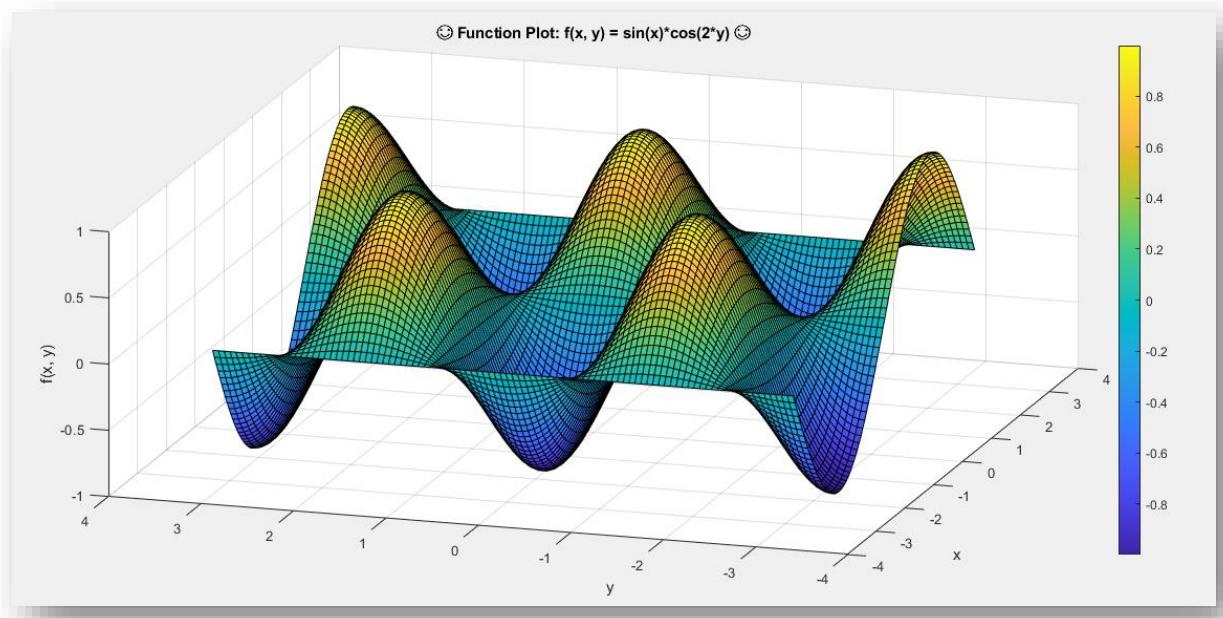
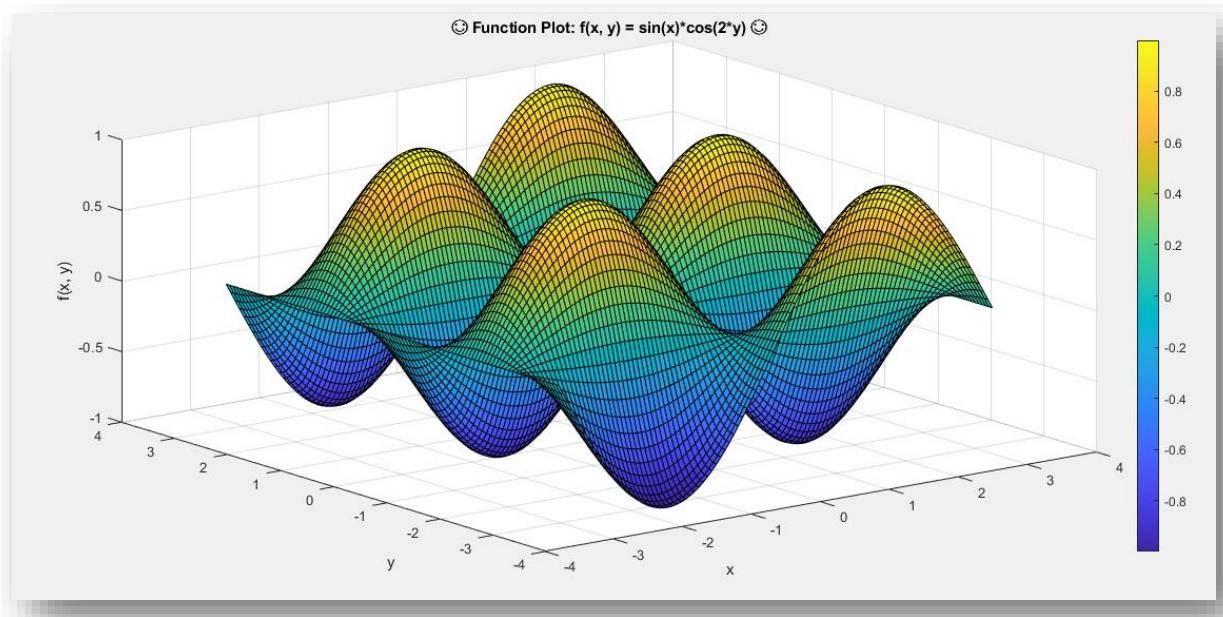
