

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ SCHOOL: \_\_\_\_\_  
2024 M012/I



# NSANJE DISTRICT MOCK

MALAWI SCHOOL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION EXAMINATION

## AGRICULTURE

Monday, 18 March

Subject Number: M021/I

Time Allowed: 2 hours

8:00-10:00 am

### PAPER I

(100 marks)

#### Theory

##### Instructions

1. This paper contains 13 printed pages. Please check.
2. This paper contains **two** sections, **A** and **B**.  
Section **A** has **ten** questions and section **B** **three** questions.
3. Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided. The maximum number of marks for each answer is indicated against each question.
4. Write your **Name and School Name** at the top of each page of your question paper in the spaces provided.
5. In the table provided on this page, **tick** against the question number you have answered.

Question Number	Tick if answered	Do not write in these columns	
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
Total			

**Section A (70 marks)**

Answer **all** questions in this section in the spaces provided

1. a. Name any **two** cultivated species of mushroom.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

- b. Explain any **one** effect of soil texture on crop production.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

- c. State **two** main forms of soil degradation.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

- d. Name any **one** way of modifying acidic soils to promote crop production.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(1 marks)

- e. Explain **one** way in which cation exchange capacity affects crop production.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

2. a. Explain **one** way in which each of the following physical properties of soil are important in crop production:

- i. soil colour

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

- ii. soil temperature

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

- b. Explain any **two** factors to consider when selecting a site for mango production.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(4 marks)

3. a. **Table 1** below shows a health record on cattle production for the 2022/23 farming season. Use it to answer questions that follow.

Date	Symptom of disease	Drugs used	Cost of treatment
07/05/23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High fever</li> <li>• Excessive salivation</li> <li>• lameness</li> </ul>	—	—
15/06/23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loss of appetite</li> <li>• Coughing</li> <li>• Difficulty in breathing</li> <li>• Nosal discharge</li> </ul>	antibiotic	K500.00
20/08/23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Swollen udder</li> <li>• Clots in milk</li> </ul>	Tetracycline	K700.00

(i) Name the disease that attacks cattle on 07/05/23

\_\_\_\_\_  
 (1 mark)

(ii) What is the cause of the disease in (i)

\_\_\_\_\_  
 (1 mark)

b. Give a reason for not administering drugs to the diseased cattle on 07/05/23.

\_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 (1 mark)

c. Calculate the cost treatment incurred during the 2022/23 farming season.

(2 marks)

d. State any **one** way of preventing the disease shown by the symptom on 20/08/23.

---

---

(1 marks)

4. **Figure 1** shows a farm planting Rhodes grass in a pasture field



a. Name the method of pasture establishment shown in the figure 1.

---

(1 mark)

b. Explain **one** limitation of the method named in 'a' above.

---

---

(1 mark)

Continued/...

c. Explain any **two** aims of crop improvement.

---

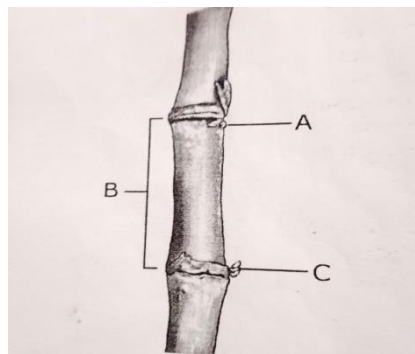
---

---

---

(4 marks)

5. **Figure 2** shows a vegetative material. Use it to answer questions that follow.



a. What name is given to this type of vegetative planting material?

---

(1 mark)

b. Name the parts labelled **A**, **B** and **C**.

**A:**

---

(1 mark)

**B:**

---

(1 mark)

**C:**

---

(1 mark)

Continued/...

c. State **two** characteristics that the planting material must have in in order to be effective for vegetative propagation

---

---

(2 marks)

6. a. (i). Mrs Mughogho has 1 hectare and has a choice growing either millet or groundnuts. The following information is available for use in decision making:

Millet

Yield 3000Kg/ha, price K150/ Kg

Variable costs: seeds K5000, Fertilizer K80,000, pesticides k50,000, Casual labour K100,000

