

中国特色文化英语教学

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线上课程期末考试

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线上课程期末考试所有题目均为客观题，总计50道题目，包含25道单项选择题和25道判断题，每题分值为2分。

1 单选题 (2分) The _____ was in large part a creation of the Sui Dynasty, furthering an indigenous and growing economic market in China's urban centers throughout the ages since the Sui Dynasty.

- 参考答案：
A: Beijing-Hangzhou Grand Canal
- A. Beijing-Hangzhou Grand Canal
B. Beijing-Nanjing Grand Canal
C. Beijing-Tianjin Grand Canal
D. Beijing-Shanghai Grand Canal

2 单选题 (2分) "It drizzles endless during the rainy season in spring, travelers along the road look gloomy and miserable." Which traditional festival does this line of poem refer to?

- 参考答案：
B: The Qingming Festival
- A. The Lantern Festival
B. The Qingming Festival
C. The Mid-Autumn Festival
D. The Dragon Boat Festival

3 单选题 (2分) _____marked a turning point in the Chinese history, transforming China from a self-reliant feudal society into a semi-colonial and semi-feudal society.

- 参考答案：
B: The Opium War
- A. May 4th Movement
B. The Opium War
C. Xinhai Revolution
D. October Movement

4 单选题 (2分) Suzhou itself was founded as the Wu capital in the 6th century B.C. by the order of King _____.

- 参考答案：
C: He Lv
- A. Fu Chai
B. Sun Quan
C. He Lv
D. Wu Zixu

- 5 单选 (2分) _____, a kind of cloth produced in Suzhou, is acknowledged as one of the three most famous brocades in China.

参考答案:

D: Song Brocade

- A. Nanjing Brocade
- B. Shu Brocade
- C. Xiang Brocade
- D. Song Brocade

- 6 单选 (2分) "The Six Arts" refer to six practices in ancient Chinese culture. Which of the following is NOT one of the Six Arts?

参考答案:

A: Painting.

- A. Painting.
- B. Rites.
- C. Music.
- D. Archery.

- 7 单选 (2分) In ancient China, the candidate who passed the provincial exam was called _____.

参考答案:

C: juren

- A. jinshi
- B. gongshi
- C. juren
- D. xiucai

- 8 单选 (2分) Who reformed Kunqu Opera and created the most known "Shuimo Melody"?

参考答案:

D: Wei Liangfu

- A. Guan Hanqing
- B. Tang Xianzu
- C. Wang Shifu
- D. Wei Liangfu

- 9 单选 (2分) The cheongsam(旗袍) is a body-hugging one-piece Chinese dress for women. From which minority's costume was the cheongsam developed?

参考答案:

C: Manchu.

- A. Uyгур.
- B. Dai.
- C. Manchu.
- D. Hui.

单选 (2分) Chinese people have always regarded _____ as most significant and the true beginning of the New Year.

参考答案:

C: the Spring Festival

- A. the Winter Solstice
- B. the Start of Spring
- C. the Spring Festival
- D. the Spring Equinox

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11 **单选** (2分) What great achievement did Cai Lun make in the Eastern Han period?

参考答案:

A: Improving the papermaking technique

- A. Improving the papermaking technique
- B. Invention of printing
- C. Invention of gunpowder
- D. Invention of compass

12 **单选** (2分) _____ in Suzhou is very famous for its first ringing of the bell to herald Chinese New Year.

参考答案:

A: Hanshan Temple

- A. Hanshan Temple
- B. Confucius Temple
- C. West Garden Temple
- D. Xuanmiao Temple

13 **单选** (2分) Which of the following is NOT one of the Chinese ancient 24 Solar Terms?

参考答案:

A: Double Seventh.

- A. Double Seventh.
- B. Awakening of Insects.
- C. Pure Brightness.
- D. Beginning of Spring.

14 **单选** (2分) In ancient China, _____ was more of an ornamental script, serving the purpose to emphasize upon the power of rulers.