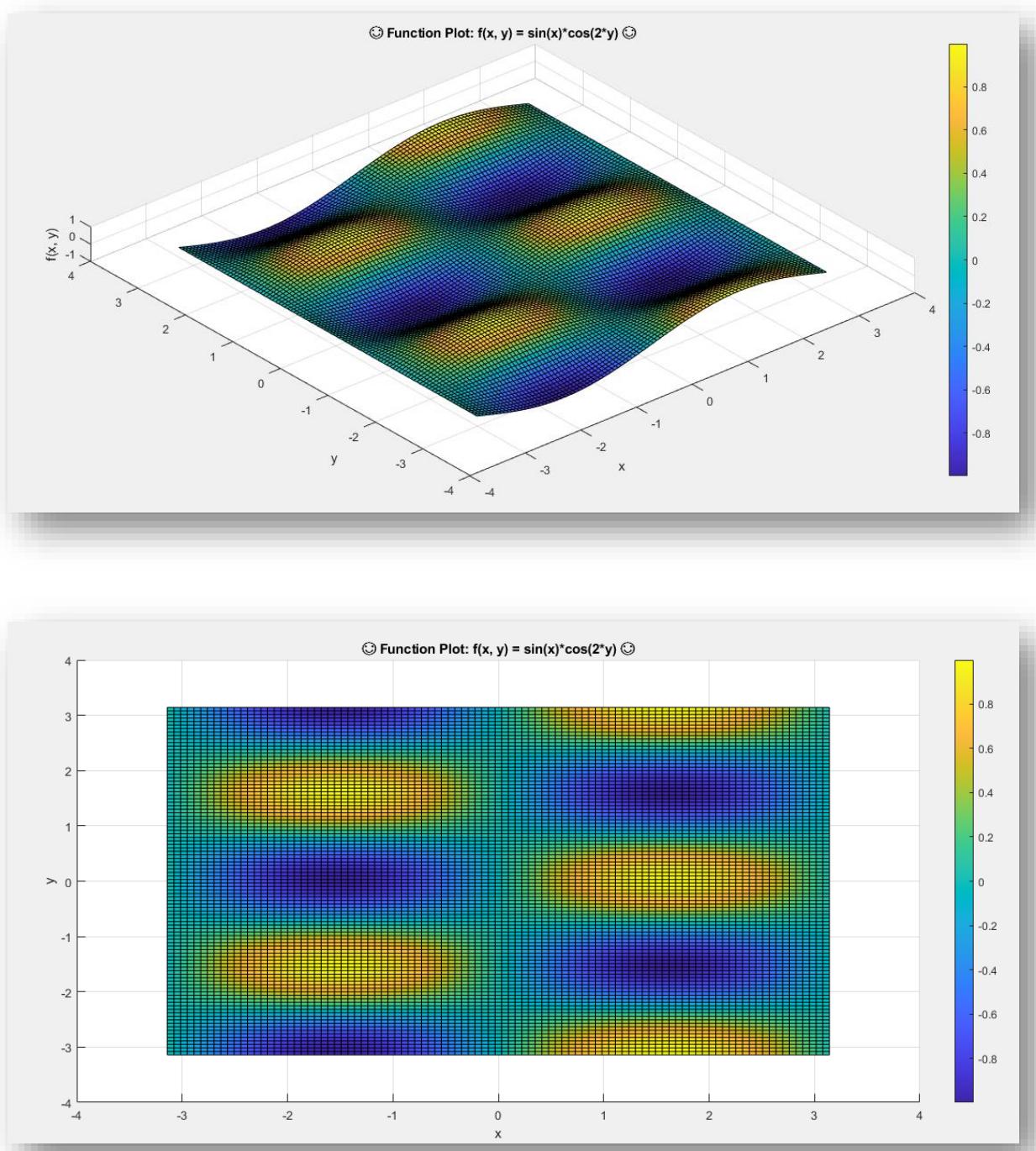