Fixed costs: Depreciation K5000, Permanent labour K80,000

Groundnuts

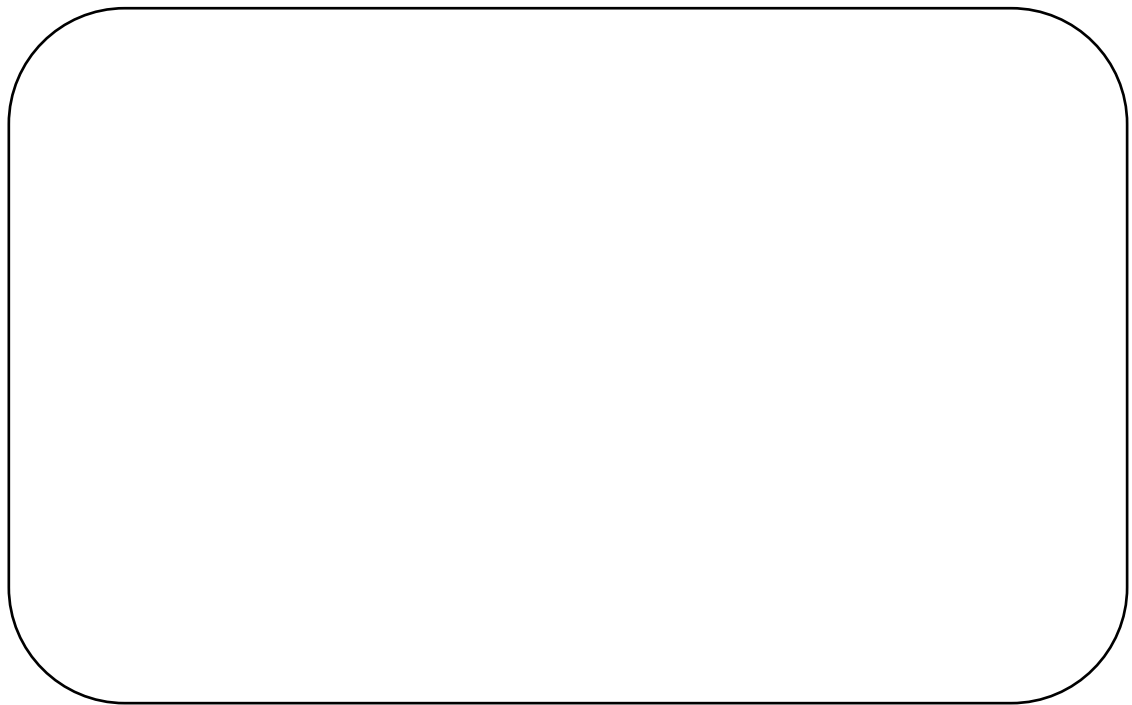
Yield 3000Kg/ha, price K100/ Kg

Variable costs: seeds K10,000, Fertilizer K40,000, Casual labour K30,000

Fixed costs: Depreciation K2000, Permanent labour K50,000

Use the information to answer questions 3a. i, ii and iii

Prepare a complete budget for Mrs Mughogho.



(5 marks)

ii. Which enterprise will be recommended to the Mrs Mughogho?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)

iii. Give **one** reason for the answer to question 6. a. ii

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

b. Describe seed treatment

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

c. Explain **one** way in which soil structure can be destroyed.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

7. a. Describe any **two** importance of land drainage.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(4 marks)

b. State any **two** economic principles in farm business decision making.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

c. Explain any **one** way in which the following factors can affect nutrient status of soil.

