optimizer=optimizers.
     Adam(lr=0.01), initializer="glorot_uniform", metrics=["accuracy", __

y"precision"])

    digits.summary()
    digits.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, verbose=3)
   Summary of the Neural Network
                                   Input Shape Output Shape Weights shape
   Layer (type)
                 Neurons #
   Bias shape
                   Param #
    ______
   Input
                                                 (3, None)
                     9
                                   (28, 28, 1)
                                                 ((26, 26, 9),)(3, 3, 1, 9)
   ConvLayer
    (9, 1)
                        90
   ActivationLayer
                                   activavtion
                                                 Tanh
```

```
MaxPool2D
                              (26, 26, 9) ((13, 13, 9),) -
                    0
FlattenLayer
                    0
DenseLayer
                 10
                              (1521,) (10,)
                                                        (10, 1521)
(10, 1)
                 15220
______
Total params
15310
Epoch 1-20 Batch 1-31 ============> cost: 2.2395 accuracy: 0.1740
precision: 0.1375
Epoch 2-20 Batch 1-31 ===========> cost: 0.9249 accuracy: 0.7170
precision: 0.7192
Epoch 3-20 Batch 1-31 ===========> cost: 0.7180 accuracy: 0.7830
precision: 0.7845
Epoch 4-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.5622 accuracy: 0.8490
precision: 0.8468
Epoch 5-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.5028 accuracy: 0.8340
precision: 0.8389
Epoch 6-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.4146 accuracy: 0.8820
precision: 0.8796
Epoch 7-20 Batch 1-31 ===========> cost: 0.3885 accuracy: 0.8850
precision: 0.8855
Epoch 8-20 Batch 1-31 ===========> cost: 0.3201 accuracy: 0.9210
precision: 0.9218
Epoch 9-20 Batch 1-31 ===========> cost: 0.3131 accuracy: 0.9080
precision: 0.9158
Epoch 10-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.2799 accuracy: 0.9290
precision: 0.9298
Epoch 11-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.2586 accuracy: 0.9310
precision: 0.9289
Epoch 12-20 Batch 1-31 =========> cost: 0.2379 accuracy: 0.9360
precision: 0.9378
Epoch 13-20 Batch 1-31 ===========> cost: 0.2383 accuracy: 0.9350
precision: 0.9355
Epoch 14-20 Batch 1-31 ===========> cost: 0.2162 accuracy: 0.9510
precision: 0.9517
Epoch 15-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.2128 accuracy: 0.9460
precision: 0.9466
Epoch 16-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.1783 accuracy: 0.9590
precision: 0.9600
Epoch 17-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.1619 accuracy: 0.9620
precision: 0.9636
Epoch 18-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.1697 accuracy: 0.9630
```

precision: 0.9622
Epoch 19-20 Batch 1-31 ==========> cost: 0.1565 accuracy: 0.9610
precision: 0.9622
Epoch 20-20 Batch 1-31 =========> cost: 0.1272 accuracy: 0.9770
precision: 0.9768

2.0.1 Train Set Accuracy

```
[]: pred_train_preb = digits.predict(x_train)

# get the index of the max value in each column

pred_train = np.argmax(pred_train_preb, axis=1)

y_train_ = np.argmax(y_train, axis=1)

print("Train Accuracy: ", metrics.accuracy(y_train_, pred_train))
```

Train Accuracy: 0.977

2.0.2 Test Set Accuracy

```
[]: pred_test_preb = digits.predict(x_test)

# get the index of the max value in each column

pred_test = np.argmax(pred_test_preb, axis=1)

y_test_ = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)

print("Test Accuracy: ", metrics.accuracy(y_test_, pred_test))
```

Test Accuracy: 0.766