CS 1340:Fall 2020:Lecture 14 Intro to Python for CS and Data Science Mark Fontenot, PhD Southern Methodist University **Repetition Practice**

Empty Square

• write code to draw an empty square based upon a value entered by the user. If the user entered 6, the output should be:

```
******

* * *

* * *

* * *
```

2

Right Triangle

• write code to draw a right leaning right triangle based upon the value entered by the user. If the user entered 6, the output should be:

```
**

**

***

****

*****
```

• ... Now do it and only output the outline of the triangle.

Functions

A Function is ..

- A **function** is a named set of statements.
- Parts
 - **function definition** the new functions name and the statements that make up the function
 - function call the invocation of the function (asking the function to be executed)

Functions We've Seen

- print(...)
- int(...)
- readlines(...)
- These aren't magic... someone somewhere wrote code that is executed every time you call them.

Function Example

```
def some_function():
  human_years = 3
  dog_multiplier = 7

  dog_age = human_years * dog_multiplier
  print(dog_age)

some_function()
```

.

Pizza Area

12.0 inch pizza is 113.097 square inches

Function - Some Details

- def fun_name(): <- Don't forget the ()
- Functions need to be defined above any calls to that function
- Each line of code inside a function should be indented one level
- Functions can contain other control structures such as ifs and loops

7

Function Parameters

- Parameter a piece of data that is needed for a function to execute
 - Example: A function to calculate a tip will need the amount of the check
- Argument an actual value that is used in a function call to pass to a parameter

```
def tip_calculator(check_amount):
   tip_percentage = .2
   print ("20% tip on", check_amount, "is", tip_percentage)
   tip_calculator(34.21)
```

• **check_amount** is the parameter; 34.21 is the argument.

Multiple Parameters

- a function can take multiple parameters.
- separate each parameter with a comma.

```
def fountain_volume(length, width, depth):
   volume = length * width * depth
   print("The fountain is", volume, "cubic feet")
fountain_volume(10, 5, 2)
```

The fountain is 100 cubic feet