# Generate a summary statistics table of mean, median, variance, standard deviation, and SEM of the tumor volume for each regimen

# Use groupby and summary statistical methods to calculate the following properties of each drug regimen: # mean, median, variance, standard deviation, and SEM of the tumor volume.

# Assemble the resulting series into a single summary dataframe.

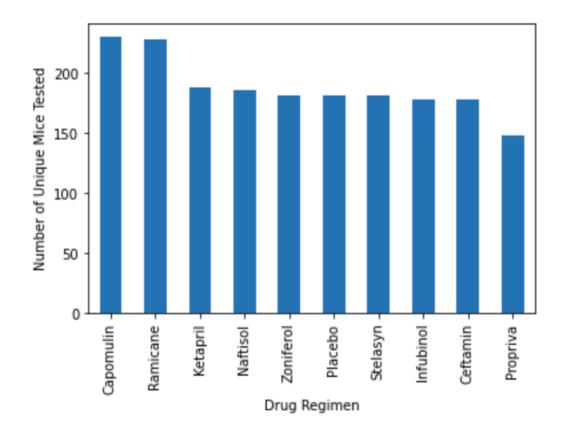
	Mean Tumor Volume	Median Tumor Volume	Tumor Volume Variance	Tumor Volume Std. Dev.	Tumor Volume Std. Err.
Drug Regimen					
Capomulin	40.675741	41.557809	24.947764	4.994774	0.329346
Ceftamin	52.591172	51.776157	39.290177	6.268188	0.469821
Infubinol	52.884795	51.820584	43.128684	6.567243	0.492236
Ketapril	55.235638	53.698743	68.553577	8.279709	0.603860
Naftisol	54.331565	52.509285	66.173479	8.134708	0.596466
Placebo	54.033581	52.288934	61.168083	7.821003	0.581331
Propriva	52.320930	50.446266	43.852013	6.622085	0.544332
Ramicane	40.216745	40.673236	23.486704	4.846308	0.320955
Stelasyn	54.233149	52.431737	59.450562	7.710419	0.573111
Zoniferol	53.236507	51.818479	48.533355	6.966589	0.516398

# Generate a summary statistics table of mean, median, variance, standard deviation, and SEM of the tumor volume for each regimen

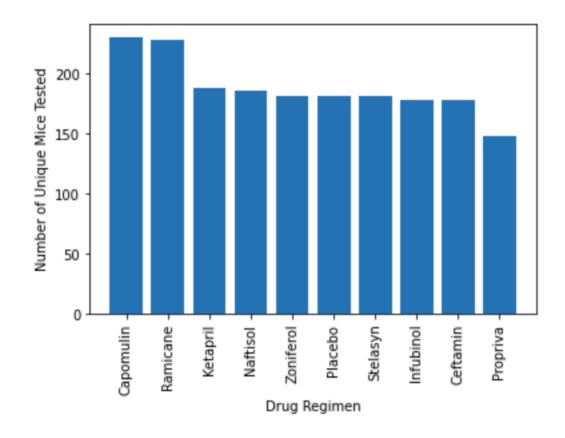
# Using the aggregation method, produce the same summary statistics in a single line

## Tumor Volume (mm3) median std mean var sem **Drug Regimen** Capomulin 40.675741 41.557809 24.947764 4.994774 0.329346 **Ceftamin** 52.591172 51.776157 39.290177 6.268188 0.469821 **Infubinol** 52.884795 51.820584 43.128684 6.567243 0.492236 **Ketapril** 55.235638 53.698743 68.553577 8.279709 0.603860 Naftisol 54.331565 52.509285 66.173479 8.134708 0.596466 Placebo 54.033581 52.288934 61.168083 7.821003 0.581331 **Propriva** 52.320930 50.446266 43.852013 6.622085 0.544332 Ramicane 40.216745 40.673236 23.486704 4.846308 0.320955 **Stelasyn** 54.233149 52.431737 59.450562 7.710419 0.573111 **Zoniferol** 53.236507 51.818479 48.533355 6.966589 0.516398

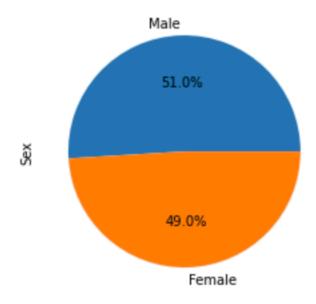
# Generate a bar plot showing the total number of measurements taken on each drug regimen using pandas.