i. Leaching

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

ii. Parent material

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

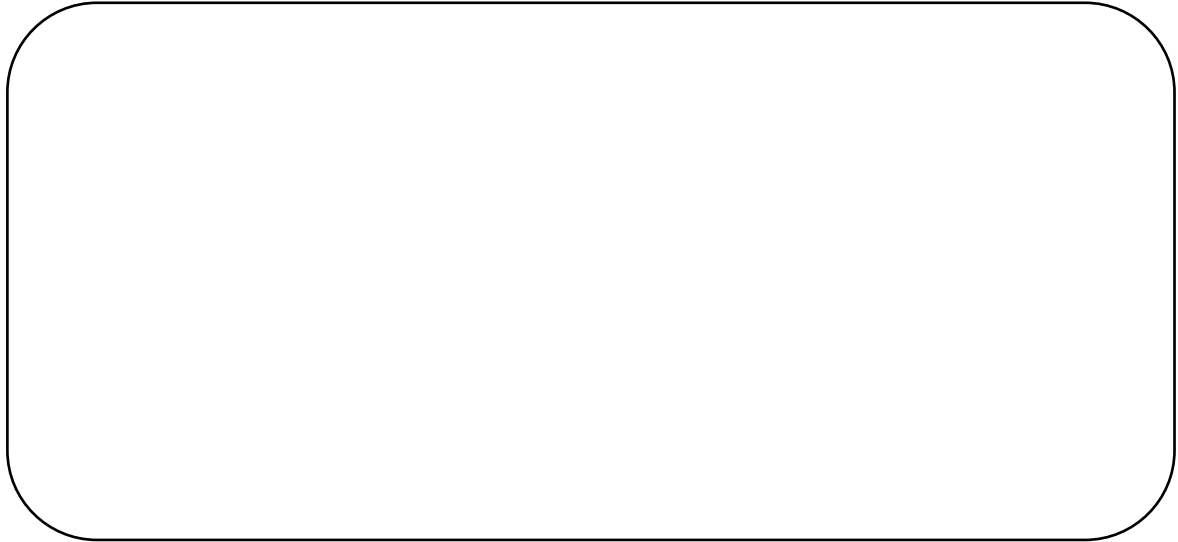
8. a. Calculate the seed rate for a pasture species using the following information:

Seed size: 400,000 seeds/Kg

Purity: 80%

Germination: 60%

Expected plant population: 800, 000 plants



(4 marks)

b. Explain the importance of each of the following:

i. Seed scarification

---

---

(1 mark)

ii. Seed inoculation

---

---

(1 mark)

c. State any **two** signs of heat in ewe.

---

---

---

(2 marks)



9. a. Differentiate between progeny testing and sib selection as used in livestock breeding

---

---

---

---

(2 marks)

b. Explain **one** importance of feeding livestock.

---

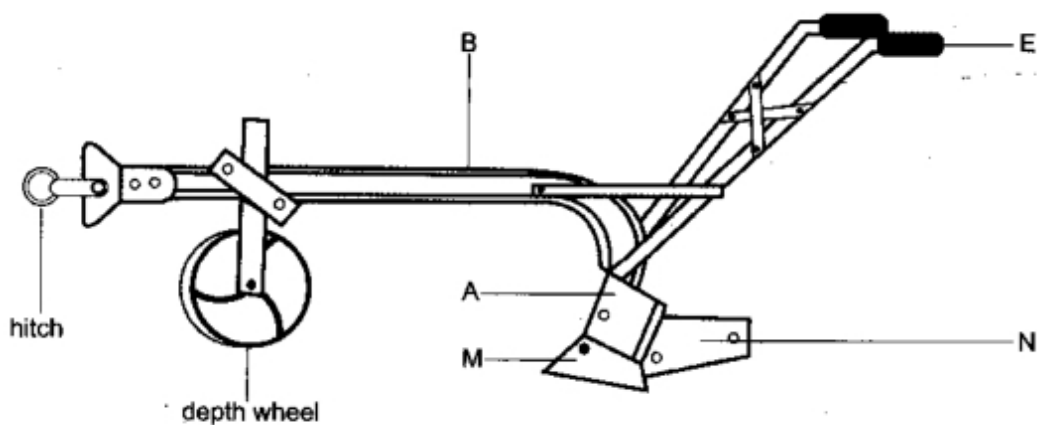
---

---

---

(4 marks)

4. **Figure 3** is a diagram of farm machinery. Use it to answer questions that follow



a. Name the farm machinery.

---

(1 mark)

b. Name the parts labelled **M**, **A** and **N**.

**M:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)

**A:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)

**N:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)

c. State **one** function of the part labelled **B**.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)

d. Give **one** form of power that can be used to operate the farm machinery.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)

e. Name other **two** common machines and implements that are commonly used by subsistence farmers in Malawi.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

f. Explain any **one** way of maintaining the farm implement.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(2 marks)

### Section B (30 marks)

Answer all the **three** questions in this section. Your answer should be in an essay form.

11. Explain any **five** ways in which mixed cropping increases food supply in Malawi.

[illegible]

**(10 marks)**

Continued/...

12. With the aid of a diagram, describe how cross breeding is done in crop improvement.

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins or other markings on the paper.

**(10 marks)**

13. Explain any **five** effects of population distribution on marketing.

[illegible]

**(10 marks)**

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

**NB:** This paper contains 13 pages