参考答案:

D: the bronze inscription

- A. the oracle bone inscription
- B. pictograph
- C. hieroglyph
- D. the bronze inscription

单选 (2分) Which of the following cuisines excels in fish and seafood dishes such as sea cucumber and jumbo prawns?

参考答案:

D: Shandong Cuisine.

- A. Jiangsu Cuisine.
- B. Anhui Cuisine.
- C. Sichuan Cuisine.
- D. Shandong Cuisine.

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16 **单选** (2分) _____ first introduced the imperial civil service examination system for selecting officials in ancient China.

参考答案:

D: The Sui Dynasty

- A. The Song Dynasty
- B. The Tang Dynasty
- C. The Qing Dynasty
- D. The Sui Dynasty

17 **单选** (2分) Which of the following is the native-born religion of China?

参考答案:

B: Taoism.

- A. Christianity.
- B. Taoism.
- C. Islam.
- D. Buddhism.

18 **单选** (2分) China is renowned for its Four Great Inventions in ancient times. Which one of the following does NOT belong to the Four Great Inventions?

参考答案:

B: Porcelain

- A. Printing
- B. Porcelain
- C. Papermaking
- D. Gunpowder

19 **单选** (2分) The Central Asian part of the Silk Road was initiated during the Han Dynasty, largely through the missions of _____ although earlier trade across the continents already existed in the late Middle Ages.

参考答案:

D: Zhang Qian

- A. Su Wu
- B. Zheng He
- C. Wang Zhaojun
- D. Zhang Qian

20 **单选** (2分) "Don't do unto others what you don't want others to do unto you" (己所不欲, 勿施于人) is taken from _____.

参考答案:

D: the Analects of Confucius

A. the Book of Poetry

B. Tao Te Ching

C. the Book of Rites

D. the Analects of Confucius

- 21 ☐ (2分) Embroidery is a traditional Chinese handicraft. There are four areas particularly famous for producing this delicate handicraft, namely Sichuan (shuxiu), Guangdong (yuexiu), Suzhou (suxiu) and _____.

参考答案:

B: Hunan

A. Zhejiang

B. Hunan

C. Henan

D. Hubei

- 22 ☐ (2分) On China's traditional Cold Food Festival (寒食节), no fire or smoke is allowed and people eat cold food. The day falls before _____.

参考答案:

D: Pure Brightness Festival

A. Lantern Festival

B. Dragon Boat Festival

C. Double Ninth Festival

D. Pure Brightness Festival

- 23 ☐ (2分) The best-known categorization of Chinese cuisine is the "Eight Cuisines." Which of the following is NOT one of the "Eight Cuisines"?

参考答案:

D: Beijing Cuisine

A. Cantonese Cuisine

B. Shandong Cuisine

C. Sichuan Cuisine

D. Beijing Cuisine

- 24 ☐ (2分) There are more than 200 gardens in Suzhou, of which _____ is the largest and considered the finest garden in south China.

参考答案:

B: the Humble Administrator's Garden

A. the Lingering Garden

B. the Humble Administrator's Garden

C. the Surging Waves Pavilion

D. the Master-of-Nets Garden

- 25 ☐ (2分) In Chinese legend, _____ was said to have taught ancient Chinese the practice of agriculture, and tasted hundreds of herbs to test their medical value.

参考答案：
 B: Shennong

 A. Hou Yi
 B. Shennong
 C. Fu Xi
 D. Cang Jie

26 判断 (2分) The use of open courtyards in traditional Chinese architecture is best exemplified in the Siheyuan.

参考答案：
 A: 正确

 A.
 B.

27 判断 (2分) The first compass, called a *sinan* (south-pointing ladle) was invented during the Western Zhou Dynasty.

参考答案：
 B: 错误

 A.
 B.

28 判断 (2分) Archaeological findings proved that China began to produce paper with plant fiber as early as in the Zhou period.

参考答案：
 A: 错误

 A.
 B.

29 判断 (2分) As one of China’s representative classical operas, Beijing Opera nurtured and nourished many operas and is known as “the Queen of the Chinese Operas”.