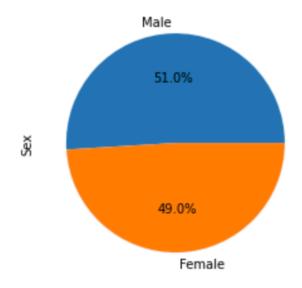
# Generate a bar plot showing the total number of measurements taken on each drug regimen using using pyplot.



# Generate a pie plot showing the distribution of female versus male mice using pandas



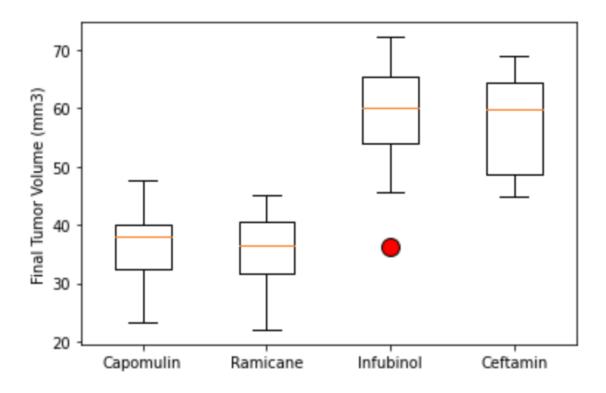
# Generate a pie plot showing the distribution of female versus male mice using pyplot



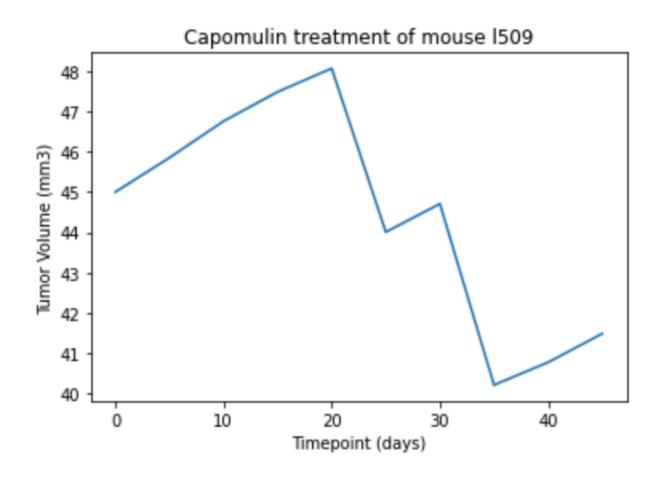
## **Quartiles, Outliers and Boxplots**

```
Capomulin's potential outliers: Series([], Name: Tumor Volume (mm3), dtyp e: float64)
Ramicane's potential outliers: Series([], Name: Tumor Volume (mm3), dtyp e: float64)
Infubinol's potential outliers: 31 36.321346
Name: Tumor Volume (mm3), dtype: float64
Ceftamin's potential outliers: Series([], Name: Tumor Volume (mm3), dtyp e: float64)
```

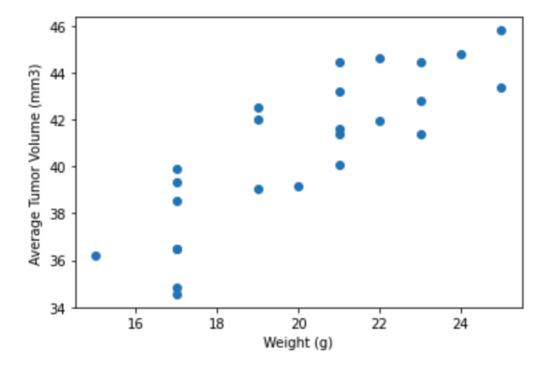
# Generate a box plot of the final tumor volume of each mouse across four regimens of interest



# Generate a line plot of tumor volume vs. time point for a mouse treated with Capomulin



# Generate a scatter plot of average tumor volume vs. mouse weight for the Capomulin regimen



- # Calculate the correlation coefficient and linear regression model # for mouse weight and average tumor volume for the Capomulin regimen
  - The correlation between mouse weight and the average tumor volume is 0.84

