CLO#01

ASSIGNMENT #1

21K-3210

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1:) Give the value of each digit in the following decimal numbers:

(a) 6345

Place	Thousands	Hundred	Tens	Ones
Digit	6	3	4	5
Multipliers	1,000	100	10	1
Place Value	6,000	3,00	40	5

Value of
$$6=6*1000 = 6000$$

Value of $3=3*100 = 300$
Value of $4=4*10 = 40$
Value of $5=5*1=5$

(b·) 278536

Places	Hundred Thousands	Teru Thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
Digits	2	7	8	5	3,	6
Multipliers	100,0∞	10,000	1,000	100	10	1
Place Value	200,000	70,000	8,000	500	30	6

Value of
$$2 = 2*100,000 = 200,000$$

Value of $7 = 7*10,000 = 70,000$
Value of $8 = 8*1,000 = 8,000$
Value of $5 = 5*100 = 500$
Value of $3 = 3*10 = 30$

value of 6 = 6*1 = 6

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2) Convert the following binary numbers into decimal:
(a) 101110001
                => 1 x 28 + 1x2+ 1 x 26 + 1x25 + 1x24 + 0x2 + 0x2 + 0x2 + 0x2 + 1x20 =
                =) 256+=+64+32+16+0+0+0+1
                =)====369
  (101110001), -> (369)10
 => 1 \times 2^{7} + 0 \times 2^{6} + 1 \times 2^{5} + 1 \times 2^{7} + 0 \times 2^{3} + 0 \times 2^{2} + 1 \times 2^{4} + 1 \times 2^{6}
(b·) 101 100 11
\Rightarrow 128+0+32+16+0+0+2+1
=> 179
(10110011)_2 \rightarrow (179)_{10}
 3.) Convert each binary number to decimal
(a·) 1011110.1016
=> 1x2^{6}+0x2^{5}+1x2^{4}+1x2^{3}+1x2^{2}+1x2^{2}+0x2^{0}
 +(1\times2^{-1})+(0\times2^{-2})+(1\times2^{-3})+(0\times2^{-4})
=> 6++0+16+8+++2+0+1+0+1+0+1+0
=> 94.625
 (1011110.1010) -> (94.62.5)10
(b) 1111101·11011
-> 1x2 +1x2 +1x2 +1x2 +1x2
=) 1\times2^{6}+1\times2^{5}+1\times2^{4}+1\times2^{3}+1\times2^{2}+1\times2^{1}+1\times2^{0}
                                                                          OAL-
+(1\times2^{1})+(1\times2^{2})+(0\times2^{-3})+(1\times2^{-4})+(1\times2^{-5})
\Rightarrow 64 + 32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 0 + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + 0 + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{32}
 => 125.8+375/
  (1111101 \cdot 11011)_2 \rightarrow (125.84375)
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4) Convert each decimal fraction to binasing osing 10) and

& multiplication by 2

$$(0.3456)_{10} \rightarrow (0.0101)_{2}$$

$$0.6912x2 = 1.3824$$

$$0.9232 \times 2 = 1.8464 \quad (0.9232)_{10} \rightarrow (0.1110)_{2}$$

$$0.3856 \times 2 = 0.7712$$

5.) Convert each decimal number to binary using repeated division by 2

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
2 & +7 \\
2 & 23 \rightarrow 1 \\
2 & 11 \rightarrow 1 \\
2 & 5 \rightarrow 1 \\
2 & 2 \rightarrow 1 \\
\hline
1 \rightarrow 0
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
2 & 63 \\
\hline
2 & 31 \rightarrow 1 \\
\hline
2 & 15 \rightarrow 1 \\
\hline
2 & 7 \rightarrow 1 \\
\hline
2 & 3 \rightarrow 1 \\
\hline
1 \rightarrow 1
\end{array}$$

$$(47)_{10} \rightarrow (101111)_{2}$$

6.) Determine the 1's complement of each binary number a.) (1001110), -> (78)10

01001110; Original

10110001; 1's Complement

b) (101110101), -> (373)16

0000 0001 0111 0101; Original

1111 1110 1000 1010; 1's Complement

7.) Determine the 2's complement of each binary number using either method

a.) $(11001101)_{2} \rightarrow (205)_{10}$

11001101

00110010; 1's Complement

00110011; 2's Complement

b) $(11010111)_{2} \rightarrow (215)_{10}$

11010111

00101000; 1's Complement

00101001 ; 2's Complement

8.) -121 121 01111001; Original (121) 30 > 0 9) 111 1 1001 ; (-121) b.) 10000110; 1's complement c) 10000111 ; 2's complement 9.) $(10011001)_{1}$ $\rightarrow (153)_{10}$ 0000 0000 1001 1001 ; original (+153) a.)10000000 1001 1001 ; (-153) b) 01100110 ; 1's complement @ 01100111 ; 2's complement 10.) Convert each binary number to Gray Code: a·) 11011 10110 Gray Code = 10110 10011010 ь.) 1001010 1101111 Gray Code: 1101111

111110111011110

1000116011001

c·) 1111011101110

Gray Code: 1000110011001

11.) Convert each Gray Code to bin any $(1010) \rightarrow (1100)^2$ Binary: 1101

1100

b.)(00010) oc (00011), Binary: 1 00011