参考答案：
 A: 错误

 A.
 B.

30 判断 (2分) The seal script, used by the people generation after generation, is the formal writing style in our daily life and business.

参考答案：
 B: 错误

 A.
 B.

31 判断 (2分) China’s topography can be compared to a staircase descending from west to east.

参考答案：
 A: 正确

A.

B.

32 ☐判断 (2分) A very important feature of the Chinese architecture is its emphasis on symmetry.

参考答案:

B: 正确

A.

B.

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33 ☐判断 (2分) The Linger Garden was first built by a retired official named Bai Juyi during the Tang Dynasty.

参考答案:

A: 错误

A.

B.

34 ☐判断 (2分) Emerging in the lower reaches of the Yellow and Yangtze rivers over 5000 years ago, Chinese civilization distinguishes itself by its cultural continuity.

参考答案:

B: 正确

A.

B.

35 ☐判断 (2分) *Huadan* in Beijing opera is also called "Qingyi", who mainly plays the part of the strong-minded woman who behaves elegantly.

参考答案:

A: 错误

A.

B.

36 ☐判断 (2分) The two main melodies of Beijing Opera were xipi and erhuang.

参考答案:

A: 正确

A.

B.

37 ☐判断 (2分) Buddha Jumping the Wall is a typical dish of Jiangsu Cuisine.

参考答案:

A: 错误

A.

B.

38 ☐判断 (2分) The Five Constant Virtues include benevolence (ren), righteousness (yi), ritual (li), wisdom (zhi) and credibility (xin).

参考答案:

B: 正确

A.

B.

- 39 ☐ (2分) The oracle bone inscription is the ancient Chinese character, mainly used for divination and to keep records of events in the Xia Dynasty.

参考答案:

A: 错误

A.

B.

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- 40 ☐ (2分) Chinese Tunic Suit, or Zhongshan Zhuang, also called the Yat-sen Suit, is designed by Dr. Sun Yat-sen by combining the western-style suit and Chinese attire.

参考答案:

A: 正确

A.

B.

- 41 ☐ (2分) Yellow was the imperial color and yellow roof tiles still adorn most of the buildings within the Forbidden City.

参考答案:

A: 正确

A.

B.

- 42 ☐ (2分) Legend has it that Fuxi-shi taught people how to make fires by drilling wood and Shennong-shi spread agriculture.

参考答案:

B: 错误

A.

B.

- 43 ☐ (2分) Colors of Lianpu vary with characteristics. For example, red symbolizes loyalty, such as Guan Yu, a great general during the Three Kingdoms Period.

参考答案:

B: 正确

A.

B.

- 44 ☐ (2分) Kesi, also called "the cut silk", is an ancient silk weaving technique that originated in Suzhou.

参考答案:

A: 正确

A.

B.

- 45 ☐ (2分) The top three of Ju Ren in the palace examination were ranked as ZhuangYuan, BangYan and TanHua.

参考答案:

A: 错误

A.

B.

46 ☐判断 (2分) "To learn at the feudal officialdom" was the major educational feature of the Shang Dynasty.

参考答案:

A: 错误

A.

B.

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47 ☐判断 (2分) From the reign of the Yellow Emperor to the end of the Ming Dynasty, Qi Pao dominated the Chinese fashion world, a period of well over four thousand years.

参考答案:

B: 错误

A.

B.

48 ☐判断 (2分) The Song Dynasty witnessed a definite improvement in agriculture and handicrafts, and even a rudiment of capitalism toward its concluding stage.

参考答案:

B: 错误

A.

B.

49 ☐判断 (2分) Pingtan evolved from bianwen (变文) , an art form that was used to introduce the Buddhist teachings during the Tang Dynasty.

参考答案:

A: 正确

A.

B.

50 ☐判断 (2分) On the basis of printing with carved blocks in the Tang Dynasty, Bi Sheng of the Southern Song Dynasty invented movable-type printing in the 1040s.

参考答案:

A: 错误

A.

B.

提交答案