Q:

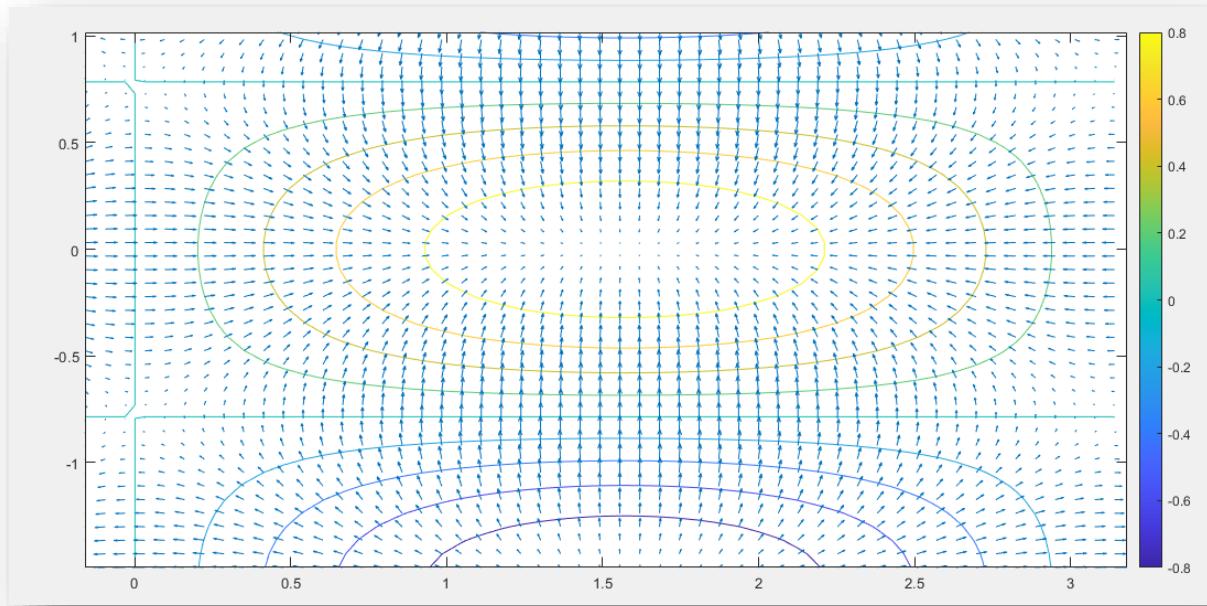
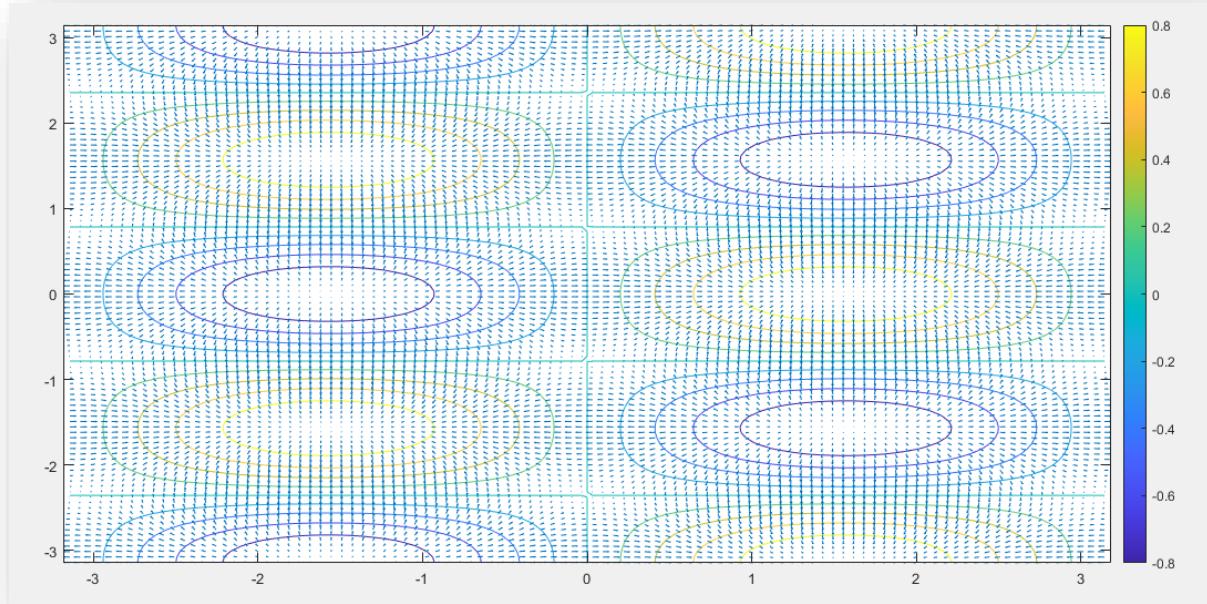
- 1) Draw the following function with MATLAB software.

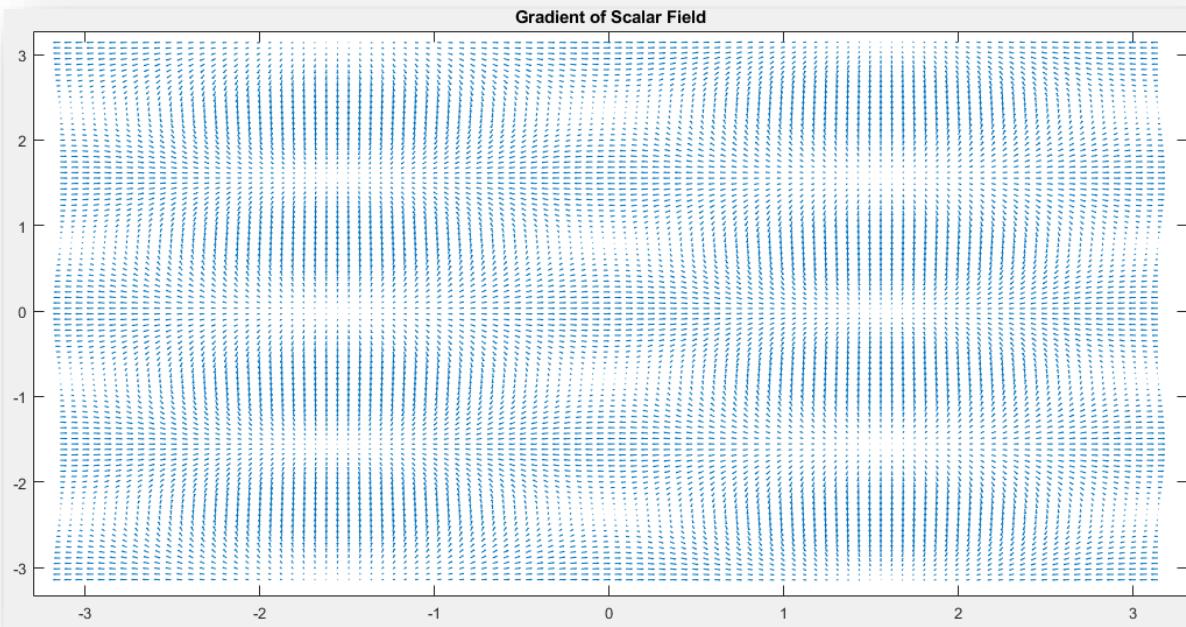
$$f(x, y) = \sin(x) * \cos(2 * y)$$

Sol:



Now the gradient of this graph is as follows:



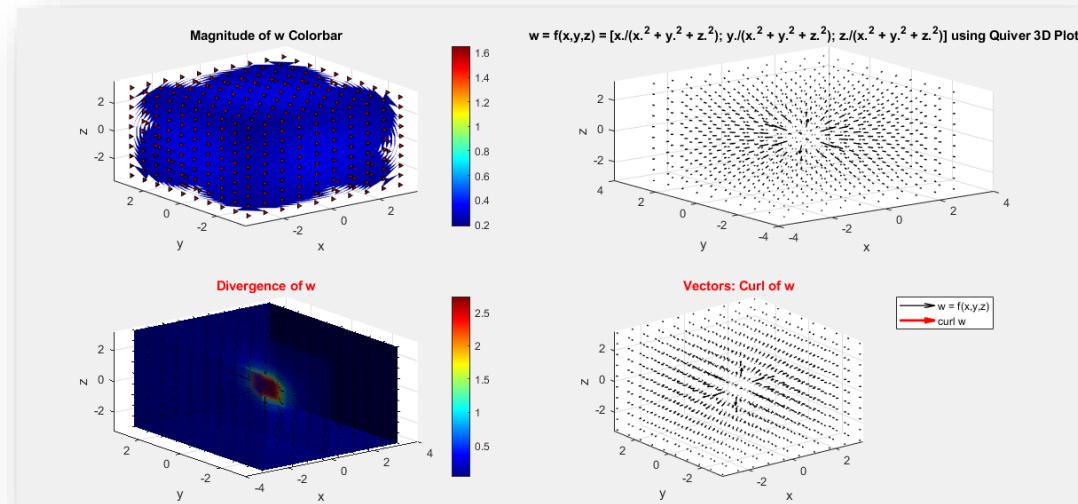


Q:

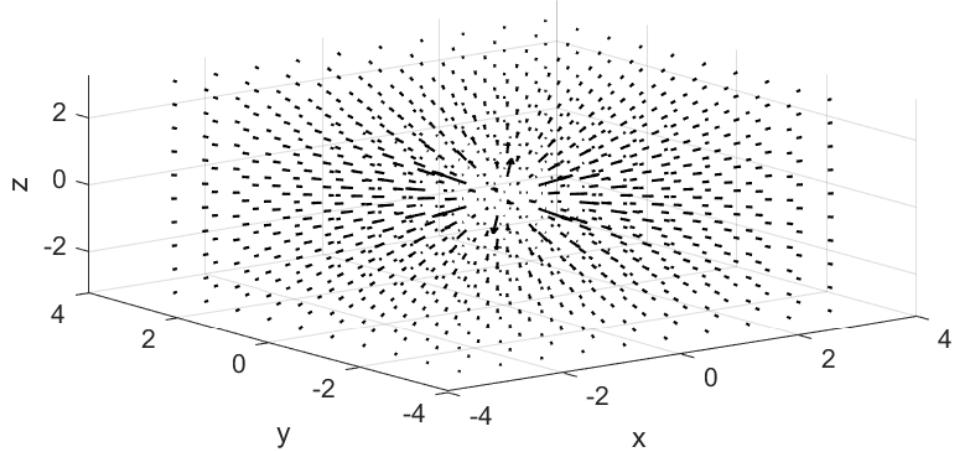
- 2) Draw the following function with MATLAB software; Display its gradient, divergence and curl as well.

$$\vec{E}(x, y, z) = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \hat{i} + \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \hat{j} + \frac{z}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \hat{k}$$

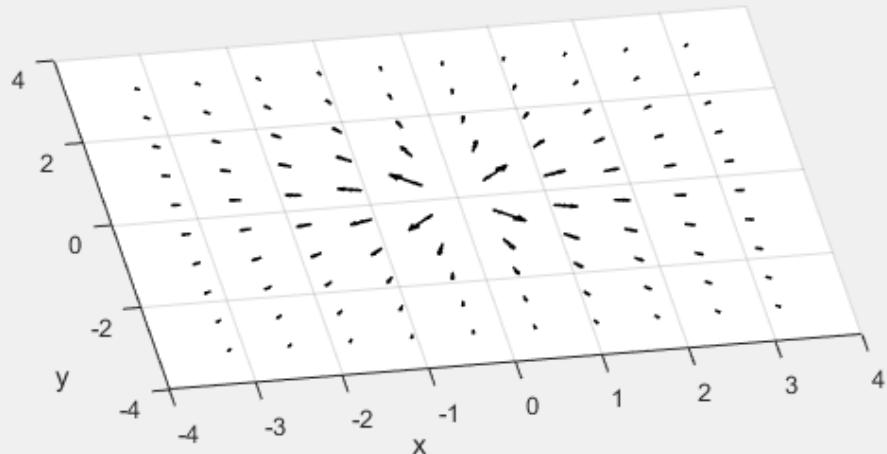
Sol:

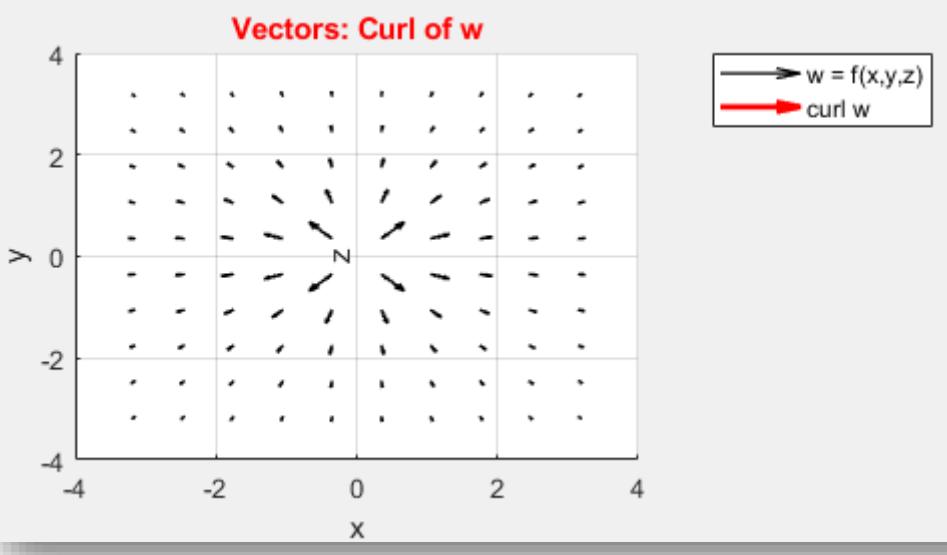
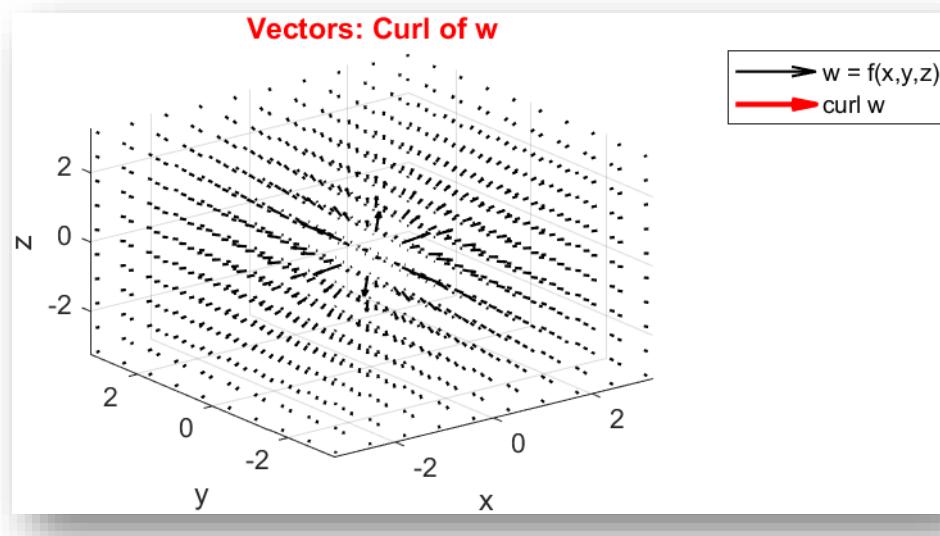


$w = f(x,y,z) = [x/(x^2 + y^2 + z^2); y/(x^2 + y^2 + z^2); z/(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)]$ using Quiver 3D Plot



$w = f(x,y,z) = [x/(x^2 + y^2 + z^2); y/(x^2 + y^2 + z^2); z/(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)]$ using Quiver 3D Plot





As it turns out, its curl graph doesn't exist because:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \nabla \times E &= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ E_x & E_y & E_z \end{vmatrix} = \hat{x} \left(\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z} \right) + \hat{y} \left(\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x} \right) + \hat{z} \left(\frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} \right) \\
 &= \hat{x} \left(-\frac{2yz}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2} - \left(-\frac{2yz}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2} \right) \right) \\
 &\quad + \hat{y} \left(-\frac{2xz}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2} - \left(-\frac{2xz}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2} \right) \right) \\
 &\quad + \hat{z} \left(-\frac{2yx}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2} - \left(-\frac{2yx}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2} \right) \right) = 0
 \end{aligned}$$



